



Implementation of Long-term Vegetation Monitoring Program at Grand Portage National Monument



ON THE COVER

The Pigeon River separating Grand Portage National Monument (foreground) from Canada (background).
Photograph by: Sam Smyrk

Implementation of a Long-term Vegetation Monitoring Program at Grand Portage, National Monument

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Contents

	Page
Introduction.....	1
Methods.....	1
Results.....	3
Discussion.....	10
Ecology and Interpretation.....	10
Implementation: Problems, Logistics and Plans.....	11
Acknowledgements.....	12
Literature Cited	13
Appendix A: Field Site Maps	15
Appendix B: Complete List of Species Sampled.....	57
Appendix C: Individual Plot Data.....	63

Figures

Page

Figure 1. Diagram of hybrid plot	2
Figure 2. Twenty permanent plot locations at GRPO.....	3
Figure 3. Density-diameter graph for selected hardwoods at GRPO.....	4
Figure 4. Density-diameter graph for conifers at GRPO	5
Figure 5. Density-diameter graph of dead trees at GRPO.	7

Tables

Page

Table 1. Basal area and density of live trees at GRPO	6
Table 2. Basal area and density of dead trees at GRPO.....	7
Table 3. Tree sapling density at GRPO	8
Table 4. Shrub cover at GRPO	9
Table 5. Coarse woody material volume and density	9

Introduction

Long-term forest monitoring provides an assessment of forest health by showing the status of plant communities at the time of each sampling event and elucidating how these communities change over time. Despite this value, large-scale monitoring programs for forest health with regularly scheduled return intervals are not common (for an exception, see U. S. Department of Agriculture 2005).

In 2007, the Great Lakes Inventory & Monitoring Network of the National Park Service initiated a long-term forest vegetation monitoring program for nine national parks in the Great Lakes Region. The general goals of this program are to monitor forest vegetation to gain a better understanding of its dynamics, and to compare, ultimately, vegetation indices to baseline (2007) conditions. The summer of 2007 was the initiation of the program and plots were established at three of the nine Network parks: Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore (INDU), Grand Portage National Monument (GRPO), and the St. Croix National Scenic River (SACN). As this was the initial year of data collection at these sites, and no comparisons between time intervals can be made. Nonetheless, meaningful data were obtained to demonstrate the current status of forests in these parks.

The goals of the long-term vegetation monitoring effort during the first sampling year are to obtain baseline data on the status of park forests. Here, we report on this effort at GRPO. Specifically, we wanted to answer the following questions: 1) What is the relationship between density and stem diameter for key tree species? 2) What is the basal area of both individual tree species and all species collectively? 3) What is the density of saplings? 4) What is the percentage of shrub cover, by species?

Methods

Sampling was conducted at GRPO from June 18-July 19, 2007. Site locations were selected using a generalized random-tessellation stratified design (GRTS, Stevens and Olsen 2005), ensuring that sites are both randomly located, but also spatially balanced throughout the park. All potential sites were overlain on an aerial photography layer using GIS prior to visiting the site in the field. In this way, we were able to eliminate any potential sites that did not meet the minimum 10% forest cover requirement. Potential sites that were partially outside of the park boundary, or that did not meet the minimum 10% cover requirement, were moved the shortest distance possible, to a maximum of 100 m, so that they fell within the park boundary or within the desired amount of cover. If a potential site could not be moved ≤ 100 m to meet the criteria for acceptance, it was not sampled. Maps of individual sites are presented in Appendix A.

Sites were sampled using the hybrid plot (Figure 1), developed specifically for the Great Lakes Network long-term vegetation monitoring needs (Johnson et al. 2006, Johnson et al. 2008). This plot is composed of three parallel transects oriented east-west. Tree data were collected in a 6 m wide band along the length of each transect. Data collected included species, diameter at breast height (DBH), whether the tree was alive, and any evident damage or disease. Trees are defined as having a DBH of ≥ 2.6 cm (1 in). Groundlayer vegetation was collected in 1m² quadrats placed every 5 meters along each transect (n = 30 per plot). Within each quadrat, all herbaceous,

vine, and shrub species present were recorded, and saplings of each tree species present were counted. Saplings are defined as trees ≤ 2.5 cm DBH, but at least 15 cm (conifers) or 30 cm (hardwoods) in height and showing evidence of growth from the previous year. Shrub abundance was assessed within each of six 2.82 m radius (25m^2) shrub circles, located at the transect ends. Here, we visually estimated percent cover of each species present. We measured data on coarse woody materials (CWM) along each of the three transects using the line intercept method (Brown 1974, Woodall and Williams 2005) and recorded the diameter at the point of intercept and the length. Because we defined CWM as having a diameter ≥ 7.6 cm (3 in), the length of a piece was recorded only along where the diameter exceeded this amount. Finally, we performed a half-hour time delimited search of the entire $50\text{ m} \times 100\text{ m}$ plot area to locate any additional species not previously recorded in any of the sampling.

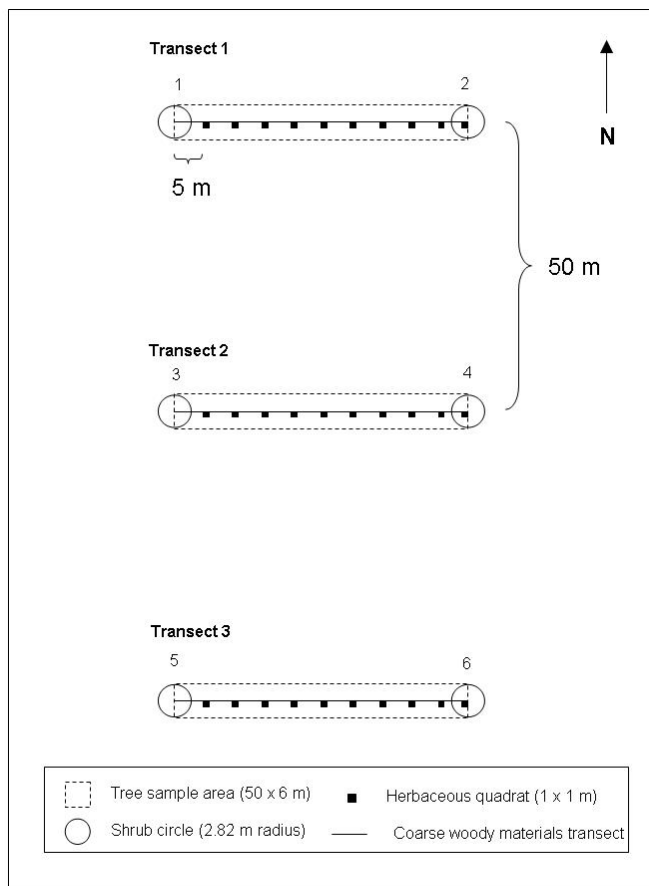


Figure 1. Diagram of hybrid plot.

Because we may want to stratify by forest or habitat type during later analyses, we performed a Kotar classification (Kotar and Burger 2005) at GRPO to place sites into groups of similar moisture level and nutrient availability.

Finally, documenting visual assessment of site change will be as important as statistical documentation, and potentially more informative. Therefore, we took six pictures at each plot.

The six photopoints were located at each of the six transect endpoints, with the camera facing into the plot (i.e., due east at points 1, 3, and 5 and due west at points 2, 4, and 6, Figure 1).

We attempted to identify all plants to the species level in the field. When this was not possible, we typically collected specimens for later identification. In some instances, it is not possible to distinguish between multiple species present in a park, unless they are flowering or fruiting, which often was not the case. In these instances, we made the decision to record to genus instead. Examples of this include *Amelanchier*, *Pilea*, *Impatiens*, and *Crataegus*. In other instances, we were not able to identify certain specimens due to lack of taxonomic expertise. For example, many grasses and sedges were not identified beyond the family or genus level.

Results

Twenty plots at GRPO were sampled (Figure 2) and all were classified as the white spruce-balsam fir-paper birch type. A total of 11 hardwood and five conifer tree species were recorded in the plots (Appendix B). Mean *Abies balsamea* (balsam fir) density at GRPO was 727 individuals/ha (Table 1). Other tree species with mean densities > 200 individuals/ha were *Acer spicatum* (striped maple, 266/ha) and *Populus tremuloides* (trembling aspen, 232/ha).

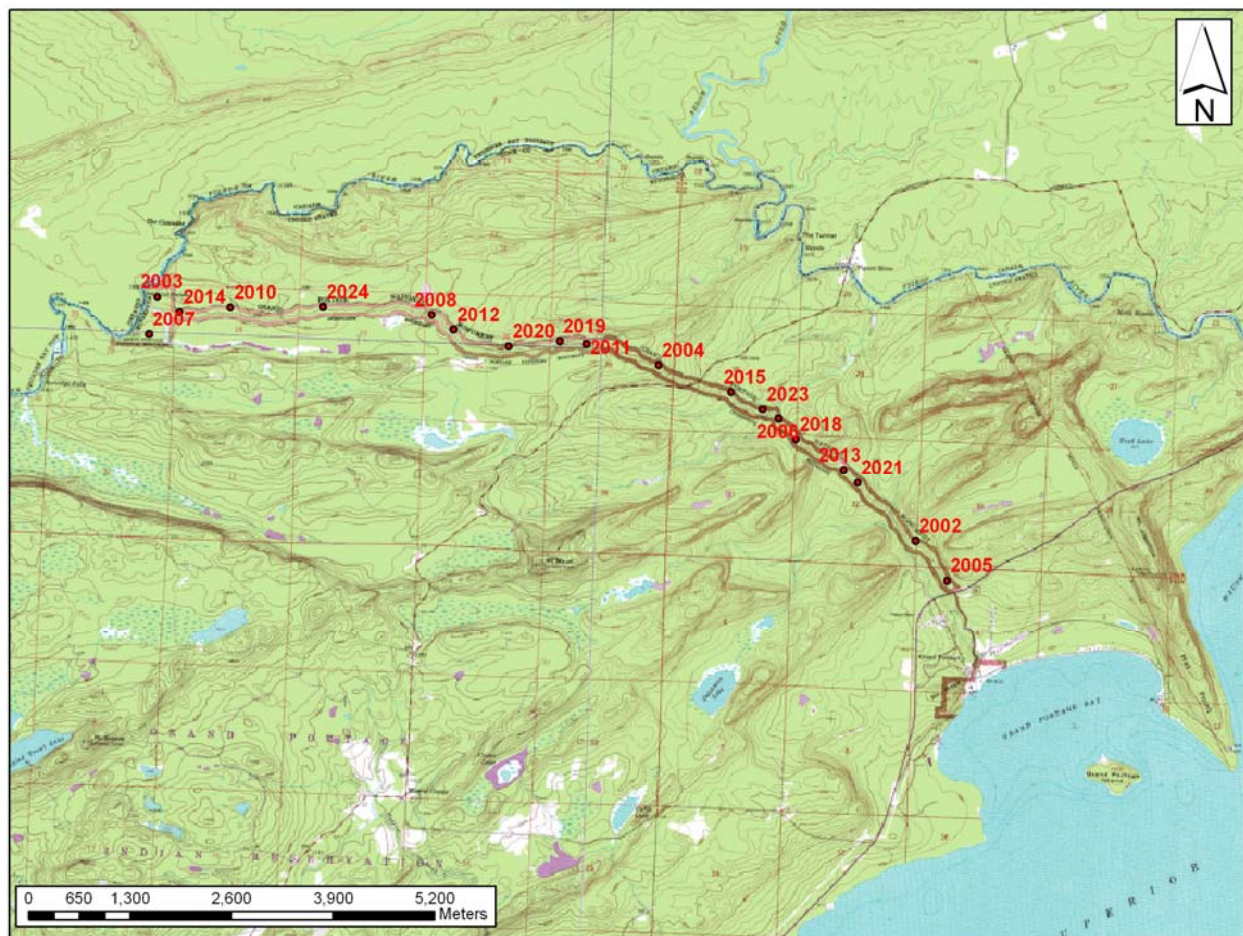


Figure 2. Twenty permanent plot locations at Grand Portage National Monument.

Within individual size classes, 75% of *A. balsamea* individuals were <10 cm DBH. In contrast, no *Pinus strobus* individuals ≤ 17.5 cm DBH were sampled. Density-diameter graphs (Figures 3, 4) showed that most species exhibited the classic reverse-J distribution with higher density among the lower size classes, although *Betula papyrifera* and *Thuja occidentalis* did not. *Betula papyrifera* density was similar between 2.5 and 20 cm DBH with the density ranging between 8.89 and 12.78 individuals/ha (Figure 3). *Thuja occidentalis* was only abundant in one size class (Figure 4); density was never greater than 2.22 individuals/ha, except for the 5.0-7.5 cm DBH class in which case density was nearly 15 individuals/ha.

