

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

722

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determination for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and area of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900A). Use typewriter, word processor or computer to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name Olympus Guard Station

other name/site number OGS, Olympus Guard Station Historic District

2. Location

street & number Approximately 9 miles from Hoh River Trailhead at Hoh Ranger Station:
Hoh Sub-district

☐ not for publication

city or town Olympic National Park Headquarters, Port Angeles

☒ vicinity

state Washington

code WA

county Jefferson

code 031

zip code 98362

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this ☒ nomination ☐ request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property ☒ meets ☐ does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this

property be considered significant ☐ nationally ☒ statewide ☐ locally. (☐ See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Signature of certifying official/Title

Date

State of Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property ☒ meets ☐ does not meet the National Register criteria. (☐ See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Signature of certifying official/Title

Date

State of Federal agency and bureau

4. National Park Service Certification

I hereby certify that the property is:

- ☒ entered in the National Register.
 See continuation sheet.
- ☐ determined eligible for the National Register.
 See continuation Sheet.
- ☐ determined not eligible for the National Register.
- ☐ removed from the National Register.
- ☐ other, (explain:)

Signature of the Keeper

Date of Action

11/5/2007

5. Classification

Ownership of Property

(Check as many boxes as apply)

- ☐ private
- ☐ public-local
- ☐ public-State
- ☒ public-Federal

Category of Property

(Check only one box)

- ☐ building(s)
- ☒ district
- ☐ site
- ☐ structure
- ☐ object

Number of Resources within Property

(Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)

Contributing	Noncontributing	
1		buildings
		sites
	5	structures
		objects
1	5	Total

Name of related multiple property listing

(Enter N/A if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register

Historic Resources of Olympic National Park

6. Function or Use

Historic Functions

(Enter categories from instructions)

Domestic: Camp (Guard Station)

Government: Government Office; **Fire Station**

Current Functions

(Enter categories from instructions)

Domestic: Camp (Visitor Contact Station)

Government: Government Office

7. Description

Architectural Classification

(Enter categories from instructions)

OTHER: Rustic

Materials

(Enter categories from instructions)

foundation Concrete

walls Wood Log

roof Wood Shake

other Wood

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Summary: Olympus Guard Station Historic District is comprised of one primary building and an open meadow for stock that contribute to the site's significance. The building is rectangular, log and wood construction, with shake-covered gable roofs. The guard station building, used for a residence and visitor contact station, is located 9 miles into the backcountry along the Hoh River Trail on the west side of the park. The building is in good condition and continues to function as it did historically, as a residence, and appears much the same as it did after its construction circa 1935 by the United States Forest Service. It is a fine example of two property types identified in the Multiple Property Documentation form for the Historic Resources of Olympic National Park: Government (Forest Service); and Architecture (Log, Pole, and Shake). The existing shelter was built in 1971 and is a non-contributing, but compatible structure and still functions as the historic shelter had before it was destroyed by a tree in 1978. A 1996 shed fits in with the style, but is non-contributing; as are the two outhouses and kiosk. Overall, the district has integrity of location, setting, design, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and meets the registration requirements set forth in the Multiple Property Documentation form.

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- ☒ **A** Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- ☐ **B** Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- ☒ **C** Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- ☐ **D** Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- ☐ **A** owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- ☐ **B** removed from its original location.
- ☐ **C** a birthplace or grave.
- ☐ **D** a cemetery.
- ☐ **E** a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- ☐ **F** a commemorative property.
- ☐ **G** less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Areas of Significance

(Enter categories from instructions)

Criterion A: Politics / Government

Criterion C: Architecture

Period of Significance

Criterion A: c.1935

Criterion C: c.1935

Significant Dates

1935

Significant Person

(Complete if Criterion B is marked above.)

Cultural Affiliation

Architect/Builder

United States Forest Service and NPS

Narrative Statement of Significance

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibliography

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS):

- ☐ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)
- ☐ previously listed in the National Register
- ☐ previously determined eligible by the National Register
- ☐ designated a National Historic Landmark
- ☐ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #
- ☐ recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #

Primary location of additional data:

- ☐ State Historic Preservation Office
- ☐ Other State Agency
- ☒ Federal agency
- ☐ Local government
- ☐ University
- ☐ Other

Name of Repository:

Olympus Guard Station Historic District
Name of Property

Jefferson County, WA
County and State

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property: Approximately 2 acres

UTM References

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)

1	10	442785	5302905	3	10	442898	5302802
	zone	easting	northing		zone	easting	northing
2	10	442896	5302907	4	10	442785	5302802

____ See continuation sheet

Verbal Boundary Description

The boundary is formed by lines completing a rectangle 200 feet from the four sides of the guard station residence.

Boundary Justification

The boundary includes the guard station residence, shelter, shed, outhouses, kiosk, and enough of the adjoining forest and open meadow to convey the historical setting in which this station is located and experienced by park visitors.

