Mission San Juan de Capistrano
San Antonio
Bexar County
Texas

HABS No. TX-321

HABS
TEX
15-SANTV,
3-

PHOTOGRAPHS
WRITTEN HISTORICAL AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA
District of Texas - 3

Historic American Buildings Survey
Bartlett Cocke, District Officer
615 Maverick Bldg., San Antonio Texas

HABS
TEX.
15-SANT.V
3-

ADDENDUM FOLLOWS...

MISSION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas.

Present Owner: Roman Catholic Church - Archdiocese of San Antonio-Archbishop Drossaerts.

Date of Erection: Founded on its present site March 5, 1731.

Architect: Unknown

Builder: Franciscan Friars and Indian neophytes

Present Condition: The mission is now in ruins. Only a few walls of the quadrangle and the church are now standing. The granary is in better condition than any other of the buildings, but it has been partially rebuilt to allow church services to be held in it. All that is left of the church is the South wall which has three arches above the roof line and was used as belfry.
San Juan Capistrano was originally founded as San Jose de los Nazones, July 10, 1716, East of the Angelina River about twenty miles northwest of Nacogdoches, for the Nazoni and Nadaco Indians. It was abandoned in 1719 and reestablished on August 13, 1721. On March 5, 1731 it was established on the river about six miles south of San Antonio on its present site and its name changed to San Juan de Capistrano in honor of Giovanni de Capistrano, an Italian who formed a crusade against the Turks at Belgrade, and who was canonized in 1690.

Number of Stories: The church is two stories, convent, Indian quarters, etc., 1 story.

Materials of Construction: The mission was built of limestone known as "Tufa Stone", the walls being three to four feet thick, the roof of vaulted stone, the floor being flagstone and hard tamped dirt. The Indian quarters, that were built of wood, have long since vanished. The church services are held in the rebuilt granary. The interior finish on walls and ceilings was white plaster.

Other Existing Records: "San Antonio de Bexar, "William Corner 1890; "Texas in the Middle 18th Century, H.E. Bolton 1915; "Indians and Missions, Frederick C. Chabot 1930; "Report of Padre Juan Morfi 1778" Deeds and records

in the custody of Dr. Carlos Castanedo, Garcia Library, University of Texas, Austin, Texas.

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15-SANT.V
3.

Additional Data:

A description of San Juan is quoted from "San Antonio de Bexar by William Corner: "The spacious church was constructed in a different manner from the other missions in that it was built into and formed a part of the boundary or rampart wall. It had a tower with three arches which formed the belfry, part of which is still standing. The little convent was composed of four cells, a corridor, two offices, refectory, kitchen and workshop."

An exerpt from Fray Juan Morfi's report of 1778 gives a few additional facts about San Juan Capistrano. "A little more than a league from the mission of San Jose is the mission of San Juan Capistrano, originally established in the land of the Texas (Indians) but moved to this place together with that of Concepcion. The church is neat and in good order though it does not compare with those described as to the buildings (of the other missions). The convent has four cells with a gallery, two offices, a refectory, kitchen and workshop. The pueblo or Indian quarters does not compare either to those of the preceding ones. The mission was founded with Orejones, Sayopines, Pamagues and Piguiques. From the time of the establishment to 1761, there was 847 baptisms and 645 burials, there being 51 families with 203 persons that year. But like the others, it has steadily declined each year."

Credit is given to Harvey P. Smith, A.I.A. for dates and descriptive data. Credit is given Frederick C. Chabot for data on original founding of San Juan Capistrano. Credit is given Dr. Carlos E. Castanedo for the exerpt of Fray Juan Morfi's report.

Author: Jim Cummins
Jim Cummins

APPROVED: Bartlett Cocke
Bartlett Cocke, District Officer

Date June 29, 1937

ADDENDUM
FOLLOWS...

TIW 7/26/37

Addendum to:
Mission San Juan De Capistrano
Berg's Mill-Graf Road
Berg's Mill Community
San Antonio
Bexar County
Texas

HABS No. TX-321

HABS
TEX,
15-SAN,
3-

Originally recorded as:

Mission San Juan De Capistrano
San Antonio
Texas

PHOTOGRAPHS

WRITTEN HISTORICAL AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA

Historic American Buildings Survey
National Park Service
Department of the Interior
Washington, D.C. 20240

P3

HABS
TEX
15-SANJU,
3-

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY

ADDENDUM TO:

MISSION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO HABS No. TX-321

Location: Berg's Mill-Graf Road, Berg's Mill Community, San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas.

Present Owner: Roman Catholic Archdiocese of San Antonio.

Present Use: Public museum and church.

Significance: First established in 1716, then relocated in 1731 on its present site, the Mission San Juan is one of five extant mission complexes in San Antonio dating from the eighteenth century. These buildings are of great significance to the study of colonial Texas history, providing the observer some concept of that frontier institution which helped to contribute to the development of Texas.

In addition, the buildings at San Juan are important architecturally as physical evidence of building practices and techniques of the Spanish colonial period as employed by the Franciscan Fathers.

PART I. HISTORICAL INFORMATION

The territory comprising the present state of Texas was of little concern to the Spanish authorities until the middle of the seventeenth century, and it was not until 1675 that the first formal missionary activity in Texas occurred, the entrada of Fernando del Bosque and Father Juan Larios, a Franciscan from Santiago de Jalisco, who performed the first verified celebration of the Holy Sacrifice of the Mass.

Motivated by reports of French activity in Texas, notably the settlement of St. Louis by La Salle, the Spanish authorities sent several expeditions into the territory with varying degrees of success culminating in 1690 with the founding of the first Texas mission, San Francisco de los Tejas on the Neches River.

The early mission effort was aborted in 1694 and it was not until 1716 that the Spanish officials saw fit to re-establish and encourage expanded missionary effort in the territory. The Domingo Ramon Expedition which began its journey to Texas on February 17, 1716, established four missions in east Texas: San Francisco, Concepcion, Guadalupe and San Jose. The following year Father Margil succeeded in establishing two additional missions farther east--Dolores and San Miguel--as well as the Presidio of Dolores. These missions were under the split authority of the Franciscan friars of the College of Queretara and the College of Zacatecas.

ADDENDUM
FOLLOWS...

That authority lasted until 1772, and the Queretaran missions were turned over to the Zacatecans. The reason for the change was the expulsion of the Jesuits, which caused closing of the missions in Mexico that the Quertarans were induced to take up.

Numerous difficulties beset the east Texas missions culminating in the withdrawal of troops from the Delores Presidio in the year 1729, after which the Queretarans requested permission to abandon their three missions and to be permitted to remove to the more convenient location at San Antonio.

Although the written history of the mission is scant, it appears that the development of the San Juan followed the general trend of the other San Antonio missions and that the first structures erected were in the native Indian fashion of upright poles or pallings set in the ground and daubed with mud and covered by a thatched roof. Fifteen years after its refounding the mission was still without a permanent church building. In a brief report written in 1746 it was recorded that the building serving as a church was constructed of "brush and mud with a thatched roof of straw." The building was given some pretension, however, as it had some form of a bell tower complete with bells.

At some point during the decade between 1746 and 1756, the present chapel building was completed. It was described in a report of 1756 as being a simple rectangular building measuring approximately 19 feet wide and 80 feet in length. The walls were reported to be of stone and lime mortar and the roof carried by hewn beams.

Also by 1756 the stone convent had been enlarged. (It was built ca.1744). It was described as having three private rooms, an office, a refectory and a kitchen.

The form of the San Juan Church followed the model of the sixteenth century Mexican monastic church. This late reproduction of a sixteenth century parti caught the eye of the Fray Morfi on his visit in 1777. He recorded that the church, although neat and in good order, differed in appearance from other mission churches.

Morfi also recorded that the convent by that time consisted of "four cells with a gallery, two offices, refectory, kitchen and workshop." The gallery which faced onto the plaza was erected prior to 1762.

The 1762 pueblo or Indian quarters, temporary shelters of brush and mud erected along the east and west walls of the mission plaza, were unchanged by the time of Morfi's visit, for he related that they did not "compare" with those of the other missions which were of masonry construction.

By the time of Morfi's visit the mission population had begun to decline, which was also occuring in other missions in San Antonio. This decline during the latter part of the century was the result of disease, plague, and attacks by the Apaches and the Comanches. San Juan's population in 1756 was 265 and was reduced to 203 by 1762. In 1783 the number reached 99 and six years later to a low of 58.

By that time work on the large mission church, a stone edifice begun in the late 1770s, had to be abandoned, due to the lack of workmen. Only the foundations and parts of the walls were finished.

In 1794, San Juan, which like the other San Antonio missions had been transferred to the authority of the College of Zacatecas, was partially secularized in compliance with the decree of Pedro de Nava, the Commandante General of the Interior Provinces of New Spain.

Although the mission land and property were distributed to the resident Indians, it appears that the Friars continued to serve the mission. From this time on, however, they were under the jurisdiction of the Bishop of Linares as all the other Parish priests.

The San Juan mission was virtually abandoned from about 1820 until 1840. At the latter date, the Reverend John M. Odin initiated a revival of the Catholic Institutions of Texas and in the process attempted to utilize the old Mission properties.

San Juan appears to have been in use during the mid-nineteenth century but was again abandoned until 1907-1908 when the Missionary Sons of the Immaculate Heart of Mary undertook the reconstruction of the chapel building. The chapel has been in use since and within the last year reconstruction of several of the adjacent houses has been carried out.

PART II. SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Corner, William. San Antonio De Bexar, A Guide and History. San Antonio, Texas: Bainbridge and Corner, December 25, 1890.

Parisot, P. F. and Smith, C. J., eds. History of the Catholic Church, in the Diocese of San Antonio, Texas. San Antonio: Carrico and Bowen, 1898.

_____, Archdiocese of San Antonio, 1874-1949. San Antonio: Schneider Printing Company, 1949.

Chabot, F. C. Mission La Purissima Concepcion San Antonio: The Naylor Company, 1935.

Chabot, F. C., ed. Excerpts From The Memories For The History of the Province of Texas by Padre Fray Juan Augustin de Morfi. San Antonio: The Naylor Printing Company, 1932.

Habig, M.A., "San Juan Chapel...", article, San Antonio Express, March 4, 1968.

Heusinger, Edward W. Early Explorations and Mission Establishments in Texas. San Antonio: The Naylor Company, 1936.

Prepared by: John C. Garner, Jr.
Director, Bexar County
Architecture Survey
January 1969

PART III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION

The San Antonio project was undertaken by the Historic American Buildings Survey (HABS) in the summer of 1968, and was made possible with funds from HABS and two sponsors, the Bexar County Historical Survey Committee and the San Antonio Conservation Society. Under the direction of James Massey, chief of HABS, the project was carried out by Wesley I. Shank (Iowa State University), project supervisor, and by student assistant architects, Charles W. Barrow (University of Texas); Les Beilinson (University of Miami); William H. Edwards (University of Illinois); and Larry D. Hermsen (Iowa State University) at the HABS field office in the former Ursuline Academy buildings, San Antonio. John C. Garner, Jr., director of Bexar County Architecture Survey, did the outside work on the written documentaries. Susan McCown, a HABS staff historian in the Washington, D.C. office, edited the written data in 1983, for preparation of transmittal to the Library of Congress. Dewey G. Mears of Austin, Texas took the documentary photographs of the San Antonio structures.

The 1983 photographs of the mission complex are part of the 1983 San Antonio Missions project, which was sponsored by the Southwest Regional Office, National Park Service. John Lowe of the HABS/HAER Office, Washington, D.C., took the photographs.

PLEASE DO NOT FOLLOWING...

Addendum to
Mision San Juan de Capistrano (San Juan Mission)
Berg's Mill - Graf Road
San Antonio
Bexar County
Texas

HABS No. TX-321

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Historic American Buildings Survey
National Park Service
Department of the Interior
Washington, DC 20013-7127

ADDENDUM TO
MISSION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
(San Juan Mission)
Berg's Mill-Graf Road,
Berg's Mill Community
San Antonio
Bexar County
Texas

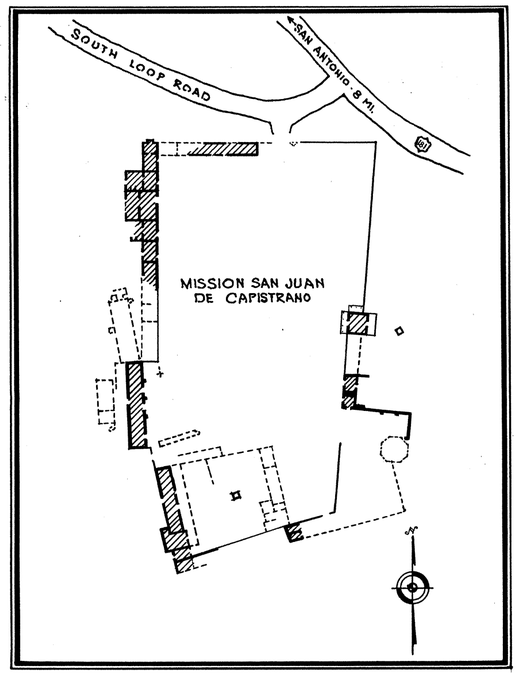
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National Park Service
Department of the Interior
P.O. Box 37127
Washington, D.C. 20013-7127

M I S S I O N
SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO



SKETCH MAP
SHOWING LOCATION

ERECTED: 1731
ARCHITECT: UNKNOWN
BUILDER: FRANCISCAN FRAIRS

WORKS PROGRESS ADMINISTRATION
OFFICIAL PROJECT NO. 265-6907

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
BRANCH OF PLANS AND DESIGN

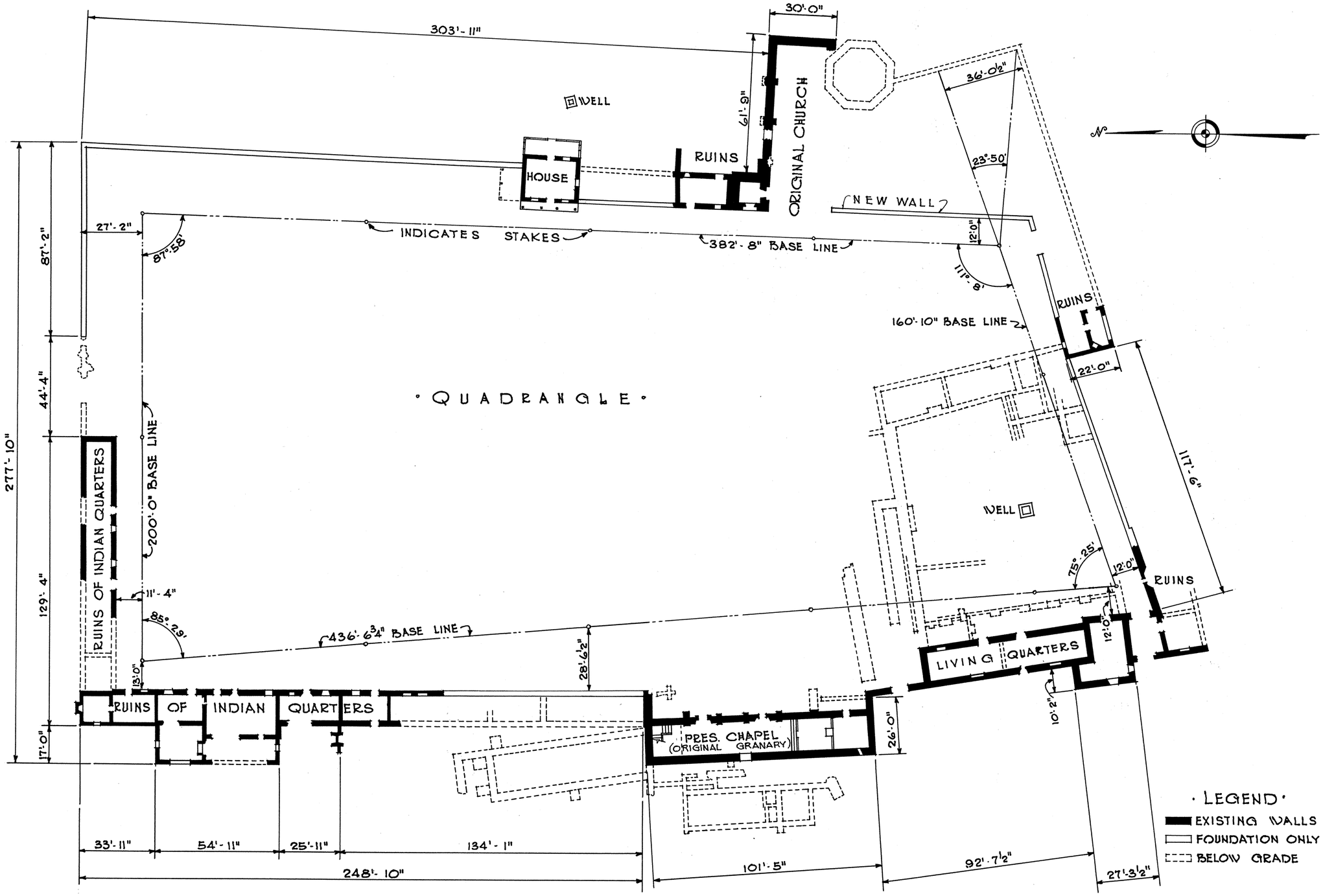
MEASURED: FEBRURARY, 1934
DRAWN: MAY, 1937
MEASUREMENTS CHECKED: DONALD WEICHLEIN

DRAWINGS APPROVED: Marvin Fickenscht, DISTRICT OFFICER.
DRAWINGS APPROVED: [illegible], CHIEF ARCHITECT.
ACCEPTED FOR LIBRARY OF CONGRESS: [illegible]

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· FIELD PARTY ·
RICHARD SCHULZE - WILL NOONAN
WELTON COOK · DONALD WEICHLEIN

SURVEY NO. TEX-321
SHEETS 1-2

INDEX NO. TEX
15-SANT.V
3-



PLAN

SCALE : 1/32" = 1'-0"

METRIC 0 5 10 15 20 25 M.