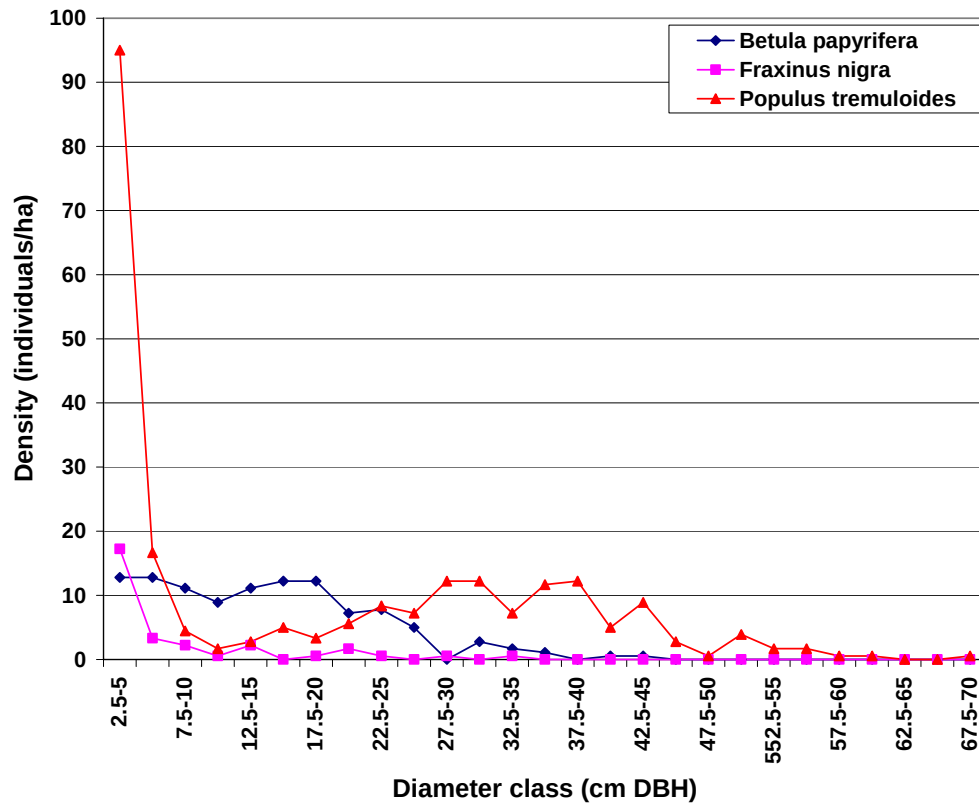


Figure 3. Density-diameter graph for selected hardwoods at GRPO.

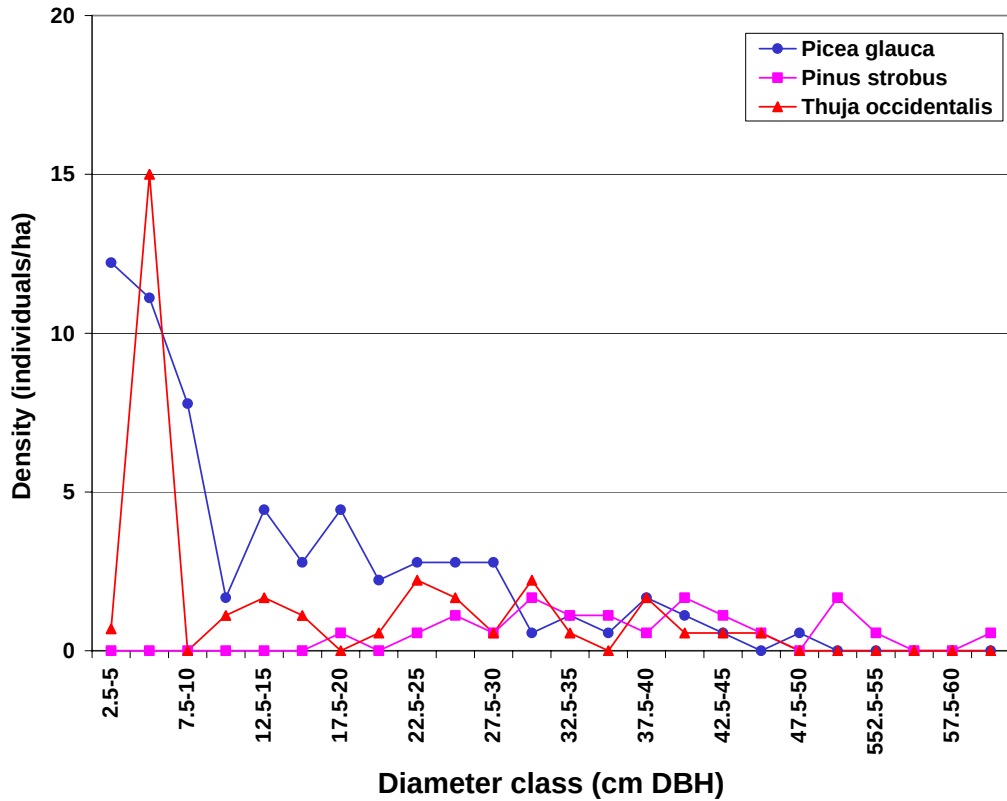


Figure 4. Density-diameter graph for softwoods (excluding *A. balsamea*) at GRPO.

Basal area of *B. papyrifera*, *F. nigra*, and *P. tremuloides* was 2.47, 0.26, and 11.01 m²/ha, respectively (Table 1). Basal area of *A. balsamea* was 5.72 m²/ha. Basal area was < 2 m²/ha for all other species, including *Picea glauca* (1.63 m²/ha), *Picea mariana* (0.41 m²/ha), *Pinus strobus* (1.69 m²/ha), and *Thuja occidentalis* (0.69 m²/ha). Density was highest for *A. balsamea* (727 individuals/ha) with only three other species having greater than 100 individuals/ha.

Table 1. Basal area and density of all live tree species located in long-term monitoring plots at GRPO.

Species	Basal area m ² /ha	Density individuals/ha
Hardwoods		
<i>Acer rubrum</i> (red maple)	0.003	3.33
<i>Acer saccharum</i> (sugar maple)	0.001	0.56
<i>Acer spicatum</i> (mountain maple)	0.315	266.11
<i>Betula papyrifera</i> (paper birch)	2.467	107.78
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i> (black ash)	0.257	29.44
<i>Populus balsamifera</i> (balsam poplar)	0.009	0.56
<i>Populus tremuloides</i> (trembling aspen)	11.006	231.67
<i>Prunus virginiana</i> (chokecherry)	0.015	7.78
<i>Salix</i> sp. (willow)	<0.001	1.11
<i>Sorbus decora</i> (mountain ash)	0.003	3.33
<i>Ulmus americana</i> (American elm)	<0.001	0.56
Softwoods		
<i>Abies balsamea</i> (balsam fir)	5.715	726.67
<i>Picea glauca</i> (white spruce)	1.628	61.11
<i>Picea mariana</i> (black spruce)	0.407	9.44
<i>Pinus strobus</i> (white pine)	1.685	13.33
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i> (eastern white cedar)	0.691	15.00
Total	24.204	1477.78

Density of standing dead trees was 307 individuals/ha (Table 2). Although we attempted to identify the species of all standing dead trees, we were only confident about the identity of 75% of the individuals; hence the species of 25% of standing dead trees is listed as “unknown.” Among identified standing dead trees, most species (*A. spicatum*, *A. balsamea*, *P. glauca*) displayed highest mortality in the smaller size classes, so that tree mortality paralleled the distribution of live trees. Exceptions to this, however, included *Fraxinus nigra* and *P. tremuloides* (Figure 5). Only a minimal amount of mortality was recorded in *F. nigra* with no standing dead trees <10 cm DBH recorded. *Populus tremuloides* mortality was never higher than 7.22 individuals/ha and was highest between 22.5 DBH and 50 DBH.

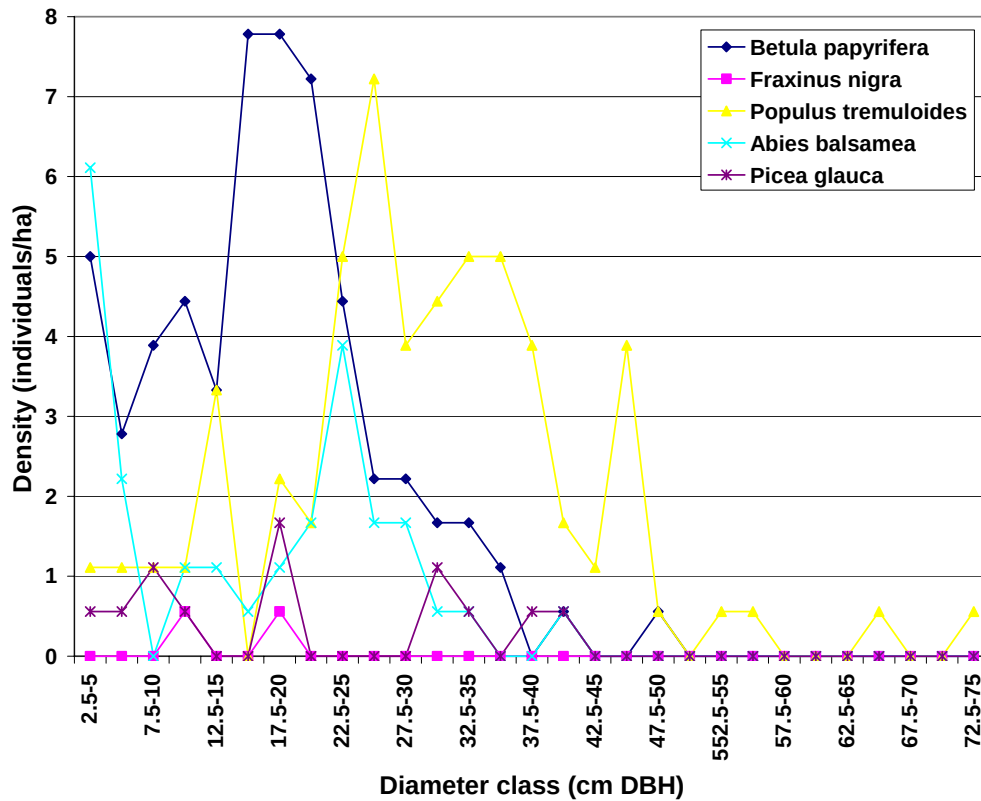


Figure 5. Density-diameter graph of dead trees at GRPO for selected species.

Table 2. Basal area and density of all dead tree species located in long-term monitoring plots at GRPO.

Species	Basal area m ² /ha	Density individuals/ha
Hardwoods		
<i>Acer rubrum</i> (red maple)	0.001	1.670
<i>Acer spicatum</i> (mountain maple)	0.113	81.110
<i>Betula papyrifera</i> (paper birch)	1.790	56.670
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i> (black ash)	0.020	1.110
<i>Populus tremuloides</i> (trembling aspen)	4.674	55.560
Softwoods		
<i>Abies balsamea</i> (balsam fir)	0.667	22.780
<i>Picea glauca</i> (white spruce)	0.342	7.220
<i>Picea mariana</i> (black spruce)	0.075	1.670
<i>Pinus strobus</i> (white pine)	0.214	2.220
unknown species	1.490	77.220
Total	9.386	307.230

Tree saplings density was greater than 1,000 individuals/ha for three species: *Acer spicatum*, *Abies balsamea*, and *Populus tremuloides* (Table 3). Except for *A. balsamea*, density of conifer species saplings was less than 100 individuals/ha. No *Thuja occidentalis* saplings were found in sampling quadrats.

Table 3. Tree sapling density at GRPO. Saplings are defined as ≥ 15 cm (conifers) or ≥ 30 cm (hardwood) tall, but less than 2.6 cm DBH and displaying evidence of second year growth.

Species	Density
	seedlings/ha
Hardwoods	
<i>Acer spicatum</i> (mountain maple)	3733.33
<i>Betula papyrifera</i> (paper birch)	133.33
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i> (black ash)	250.00
<i>Populus balsamifera</i> (balsam poplar)	33.33
<i>Populus tremuloides</i> (trembling aspen)	1633.33
<i>Prunus virginiana</i> (chokecherry)	683.33
<i>Sorbus decora</i> (mountain ash)	166.67
Conifers	
<i>Abies balsamea</i> (balsam fir)	2633.33
<i>Picea glauca</i> (white spruce)	33.33
<i>Picea mariana</i> (black ash)	66.67
<i>Pinus strobus</i> (white pine)	50.00

Shrub density was high at GRPO with most plots having $> 40\%$ cover (Table 4). Because we looked at percent cover by individual species, differences in species height and general growth form led to spatial overlap and hence, the possibility of greater than 100% total shrub cover. At least 21 species were recorded (*Amelanchier* and *Salix* were not identified to the species level; in one instance, *Ribes* could not be identified to the species level.). *Taxus canadensis*, a native species heavily browsed by deer and was present in only one plot (2020, Figure 1) and at a fairly low percent cover (3.00%). Shrub species with mean density greater than 4% include *Corylus cornuta* var. *cornuta* (12.31), *Alnus incana* ssp. *rugosa*, (10.01), *Rubus ideaus* ssp. *strigosus* (6.16), *Rubus parviflorus* (5.73), and *Rubus pubescens* (4.02). No non-native shrubs were recorded.

Table 4. Shrub cover at GRPO.