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Gail E.H. Evans, Historian / Stephanie Toothman, Regional Historian (1986), Gretchen Luxenberg, Historian (1998), and Jacilee Wray, Anthropologist (2005).

organization National Park Service, Columbia Cascade Support Office

date 1986/1998

street & number 909 1st Avenue

telephone (206) 220-4138

city or town Seattle

State Washington

zip code 98104-1060

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A **7.5 minute USGS map** indicating the property's location.

A **sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative **black and white photographs** of the property.

Additional Items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items.)

Property Owner

(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)

name

street & number

telephone

city or town

state

zip code

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 *et seq.*).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7

Olympus Guard Station: Jefferson County, WA

Page 1

Narrative Description: Olympus Guard Station, also known as Olympus Ranger Station, was constructed by the United States Forest Service (USFS) in the 1930s as part of that government agency's desire to have patrol stations in highly traveled areas of the national forest. It is located 9 miles from the trailhead of the Hoh River Trail, on the west side of today's national park, sited at the edge of a large meadow alongside the Hoh River. Original cost to construct the residence was estimated at \$1162.00 in 1952. The exact date of construction is not known: Records in National Park Service files indicate a construction date of 1935, two years after the NPS attained jurisdiction over the national monument. In 1938, the NPS inherited many USFS designed and constructed buildings and structures in the newly created national park. The style of architecture indicates USFS construction methods and techniques, which would put the date as early as 1932 (transfer from national monument to national park occurred in 1933). The district consists of the primary building (residence) an open meadow for stock with a hitching post, along with a compatible non-contributing shelter built in 1971 that functions just as the historic shelter had before it, destroyed by a tree in 1978, a 1996 wood frame storage shed, two wood-frame outhouses, and a kiosk.

The guard station residence is rectangular in shape, measuring approximately 16' x 24' with a 9' x 6' porch on the front elevation, set on a post and pier (concrete pads) foundation. It is 1-1/2 stories in height, 2 bays wide, and built of horizontal, squared, hewn logs with dovetail-notched corners. A gable roof is sheathed in cedar shakes and a shaked, gable-roofed extension on the main facade creates a porch supported by squared wood posts. The roof has extended eaves with exposed rafters and joists. The building has fixed, single-pane wood windows, an off-center wooden door with "Z" bracing, and a metal stovepipe extending beyond the roof. Alterations to the building include the replacement of the historic, 4-light, paired sliding windows with the single-pane, fixed sash, possibly done in the 1960s.

In 1978 a large tree fell on the original shelter. A second shelter had previously been built in 1971. This shelter, approximately 30' from the residence, is a wood-frame structure built in the typical style and method of other shelters in the park. The shelter is rectangular, approximately 12' x 14' in size, and constructed of vertical boards (sides) with horizontal boards on the gable ends. The front is open and supported by hewn, squared wood posts and braces. The saltbox shaped roof is covered with wood shakes, and the flooring is wooden boards. In 2001 the Washington State Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation wrote the park that the "additional elements (1971) at this station are historically and architecturally compatible, and therefore can be considered contributing aspects of the station site. Their retention projects an underlying harmony of construction at this location, and encourages the future and proper approach to new and compatible construction." The National Register however found that this structure does not meet Consideration G (Properties less than Fifty years old), therefore it is a non-contributing structure, along with the other structures in the district that include a shed built in 1996, two wood-frame outhouses, and a rustic bulletin board/kiosk.

The Olympus Guard Station Historic District continues to exhibit the qualities of its original design and method of construction as built by the United States Forest Service as part of its initial efforts to establish a presence on the ground and eventually completing an extensive network of trails, shelters, and guard and ranger stations across national forest lands on the peninsula in order to protect valuable stands of timber, complete with horse pasture and hitching post. It is a representative example of the types of buildings and structures built in the

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Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 and 8

Olympus Guard Station: Jefferson County, WA

Page 2

backcountry by the USFS. Using local, natural materials in a straightforward, functional manner, the USFS designed and built dozens of these types of buildings over its tenure as land steward for the purpose of assisting rangers in their diverse range of duties. The residence stands out as a distinct example of log construction within the park. The district retains a high degree of integrity in its location, setting, design, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and exhibits the registration requirements identified in the Multiple Property Documentation form for the Historic Resources of Olympic National Park.

SEE ATTACHED INVENTORY CARD PREPARED IN 1982 FOR PROPERTY.

