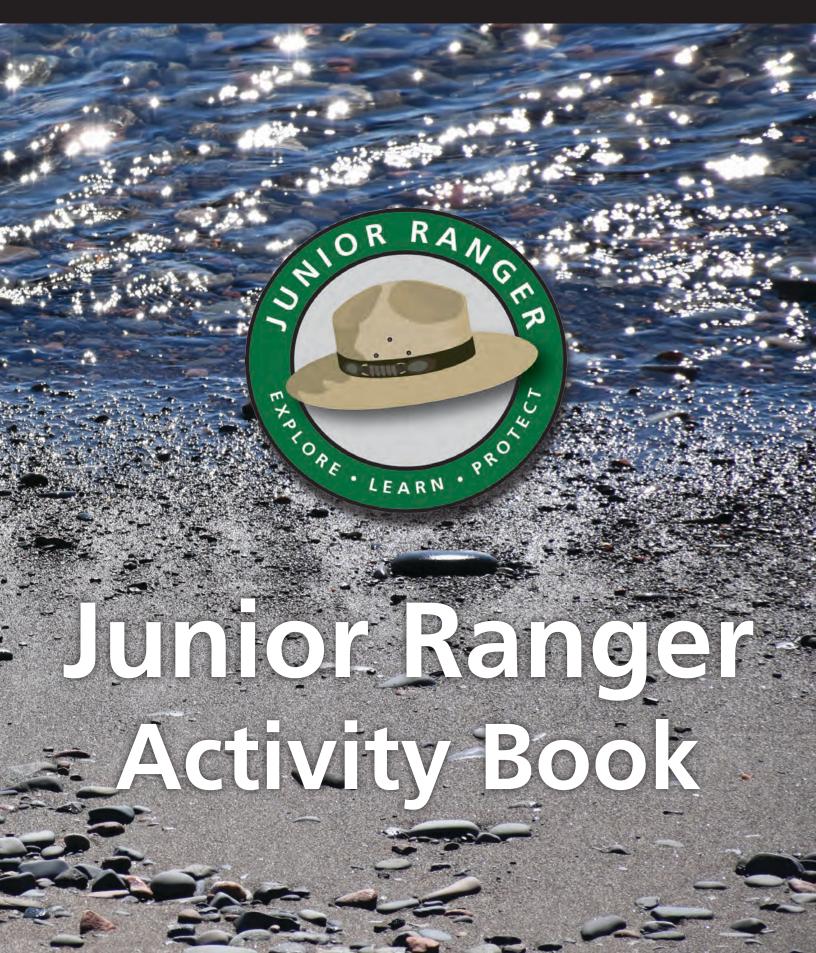
Grand Portage National Monument







What is a Junior Ranger?

A Junior Ranger works hard exploring, learning, and having fun in our public lands. As a Junior Ranger, you can help to protect and preserve the resources at Grand Portage National Monument by observing all safety tips, learning as much as you can about the park, and sharing what you learned with others.

I want to be a Junior Ranger!

 Complete activities to become a Grand Portage National Monument Junior Ranger.

0 - 9 years old Complete four pages

9-12 years old Complete seven pages

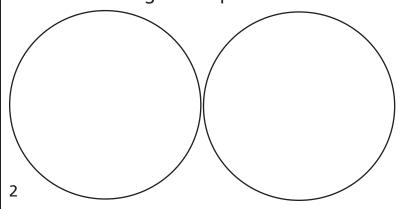
13+ years old Complete all pages

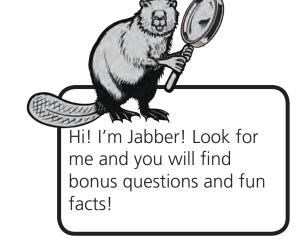
2. Share your answers with the ranger in the Heritage Center to get your Junior Ranger patch!

3. Share what you learned with friends and family!

Grand Portage National Monument was established on September 2, 1958, to preserve the unique historical values of this area. Grand Portage National Monument is the only National Park located on an American Indian reservation that works with the tribe daily to maintain and protect its natural and cultural resources. Good luck and thank you for serving your National Parks as a Junior Park Ranger!

Find the Passport Stamp station near the information desk. Record today's date and the Junior Ranger stamp below!