Family	Species	Percent cover
Betulaceae	<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i> (speckled alder)	10.01
	<i>Alnus viridis</i> ssp. <i>crispa</i> (green alder)	1.41
	<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i> (beaked hazel)	12.31
Caprifoliaceae	<i>Diervilla lonicera</i> (bush honeysuckle)	3.88
	<i>Lonicera canadensis</i> (fly honeysuckle)	2.39
	<i>Lonicera hirsuta</i> (hairy honeysuckle)	0.15
	<i>Viburnum rafinesquianum</i> (downy arrowwood)	0.31
Cornaceae	<i>Cornus sericea</i> (redosier dogwood)	2.80
Grossulariaceae	<i>Ribes</i> sp. (gooseberry, currant)	0.08
	<i>Ribes glandulosum</i> (skunk currant)	0.42
	<i>Ribes hirtellum</i> (hairystem gooseberry)	0.37
	<i>Ribes lacustre</i> (prickly currant)	0.37
	<i>Ribes triste</i> (red currant)	0.86
Rhamnaceae	<i>Rhamnus alnifolia</i> (alderleaf buckthorn)	0.01
Rosaceae	<i>Amelanchier</i> sp. (serviceberry)	2.52
	<i>Rosa acicularis</i> (prickly rose)	2.33
	<i>Rosa blanda</i> (smooth rose)	0.06
	<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i> (red raspberry)	6.16
	<i>Rubus parviflorus</i> (thimbleberry)	5.73
	<i>Rubus pubescens</i> (dwarf red blackberry)	4.02
Salicaceae	<i>Salix</i> sp. (willow)	0.18
Taxaceae	<i>Taxus canadensis</i> (Canada yew)	0.03
Total		56.4

Coarse woody material (CWM) volume was 91.89 m³/ha (Table 5) with a mean count of 845 pieces/ha.

Table 5. Coarse woody material volume (m³/ha) and number of pieces (total and in four size classes (cm diameter at intercept)).

Volume (m ³ /ha)	Pieces/ha in size classes (diam. at line intercept)				Total pieces/ha
	8-20 cm	20-33 cm	33-46 cm	46-60 cm	
91.89	652.22	173.06	17.32	2.52	845.12

Discussion

Ecology and Interpretation

Dense stands of balsam fir at GRPO are likely inhibiting regeneration of species with both low and intermediate shade tolerance, including white pine. Specifically, reduced regeneration of white pine, resulting from high balsam fir density, is likely caused by mechanisms operating at multiple developmental levels. Density of white pine saplings (defined in this study as individuals at least 15 cm in height, exhibiting signs of previous year's growth, and less than 2.6 cm DBH) was low: 50 individuals/ha. In a study of white pine regeneration and recruitment in north central Minnesota, Dovčiak et al. (2003) found sapling growth was greatest under a combination of low overstory basal area ($<24 \text{ m}^2/\text{ha}$) and low overstory shrub density ($<55\%$ coverage). In the present study, mean overstory basal area equaled $24 \text{ m}^2/\text{ha}$ and mean overstory shrub cover was 56%. In contrast to saplings, Dovčiak et al. (2003) found germinant (seedling) density positively related to overstory basal area of living trees and to seed rain. We intentionally did not assess seedling density. This is because seedlings emerge over the course of the summer as sampling progresses. Plots sampled early in the season would likely have fewer seedlings detected while those sampled later would have more. Nonetheless, density of mature, seed producing individuals is low (13.33 individuals/ha). Although we did not test seed rain, low densities of mature, seed producing white pines suggests that seed rain is also a limiting factor.

Dense balsam fir stands were not historically present at GRPO. Prior to human settlement, fire played a much larger role in regulating structure and composition of the near boreal forests such as those at GRPO, where the return interval of ground fires was 20-40 years and crown fires occurred every 150-200 years. These fires eliminate much of the understory and herbaceous layer vegetation, allowing more light and promoting the growth of shade intolerant species.

In addition to white pine, paper birch is also exhibiting signs of regeneration failure by not displaying high densities at the lowest size classes. Evidence suggests, however, that birch abundance may have been artificially inflated due to large numbers of catastrophic fires associated with settlement of the state of Minnesota (1870-1940). Current, observed regeneration of birch may actually be closer to pre-settlement levels. (Brandon Seitz, Grand Portage National Monument, personal communication)

In addition to white pine and paper birch, *Thuja occidentalis* density is also low in all but one size class. On undisturbed areas, seedbeds of decaying (rotten) wood of logs and stumps can account for more than 70% of white cedar seedlings (Cornett et al. 2001). Thus, reduced amounts of coarse woody material (CWM) could hinder germination. At GRPO, the mean CWM volume was $92 \text{ m}^3/\text{ha}$. Coarse woody material volume varies widely with stand type, stand age, and management practices. Goodburn and Lorimer (1998) examined coarse woody debris in northern Wisconsin and the upper peninsula of Michigan. In northern hardwood stands, mean coarse woody debris in even-aged stands was $39.2 \text{ m}^3/\text{ha}$, while that in old growth stands was $126.9 \text{ m}^3/\text{ha}$. While it appears that CWM directly, may not be limiting, it is unclear how important the level of decay is in promoting germination. Unfortunately, we did not classify CWM into decay classes during this first year of monitoring. In all future years, however, this will be done. Nonetheless, it is hoped that, as decay of existing CWM progresses, this will facilitate recruitment of cedar. This contrasts with balsam fir, which has more general requirements for

germination and establishment. Besides germination limitations, both paper birch and eastern white cedar are preferred browse species for white-tailed deer.

Implementation: Problems, Logistics, and Future Plans

My biggest concern this year is that only 20 plots were sampled at Grand Portage NM. Although I feel that this number of plots adequately represents the habitats present in the park, additional plots can increase the statistical power and allow differences to be more readily detected. As part of the original five year sampling rotation, the 2007 field season was spent between three parks, with the other two parks, Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore and Grand Portage National Monument, each having 20 plots installed. We discovered that sampling at three parks in one year is not realistic, however, and will be switching to a six year rotation where one entire field season is spent at Indiana Dunes NL and another split between SACN and GRPO. This will allow additional sampling time at these three parks.

There were a number of problems that we experienced that were directly due to this being the first year of implementation. One of the concerns that I have with the data from this year is the low frequency of pest and pathogen detection. There are several contributing factors to this. At INDU, we sampled from shortly after leaf-out until early summer while at GRPO, we sampled from early to mid summer. Many of the target diseases would not be evident until late summer. This will remain a problem in future years as much of the sampling, regardless of park or year, will take place before disease becomes evident.

A second problem with pest and pathogen damage is the large number of diseases and damage types (49) that were targeted in combination with the lack of forest pathology expertise on the crew. We did devote time to this during the three week training period although, again, this was in May, prior to many diseases becoming evident. Ideally, we should have spent several days training on the new species and diseases each time we went to a new park. The drawback with this is, with the tight schedule, this would have compromised the number of plots completed. As a compromise, we worked on identifying species and diseases as we completed plots.

Despite the lack of disease reported, we did encounter diseased trees not infrequently, although most of these diseases were not on the targeted list. In the majority of cases, the severity of disease on any given tree was not great and this did not appear to be of ecological significance. In the future, we will likely reduce the size of the target list to fewer than 10 species, that will include spruce budworm, white pine blister rust, and tip weevil. We will also send samples (leaves, fruits, etc.) to the U.S. Forest Service disease identification center in St. Paul for identification. This will provide a better assessment of what is happening to the trees, and also be a teaching tool for both myself and the crew.

A second modification that will be made following this year is increased data collection for coarse woody materials. In 2007, we collected the diameter at line intercept and the length, allowing a rough cylindrical volume estimate. In the future, we will record the diameter at both the large and small ends, allowing a more accurate conical estimate of volume. Further, in the future we will also record the species and decay class of the piece. These modifications will allow more refined estimates of CWM volume, as well as promote a better understanding of successional patterns.

A final modification that we will make following this year is that we will not be using PDAs for plot data collection. In 2007, we used Trimble Geo XT GPSs on which the DATABASE Sprint DB Pro was installed. As such, we used the GPSs for recorded plot data, logging GPS coordinates, and navigating, draining the batteries. This was problematic in the backcountry at SACN, and at times at GRPO. Although we brought materials for recharging, these were both heavy and bulky.

A second problem that we experienced with the PDAs, missing data, was not evident until I began checking data after the field season. Among other examples, there were six shrub circles with the species present recorded, but no cover percentages. When data collection is on paper, the crew leader can check the datasheets before leaving a plot to ensure that all parameters have been collected. There were also four plots without any coarse woody materials recorded. I suspect that the CWM was, indeed, collected on these plots, but somehow lost electronically in the downloading or database population process. This, too, will be avoided by using paper data sheets.

Although we did experience some setbacks and are planning some modifications, this data should be valuable to the park for management decision making. Most notably, GRPO staff are working with the University of Minnesota Natural Resources Research Institute to determine locations suitable for white pine reintroduction. Great Lakes Network monitoring data are being used identify conditions where white pine currently grows, and to ascertain other areas where it likely will grow. This project is currently ongoing, with the actual reintroductions occurring before the next monitoring cycle at GRPO.

Acknowledgements

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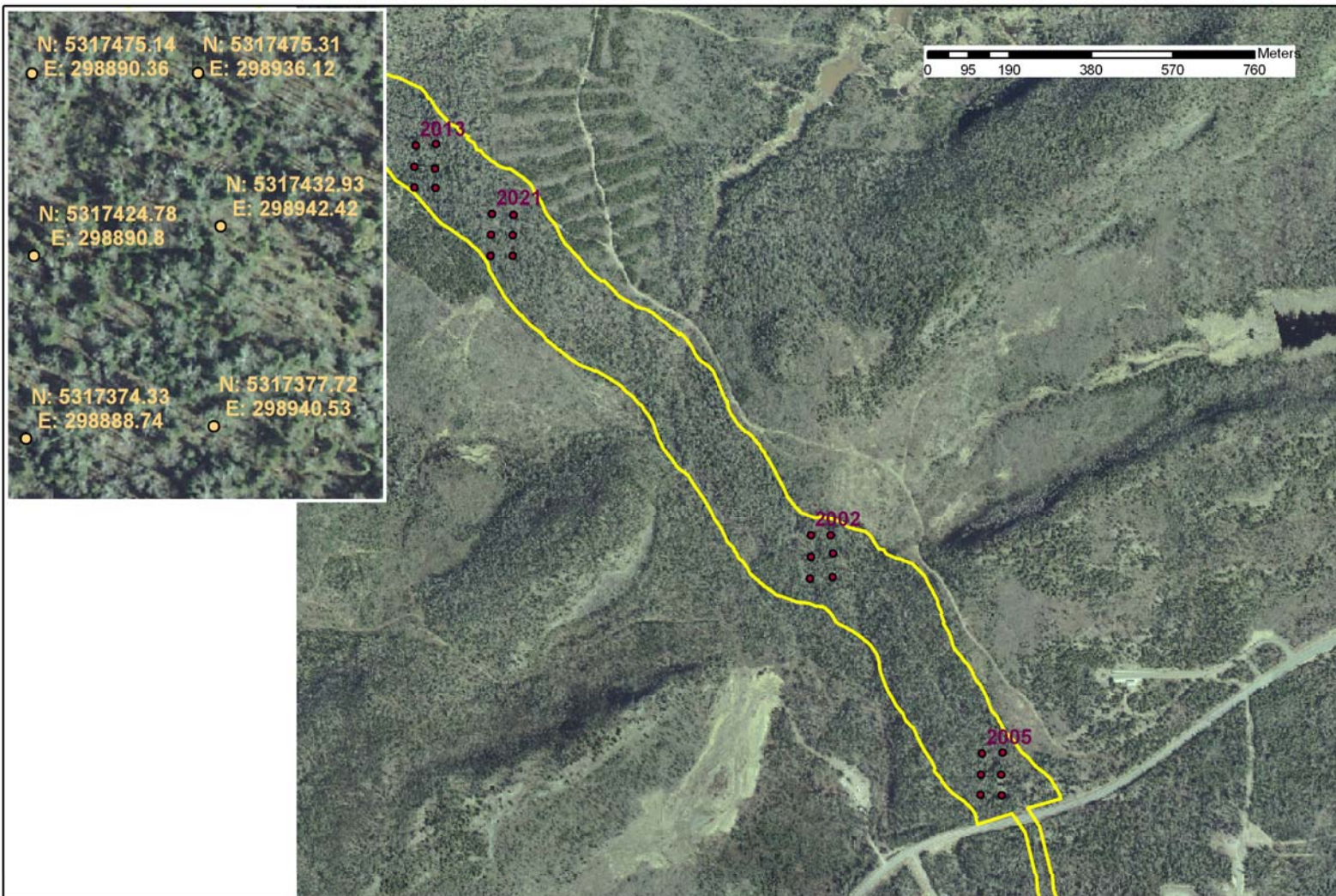
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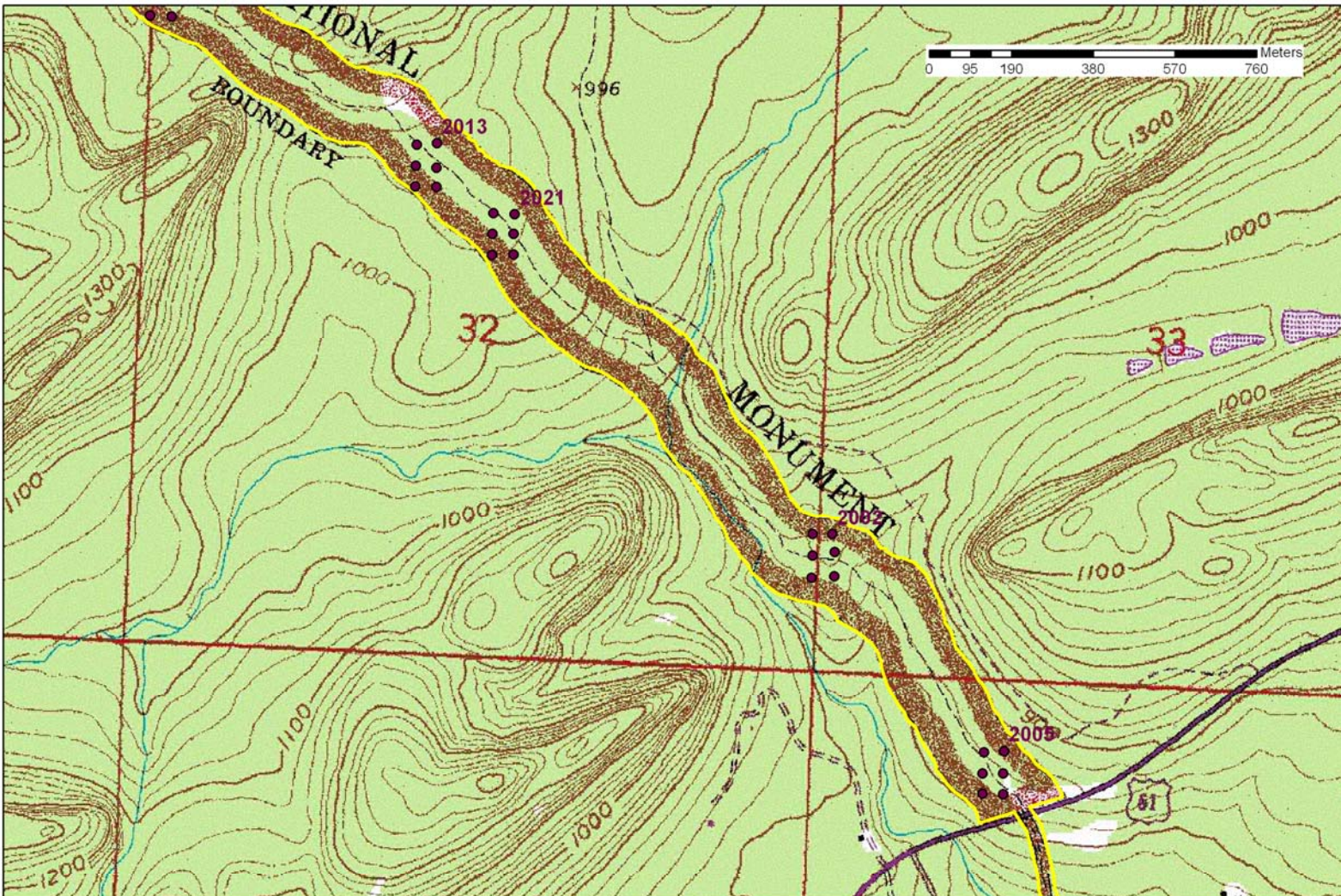
Appendix A