1/32" SCALE 0 5 10 15 20 40 60 80 100 FT.

DONALD WEICHLEIN - DEL.

WORKS PROGRESS ADMINISTRATION
OFFICIAL PROJECT NO. 265-6907
UNDER DIRECTION OF UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE, BRANCH OF PLANS AND DESIGN

NAME OF STRUCTURE

MISSION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO

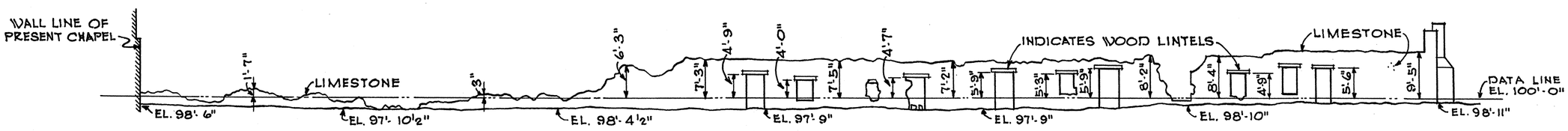
SAN ANTONIO · BEXAR COUNTY · TEXAS

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY

SURVEY NO. TEX-321

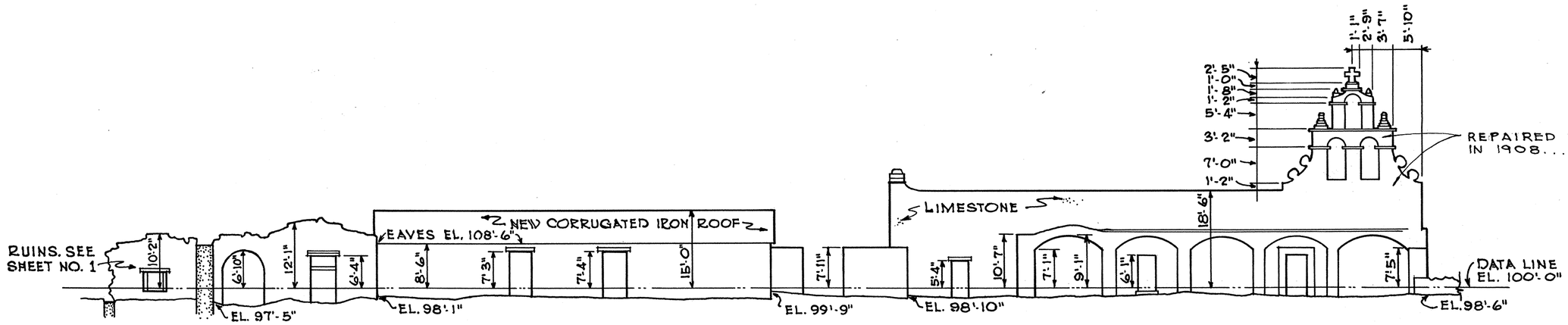
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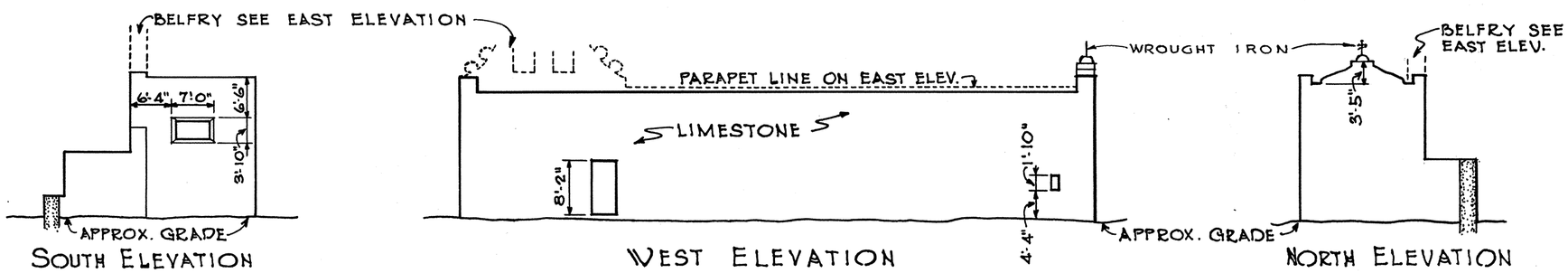
EAST ELEVATION OF RUINS OF INDIAN QUARTERS

SCALE: 1/16" = 1'-0"



EAST ELEVATION OF LIVING QUARTERS AND PRESENT CHAPEL

SCALE: 1/16" = 1'-0"



"PRESENT CHAPEL"

METRIC 0 5 10 M.

1/16" SCALE 0 10 20 30 40 FT.

DONALD WEICHLEIN-DEL.

WORKS PROGRESS ADMINISTRATION
OFFICIAL PROJECT 265-6907
UNDER DIRECTION OF UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE, BRANCH OF PLANS AND DESIGN

NAME OF STRUCTURE

MISSION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO

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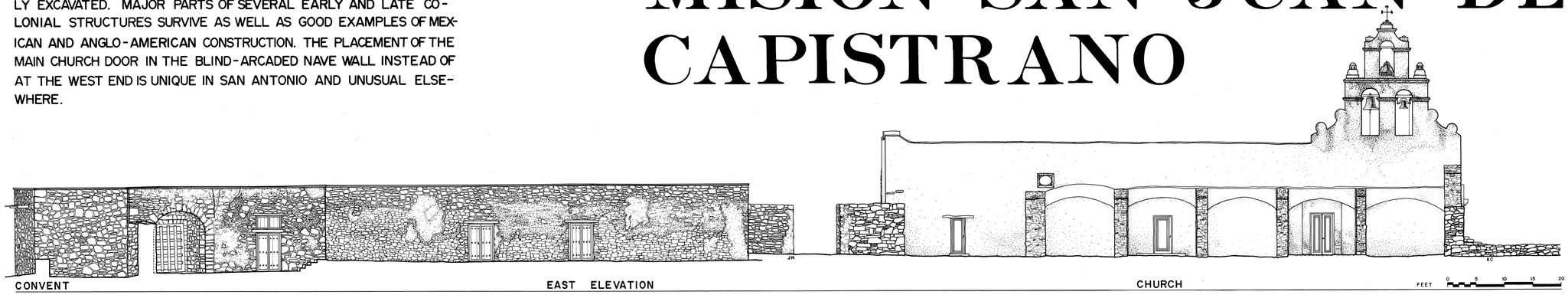
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RUINOUS WALLS OF VARYING HEIGHTS OUTLINE MOST OF THE LATE MISSION COMPLEX, AND EARLIER STRUCTURES HAVE BEEN PARTIALLY EXCAVATED. MAJOR PARTS OF SEVERAL EARLY AND LATE COLONIAL STRUCTURES SURVIVE AS WELL AS GOOD EXAMPLES OF MEXICAN AND ANGLO-AMERICAN CONSTRUCTION. THE PLACEMENT OF THE MAIN CHURCH DOOR IN THE BLIND-ARCADED NAVE WALL INSTEAD OF AT THE WEST END IS UNIQUE IN SAN ANTONIO AND UNUSUAL ELSEWHERE.

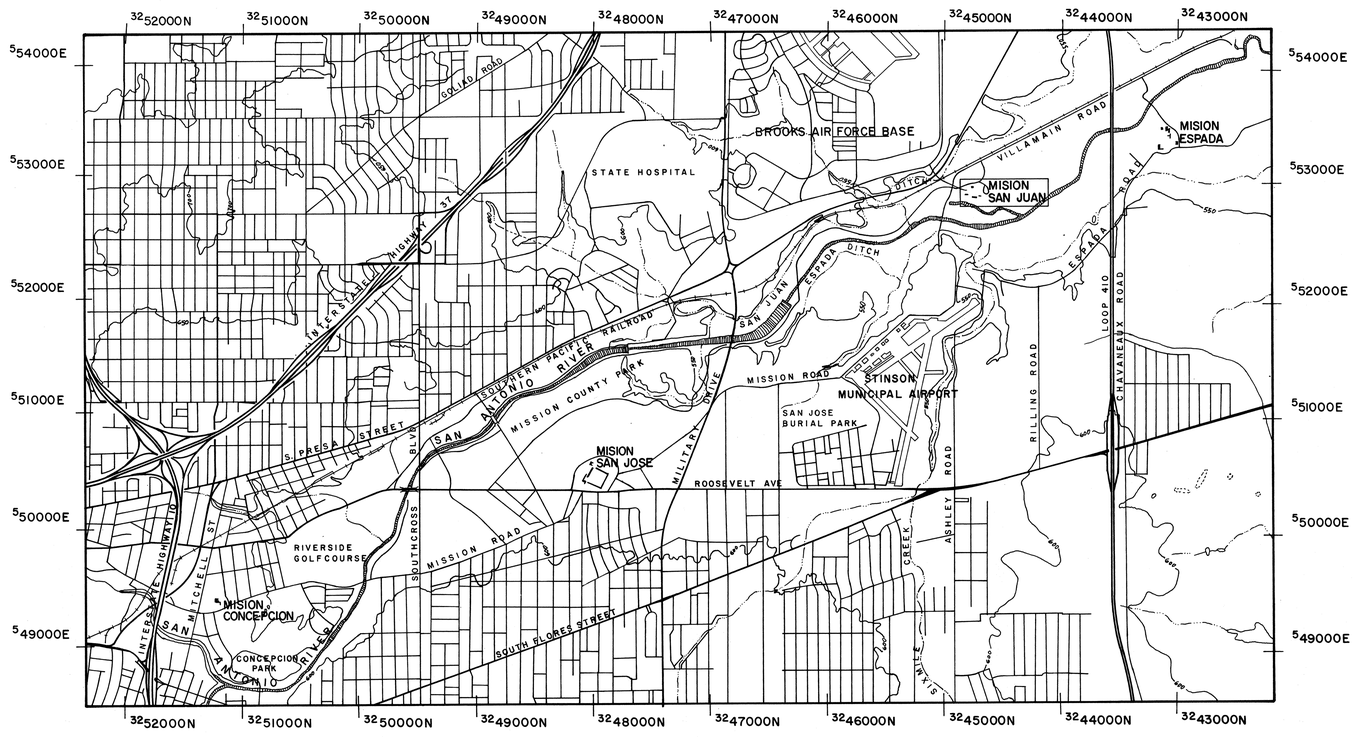
MISION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO



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LOCATION MAP

ADAPTED FROM USGS MAPS, SOUTHTON, TEX. AND SAN ANTONIO EAST QUADRANTS, 1973

SCALE 1:24000

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0.5 0 KILOMETRE

NORTH

UTM COORDINATES

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B - 14.553000.3244680
C - 14.552900.3244680
D - 14.552900.3244830

A B D C MISION SAN JUAN

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HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 1 OF 17 SHEETS

SURVEY NO. TX-321

TEXAS

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
MISION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
BEXAR COUNTY

ADDENDUM TO
BERG'S MILL-GRAF ROAD
SAN ANTONIO

DRAWN BY: JOHN WHITE, 1983, KAREN CORMIER AND JOSE MARTINEZ, 1985

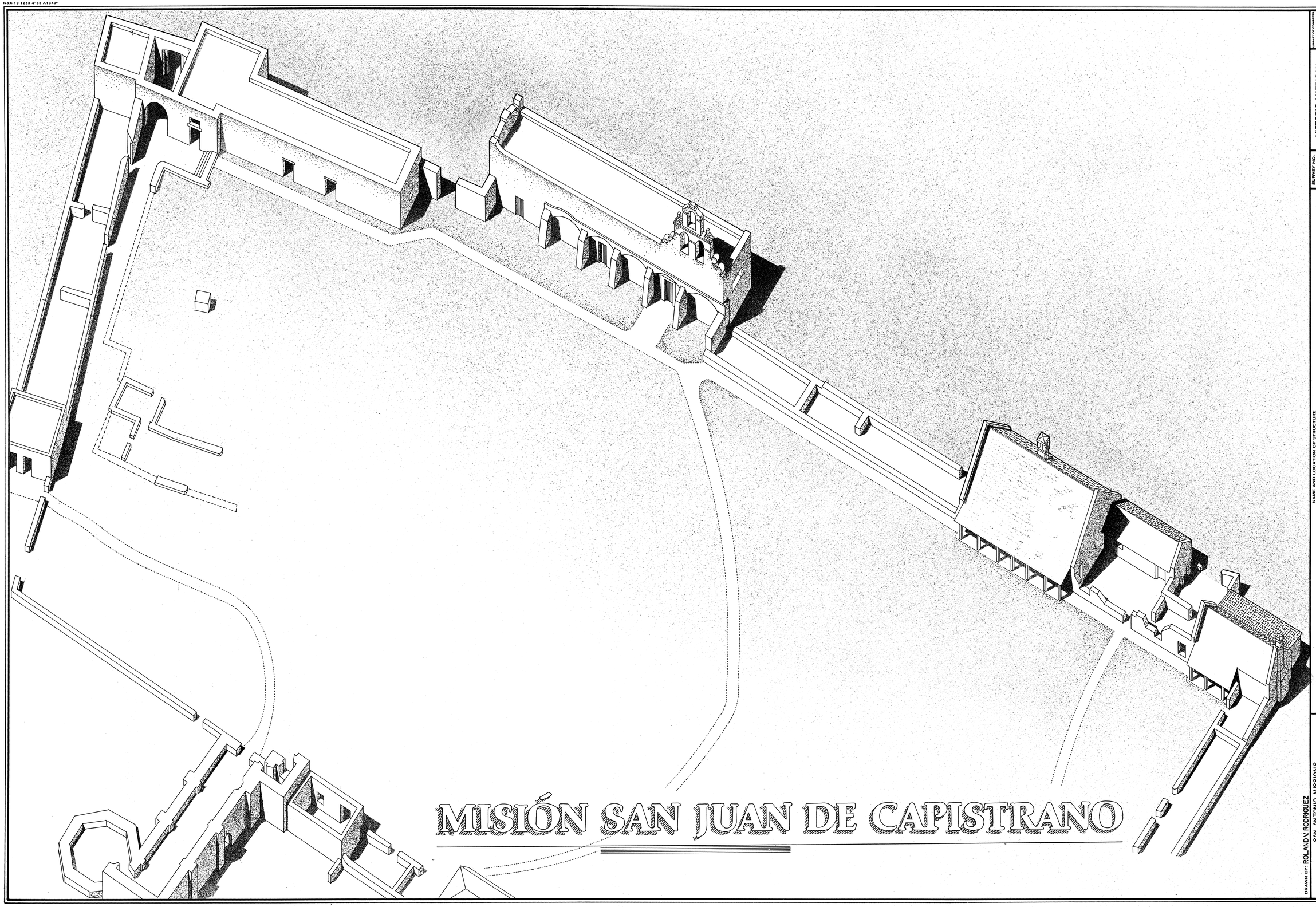
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MISIÓN SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO