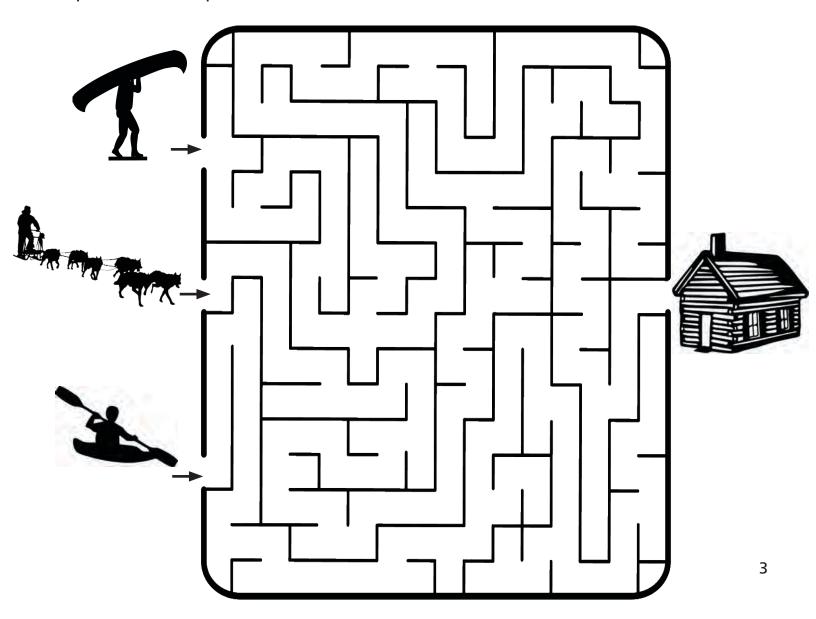


THE GRAND PORTAGE

The Grand Portage is an 8 1/2 mile footpath. A portage is where you carry your canoe and supplies between lakes and rivers. The Grand Portage is called grand because it is really, really long! The portage connects Lake Superior and the Pigeon River. The footpath has been used for over two thouand years! You can hike on the Portage, too! Ask a Ranger to point out where to start!

Ask a Ranger to show you where the Grand Portage begins.	
If you are feeling adventurous, walk 100 steps on the Grand Portage.	_

Portage, ride, and paddle your way to the Northwest Company Depot on Lake Superior!



The National Park Service

here are over 400 National Park sites in the United States. These places include parks, battlefields, monument, seashores, historic sites, and recreation areas. The National Park Service preserves and protects these places because they are important to our nation.

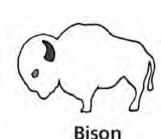
The arrowhead is the symbol for the National Park Service. This shape reminds us of the culture and history National Park sites protect. Each picture inside the arrowhead represents something that is protected in a National Park site.













Tree

Directions:

Look at the National Park Service arrowhead at the top of the page.

Now look at the pictures and words on the right. Fill in the blanks with the word you think best describes what National Park Service sites protect.

The	represents the wildlife protected by the National Park Service.
The	represents the plants protected by the National Park Service.
The	represents the beautiful scenery protected by the National Park Service.
The	represents the water protected by the National Park Service.
The	represents our nation's history protected by the National Park Service.

SIGHTS AND SOUNDS

Looking at the world around us is a big part of being a park ranger. Let's take a walk outside!

What do you see outside today? What catches your eye?

Stop and close your eyes. Then, open your ears and listen to what is going on around you. What do you hear?



I hear:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

I see:

- 1.
- 2.

Bonus Activity!!

Draw something that caught your eye



Do you think the birds listen to us?

MAKING MEMORIES

Journaling is a way to record your thoughts, feelings, and ideas so that you can remember them later. A lot of what we know about the history of Grand Portage we learned from the journals of businessmen who kept journals. The journals are valuable resources that we study to be able to share their stories.