Field Sites Maps



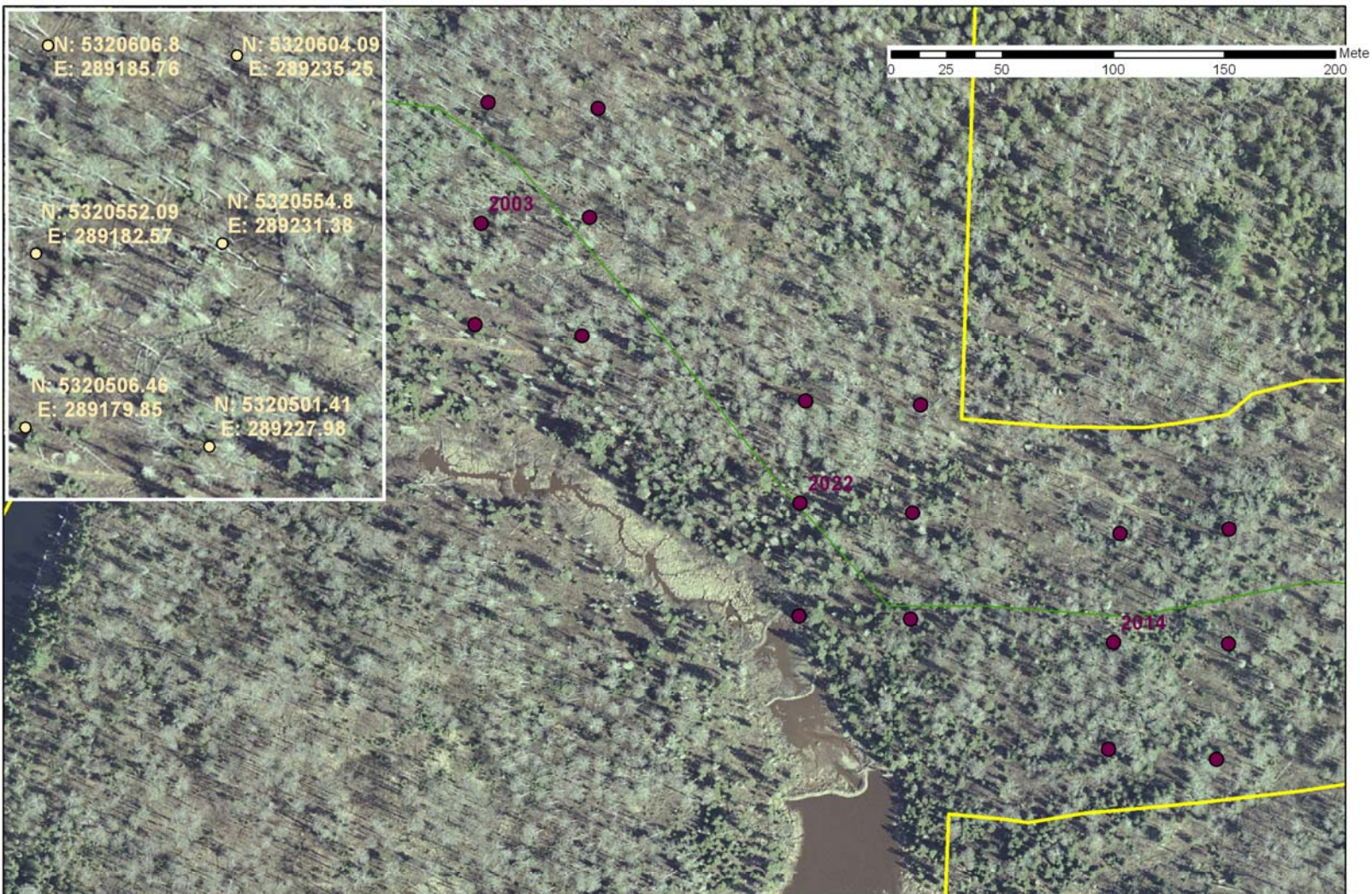
Plot 2002 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

Compass declination from point 5 to 6 was set at - 3 degrees. Declination was set at 0 degrees for all other points.

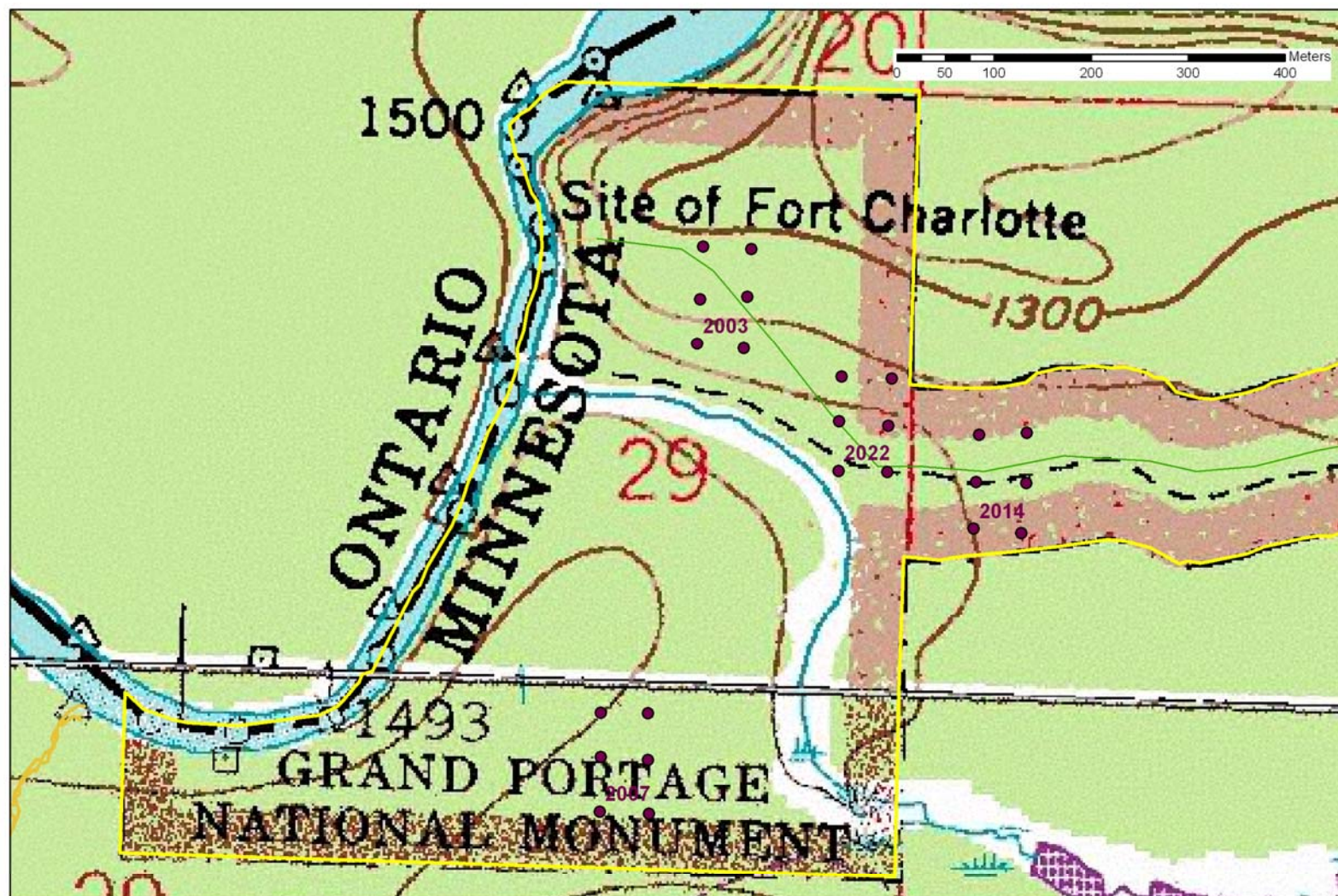


Plot 2002 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

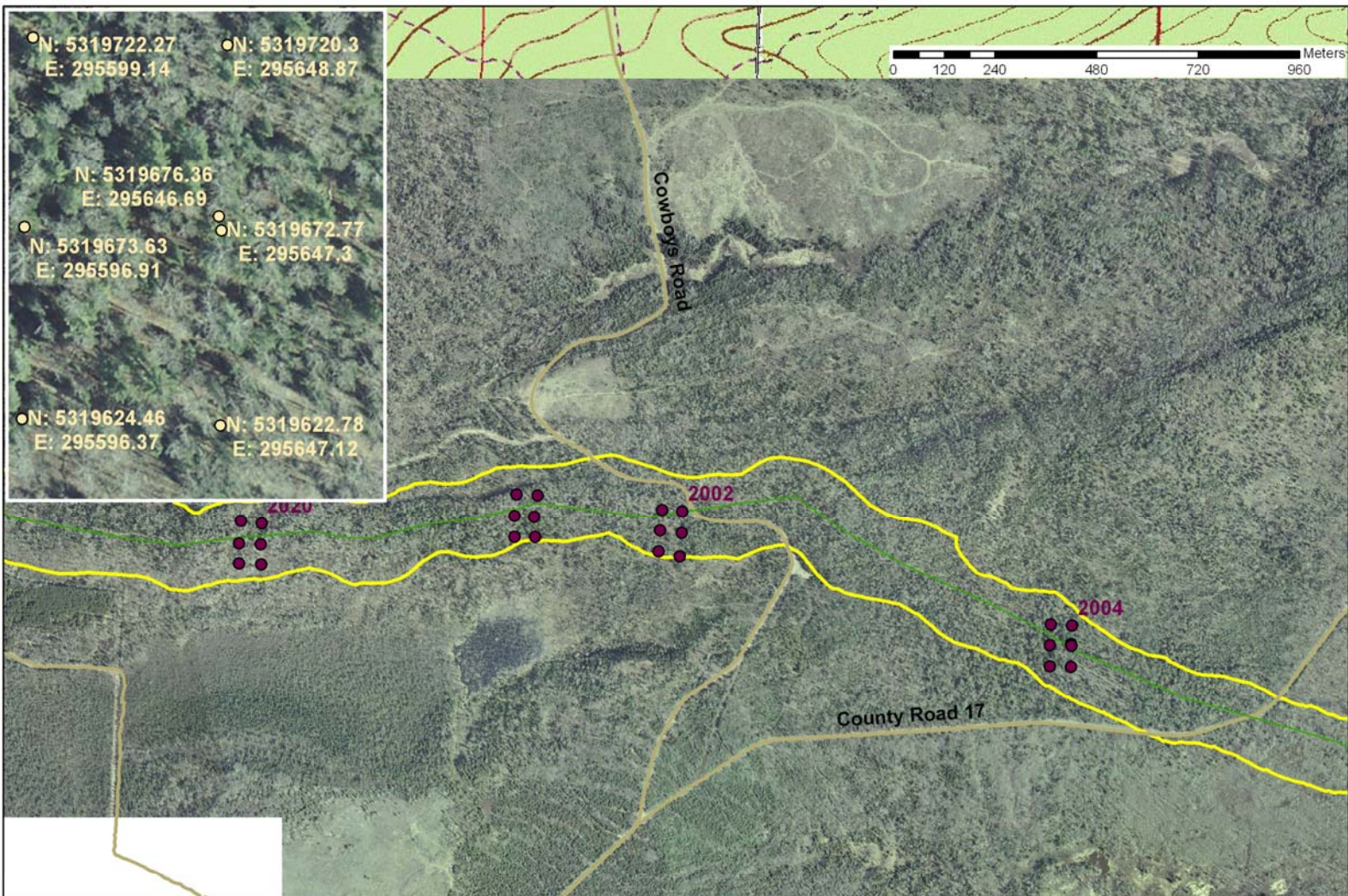
Compass declination from point 5 to 6 was set at - 3 degrees. Declination was set at 0 degrees for all other points.