DRAWN BY: ROLAND V. RODRIGUEZ

SAN ANTONIO MISSIONS
NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK – 1983
SAN ANTONIO AREA OFFICE
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE

MISION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
BEXAR COUNTY
SAN ANTONIO TEXAS

ADDENDUM TO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD

SURVEY NO.
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HISTORIC AMERICAN
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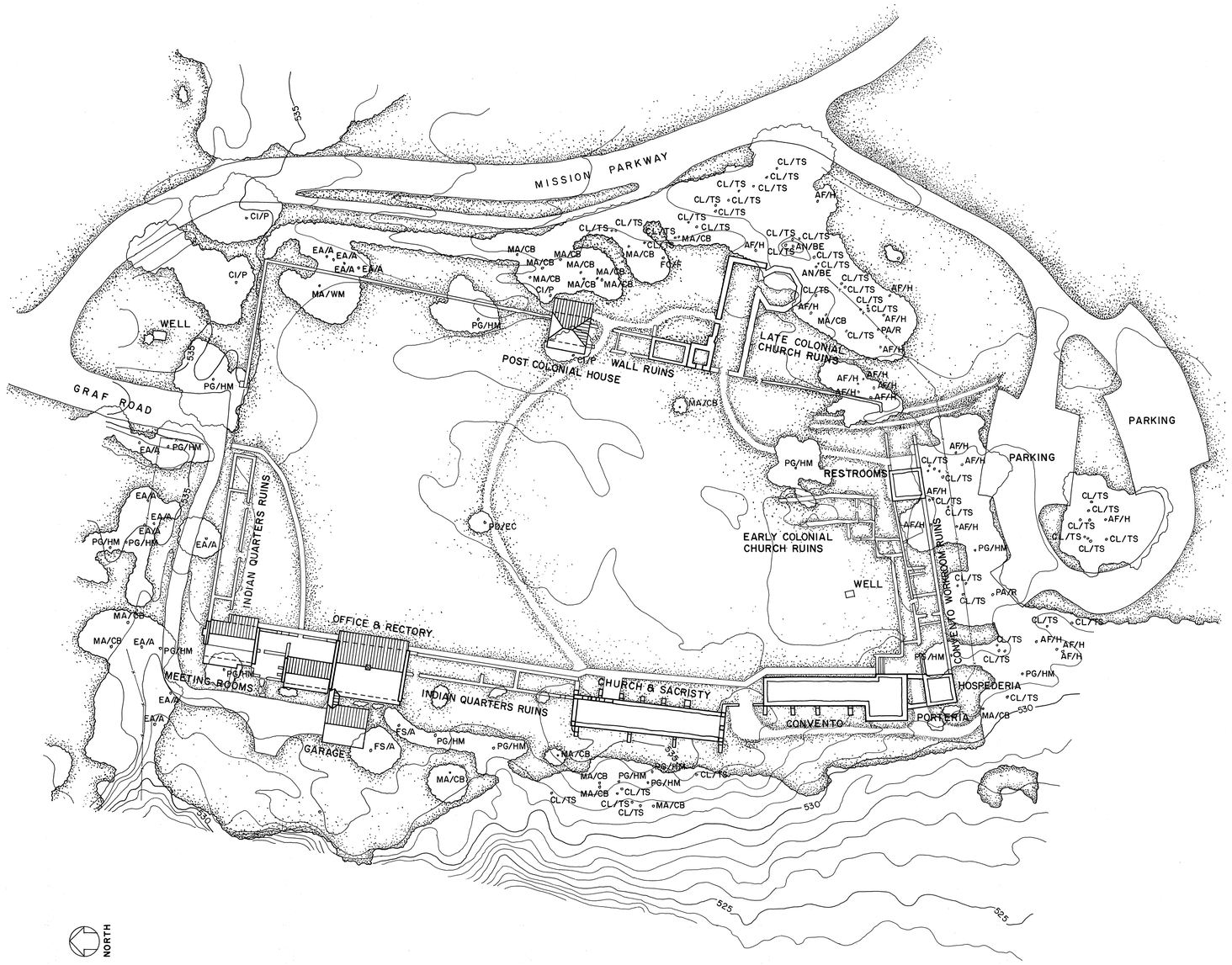
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NORTH

SITE PLAN

CONTOUR INTERVAL 1 FOOT

SITE PLAN ADAPTED FROM 1982 MAP BY TOBIN RESEARCH, INC.

0 50 100 FEET 1"=40'

0 5 10 20 30 METERS 1:480

INDEX TO PLANTS

	COMMON ENGLISH NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON SPANISH NAME
AF/H	HUISACHE	ACACIA FARNESIANA	HUISACHE
AN/BE	BOXELDER	ACER NEGUNDO	SAUCO
CI/P	PECAN	CARYA ILLINOINENSIS	NOGALES
CL/TS	TEXAS SUGARBERRY	CELTIS LAEVIGATA	
EA/A	ANACUA	EHRETIA ANACUA	ANACUA
FC/F	FIG	FICUS CARICA	HIGUERA
FS/A	ASH	FRAXINUS SP.	FRESNO
MA/CB	CHINABERRY	MELIA AZEDARACH	
MA/WM	WHITE MULBERRY	MORUS ALBA	MORAL
PA/R	RETAMA	PARKINSONIA ACULEATA	RETAMA
PD/EC	EASTERN COTTONWOOD	POPULUS DELTOIDES	ALAMO
PG/HM	HONEY MESQUITE	PROSOPIS GLANDULOSA	MESQUITE

DRAWN BY: JOHN P. WHITE

SAN ANTONIO MISSIONS NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK PROJECT 1983
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

ADDENDUM TO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
MISION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
SAN ANTONIO
BEXAR COUNTY
TEXAS

SURVEY NO. TX-321

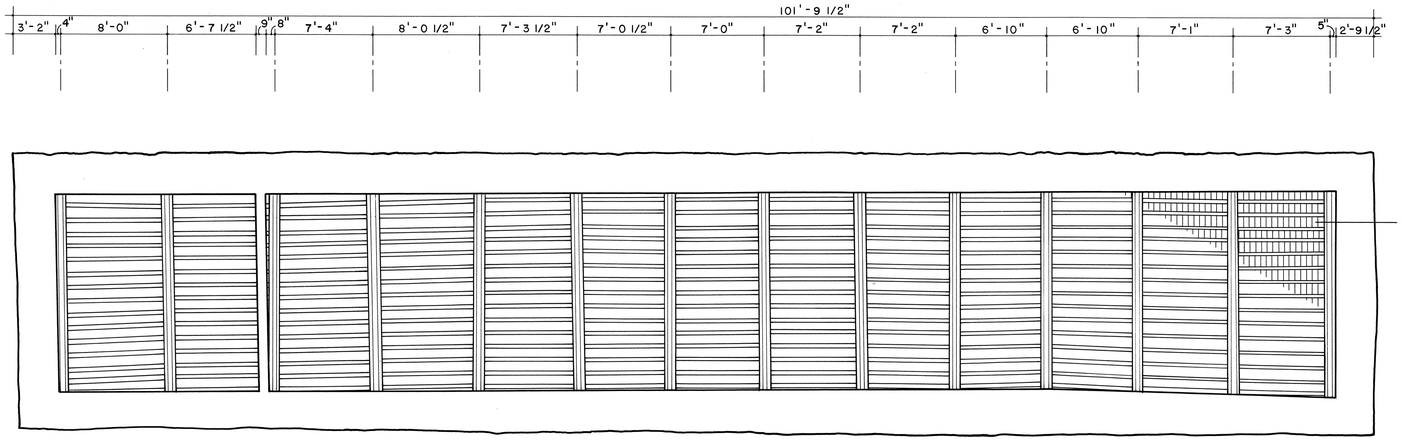
HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
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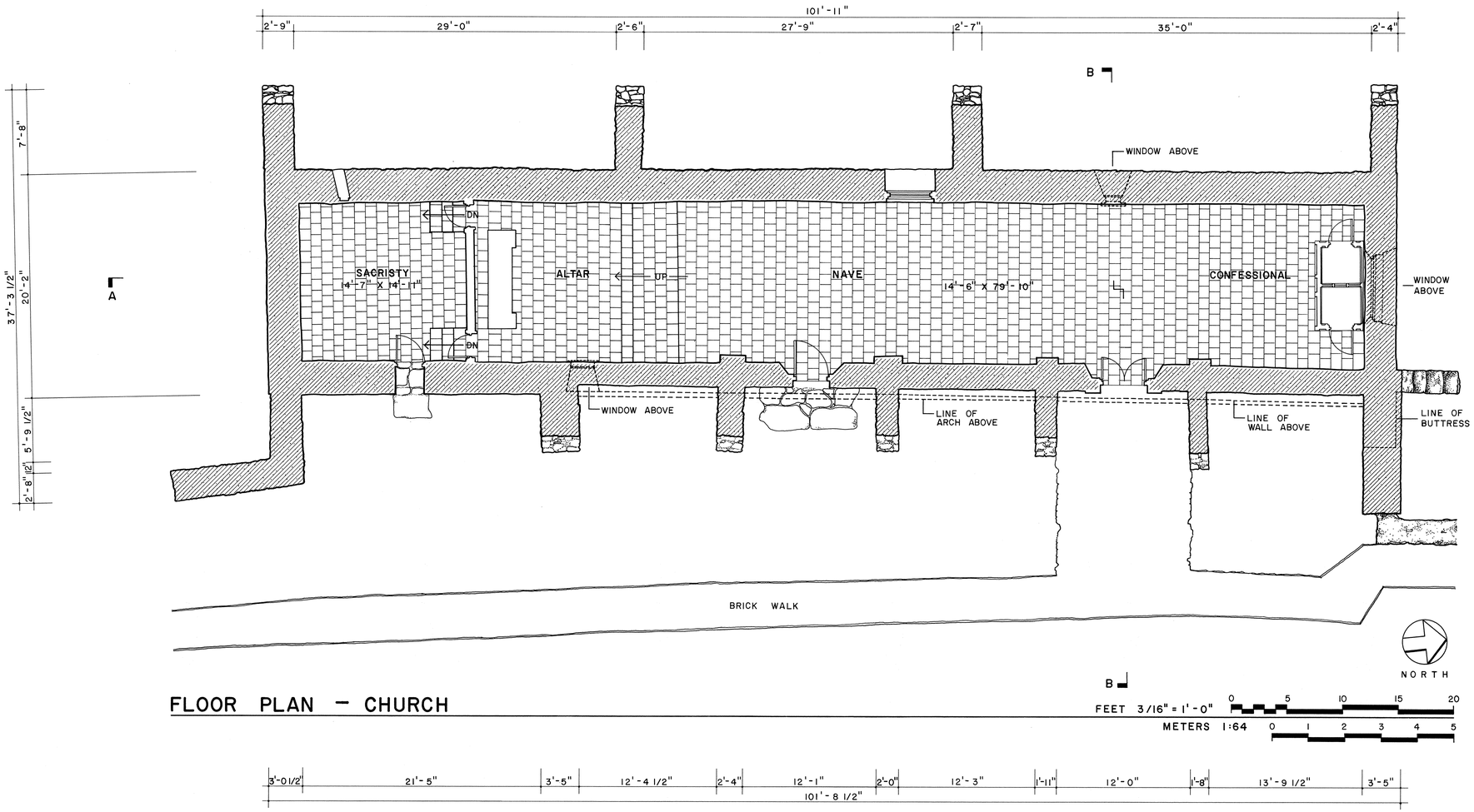
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TRIM LINE

TRIM LINE



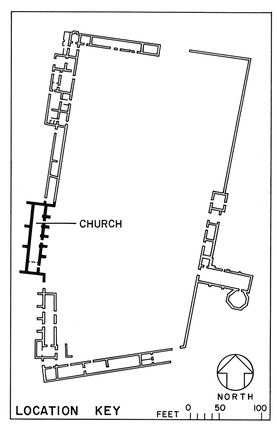
REFLECTED CEILING PLAN — CHURCH



FLOOR PLAN — CHURCH

FEET 3/16" = 1'-0" 0 5 10 15 20

METERS 1:64 0 1 2 3 4 5



LOCATION KEY

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 4 OF 17 SHEETS

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS PRINTS & PHOTOGRAPHS

SURVEY NO. TX-321

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE

MISION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO

BEXAR COUNTY TEXAS

ADDENDUM TO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD
SAN ANTONIO

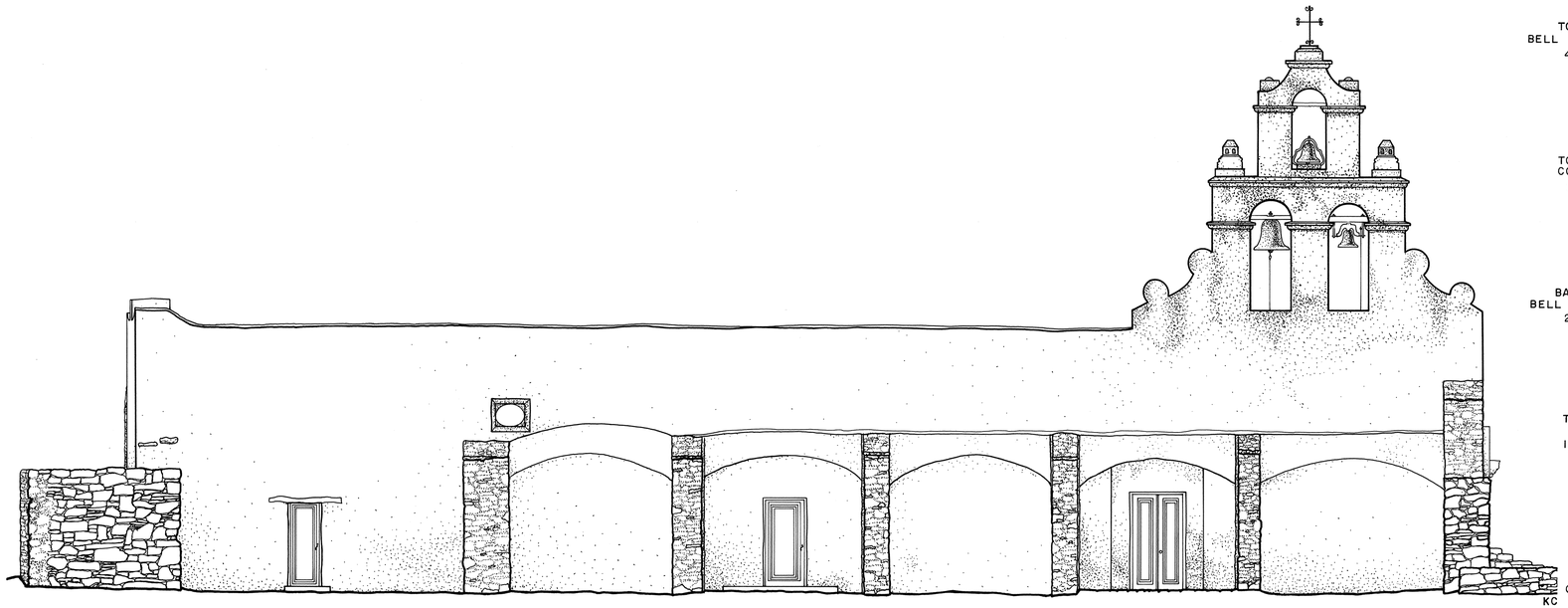
IF REPRODUCED, PLEASE CREDIT: HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY, NATIONAL PARK SERVICE. NAME OF DELINEATOR. DATE OF THE DRAWING