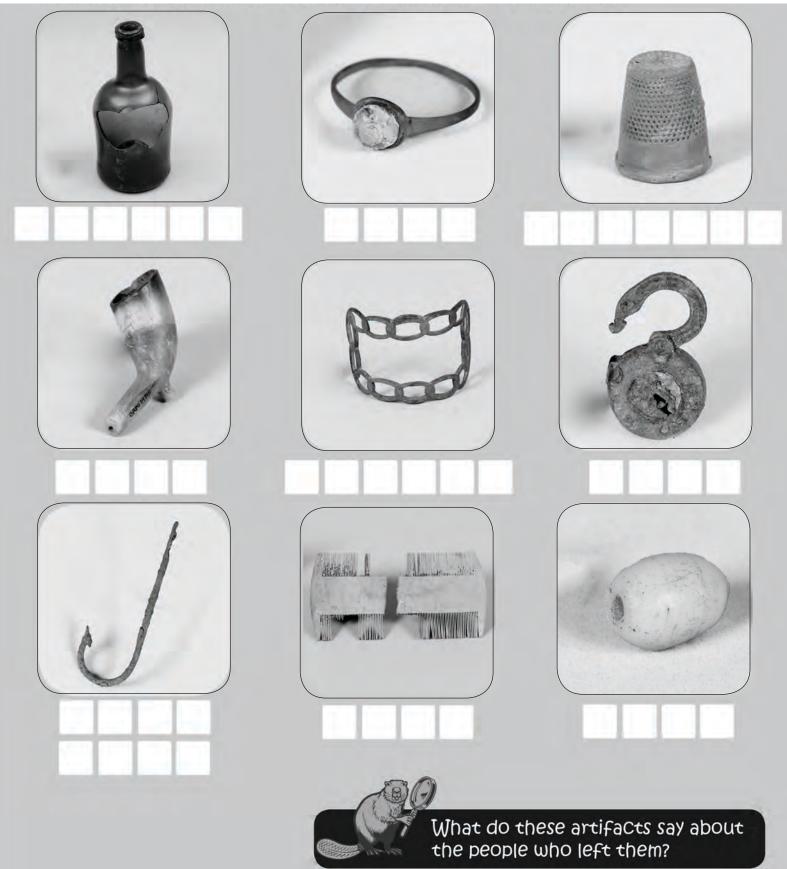
Write a journal entry to record your experience at Grand Portage. What would you want someone to read about your trip in 100 years? What was the best part of your visit? How are you feeling today?

Date:		
		-
	III - W	

YESTERDAY'S TRASH, TODAY'S TREASURE

These artifacts are part of the national monument's museum collections. National Park Service archaeologists study artifacts to learn about human activity in the past. Each one of these items is important to piecing together the story of Grand Portage.

Now it's your turn to be the archaeoloist! Can you identify the artifacts? Write the word in the boxes provided.



NORTHWOODS MAMMALS

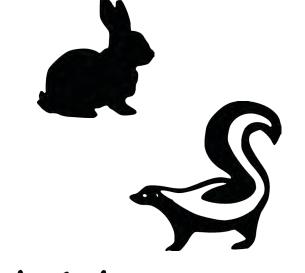
Identify these northwoods mammals using the description and image to the right.

Waboose

This mammal turns white in winter and brown in summer.

Zhigaag

This animal can blast its foul mist 10 feet!



Mooz

This large mammal devours over 70 pounds of vegetation in a day.

Adik

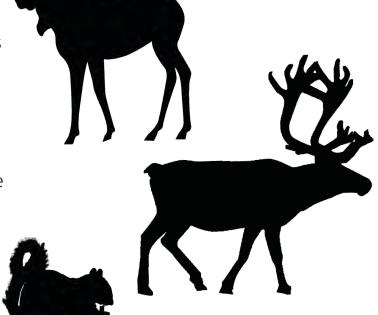
Males and females of this species both have antlers, they don't have red noses, though!

Ajidamoo

This animal lives in a twiggy nest called a drey. Unlike, chipmunks they do not hibernate.

Amik

This large rodent's big front teeth never stop growing





SHARED KNOWLEDGE AND TECHNOLOGY

Native Americans shared what they know with fur traders. Unscramble the letters to identify tools, technologies, and foods that fur traders adopted from native people.



NOT live without?

OJIBWE FOODS WORD FIND

The Ojibwe diet varied throughout the year according to the food that was available. Many foods that were only available for a short time were preserved. Dried foods such as berries, corn, beans, and fish could be kept for months. All of these food items can be found in Ojibwe territory.