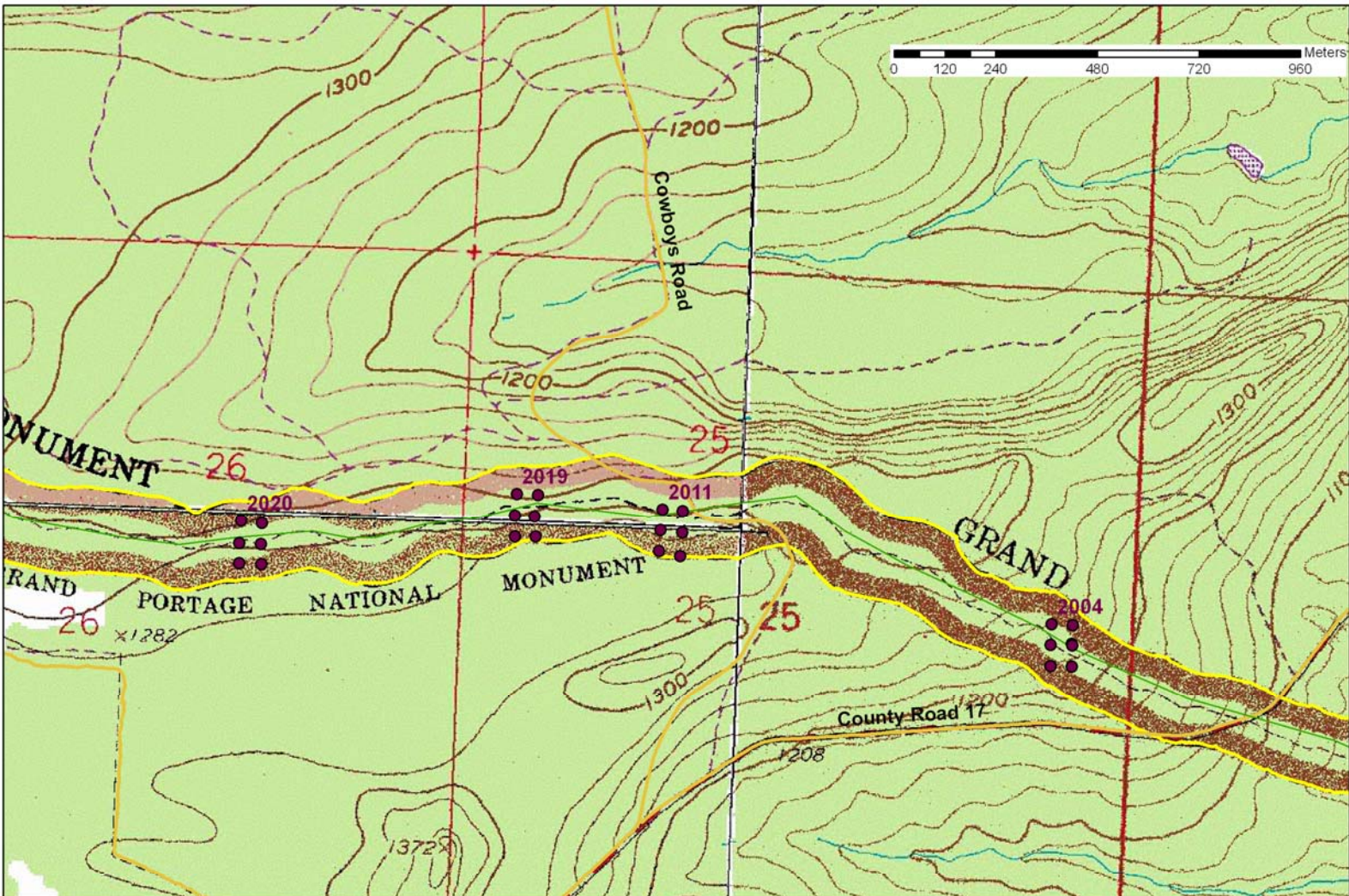
Plot 2003 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



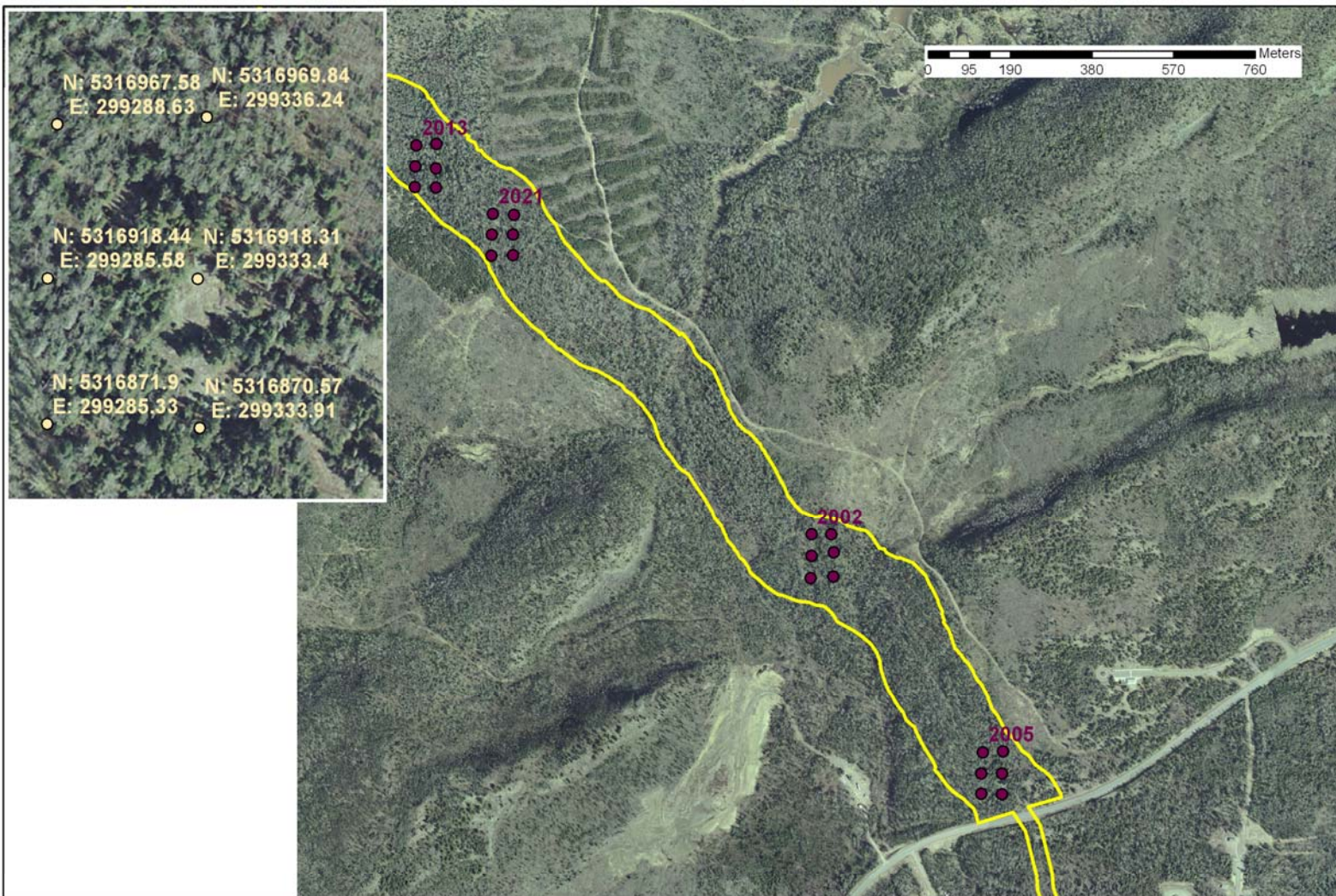
Plot 2003 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