DRAWN BY: KAREN CORMIER

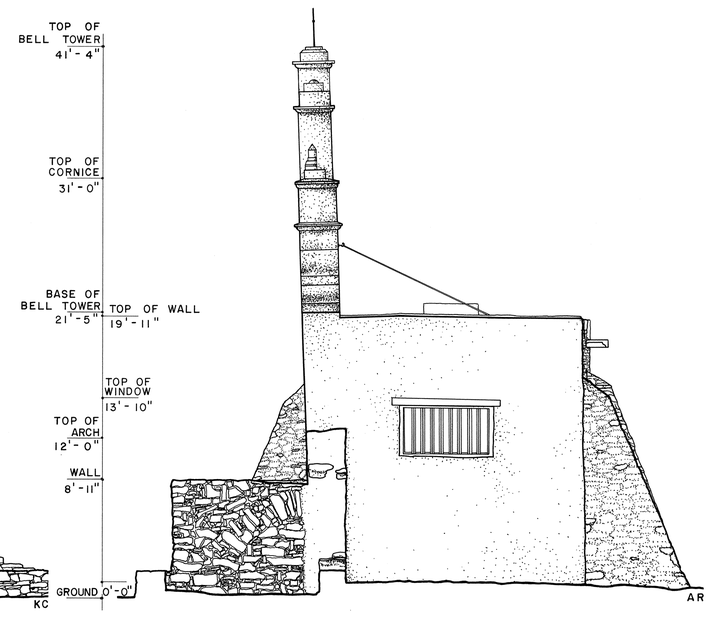
SAN ANTONIO MISSIONS
NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK PROJECT - 1985
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

TRIM LINE

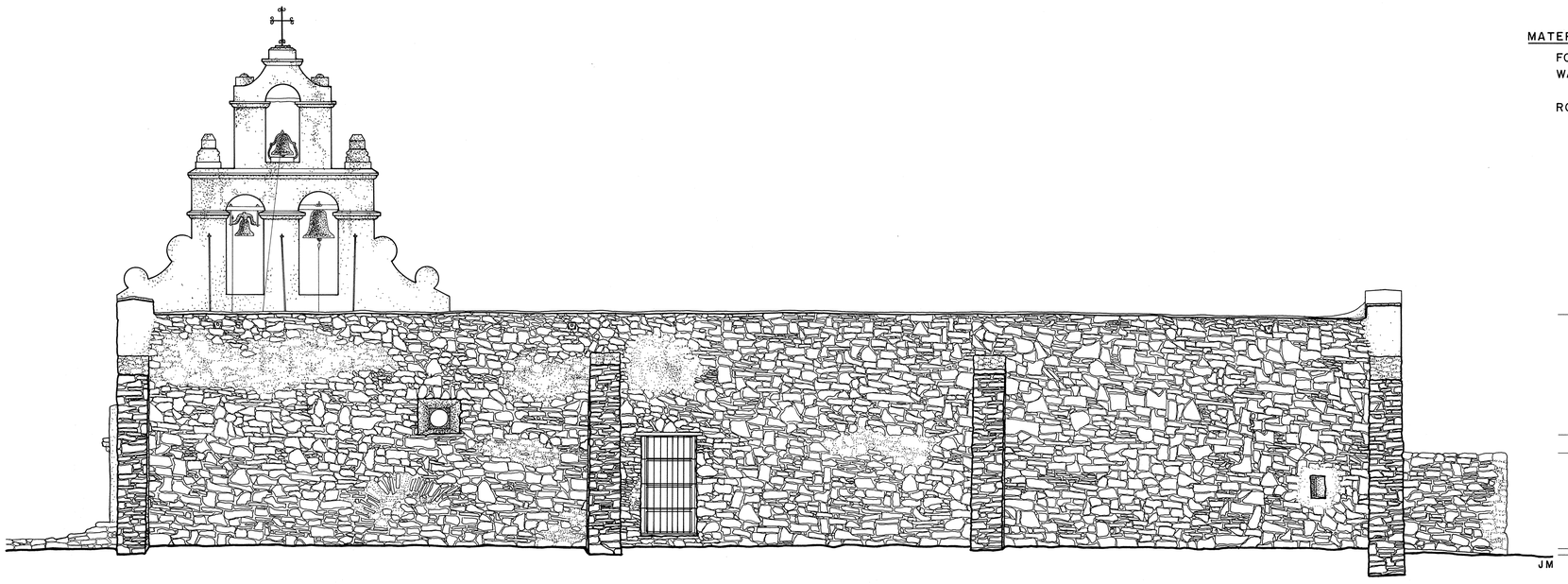
TRIM LINE



EAST ELEVATION – CHURCH



NORTH ELEVATION – CHURCH



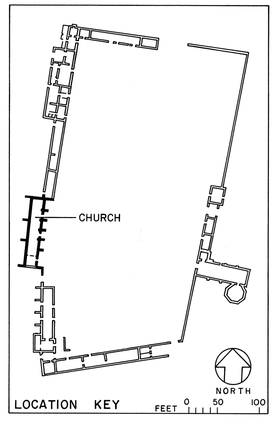
WEST ELEVATION – CHURCH

FEET 3/16" = 1'-0" 0 5 10 15 20

METERS 1:64 0 1 2 3 4 5

MATERIALS:

FOUNDATIONS: RANDOM RUBBLE
WALLS: RANDOM RUBBLE PARTIALLY STUCCOED WITH CEMENT
ROOF: ROLLED ASPHALT



DRAWN BY: KAREN CORMIER, ANNABELLE RADCLIFFE AND JOSE MARTINEZ, INKED BY KAREN CORMIER

SAN ANTONIO MISSIONS
NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK PROJECT - 1985
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
MISION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
SAN ANTONIO BEXAR COUNTY TEXAS

ADDENDUM TO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD

SURVEY NO. TX-321

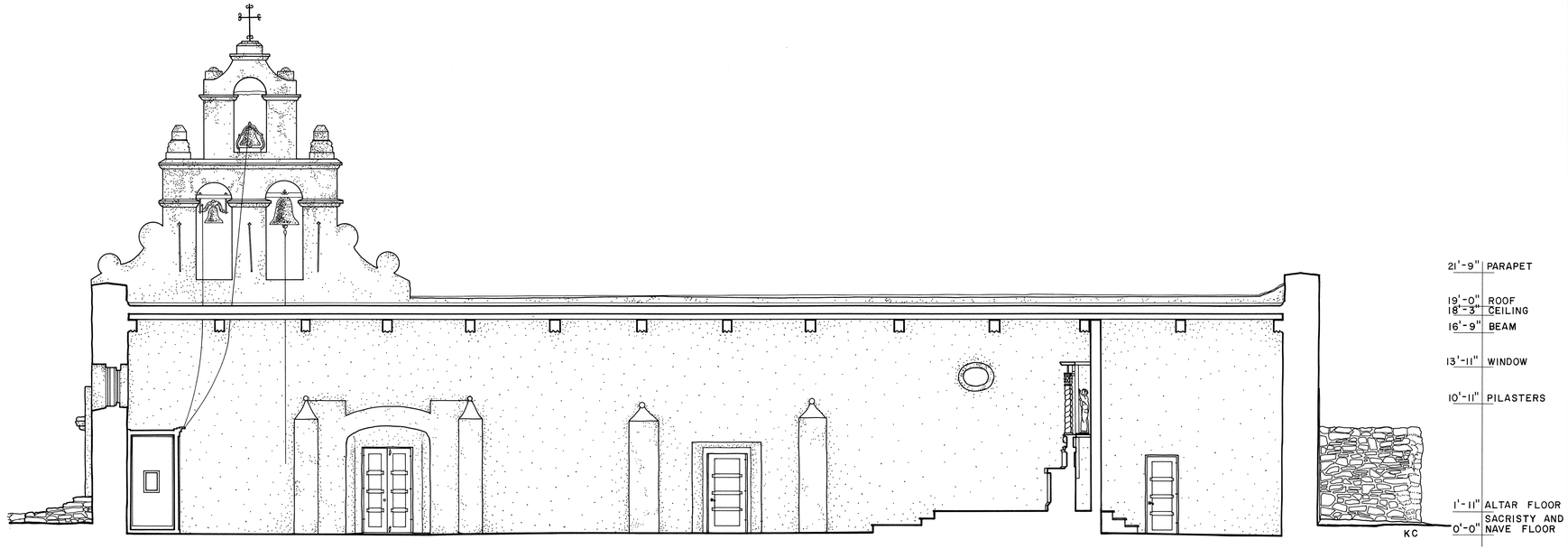
HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 5 OF 17 SHEETS

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS PRINTS & PHOTOGRAPHS

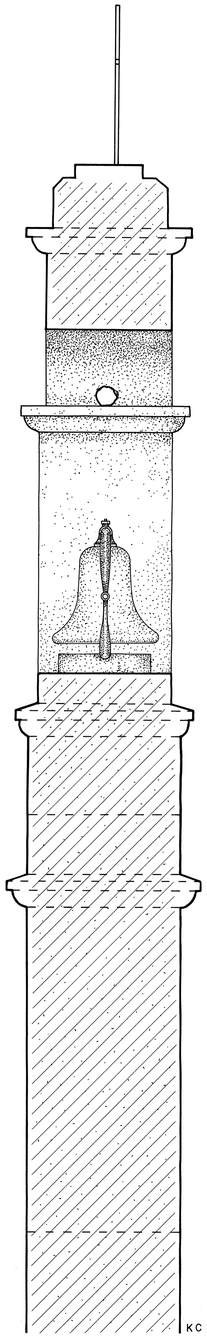
IF REPRODUCED, PLEASE CREDIT: HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY, NATIONAL PARK SERVICE, NAME OF DELINEATOR, DATE OF THE DRAWING

TRIM LINE

TRIM LINE



SECTION A - A — CHURCH

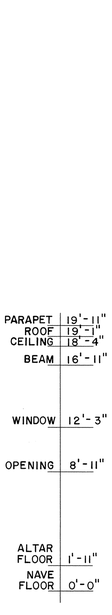


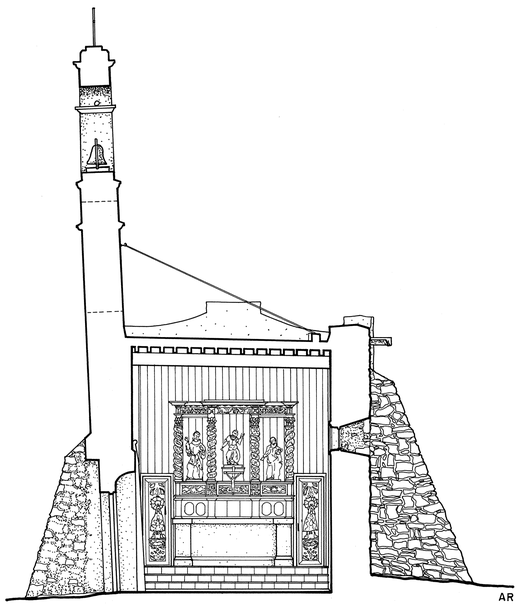
NOTE:
DETAIL DOES NOT REFLECT ANGLE OF LEAN OF TOWER

DETAIL — BELL TOWER

FEET 3/4" = 1'-0"

CENTIMETERS 1:16



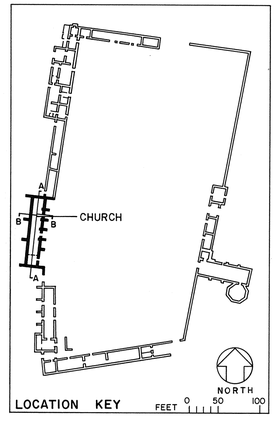


SECTION B - B — CHURCH

FEET 3/16" = 1'-0"

METERS 1:64

MATERIALS:
FLOORS: QUARRY TILE
WALLS: PLASTER ON STONE
CEILING: QUARRY TILE ON WOODEN BEAMS



LOCATION KEY

DRAWN BY: KAREN CORMIER AND ANNABELLE RADCLIFFE

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
MISION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
ADDENDUM TO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD
SAN ANTONIO
BEXAR COUNTY
TEXAS

SURVEY NO. TX-321

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 6 OF 17 SHEETS

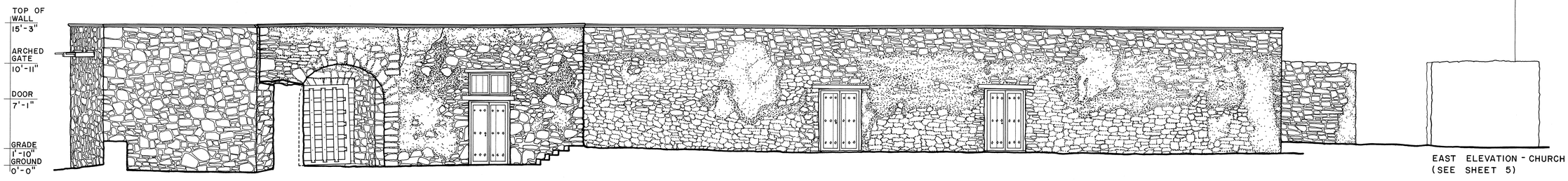
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS PHOTO NUMBER

SAN ANTONIO MISSIONS
NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK PROJECT - 1985
HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

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TRIM LINE

TRIM LINE

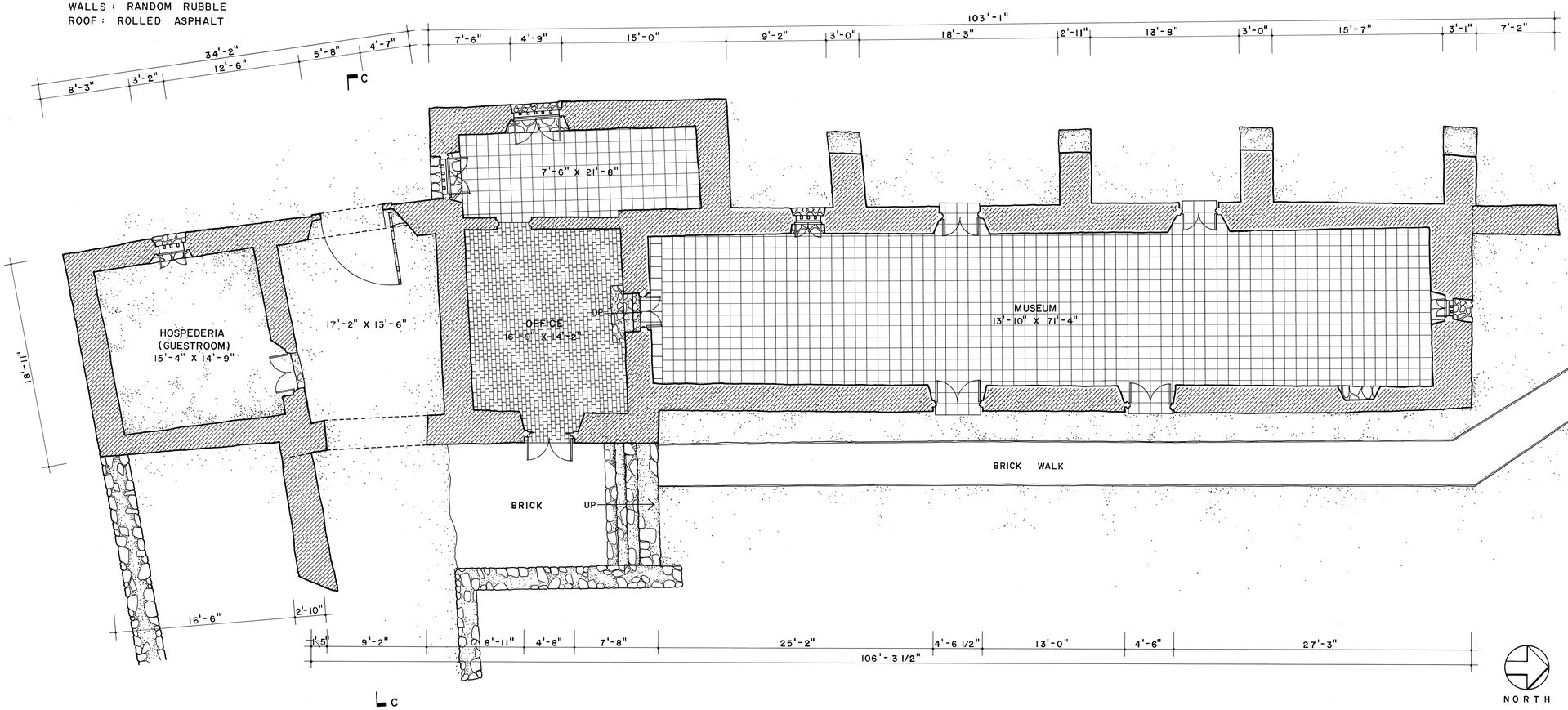


EAST ELEVATION - CHURCH
(SEE SHEET 5)