Statement of Significance:

Summary: The Olympus Guard Station Historic District is significant for its association with politics and government (Forest Service) activities within what is today Olympic National Park (criterion A) and as an example of the distinctive type of Log, Pole, and Shake architecture utilized by the United States Forest Service in its years of managing the national forest lands on the Olympic Peninsula prior to the establishment of the national park (criterion C). Built in the 1930s, the primary buildings in the historic district are representative of the types of buildings that the United States Forest Service constructed to accomplish one of its objectives on the Olympic Peninsula--protecting the valuable stands of timber the agency was charged with managing by building an extensive network of ranger, guard and patrol cabins, shelters, and lookouts, which could be accessed by horseback. These buildings incorporated the materials used by the early settlers on the peninsula—logs, poles, and shakes. The Olympus Guard Station residence embodies the distinctive characteristics of the log, pole, and shake building type and exhibit a high degree of craftsmanship. The guard station is indicative of two property types identified in the Multiple Property Documentation form for the Historic Resources of Olympic National Park: Government (Forest Service) and Architecture (Log, Pole, and Shake). The district has integrity of setting, design, workmanship, materials, feeling and association, and meets the registration requirements set forth for these properties in the Multiple Property Documentation form.

Narrative: As road construction and recreational development invited a broader public to venture to the Olympic Peninsula, its earlier reputation as an untamed wilderness diminished. Accessibility provided by the loop highway encircling Mount Olympus National Monument was only one agent in the opening of the interior wilderness to recreational pursuits. Beginning in 1905 and continuing for 33 years, lands now included in the inland portion of the national park were under the administrative jurisdiction of the United States Forest Service. Although multiple resource management was, and is today, the underpinning of the USFS administrative policies, timber management received particular emphasis in the Olympics. Following the appointment of Rudo L. Fromme as Olympic Forest Supervisor in 1911, plans were initiated to develop a comprehensive trail system to facilitate management of timber and other resources, with the specific concern of forest fire prevention and suppression. This trail system would include shelters, houses, sheds, and phone lines to assist the forest rangers in their fire suppression work.

The Olympus Guard Station Historic District, with its 1930s residence and open pasture for stock use was built as part of an intense USFS program to manage the natural resources of the national forest and later, national

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Section number 8

Olympus Guard Station: Jefferson County, WA

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monument. The district represents the stewardship efforts by the Forest Service to manage its lands on the peninsula as the federal agency striving to establish a presence in this wilderness. The USFS was charged with protecting national forest lands and accomplished this through the creation of a vast network of trails, shelters, guard and ranger stations, and other buildings and structures. This network of resources greatly assisted the forest ranger in getting supplies into the backcountry and in conducting his work. By the 1930s part of a ranger's job was to assist backcountry travelers, and these stations responded to the need of greeting and assisting hikers by serving as a contact station. To devise and construct this network of facilities was a tremendous effort in terms of human and fiscal resources. Sited in an open meadow (some clearing of trees was done historically) alongside the Hoh River, a Forest Service ranger could greet backcountry travelers and respond to needs and questions as these hikers continued on their way to Mount Olympus or other areas in the rugged wilderness of the Olympic Mountains.

The exact date of the Olympus Guard Station complex is unclear. From the style and method of construction used in the residence, the date of 1935 for the main building appears correct. However, records show that an earlier Olympus Guard Station was constructed by the Forest Service possibly as early as the 1910s or 1920s. This was a small building of vertical board or shake siding and appears to have had an addition on its rear elevation. Some time in the 1930s, a new, larger guard station was built downriver from this small station. Eventually, the older building was removed, perhaps because it was located too close to the ever-changing course of the Hoh River.

The Forest Service remained the caretaker of these peninsula lands until 1933 when management of the Olympic National Monument was transferred to the National Park Service. In 1938 the monument became part of Olympic National Park, as did parts of the National Forest. The NPS inherited many Forest Service facilities, including the Olympus Guard Station complex. Many of these facilities were taken over and continued to be used as they were historically; many others were demolished over time by the NPS because of a different land management philosophy and administrative policies. This complex has remained virtually intact, even with the construction of the 1971 shelter and 1996 shed it retains its design and function and continues to serve national park visitors today as it did historically when the lands were managed by the Forest Service.

The historic district is a noteworthy example of a type, style, and method of construction incorporating logs, poles, and wood shakes, reflecting United States Forest Service design used throughout the national forests of the Pacific Northwest (criterion A and C). The building is reminiscent of how the early peninsula settlers built buildings, using local materials in simple, straightforward ways to construct functional and necessary structures for various purposes. The Olympus Guard Station Historic District exhibits a high degree of craftsmanship, and clearly was built to withstand the elements for decades, and maintains an open pasture and stock use.

The Olympus Guard Station Historic District is an example of two property types identified in the Multiple Property Documentation form for the Historic Resources of Olympic National Park: Government and Architecture. It retains a high degree of integrity in its setting, design, materials, workmanship, feeling and association, and meets the registration requirements set forth in the Multiple Property Documentation form.

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places

Continuation Sheet

Section number 9

Olympus Guard Station: Jefferson County, WA

Page 4

Bibliography: Evans, Gail. Historic Resource Study. NPS. 1983; draft, national register nomination, 1986; Peting, Don. Notes from HSPG file, 1985.