Plot 2004 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

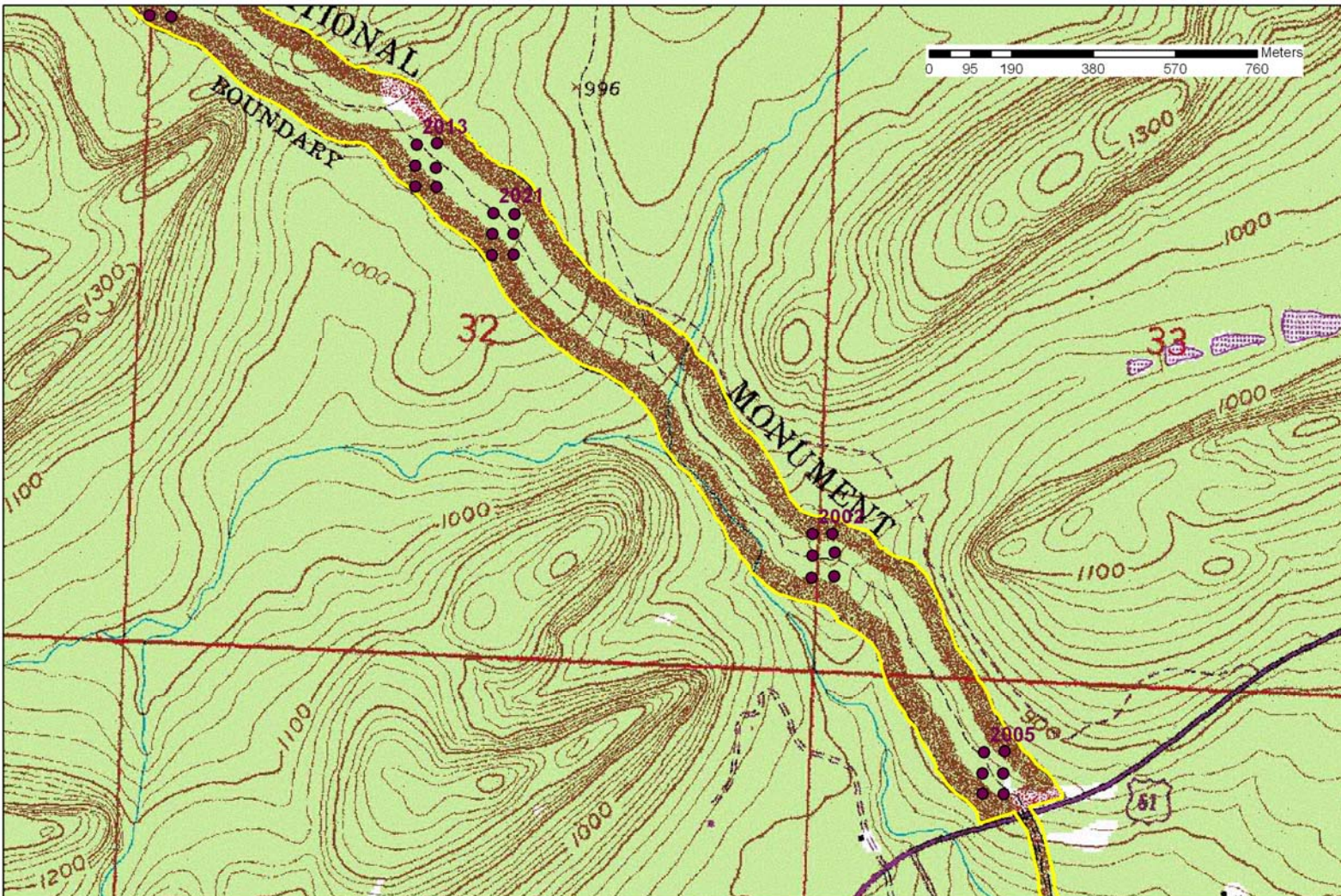


Plot 2004 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



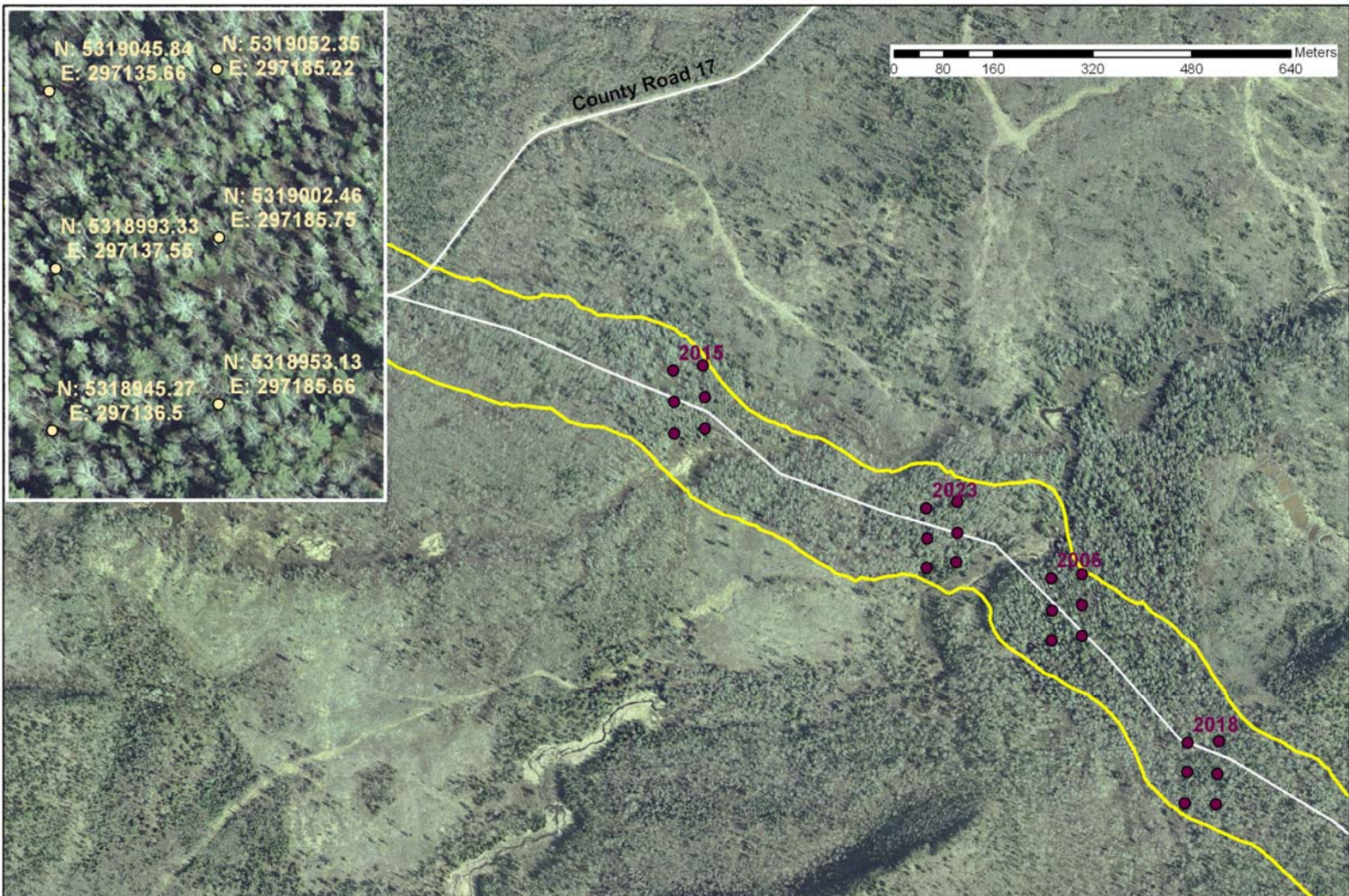
Plot 2005 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

This plot contains rocky outcrops and species that were uncommon in other plots. (*Juniperis communis* var. *depressa*, *Lillium philadelphicum*, and *Sisyrinchium montanum*).

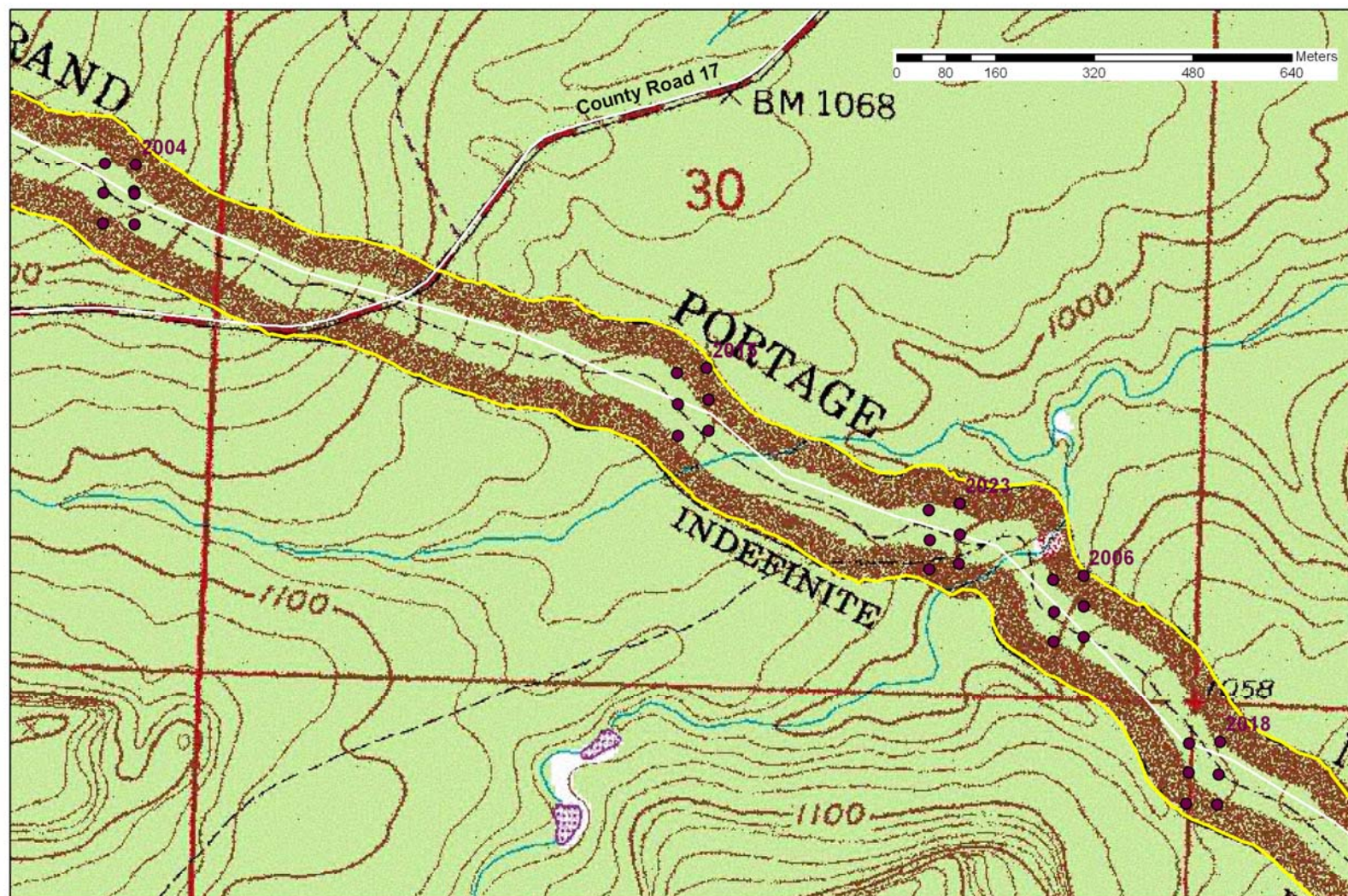


Plot 2005 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

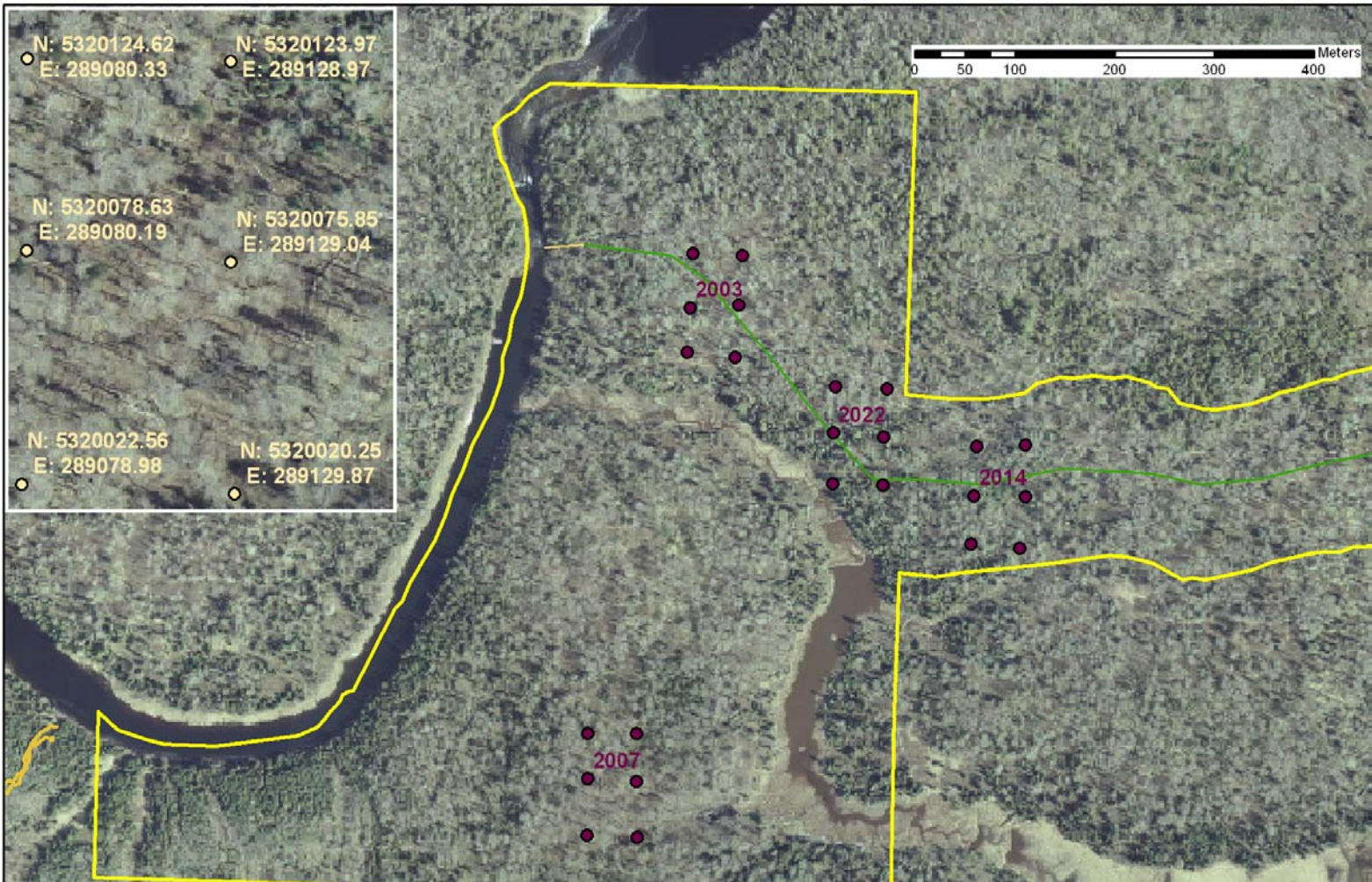
This plot contains rocky outcrops and species that were uncommon in other plots. (*Juniperus communis* var. *depressa*, *Lillium philadelphicum*, and *Sisyrinchium montanum*).