EAST ELEVATION — CONVENT

MATERIALS:

FOUNDATIONS: RANDOM RUBBLE
WALLS : RANDOM RUBBLE
ROOF : ROLLED ASPHALT

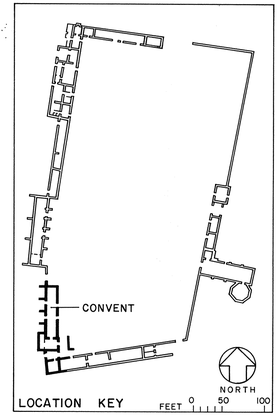


FLOOR PLAN - CHURCH
(SEE SHEET 4)

FLOOR PLAN — CONVENT

NORTH

FEET 3/16" = 1'-0" 0 5 10 15 20
METERS 1:64 0 1 2 3 4 5



LOCATION KEY

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
MISION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
SAN ANTONIO BEXAR COUNTY TEXAS

ADDENDUM TO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD

SURVEY NO. TX-321

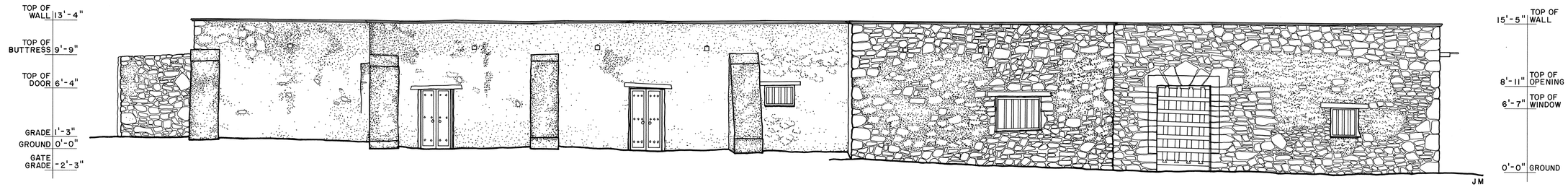
HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 7 OF 17 SHEETS

DRAWN BY: JOSE M. MARTINEZ - CANINO
SAN ANTONIO MISSIONS
NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK PROJECT - 1985
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

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TRIM LINE

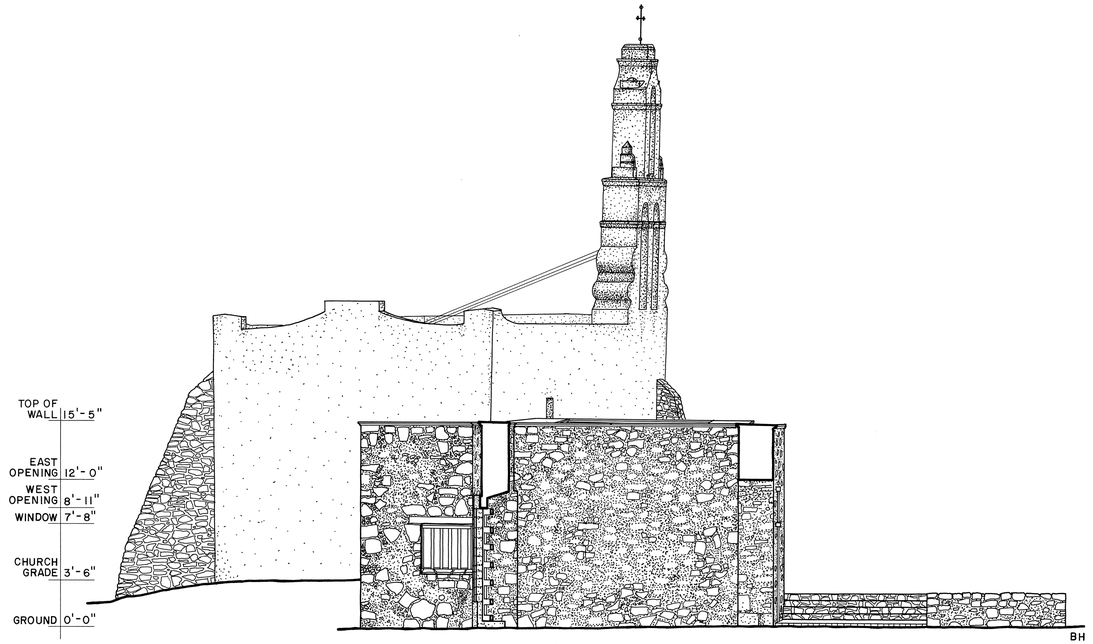
TRIM LINE



WEST ELEVATION — CONVENT

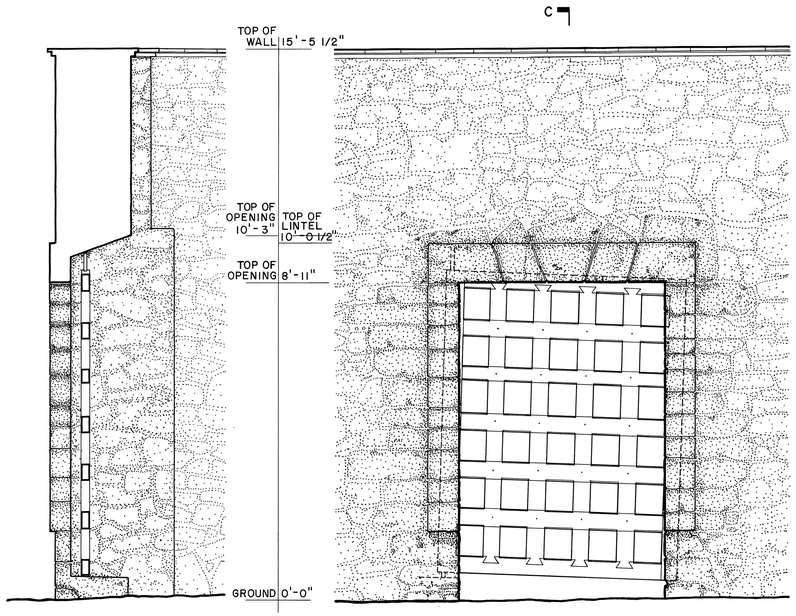
MATERIALS:

FOUNDATIONS: RANDOM RUBBLE
WALLS : RANDOM RUBBLE PARTIALLY STUCCOED WITH CEMENT
ROOF : ROLLED ASPHALT



SECTION / SOUTH ELEVATION

FEET 3/16" = 1'-0" 0 5 10 15 20
METERS 1:64 0 1 2 3 4 5

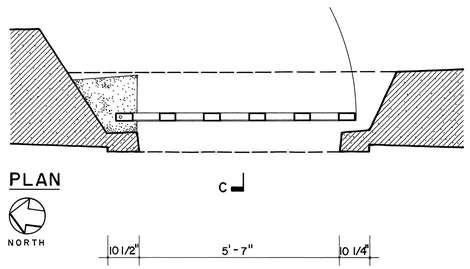


SECTION C-C

WEST ELEVATION

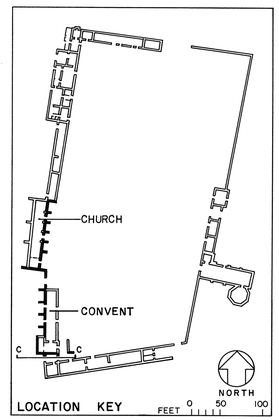
GATE DETAIL

0 1 2 3 4 5
FEET 1/2" = 1'-0"
0 50 100 200
CENTIMETERS 1:24



PLAN

NORTH



LOCATION KEY FEET 0 50 100

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
MISION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
ADDENDUM TO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD
SAN ANTONIO
BEXAR COUNTY
TEXAS

SURVEY NO. TX-321

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 8 OF 17 SHEETS

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS PRINTS & PHOTOGRAPHS DIVISION

DRAWN BY: JOSE M. MARTINEZ - CANINO AND R. BRUCE HUXLEY

SAN ANTONIO MISSIONS
NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK PROJECT - 1985
HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

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TRIM LINE

TRIM LINE

FLOOR PLAN

NORTH

BAPTISTERY
19'-4" X 19'-3"

11'-4" X 21'-4"

11'-2" X 21'-4"

NAVE
71'-2" X 18'-5"

SACRISTY
22'-0" X 22'-0"

D

D

117'-4"
26'-1" | 8'-3" | 12'-11" | 4'-11" | 21'-3" | 4'-3" | 6'-0" | 5'-11" | 18'-6" | 5'-1" | 6'-9" | 5'-4" | 6'-5" | 25'-0" | 3'-8" | 3'-0" | 8'-1" | 4'-2" | 6'-1" | 26'-6" | 12'-3" | 2'-11" | 6'-0" | 1'-7" 3'-9"

80'-3 1/2"
3'-10" | 16'-1 1/2" | 3'-11" | 14'-3 1/2" | 3'-10" | 8'-8" | 8'-4" | 12'-7 1/2" | 8'-8"

2'-0" | 11'-10" | 1'-11" | 1'-5"
17'-2"

25'-9" | 20'-11" | 1'-7" 4'-0"
52'-3"

8'-7" | 4'-0" | 3'-0" 2'-8" | 14'-5 1/2" | 4 1/2" | 55'-4 1/2" | 3'-7" | 19'-1"

9'-3" | 11'-1" | 4'-11" | 26'-3" | 3'-9" | 10'-11 1/2"
66'-2 1/2"

BAPTISTERY WALL 13'-0"
TOP OF WALL 10'-4"
TOP OF WALL 1'-7"
GROUND 0'-0"

WEST ELEVATION

NEW CHURCH RUINS

FEET 3/16" = 1'-0" 0 5 10 15 20
METERS 1:64 0 1 2 3 4 5

TOP OF WALL 12'-11"
TOP OF OPENING 6'-0"
GROUND 0'-0"

14'-7" TOP OF QUOIN
13'-0" BAPTISTERY WALL
10'-4" TOP OF WALL
1'-7" TOP OF WALL
0'-0" GROUND

NORTH ELEVATION

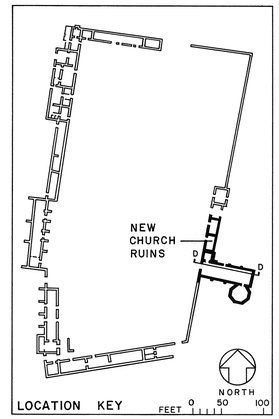
TOP OF WALL 12'-3"
TOP OF OPENING 8'-2"
GROUND 0'-0"

14'-8" TOP OF WALL
0'-0" GROUND

SECTION D-D / SOUTH ELEVATION

MATERIALS:
FOUNDATIONS: RANDOM RUBBLE
WALLS: RANDOM RUBBLE
FLOORS: EARTH

NOTE: DASHED LINE REFLECTS SACRISTY IN BACKGROUND



NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
MISSION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
ADDENDUM TO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD
SAN ANTONIO
BEXAR COUNTY
TEXAS

SURVEY NO. TX-321

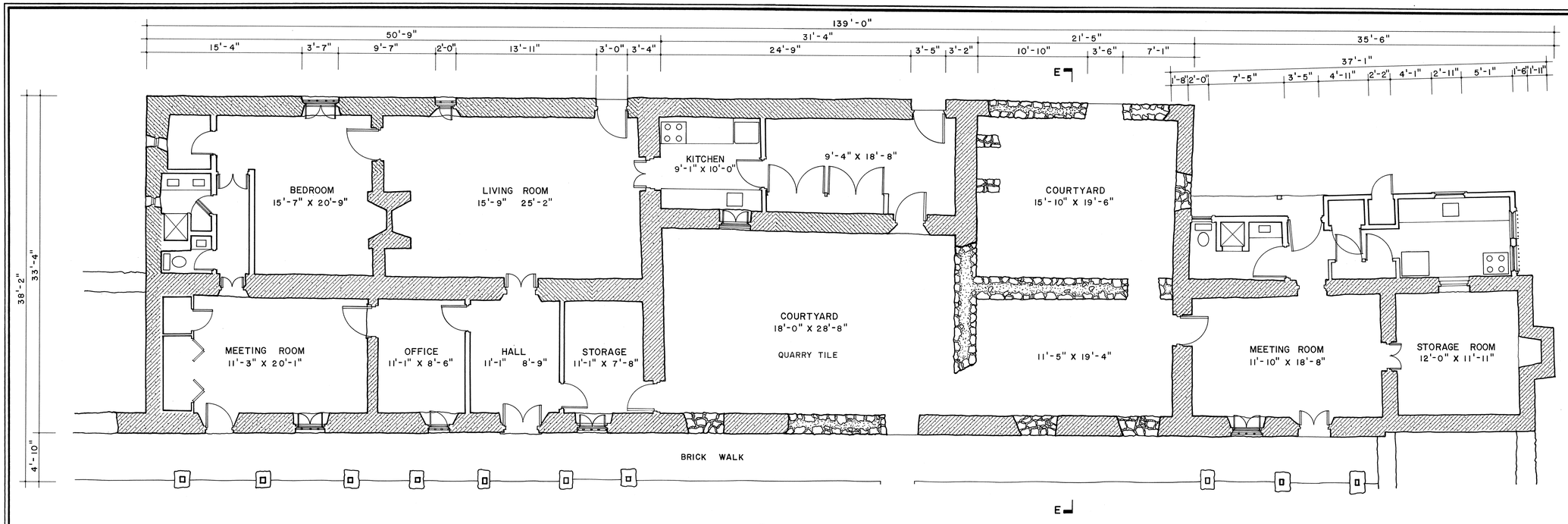
HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 9 OF 17 SHEETS

DRAWN BY: R. BRUCE HUXLEY
SAN ANTONIO MISSIONS
NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK PROJECT - 1985
HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

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TRIM LINE

TRIM LINE



OFFICE AND RECTORY

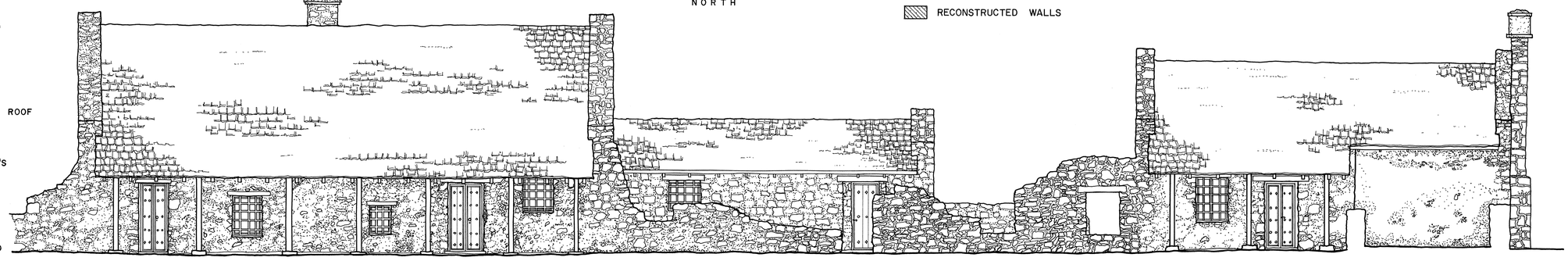
FLOOR PLAN

NORTH

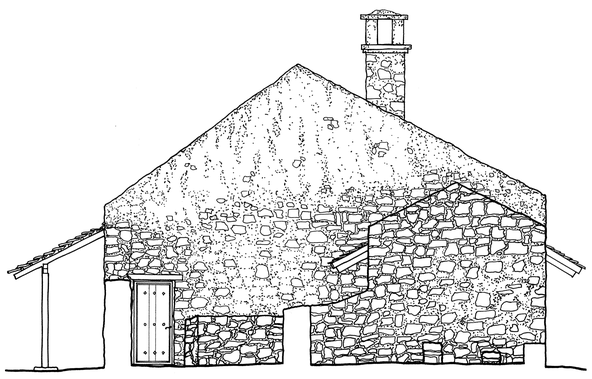
LEGEND:

- ORIGINAL WALLS
- RECONSTRUCTED WALLS

MEETING AND STORAGE ROOMS



EAST ELEVATION



SECTION E-E / NORTH ELEVATION

MATERIALS:

FOUNDATIONS: RANDOM RUBBLE
WALLS : RANDOM RUBBLE
ROOF : WOOD SHAKES

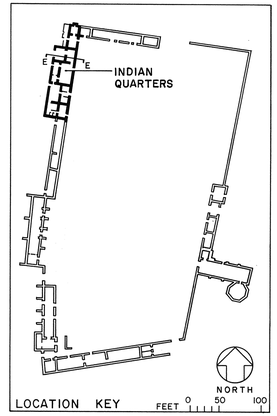
FLOORS: QUARRY TILE

INDIAN QUARTERS

RECONSTRUCTED IN 1967-8 AS OFFICE AND RECTORY, AND AS MEETING AND STORAGE ROOMS.