43

44

04

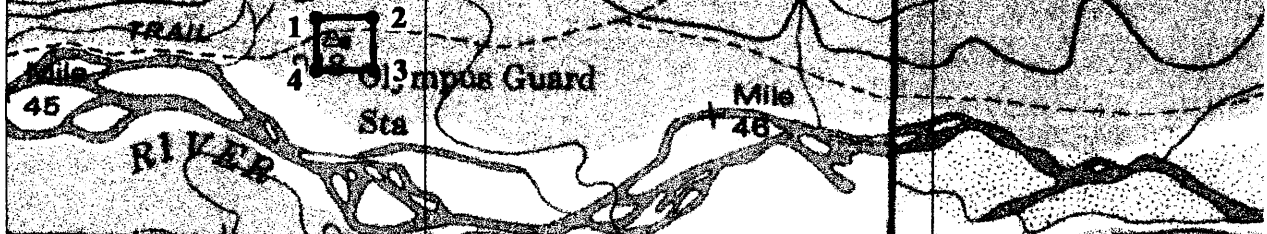
04

Olympus Guard Station Historic District

1	442785	5302905
2	442896	5302907
3	442898	5302802
4	442785	5302802

03

03



02

02

01

01

Map scale = 1:15,000
from USGS 7.5 minute
Bogachiel Peak quadrangle

43

44



Olympic Guard
Station residence
(contributing building)
Shelter

main trail

Wheating Post

outhouse

outhouse

ELK LAKE

Rider Flat

cutbank

cutbank

Gravel Bar

River

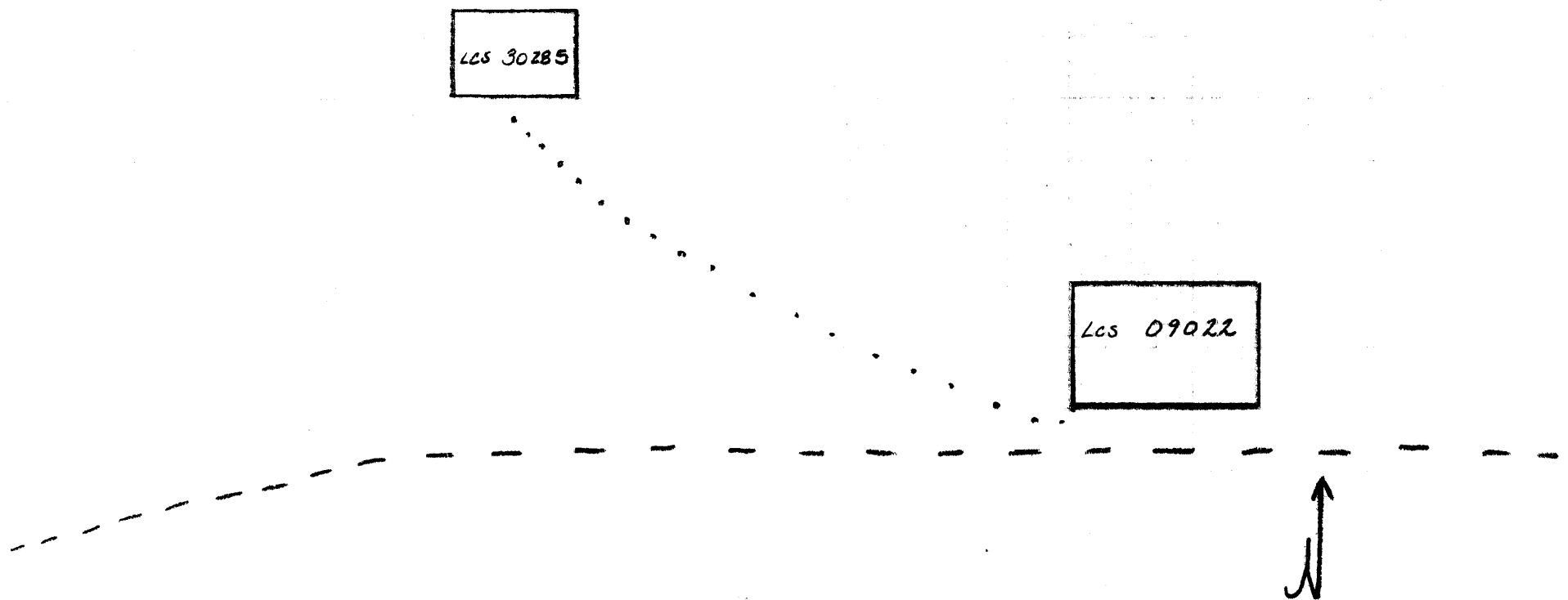
Hoh

Hoh River

OLYMPUS GUARD STATION HISTORIC DISTRICT

LCS 30285

Lcs 09022



PNR-100 6/82

PNRO INVENTORY

National Park Service
Pacific Northwest Region
Cultural Resources Division

Westin Building, Room 1920
2001 Sixth Avenue
Seattle, Washington 98121

1 SITE I.D. NO

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

2 NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE

304A

OLYMPUS RANGER STATION

5 ORIGINAL USE

Ranger
Station

7 CLASSIFICATION

9. RATING

10. DATE

1935

3 SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)

Hoh River Trail; 9 miles from trailhead at
Hoh Ranger Station

6. PRESENT USE

Ranger
Station

8	UTM ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING
	10	443225	5302850

11. REGION
PNR

4 CITY/VICINITY

COUNTY

STATE

Hoh Ranger District, OLYM, Jefferson, Washington

SCALE

1:24

(1:625)