Plot 2006 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



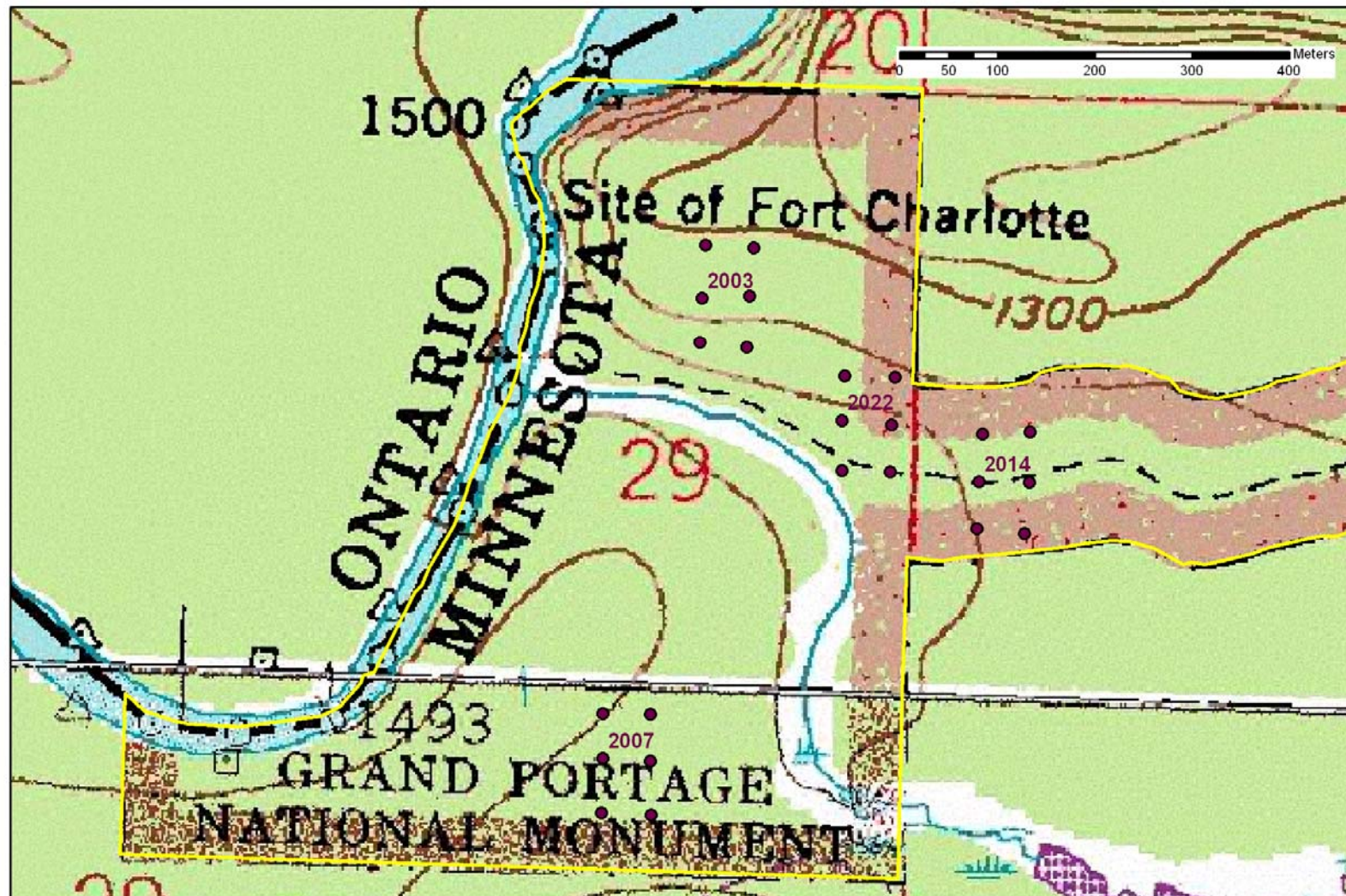
Plot 2006 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



Plot 2007 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (*Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis*) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

Transect 3 is in a flood zone/beaver activity area.

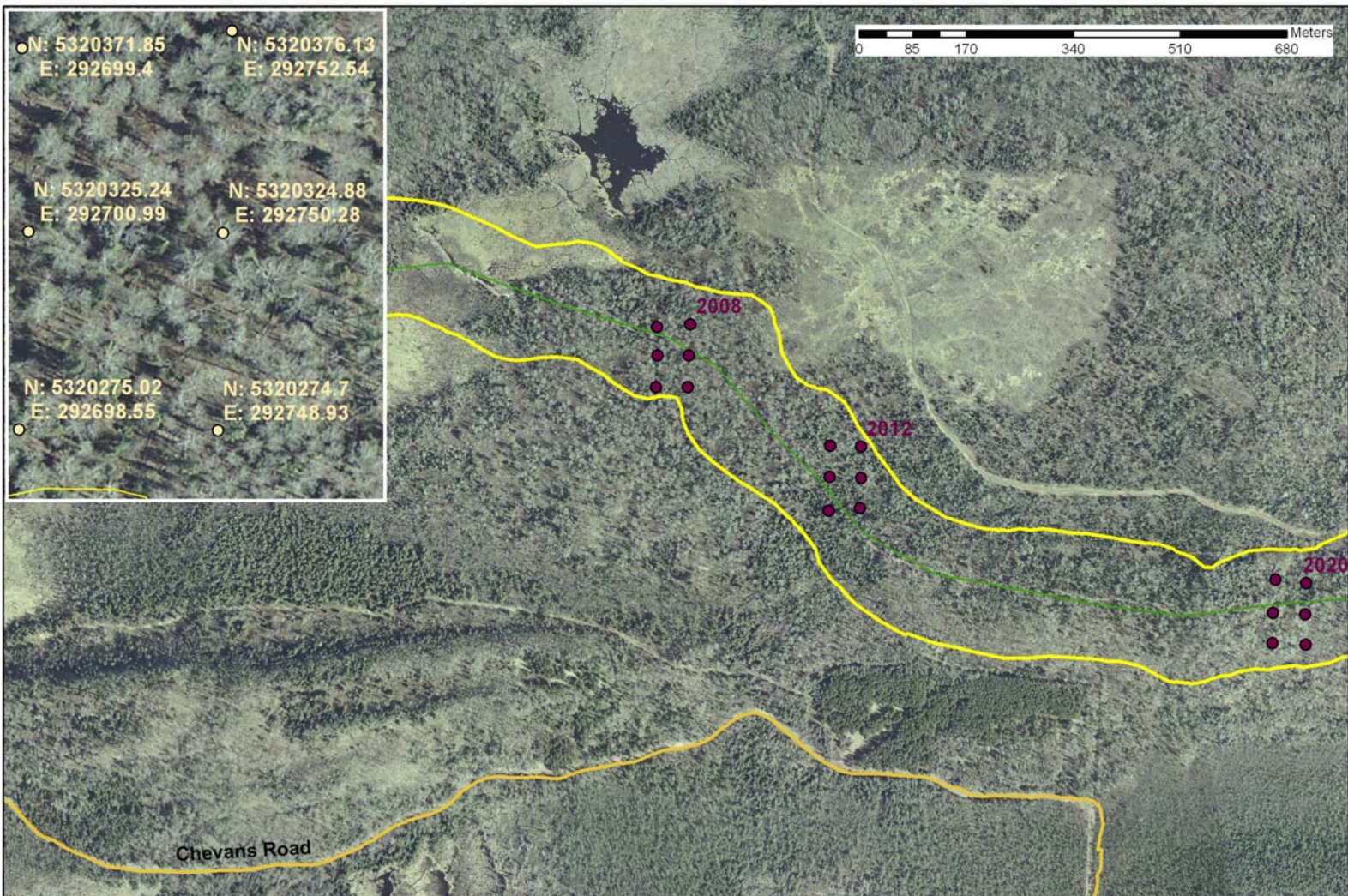
Points 5 and 6 did not differentially correct and were added back in to the differentially corrected file. This may decrease the accuracy of the coordinates when trying to relocate the points. There were originally two sets of coordinates for point 4. Displayed here is what looked to be more accurate. The other coordinates are: 5319676.365 (N) and 295646.687 (E).



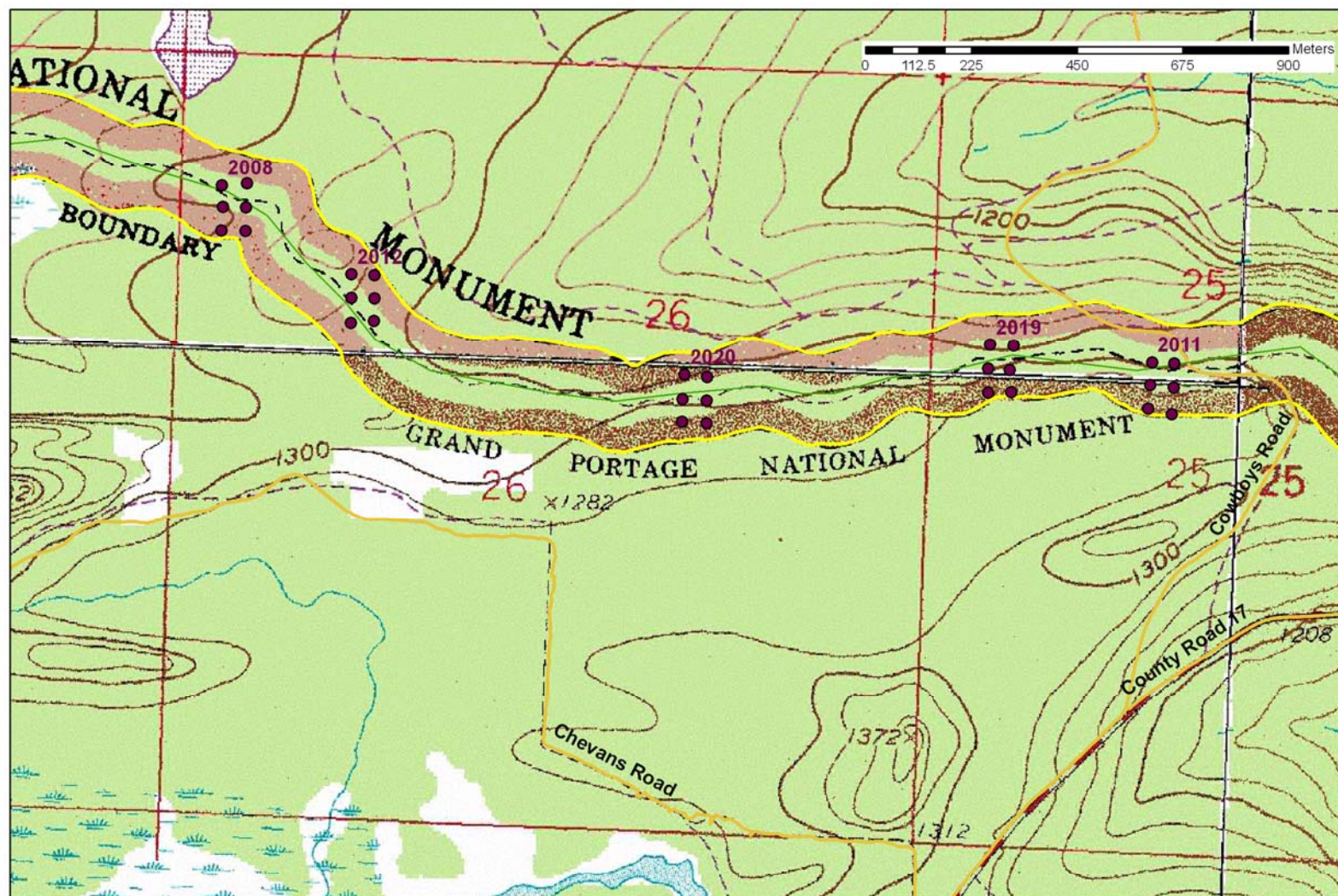
Plot 2007 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

Transect 3 is in a flood zone/beaver activity area.

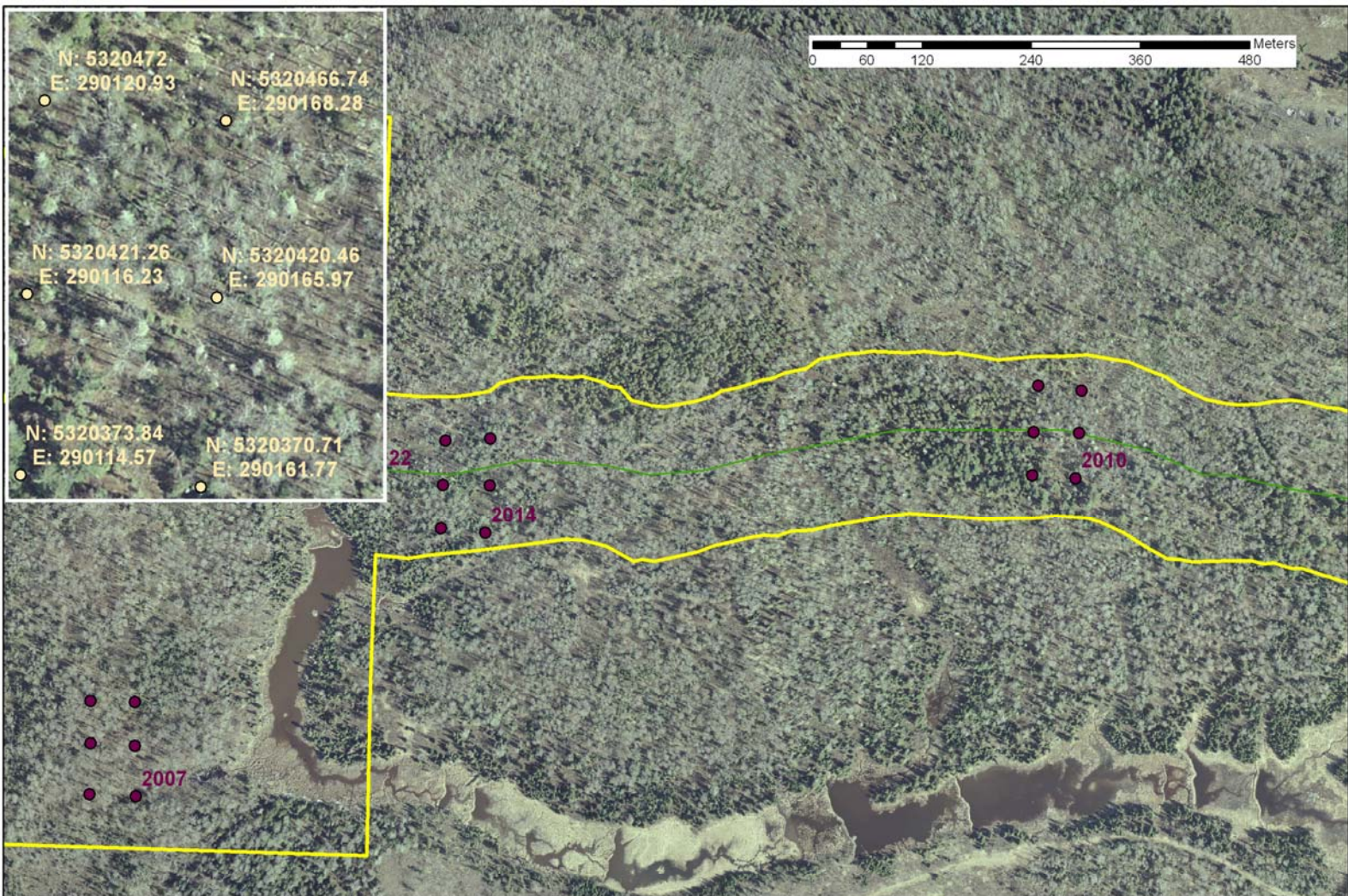
Points 5 and 6 did not differentially correct and were added back in to the differentially corrected file. This may decrease the accuracy of the coordinates when trying to relocate the points.