FEET 3/16" = 1'-0" 0 5 10 15 20

METERS 1:64 0 1 2 3 4 5



DRAWN BY: ANNABELLE RADCLIFFE

SAN ANTONIO MISSIONS
NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK PROJECT - 1985
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
MISION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
ADDENDUM TO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD
SAN ANTONIO
BEXAR COUNTY
TEXAS

SURVEY NO. TX-321

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 10 OF 17 SHEETS

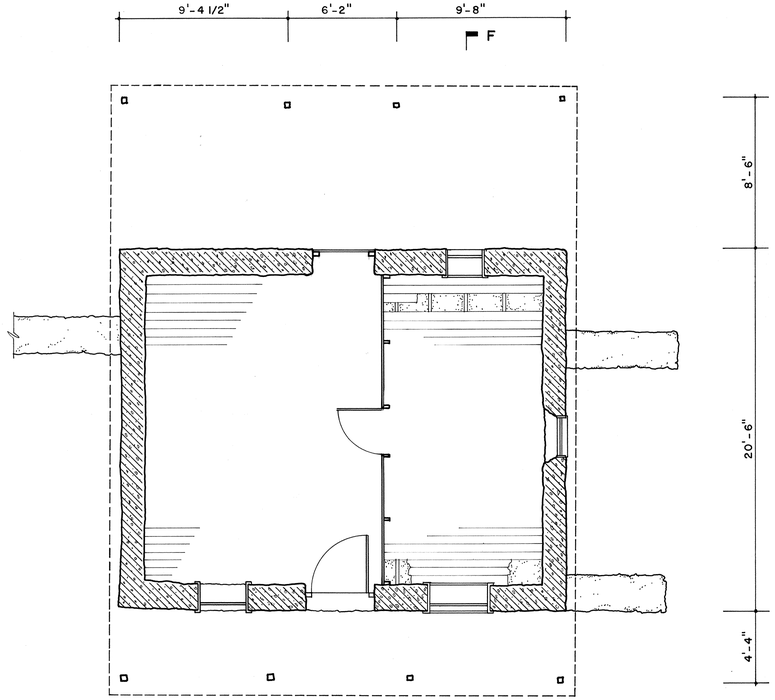
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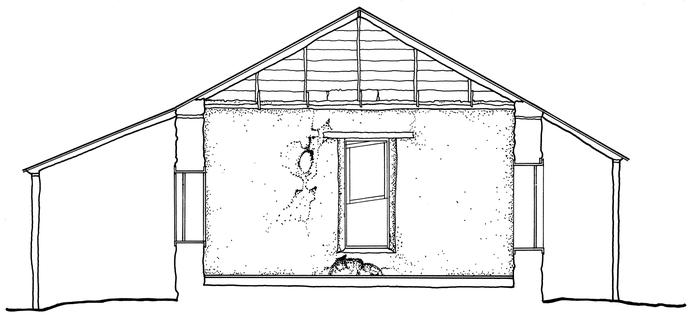
TRIM LINE

TRIM LINE

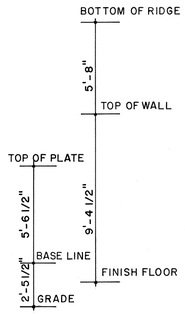
K&E 19 1253 4-83 A1340*



FLOOR PLAN



SECTION F-F



MATERIALS

INTERIOR

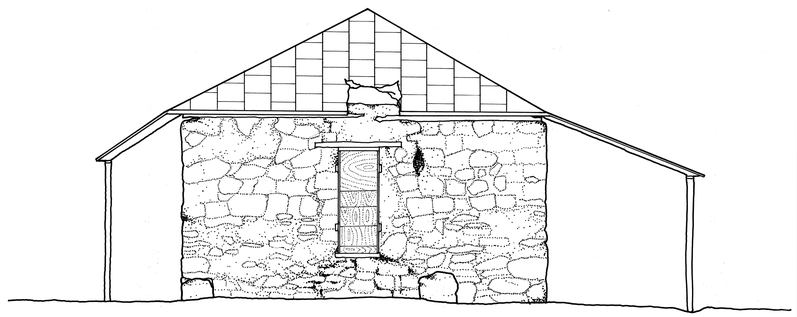
FLOOR: WOODEN PLANKS
WALLS: PLASTER ON STONE
CEILING: EXPOSED WOODEN STRUCTURE

EXTERIOR

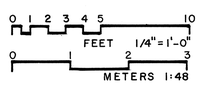
FOUNDATION: STONE
WALLS: STUCCO AND STONE
ROOF: METAL

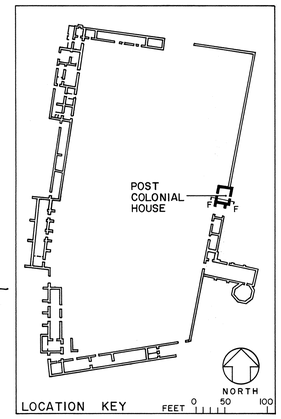


WEST ELEVATION



SOUTH ELEVATION





POST COLONIAL HOUSE

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
ADDENDUM TO
MISION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD
SAN ANTONIO
BEXAR COUNTY
TEXAS

SURVEY NO.
TX-321

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 11 OF 17 SHEETS

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DRAWN BY: WILLIAM PEOPLES
SAN ANTONIO MISSIONS NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK PROJECT 1983
HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

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TRIM LINE

TRIM LINE

THE 1772 PUEBLO WAS FORTIFIED BY A STONE WALL, CONSTRUCTED CA. 1765, TO THE EAST AND 15 STONE INDIAN QUARTERS THAT FORMED A PROTECTIVE ENCLOSURE TO THE WEST AND NORTH. IT IS ASSUMED THAT SOME JACAL INDIAN QUARTERS FROM THE PREVIOUS PUEBLO REMAINED IN USE.

THE EAST DEFENSIVE WALL WAS REALIGNED CA. 1775 WITH THE CONSTRUCTION OF A NEW CHURCH WITH AN OCTAGONAL SACRISTY. NEW INDIAN QUARTERS WERE BUILT ALONG THE INTERIOR FACE OF THE PROTECTIVE WALL.

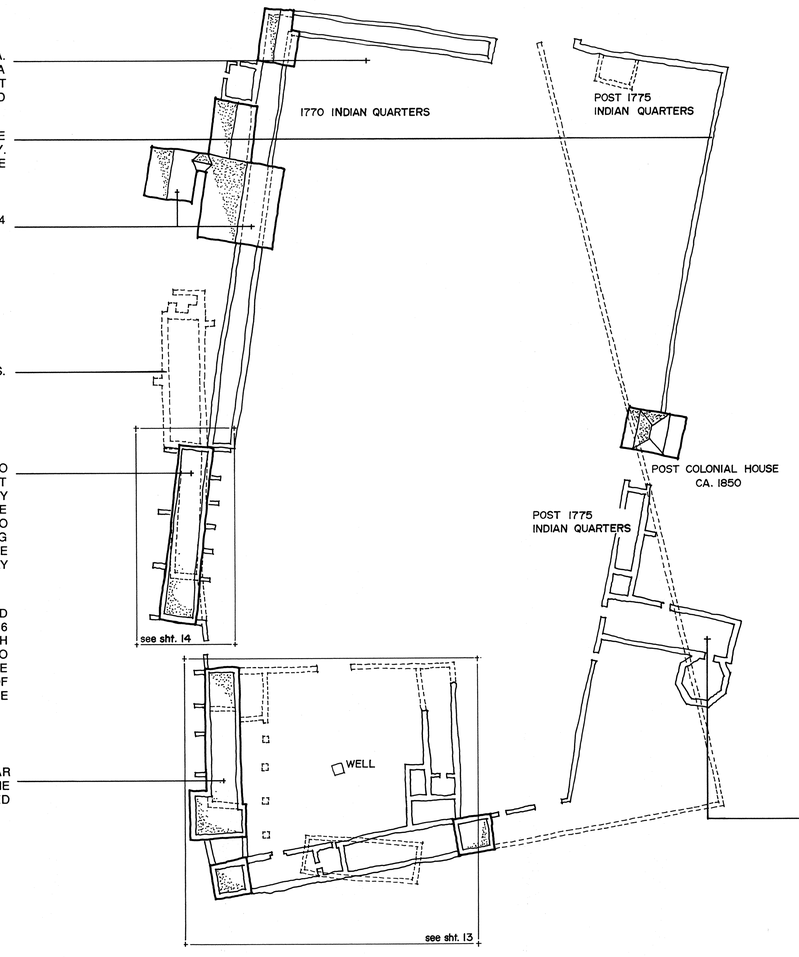
THE GABLE ROOFS AND AUXILIARY BUILDINGS ARE POST-1824 MODIFICATIONS.

DASHED LINES INDICATE BELOW-GRADE FOUNDATIONS.

TODAY, THE CHURCH OF SAN JUAN IS LOCATED ON THE SITE OF TWO EARLIER BUILDINGS, EACH OF WHICH INFLUENCED ITS PRESENT APPEARANCE. THE 1745 STOREROOM WAS TORN DOWN AND A GRANARY BUILT ON THE SITE BETWEEN 1772 AND 1786. BUILT OF STONE, THE STRUCTURE WAS CHARACTERIZED BY FIVE RELIEVING ARCHES AND TWO FLYING BUTTRESSES ALONG THE EAST WALL. A SIMILAR SET OF FLYING BUTTRESSES AND RELIEVING ARCHES PROBABLY STOOD ALONG THE WEST WALL. THE BUILDING WAS ALIGNED ALONG A NEW NORTHERLY ORIENTATION, POSSIBILY MAGNETIC NORTH AT THE TIME.

BETWEEN 1786 AND 1824 THE PRESENT CHURCH WAS BUILT. IT REUSED THE EAST WALL OF THE FORMER GRANARY AND EXTENDED IT 7 FEET 6 INCHES VERTICALLY AND 25 FEET SOUTHWARD. THE GRANARY'S NORTH WALL WAS ALSO USED AND EXTENDED VERTICALLY 7 FEET 6 INCHES. TO COMPLETE THE PLAN, NEW WEST AND SOUTH WALLS WERE CONSTRUCTED. THE SACRISTY WAS LOCATED AT THE SOUTH END OF THE STRUCTURE. SEE SHEET 14 FOR A GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF THE CONSTRUCTION.

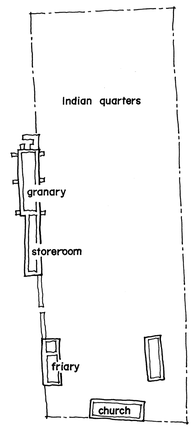
THE 62-FOOT-LONG FRIARY, BUILT IN 1745 OF YELLOW TABULAR LIMESTONE, SERVED AS THE CORE FOR FUTURE MODIFICATIONS TO THE CONVENTO. FROM 1756 TO 1772, THE CONVENTO WAS ALTERED SIGNIFICANTLY. SHEET 13 CHRONICLES THE CONSTRUCTION.



THE 1745 MISSION CONSISTED OF A JACAL CHURCH; STONE FRIARY, GRANARY AND STOREROOM; AND A PUEBLO THAT CONSISTED OF JACAL INDIAN QUARTERS, LAID OUT TO FORM TWO STREETS. JACAL CONSTRUCTION CONSISTED OF VERTICAL POSTS SET INTO THE GROUND, PLASTERED WITH MUD, AND ROOFED WITH THATCH.

WRITTEN RECORDS AND ARCHEOLOGY HAVE LOCATED THE GRANARY, STOREROOMS AND FRIARY. THE PROBABLE SITE OF THE JACAL CHURCH IS SUGGESTED BY SIX EXTENDED BURIALS FOUND BY ARCHEOLOGIST MARDITH K. SCHUETZ DURING HER EXTENSIVE EXCAVATIONS OF MISSION SAN JUAN IN THE LATE 1960S. THE INDIAN QUARTERS, DESCRIBED IN THE HISTORICAL RECORDS, ARE ASSUMED TO HAVE STOOD TO THE NORTH OF THE COMPOUND IN THE AREA LATER ENCLOSED BY THE DEFENSIVE WALL.

Mission San Juan 1745



CONSTRUCTION BEGAN ON A NEW CHURCH WITH AN OCTAGONAL SACRISTY CA. 1775. THE CHURCH WAS NEVER COMPLETED; FOUNDATIONS AND PARTIAL WALLS WERE ALL THAT EXISTED BY 1824.

NORTH

FEET 1"=40' 0 50 100

METERS 1:480 0 5 10 20 30

RESEARCH MAP ADAPTED FROM 1982 MAP BY TOBIN RESEARCH, INC.

MISIÓN SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
MISIÓN SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
ADDENDUM TO BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD
SAN ANTONIO BEXAR COUNTY TEXAS

SURVEY NO. TX-321

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 12 OF 17 SHEETS

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DRAWN BY: JAMES N. FERGUSON
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

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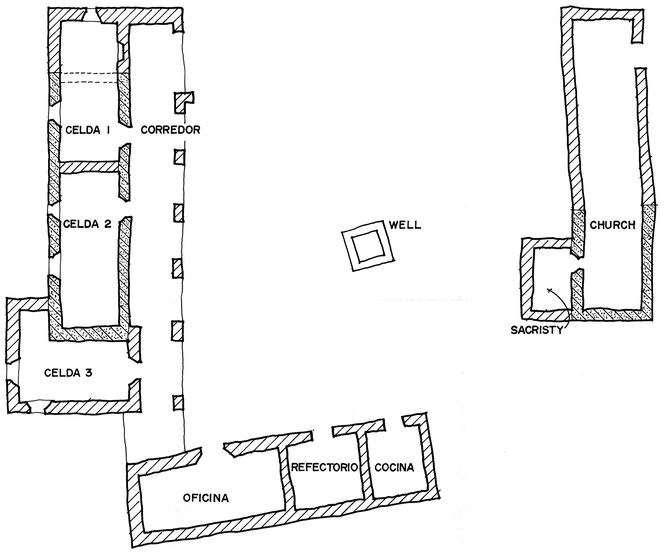
TRIM LINE

TRIM LINE

FROM 1745 TO 1756 THE CONVENTO OF SAN JUAN RECEIVED A NUMBER OF NEW BUILDINGS. THE 1756 COMPOUND CONSISTED OF THREE STONE STRUCTURES, ROUGHLY FORMING A U-SHAPED ENCLOSURE. TO THE WEST. THE ORIGINAL FRIARY WAS EXTENDED NORTH AND SOUTH TO HOUSE THREE CELLS; TWO BAYS WERE ADDED TO THE CORREDOR IN THE PROCESS. TO THE SOUTH, AN OFICINA (STOREROOM), REFECTORIO (DINING ROOM), AND COCINA (KITCHEN) WERE ROOMS WITHIN A SINGLE BUILDING. TO THE EAST, A TEMPORARY CHURCH WAS CONSTRUCTED BY ADDING TO A STRUCTURE BUILT BETWEEN 1745 AND 1756. THE ADDED WALLS WERE BUILT AT A SLIGHT ANGLE TO THE STRUCTURE SO THAT THEY APPROXIMATED A RIGHT ANGLE (93°) WITH THE SOUTH ROW. THE SACRISTY WAS BUILT ONTO THE SOUTHERN PORTION OF THE WEST WALL OF THE TEMPORARY CHURCH.