QUAD NAME Mt. Tom

12 OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS

Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East Park Ave., Port Angeles, WA 98362

13 DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC.

Olympus Ranger Station was built in 1935 by the National Park Service, two years after jurisdiction of Mount Olympus National Monument was transferred from the Forest Service to the Park Service. An earlier Olympus Guard Station was constructed by the U.S. Forest Service, possibly as early as the 1910s or early 1920s. This small building of vertical board or shake siding, was possibly added on to by extending the building to the rear. The new Olympus Ranger Station constructed by the Park Service was set in an open meadow where pack horses grazed, that was located a short distance down river from the old Olympus Guard Station. Eventually, the old guard station was removed. The new Olympus Ranger Station was one of only three ranger stations in Mount Olympus National Monument after the Park Service gained jurisdiction of the monument in 1933. (The others were the Elkhorn and Dosemeadows Ranger Stations.) In 1984, it is probable that the Olympus Ranger Station is the oldest standing administrative structure in Olympic National Park built by the National Park Service. The National Park Service actively participated in land management on the Olympic Peninsula beginning in 1938 with the creation of the 682^{thousand} acre Olympic National Park. Subsequent land acquisitions by the National Park Service in 1940, 1943, and 1953, expanded the size of the initial land-locked interior core of the park, and added nearly the entire length of the Queets River and a narrow strip along the Pacific Coast. Much of the new Olympic National Park was carved from land previously administered by the U.S. Forest Service. The shift in land management philosophy and administrative policies from the Forest Service to the Park Service was reflected in the quantity, location, and design of

14 CONDITION

☐ EXCELLENT☒ GOOD☐ FAIR☐ DETERIORATED☐ RUINS15 DANGER OF DEMOLITION?
(SPECIFY THREAT)☐ YES☐ NO☒ UNKNOWN

16 SIGNIFICANCE

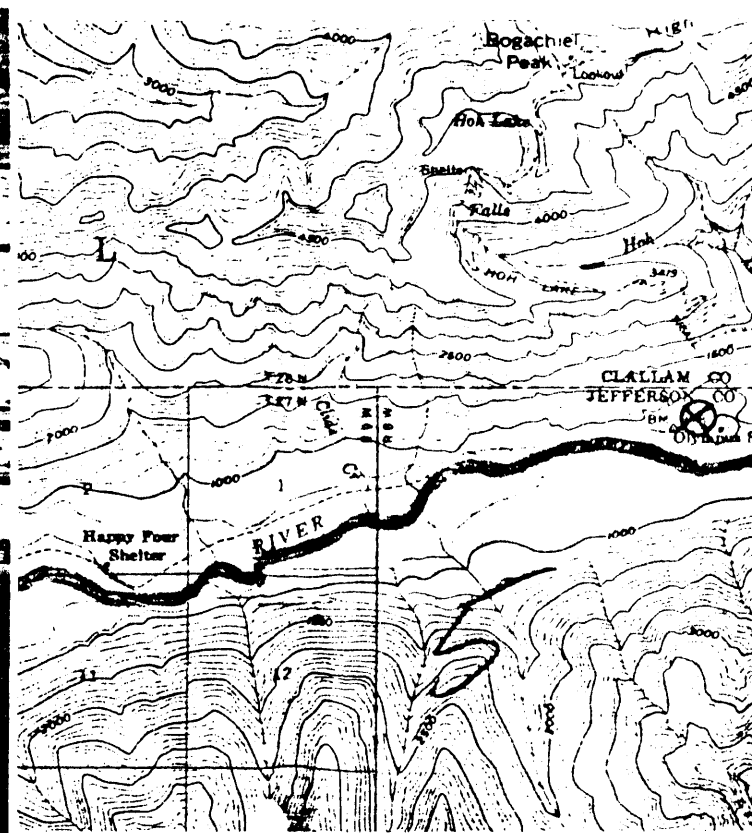
The Olympus Ranger Station is presently eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. The building is currently fifty years old. Historically, the building is of great significance since it is believed to be the oldest extant Park Service-built administrative structure now in Olympic National Park. Architecturally, it is a good representative example of Rustic Style architecture, a style initiated by the Park Service in the 1910s. The building and the site have been only minimally altered, thus the structure possesses integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association.