ODEIMIN - strawberry
MIINAN - blueberry
NABOOB- stew
ANIIBIISHAABOO - tea
MOOZOWIIYAAS - moose meat
OKOSIMAAN - squash

MANDAAMIN - corn
ZIINZIBAAKWAD - maple sugar
MASHKODIISIMIN -bean
NIBI - water
GIIGOONH - fish
MANOOMIN - wild rice

OKOSIMAANUM APAWTNW WAXPIANM IOFKO GI DWV FAOH T J W IS YBAAM BANG A В I 7 IISHAAB ROCOHPCXR

Would you like to learn to pronounce the Oilbwe words? Ask a ranger for help!

THE BEAVER EXCHANGE

You have been working hard all winter to gather furs to buy your supplies. The North West Company traders are expected to visit your village and it is your first time trading with them.

	would you	a time before mo u get stuff? Hov hree ways you r od if you had no	v would you night be able	1 2 3				
2)	Furs were Use the ch	nericans traded ar "Beaver Money." nart on the left to to Beaver	Beaver money figure out how	(furs) cou much be	ld be traded aver money y	for supplies. ou have.		0
1		= 1 Beaver	Conv		Beaver	<u>Currency</u>	and y	
1	Otter	= 2 Beaver		1	Moose			
1	Moose	= 2 Beaver		2	Fisher		WI	110
1	Fisher	= 1 Beaver		10	Muskrat			
2	Deer	= 1 Beaver		4	Deer			

= \$_____ Beaver Currency

(Example: In beaver currency: 1 Beaver,

1 Fisher, and 1 Lynx are equal to 4 beaver.)

Trade Good Price List

= 2 Beaver

2 Marten = 1 Beaver

10 Muskrat = 1 Beaver

Lynx

Trade <u>Good</u> 1 Northwest Trade Gun	<u>Beaver \$</u> 10 Beaver	Use the Trade Good Price List to shop for what you need.		
30 Lead Balls	1 Beaver	Beaver \$	Trade Goods	
1 Pound of Gunpowder	1 Beaver			
1 Brass Kettle	7 Beaver			
1 Axe Head	1 Beaver			
1 Blanket	4 Beaver			
1 Yard of Cloth	1 Beaver			
2 Yards of Ribbon	2 Beaver			
1 Package of Beads	5 Beaver			
1 Length of Tobacco	2 Beaver			
3 Fire Steels	1/2 Beaver			
9 Flints	1/2 Beaver		1	

PARK ADVENTURE WORDPLAY

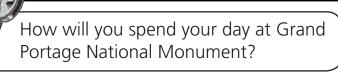


o you like funny stories? Fill in the blanks with words that match the description under it. When you finish, read the story aloud and get ready for the giggles!

- Noun: person, place, thing (skunk, elevator, table)
- Adjective: descriptive word (stinky, yellow, wet)
- Verb: action word (walk, sneeze, ride)
- Plural: more than one (geese, pianos, melons)
- Silly Words: Zonkers! Whoops!

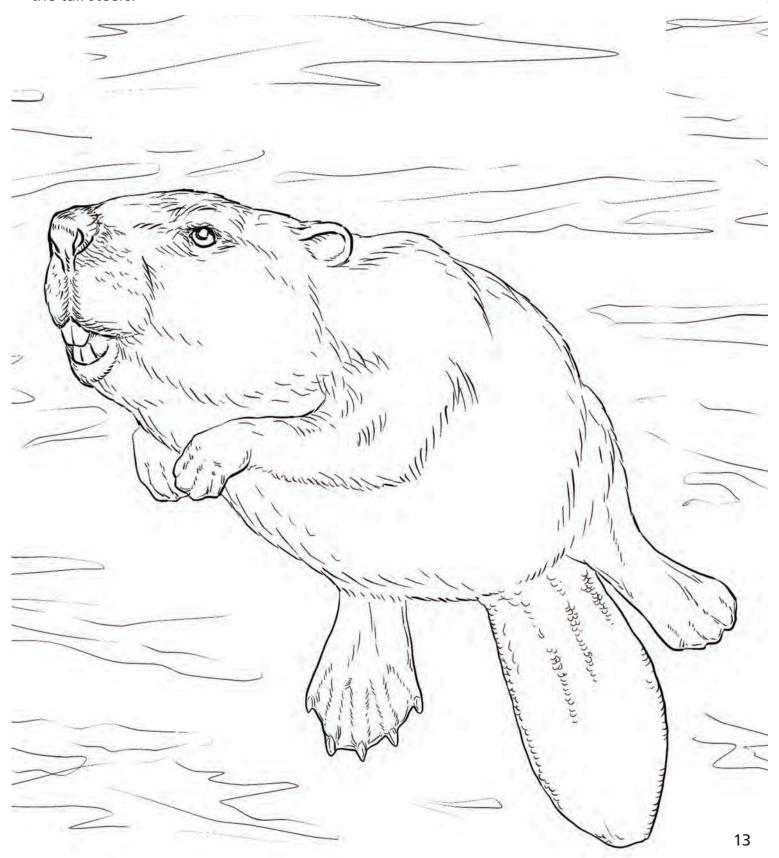
Our	Visit	To	Grand	Portage	National	Monument