BY 1772, A WALL AND ADDITIONAL ROOMS HAD BEEN BUILT ONTO THE EXISTING STRUCTURES TO ENCLOSE THE COMPOUND. THE NORTH WALL WAS CONSTRUCTED BETWEEN 1756 AND 1759 WITH A GATE LARGE ENOUGH FOR A MAN TO RIDE THROUGH ON A HORSE. TO THE WEST, THE PORTERIA AND HOSPEDERIA (GUEST ROOM) WERE ADDED BY 1759, BUILT OF LIMESTONE AND WELL-CRAFTED. TO THE SOUTH, THE OFICINA SEGUNDA (SECOND STOREROOM) WAS ADDED BY 1762. AT THE SAME TIME A THIRD STOREROOM WAS ADDED ON THE EAST.

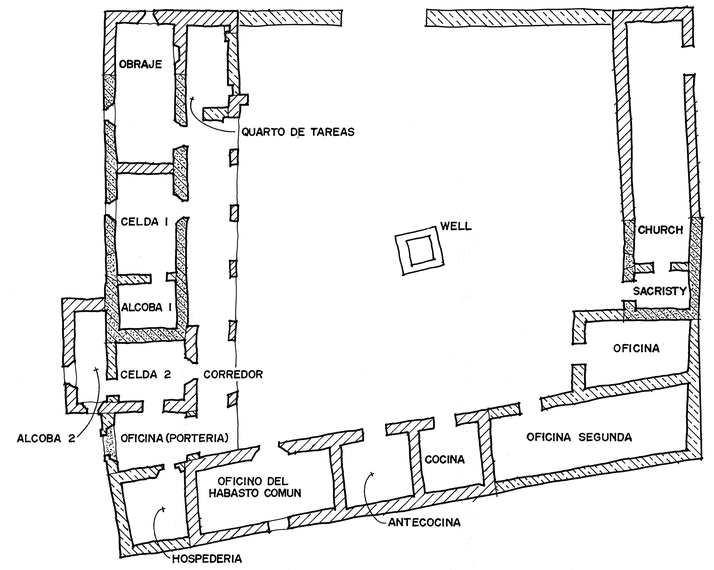
OTHER MODIFICATIONS OCCURRED BETWEEN 1759 AND 1772. CELDA 1 OF THE FRIARY WAS CONVERTED TO AN OBRAJE (WEAVING ROOM) WITH ITS CUARTO DE TAREAS (SPINNING ROOM) BUILT INTO THE NORTH END OF THE CORREDOR. THE OTHER TWO CELLS EACH HAD A PARTITION WALL BUILT TO CREATE AN ALCOVE. THE PORTERIA'S WEST OPENING WAS SEALED AND THE PASSAGE CONVERTED TO A STOREROOM. THE FIRST STOREROOM WAS DESIGNATED FOR COMMUNITY USE (OFICINA DEL HABASTO COMUN). THE REFECTORIO BECAME THE ANTECOCINA (SERVICE ROOM TO THE KITCHEN). FINALLY, THE CHURCH WAS SHORTENED BY RELOCATING THE SACRISTY INTO THE SOUTHERN PORTION OF THE ORIGINAL STRUCTURE.



CONVENTO COMPOUND OF MISSION SAN JUAN IN 1756

WALLS BUILT IN 1745.

WALLS BUILT BY 1756.



IN 1772

WALLS BUILT FROM 1759-72.

NORTH

FEET 1/16" = 1'-0" 0 4 8 16 32

METERS 1:192 0 1 2 3 4 6 10

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HISTORICAL PARK, TEXAS
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
ADDENDUM TO MISIÓN SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD SAN ANTONIO BEXAR COUNTY TEXAS

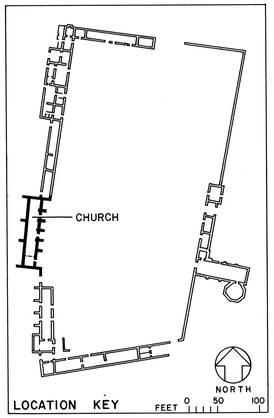
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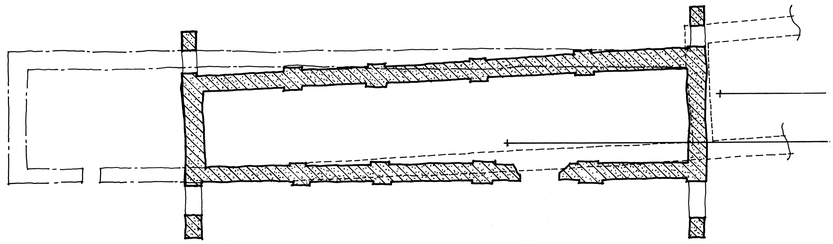
HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY SHEET 13 OF 17 SHEETS

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TWO EARLIER BUILDINGS STOOD ON THE SITE OF SAN JUAN CHURCH. THEIR FOUNDATIONS AND PARTS OF SOME WALLS CONTRIBUTED TO THE PLAN AND STRUCTURE OF THE PRESENT BUILDING.

CA. 1740, A GRANARY AND STOREROOM WERE CONSTRUCTED ALONG THE WEST SIDE OF THE MISSION'S COMPOUND. THE GRANARY, TO THE NORTH, WAS IN RUINS BY CA. 1770.

THE STOREROOM, TO THE SOUTH, WAS REBUILT AS A GRANARY BEGINNING IN CA. 1770, TO REPLACE THE PREVIOUS, FALLEN GRANARY TO THE NORTH. IT HAD RELIEVING ARCHES ON THE EAST SIDE, WITH FLYING BUTTRESSES AT EACH CORNER. PROBABLY SIMILAR RELIEVING ARCHES AND FLYING BUTTRESSES FORMED THE WEST SIDE. THE BUILDING WAS COMPLETED CA. 1775. NEW FOUNDATIONS WERE BUILT FOR THE EAST WALL; THE OTHER WALLS USED THE FOUNDATIONS OF THE PREVIOUS STOREROOM.

EARLY BUILDINGS ON THE PRESENT CHURCH SITE

NO SCALE

BROKEN LINES INDICATE EXTERIOR WALLS OF PRESENT CHURCH, COMPLETED 1790.
HEAVY LINES INDICATE THE SECOND GRANARY, COMPLETED CA. 1775.
DASHED LINES INDICATE THE FOUNDATIONS OF THE STOREROOM AND FIRST GRANARY, CA. 1740- CA. 1770.

CA. 1830, A RECTORY FOR THE RESIDENT PRIEST WAS ADDED TO THE WEST SIDE OF THE CHURCH. NEGLECT REDUCED IT TO RUINS BY CA. 1850. HARVEY P. SMITH PARTIALLY LOCATED THE FOUNDATIONS CA. 1933. THE SITE SHOWS SIGNS OF ALTERATIONS AND THUS THE COMPLETE PLAN IS NOT KNOWN.

BUTTRESSES ADDED IN 1968.

ARCHED DOORWAY TO RECTORY, ca. 1830- ca. 1850.

FOUNDATIONS OF GRANARY COMPLETED CA. 1775.

SACRISTY

WALL PARTITION see below

ALTAR

up

NAVE

CHOIR LOFT BUILT CA. 1790

SACRISTY WALL PARTITION

1790 - ca. 1910: adobe wall with door and steps to east side

ca. 1910 - 1968: wooden wall with door and steps at center

1968 - present: wooden wall with doors and steps to either side

ENCLOSING WALL, ca. 1740.

BUTTRESSES ADDED IN 1968.

CA. 1790, THE GRANARY WAS CONVERTED TO THE PRESENT CHURCH. THE PLAN CALLED FOR THE REMOVAL OF THE WEST AND SOUTH WALLS OF THE GRANARY AND EXTENDING THE STRUCTURE 25 FEET TO THE SOUTH. THE NEW WALLS RAN PARALLEL TO THE OLD, GIVING THE NEW CHURCH OVERALL DIMENSIONS OF 18 FEET 3 INCHES BY 101 FEET 5 INCHES. THE EXISTING EAST AND NORTH WALLS WERE EXTENDED VERTICALLY 7 FEET 6 INCHES, MATCHING THE NEW WALLS, TO ACCOMMODATE THE NEW FUNCTION OF THE BUILDING. A CHOIR LOFT WAS BUILT AT THE NORTH END AND AN ADOBE PARTITION WALL DIVIDED THE SACRISTY, AT THE SOUTH END, FROM THE NEW CHURCH.

THE CHOIR LOFT WAS REMOVED AND CONFESSIONALS ADDED IN 1968.

STAIRS TO THE CHOIR LOFT WERE NOTED IN HARVEY P. SMITH'S 1933 PLAN OF THE MISSION OF SAN JUAN.

DEFENSIVE WALL OF THE PUEBLO COMPLETED CA. 1765.

FLYING BUTTRESS FILLED AND USED AS THE SOUTH END WALL OF THE INDIAN QUARTERS, CA. 1770.

EAST WALL OF INDIAN QUARTERS.

NORTH

FLOOR PLAN OF THE CHURCH AND FOUNDATIONS OF PREVIOUS STRUCTURES

FEET 3/16" = 1'-0"
METERS 1:64
0 5 10 15 20
0 1 2 3 4 5 6

- WALLS OF SECOND GRANARY CA. 1775
- FILLED BUTTRESS, BEFORE COMPLETION OF GRANARY CA. 1770
- WALLS BUILT WHEN GRANARY CONVERTED TO CHURCH CA. 1790.
- BUTTRESSES ADDED 1968.

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
MISIÓN SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
SAN ANTONIO — BEXAR COUNTY — TEXAS

ADDENDUM TO BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD

SURVEY NO. TX-321

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 14 OF 17 SHEETS

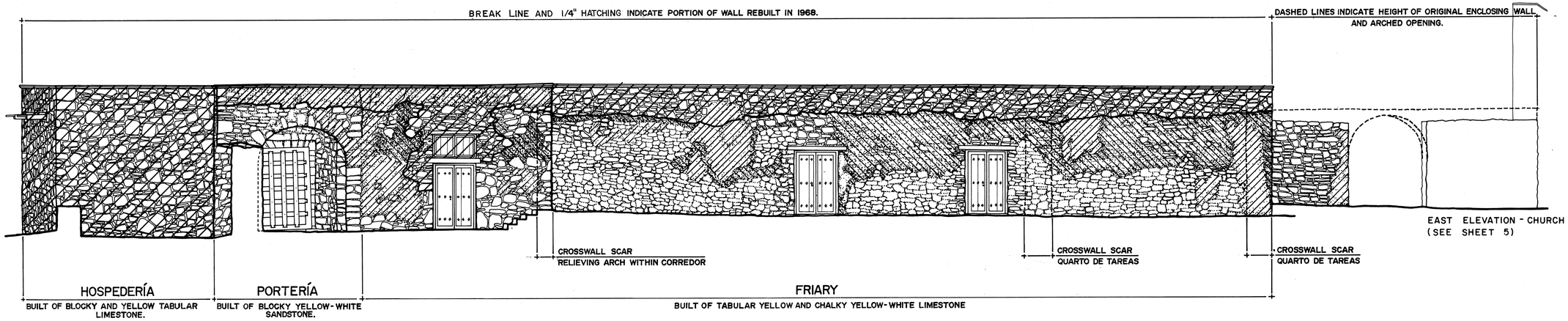
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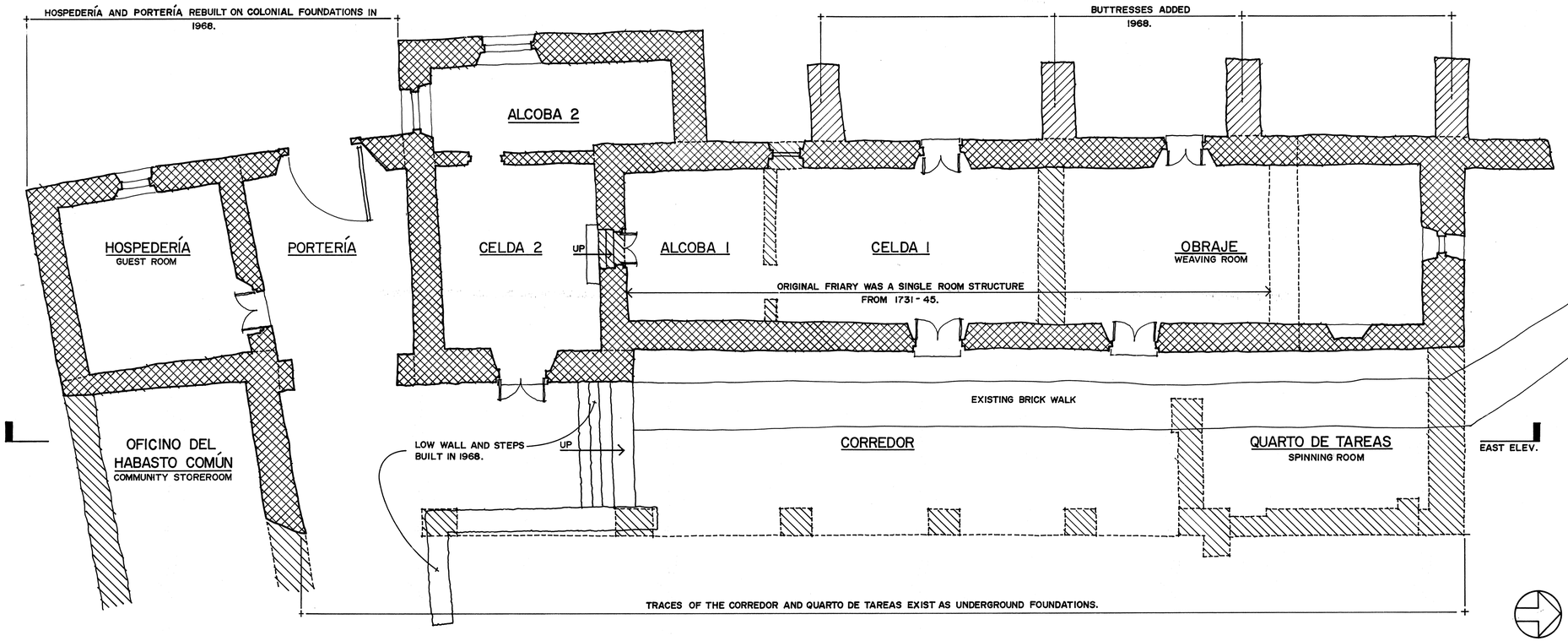
TRIM LINE

TRIM LINE



EAST ELEVATION OF CONVENTO

PORTLAND PLASTER APPLIED AFTER 1967.
ORIGINAL COLONIAL PLASTER APPLIED FROM 1731-72.



FLOOR PLAN OF CONVENTO

PRESENT CONDITIONS ADDITIONS AFTER 1967
1824 CONDITIONS WALLS BUILT FROM 1731-72.
OVERLAPPING CONDITIONS WALLS THAT REMAIN STANDING OR WERE REBUILT ON COLONIAL FOUNDATIONS.