NEG. 13:4A



NEG. 13:5



T.21N., R.8W., SEC. , W.1

18. LOCATED IN AN HISTORIC DISTRICT?		☐ YES ☒ NO ☐ NAME	
19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY		20. EXISTING SURVEYS	
☒ YES, LIMITED ☐ YES, UNLIMITED ☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN		☐ NR ☐ NHL ☐ HABS ☐ HAER-1 ☐ HAER ☒ NPS ☐ STATE ☐ COUNTY ☐ LOCAL ☐ OTHER	
21. REFERENCES—HISTORICAL REFERENCES, PERSONAL CONTACTS, AND/OR OTHER			
Evans, Gail E. H. with T. Allan Comp. 1983. <u>Historic Resource Study: Olympic National Park</u> . Seattle: National Park Service, Pacific Northwest Region. Olympic National Park, Port Angeles, Washington. Form 10-768. Olympus Ranger Station. Photocopy. (Located in OLYM history building inventory file.) Historic photos. (Located in OLYM history building inventory file for Bldg. No. 304A.) University of Washington, Seattle, Washington. Letter from Conrad Wirth to O.W. Carlson. 1936 (8 February). Macy Papers (Box 1-19). Archives and Manuscript Section. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service. 1948. "Olympic National Forest, Washington" (map). (Located in OLYM history files.) White, D. H. ca. 1933. "Map of Olympic Peninsula, Washington." Tacoma, Washington: D. H. White. Photocopy. (Located in OLYM history files.)			
22. INVENTORIED BY		AFFILIATION	DATE
Leslie Helms/Gail E. H. Evans		National Park Service	9/82, 1984

PNRO INVENTORY

National Park Service
Pacific Northwest Region
Cultural Resources Division

087022
Westin Building, Room 1920
2001 Sixth Avenue
Seattle, Washington 98121

1. SITE I.D. NO		5. ORIGINAL USE		7. CLASSIFICATION		9. RATING	
304A		Guard Station					
2. NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE		6. PRESENT USE				10. DATE	
OLYMPUS RANGER STATION		Ranger Station				1935	
3. SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)				8. UTM ZONE		11. REGION	
Hoh River Trail; 9 miles from trailhead at Hoh Ranger Station				EASTING		PNR	
4. CITY/VICINITY		STATE		SCALE		QUAD	
Hoh Ranger District, OLYM, Jefferson, Washington				1:24 (1:825)		Mt. Toms	
12. OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS				OTHER		NAME	
Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East Park Ave., Port Angeles, WA 98362							

13. DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC.

(Continued from page one)

these respective agency's administrative structures. In 1938, the Park Service inherited scores of Forest Service-built ranger and guard stations standing inside the new park boundaries. Many were taken over and utilized; others were demolished over time. In a few instances the Park Service erected new administrative structures at sites with existing but deteriorating buildings, or established new administrative sites. Early in the park's history, in addition to a cadre of new buildings that formed the Park Service headquarters in Port Angeles, four new ranger station buildings were constructed by the Park Service, and one already-existing group of buildings was converted to a park ranger station.

Rectangular in shape; measures 16' x 24' (main block), 9' x 6' porch on front elevation; 1 1/2 stories; horizontal, hewn, square log wall construction with dovetail corner joints; gable roof on main block and porch with wood shakes; hewn, log rafters; post and pier foundation; single-light windows; wood door with Z bracing; interior wood flooring; built-in cabinets. Alterations: 4-light, double sliding windows replaced with single fixed pane. Siting: at edge of large meadow, approx. 30' from shelter.

14. CONDITION					15. DANGER OF DEMOLITION? (SPECIFY THREAT)		
☐ EXCELLENT	☐ GOOD	☐ FAIR	☐ DETERIORATED	☐ RUINS	☐ YES	☐ NO	☐ UNKNOWN
16. SIGNIFICANCE							

17. PHOTOS AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION

18. LOCATED IN AN HISTORIC DISTRICT? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ NAME

19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY ☐ YES, LIMITED ☐ YES, UNLIMITED
☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN

20. EXISTING SURVEYS ☐ NR ☐ NHL ☐ HABS ☐ HAER-1 ☐ HAER ☐ NPS ☐ STATE
☐ COUNTY ☐ LOCAL ☐ OTHER

21. REFERENCES—HISTORICAL REFERENCES, PERSONAL CONTACTS, AND/OR OTHER

22. INVENTORIED BY

AFFILIATION

DATE

PNRO INVENTORY

National Park Service
Pacific Northwest Region
Cultural Resources Division

Westin Building, Room 1920
2001 Sixth Avenue
Seattle, Washington 98121

1. SITE I.D. NO.		2. NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 304A OLYMPUS RANGER STATION		5. ORIGINAL USE Ranger Station		7. CLASSIFICATION		9. RATING	
3. SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO.) Hoh River Trail; 9 miles from trailhead at Hoh Ranger Station		6. PRESENT USE Ranger Station						10. DATE 1935	
4. CITY/VICINITY Hoh Ranger District, OLYM, Jefferson, Washington		COUNTY Jefferson		STATE Washington		8. UTM ZONE 10		EASTING 443225	
						NORTHING 5302850		11. REGION PNR	
						SCALE 1:24 (1:82.5)		QUAD NAME Mt. Tom	

12. OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS

Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East Park Ave., Port Angeles, WA 98362

13. DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC.

Olympus Ranger Station was built in 1935 by the National Park Service, two years after jurisdiction of Mount Olympus National Monument was transferred from the Forest Service to the Park Service. An earlier Olympus Guard Station was constructed by the U.S. Forest Service, possibly as early as the 1910s or early 1920s. This small building of vertical board or shake siding, was possibly added on to by extending the building to the rear. The new Olympus Ranger Station constructed by the Park Service was set in an open meadow where pack horses grazed, that was located a short distance down river from the old Olympus Guard Station. Eventually, the old guard station was removed. The new Olympus Ranger Station was one of only three ranger stations in Mount Olympus National Monument after the Park Service gained jurisdiction of the monument in 1933. (The others were the Elkhorn and Dosemeadows Ranger Stations.) In 1984, it is probable that the Olympus Ranger Station is the oldest standing administrative structure in Olympic National Park built by the National Park Service. The National Park Service actively participated in land management on the Olympic Peninsula beginning in 1938 with the creation of the 682^{thousand} acre Olympic National Park. Subsequent land acquisitions by the National Park Service in 1940, 1943, and 1953, expanded the size of the initial land-locked interior core of the park, and added nearly the entire length of the Queets River and a narrow strip along the Pacific Coast. Much of the new Olympic National Park was carved from land previously administered by the U.S. Forest Service. The shift in land management philosophy and administrative policies from the Forest Service to the Park Service was reflected in the quantity, location, and design of

14. CONDITION					15. DANGER OF DEMOLITION? (SPECIFY THREAT)				
☐ EXCELLENT	☒ GOOD	☐ FAIR	☐ DETERIORATED	☐ RUINS	☐ YES	☐ NO	☒ UNKNOWN		

16. SIGNIFICANCE

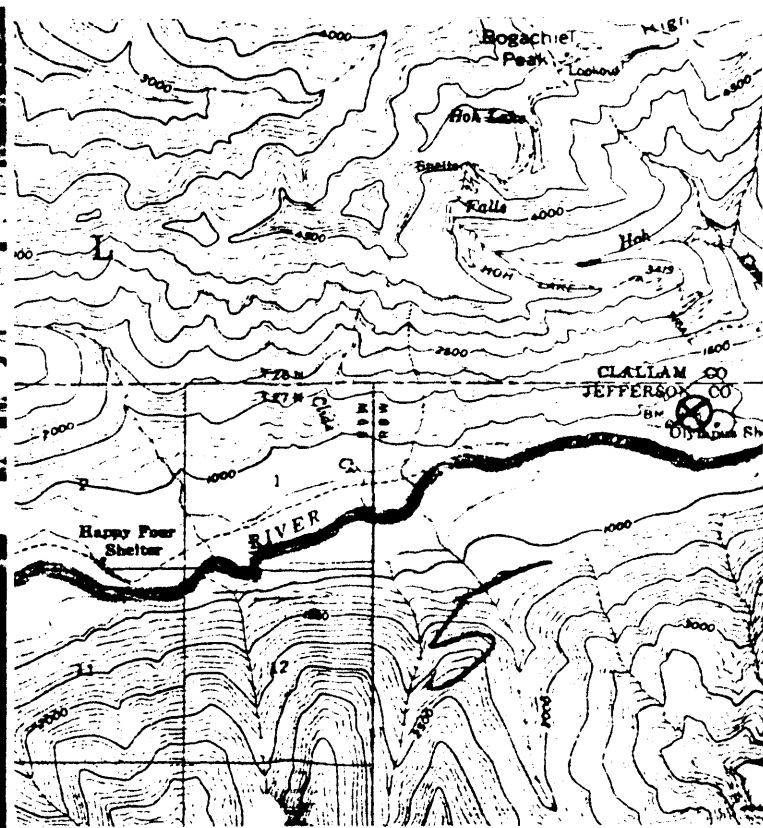
The Olympus Ranger Station is presently eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. The building is currently fifty years old. Historically, the building is of great significance since it is believed to be the oldest extant Park Service-built administrative structure now in Olympic National Park. Architecturally, it is a good representative example of Rustic Style architecture, a style initiated by the Park Service in the 1910s. The building and the site have been only minimally altered, thus the structure possesses integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association.