It was a summer day and we had just finished loading our (adjective) (type of vehicle) for our trip to Grand Portage National Monument with my good pal (name of best friend)
for our trip to Grand Portage National Monument with my good pal
The park ranger welcomed us to the park, gave us our Junior Ranger book, and (adjective) we were on our way!
The movie was, we learned the history of Grand Portage, why the portage (silly word) was so important, and how the traders and Ojibwe worked together. The gallery was full of
artifacts and the park ranger told us there were more (adjective) artifacts stored in the basement.
My pal and I wanted to, so we went outside. We looked up to see a fly over, it was headed for the lake so we followed it
(type of bird) (family member) said it was too to swim from the dock so we decided to look atalong the beach.
(plural noun) The fur depot was used over 200 years ago! The stockade walls around it were (adjective) feet tall. My pal liked watching the rangers cook wild rice and My (number) [type of food) [type of food)
(verb ending in -ing) fur. We even got to in a forty foot cancel it was like
(verb) (silly word) (silly word) (silly word) (adjective) (adjective) (adjective) (silly word) (adjective)



COLORING FUN: THE BEAVER

Beavers swim every day! A layer of fat and thick, waterproof fur keeps them warm. Beavers have webbed back feet like a duck which lets them move more quickly in water than on land. They are powerful swimmers, they can swim up to 5mph. Their webbed rear feet provide the power while the tail steers.





Scottish Shortbread

Shortbread originated in Scotland as early as 1736. Many of the partners of the North West Company were Scottish. It is quite possible shortbread was served to the North West Company men in the Great Hall during the Rendezvous.

One pound flour, one-half pound butter, six ounces sugar. Work all together on a board. When thoroughly mixed, press with the hand into cakes one-half inch thick; cut into shapes and bake in a slow oven.

from: "Scotch Shortbread." The Neighborhood Cook Book

We have taken the above recipe and adapted it for your home kitchen. Have fun with this historic recipe but be certain to ask an adult for assistance in the kitchen.

Ingredients

1 cup butter (2 sticks) 3/4 cup sugar 2 cups flour

Directions

Preheat oven to 350 degrees F. In a medium bowl, cut room temperature butter into chunks. Add sugar and mix until creamy. Gradually add 2 cups of flour and mix thoroughly.

With your hands, evenly press the dough into a round cake or pie pan. Bake in oven for 25-35 minutes or until golden brown. While warm, cut into wedges like a pizza and enjoy!

I AM A JUNIOR RANGER!

EXPLORE

Today, I explored...

LEARN

Today, I learned...

PROTECT

How can you protect our natural and cultural resources?

JUNIOR RANGER PLEDGE

I am proud to be
a National Park Service Junior Ranger.
I promise to respect and protect
the resources of the Parks.
I will continue learning about
the history, people, plants and animals
of these special places.
I promise to share what I learn
with my friends and family.

Mail your completed book to us! Include a return mailing address and we will send a Junior Ranger patch for each Junior Ranger named on the certificate. We will include your original book, too!

Mail your completed book to:

Grand Portage National Monument Attn: Junior Ranger Desk P.O. Box 426 Grand Portage, MN 55605





this certifies that

has fulfilled the requirements to be a

JUNIOR RANGER

at Grand Portage National Monument



Official Signature

Date