FEET 3/16"=1'-0" 0 5 10 15 20
METERS 1:64 0 1 2 3 4 5 6

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS HABS NUMBER

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 15 OF 17 SHEETS

SURVEY NO. TX-321

TEXAS

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
MISIÓN SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
SAN ANTONIO
BEXAR COUNTY

ADDENDUM TO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD

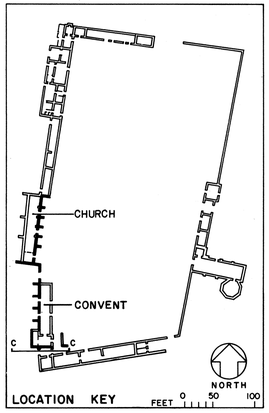
DRAWN BY: JOSE MARTINEZ AND JAMES N. FERGUSON; ANNOTATED BY J. FERGUSON

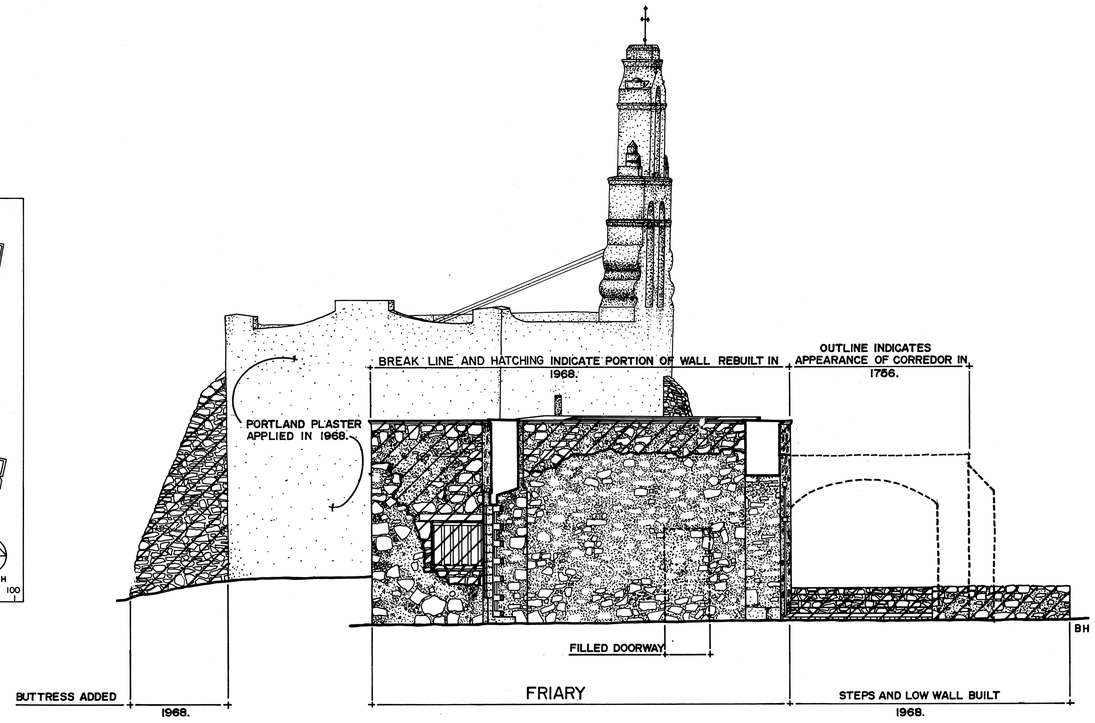
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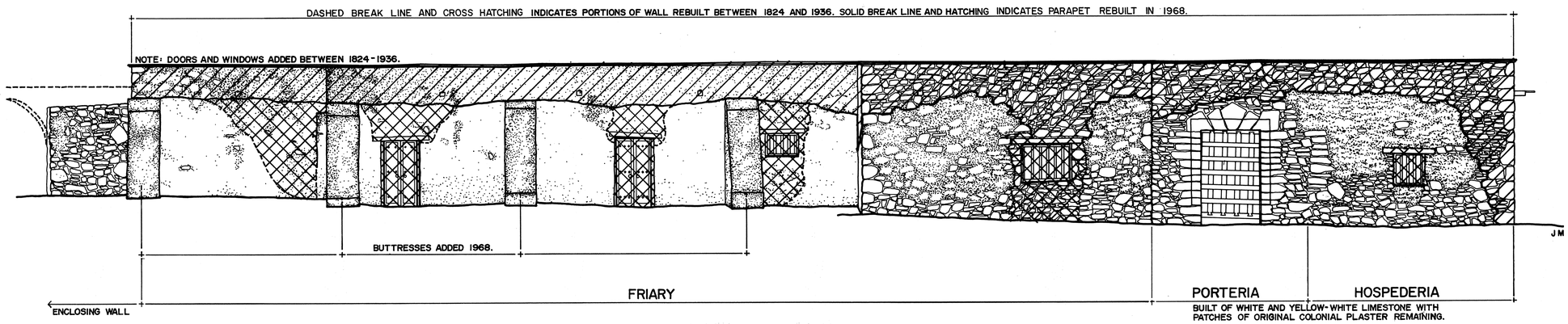
TRIM LINE

TRIM LINE





SECTION C-C THROUGH PORTERIA
SOUTH ELEVATION OF CONVENTO AND CHURCH



WEST ELEVATION OF CONVENTO

FEET 3/16" = 1'-0" 0 5 10 15 20
METERS 1:64 0 1 2 3 4 5 6

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
MISIÓN SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
SAN ANTONIO BEXAR COUNTY TEXAS

ADDENDUM TO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD

DRAWN BY: R. BRUCE HUXLEY AND JOSE MARTINEZ, ANNOTATED BY JAMES N. FERGUSON

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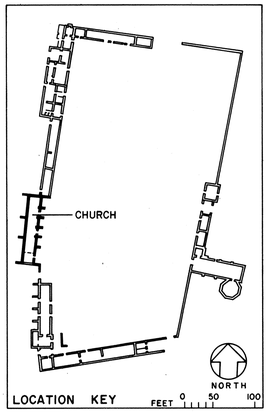
HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 16 OF 17 SHEETS

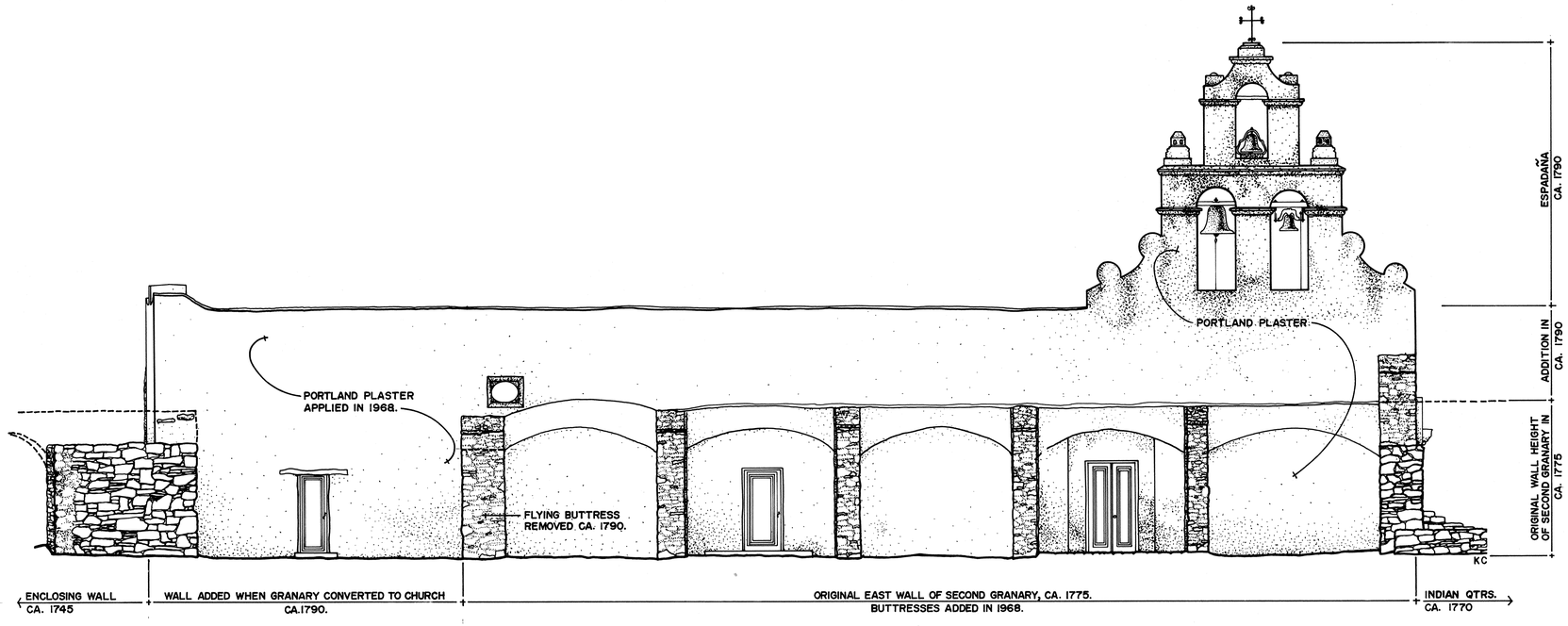
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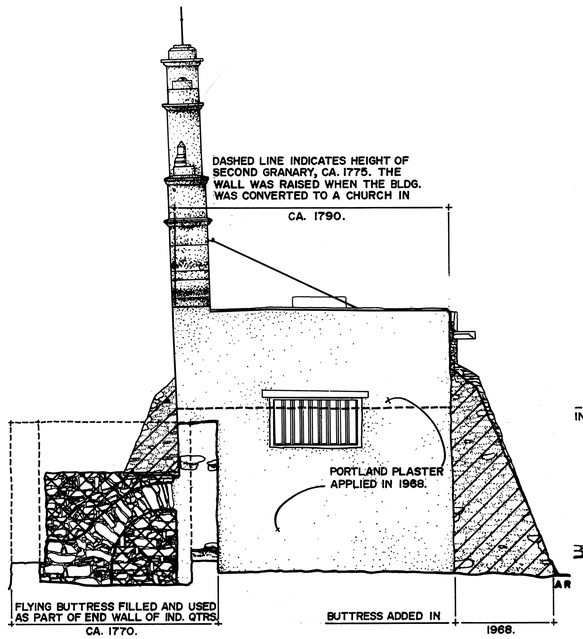
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TRIM LINE

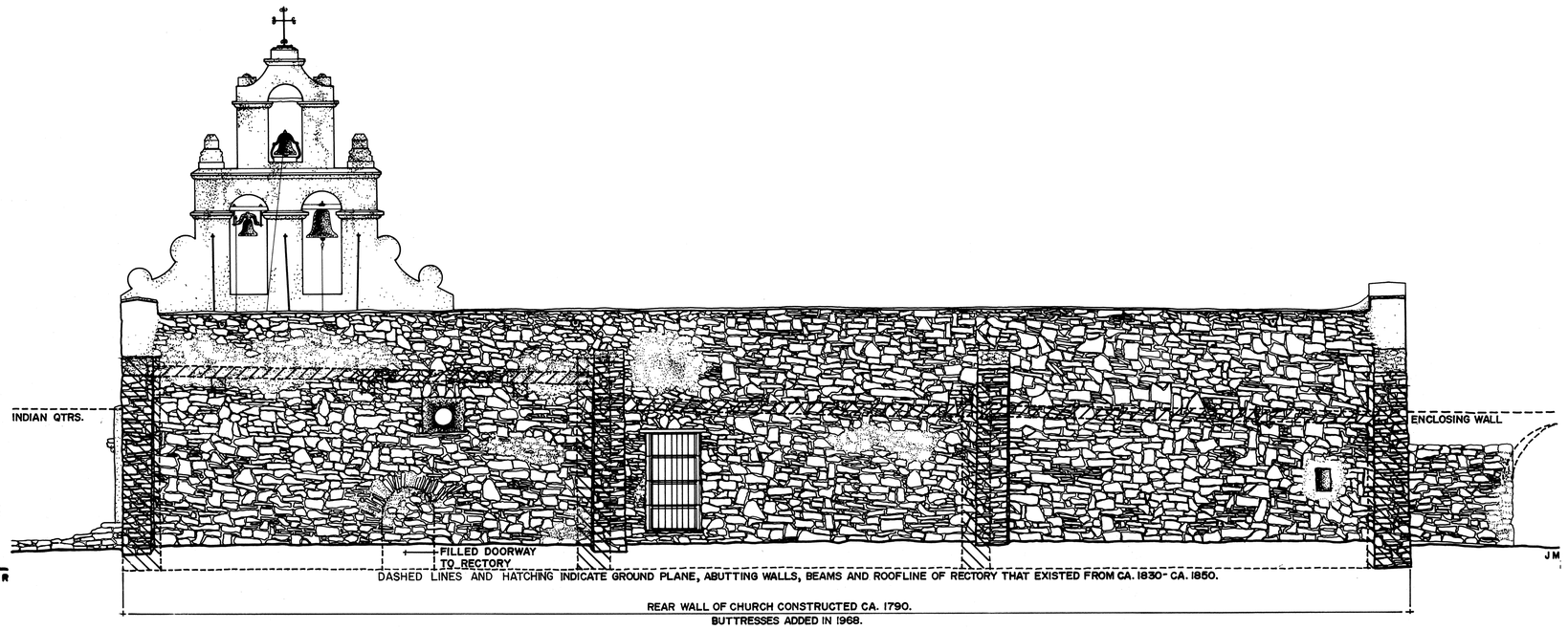




EAST ELEVATION OF CHURCH



NORTH ELEVATION



WEST ELEVATION

FEET 3/16" = 1'-0" 0 5 10 15 20
METERS 1:64 0 1 2 3 4 5 6

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NAME AND LOCATION OF STRUCTURE
ADDENDUM TO MISIÓN SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
BERG'S MILL - GRAF ROAD SAN ANTONIO BEXAR COUNTY TEXAS

SURVEY NO. TX-321

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 17 OF 17 SHEETS

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TRIM LINE

HABS
TEX
15-SANTV,
3-

HISTDRIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY

INDEX TD PHOTOGRAPHS

Mission San Juan De Capistrano
Berg's Mill-Graf Road
Berg's Mill Community
San Antonio
Bexar County
Texas

HABS No. TX-321

Addendum to:

Mission San Juan De Capistrano
San Antonio
Texas
(as originally recorded)

Jet Lowe, photographer Summer, 1983

Photoc TX-321-1 thru TX-321-17 were transmitted to the Library in the 1930s.
All photos below were taken in the Summer of 1983 by John Lowe.

GENERAL VIEWS:

TX-321-18 VIEW NORTH FROM OUTSIDE WALLS AT SOUTHEAST CORNER OF COMPLEX

TX-321-19 VIEW EAST THROUGH TREES DF SDUTHWEST CORNER OF COMPLEX
DUPLICATING HISTORICAL SHOT DONE BY HABS IN THE 1930s

TX-321-2D VIEW OF MISSION TO NORTH, WITH SOUTH WALL IN FOREGROUND

TX-321-21 VIEW WEST, FROM ACRDSS CDMPOUND

TX-321-22 ENTRANCE FACADE THROUGH WINDOW OF DLD MISSION QUARTERS, LODKING WEST

TX-321-23 SCALLDPED DOORWAY OF OLD BAPTISTERY, LDDKING SDUTHWEST

TX-321-24 RUINS

TX-321-25 MAIN ENTRANCE TO COMPLEX, SOUTHWEST CORNER

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY

INDEX TO PHOTOGRAPHS

ADDENDUM TO
MISSION SAN JUAN DE CAPISTRANO
(San Juan Mission)
Berg's Mill-Graf Road,
Berg's Mill Community
San Antonio
Bexar County
Texas

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3-

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All color xeroxes were made from a duplicate color transparency.

Jet Lowe, Photographer, 1983.

TX-321-26 (CT) MAIN ENTRANCE TO COMPLEX, SOUTHWEST CORNER




TEX-3-21


TEX-3-21


TEX-3-21


TEX-3-21


TEX-3-21


TEX-3-21


TEX-3-21


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HABS No. TX-321-22



HABS No. TX-321-23



HABS No. TX-321--24

HABS NO. TX-321-25