NEG. 13:4A



NEG. 13:5



T.21N., R.8W., SEC. , W.M

18. LOCATED IN AN HISTORIC DISTRICT?		☐ YES		☒ NO		☐ NAME	
19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY		☒ YES, LIMITED		☐ YES, UNLIMITED			
		☐ NO		☐ UNKNOWN			
20. EXISTING SURVEYS		☐ NR		☐ NHL		☐ HABS	
		☐ COUNTY		☐ LOCAL		☐ OTHER	
21. REFERENCES—HISTORICAL REFERENCES, PERSONAL CONTACTS, AND/OR OTHER		☐ HAER-1		☐ HAER		☒ NPS	
		☐ STATE					
Evans, Gail E. H. with T. Allan Comp. 1983. <u>Historic Resource Study: Olympic National Park</u>. Seattle: National Park Service, Pacific Northwest Region. Olympic National Park, Port Angeles, Washington. Form 10-768. Olympus Ranger Station. Photocopy. (Located in OLYM history building inventory file.) Historic photos. (Located in OLYM history building inventory file for Bldg. No. 304A.) University of Washington, Seattle, Washington. Letter from Conrad Wirth to O.W. Carlson. 1936 (8 February). Macy Papers (Box 1-19). Archives and Manuscripts Section. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service. 1948. "Olympic National Forest, Washington" (map). (Located in OLYM history files.) White, D. H. ca. 1933. "Map of Olympic Peninsula, Washington." Tacoma, Washington: D. H. White. Photocopy. (Located in OLYM history files.)							
22. INVENTORIED BY		Leslie Helms/Gail E. H. Evans		AFFILIATION		National Park Service	
				DATE		9/82, 1984	

PNR-100 6/82

PNRO INVENTORY

National Park Service
Pacific Northwest Region
Cultural Resources Division

09022
Westin Building, Room 1920
2001 Sixth Avenue
Seattle, Washington 98121

1. SITE I.D. NO		2. NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 304A OLYMPUS RANGER STATION		5. ORIGINAL USE Guard Station		7. CLASSIFICATION		9. RATING	
3. SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO) Hoh River Trail; 9 miles from trailhead at Hoh Ranger Station		6. PRESENT USE Ranger Station		8. UTM ZONE EASTING NORTHING		10. DATE 1935		11. REGION PNR	
4. CITY/VICINITY Hoh Ranger District, OLYM, Jefferson, Washington		SCALE 1:24 (1:625) OTHER		QUAD NAME Mt. Toms					
12. OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East Park Ave., Port Angeles, WA 98362									

13. DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC.

(Continued from page one)

these respective agency's administrative structures. In 1938, the Park Service inherited scores of Forest Service-built ranger and guard stations standing inside the new park boundaries. Many were taken over and utilized; others were demolished over time. In a few instances the Park Service erected new administrative structures at sites with existing but deteriorating buildings, or established new administrative sites. Early in the park's history, in addition to a cadre of new buildings that formed the Park Service headquarters in Port Angeles, four new ranger station buildings were constructed by the Park Service, and one already-existing group of buildings was converted to a park ranger station.

Rectangular in shape; measures 16' x 24' (main block), 9' x 6' porch on front elevation; 1 1/2 stories; horizontal, hewn, square log wall construction with dovetail corner joints; gable roof on main block and porch with wood shakes; hewn, log rafters; post and pier foundation; single-light windows; wood door with Z bracing; interior wood flooring; built-in cabinets. Alterations: 4-light, double sliding windows replaced with single fixed pane. Siting: at edge of large meadow, approx. 30' from shelter.

14. CONDITION					15. DANGER OF DEMOLITION? (SPECIFY THREAT)				
☐ EXCELLENT	☐ GOOD	☐ FAIR	☐ DETERIORATED	☐ RUINS	☐ YES	☐ NO	☐ UNKNOWN		

16. SIGNIFICANCE

17. PHOTOS AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION

18. LOCATED IN AN HISTORIC DISTRICT?

☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ NAME

19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY

☐ YES, LIMITED ☐ YES, UNLIMITED
☐ NO ☐ UNKNOWN

20. EXISTING
SURVEYS

☐ NR ☐ NHL ☐ HABS ☐ HAER-1 ☐ HAER ☐ NPS ☐ STATE
☐ COUNTY ☐ LOCAL ☐ OTHER

21. REFERENCES—HISTORICAL REFERENCES, PERSONAL CONTACTS, AND/OR OTHER

22. INVENTORIED BY

AFFILIATION

DATE



OLYMPUS GUARD STATION HISTORIC DISTRICT
JEFFERSON COUNTY, WA

1 of 3



OLYMPUS GUARD STATION RESIDENCE

HISTORIC DISTRICT

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WA

2 of 3



OLYMPUS GUARD STATION SHELTER
HISTORIC DISTRICT
JEFFERSON COUNTY, WA
3 of 3