Plot 2008 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (*Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis*) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

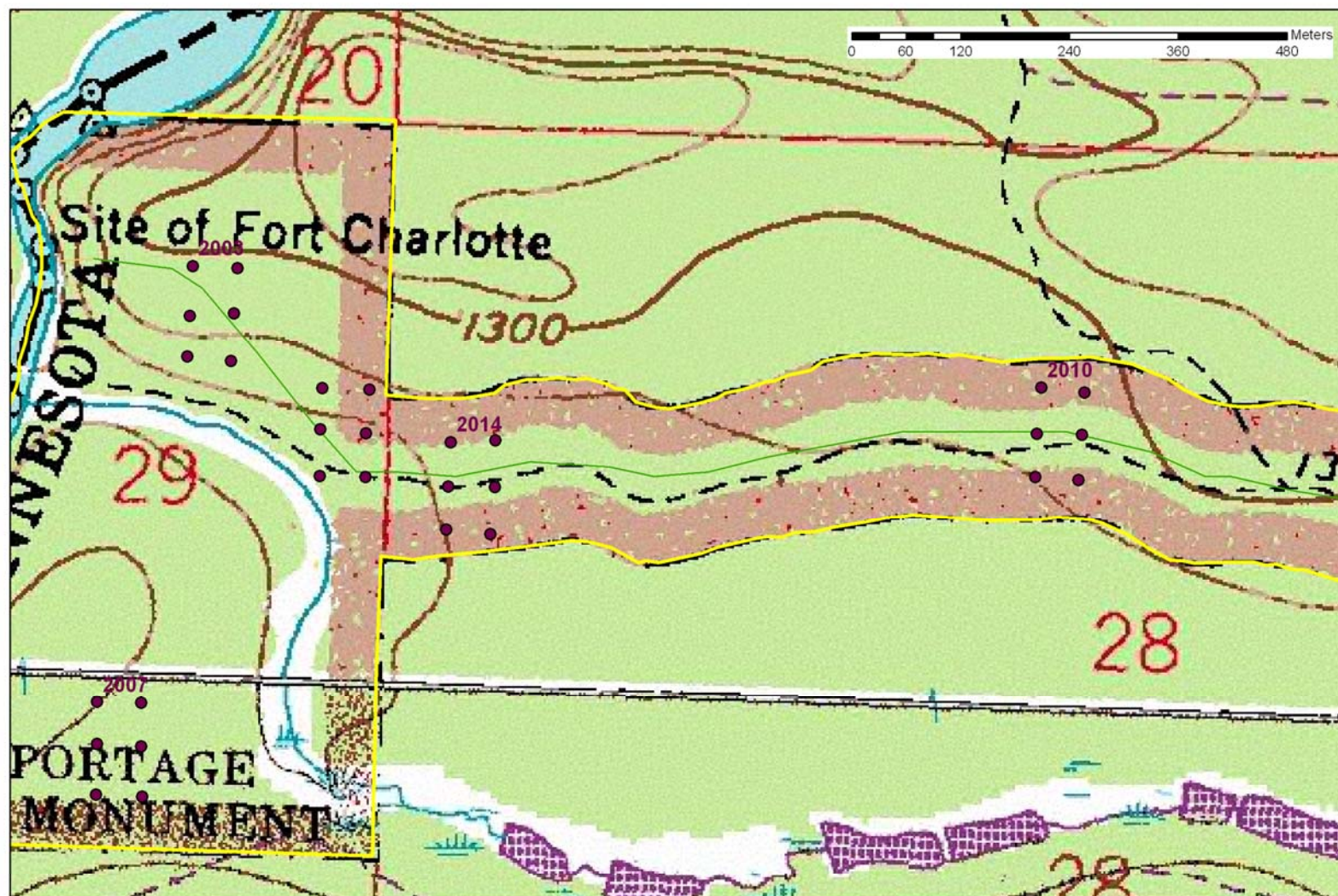


Plot 2008 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



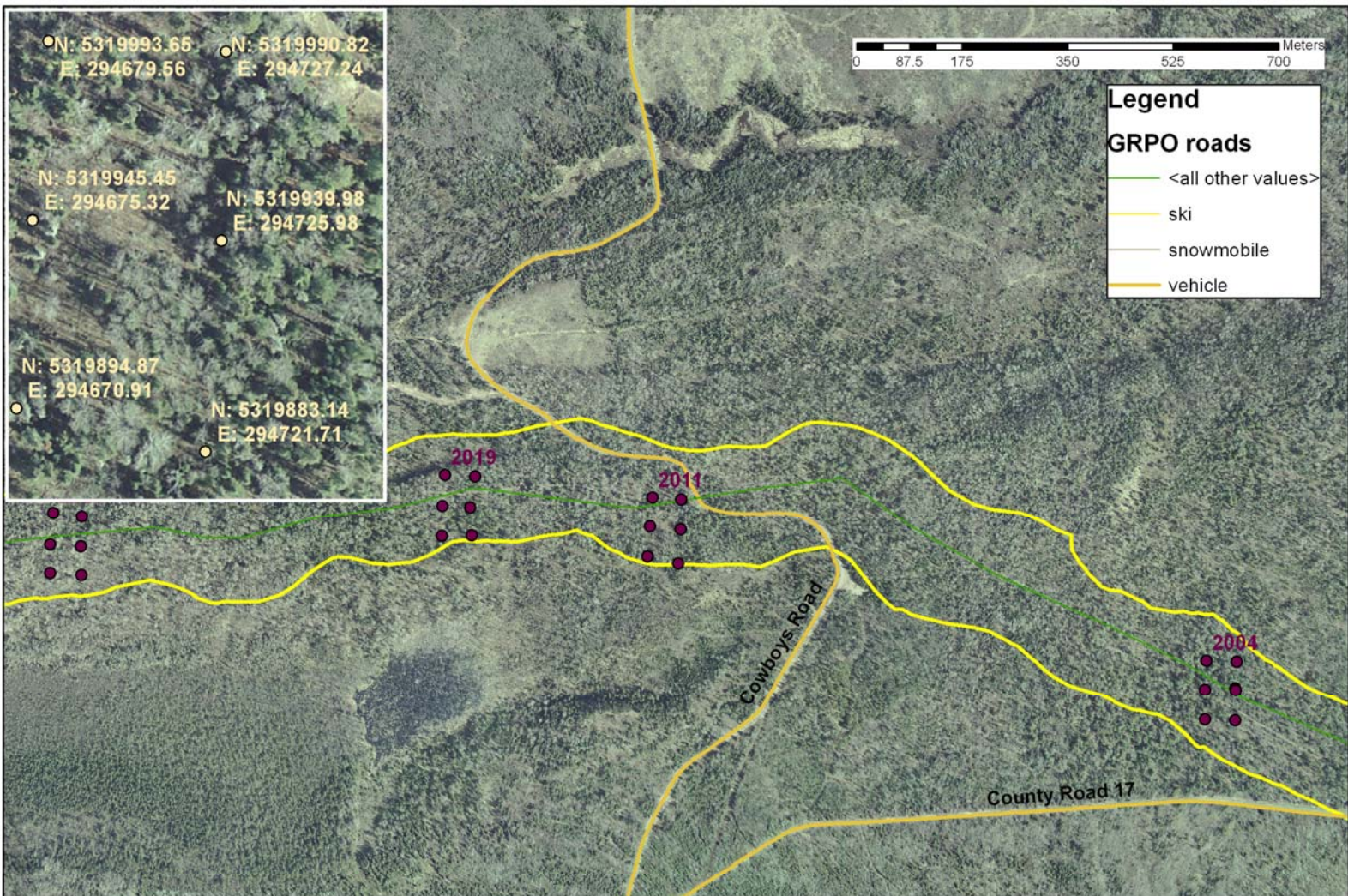
Plot 2010 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

Point 5 did not differentially correct and had to be added to the file manually. Thus, the coordinates will not be as accurate as the other points for relocation.

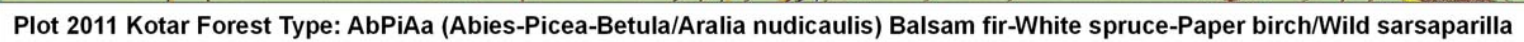


Plot 2010 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

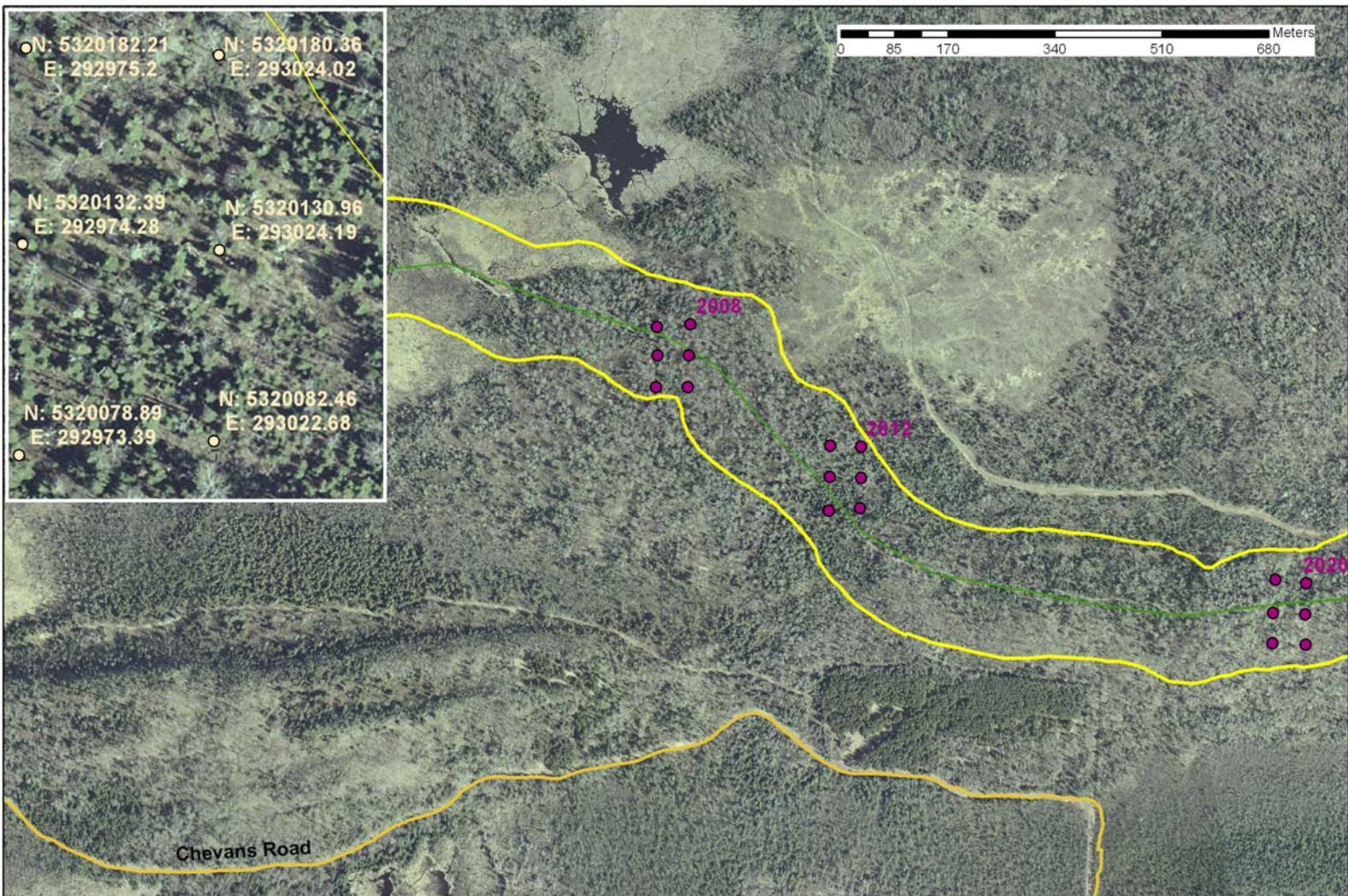
Point 5 did not differentially correct and had to be added to the file manually. Thus, the coordinates will not be as accurate as the other points for relocation.



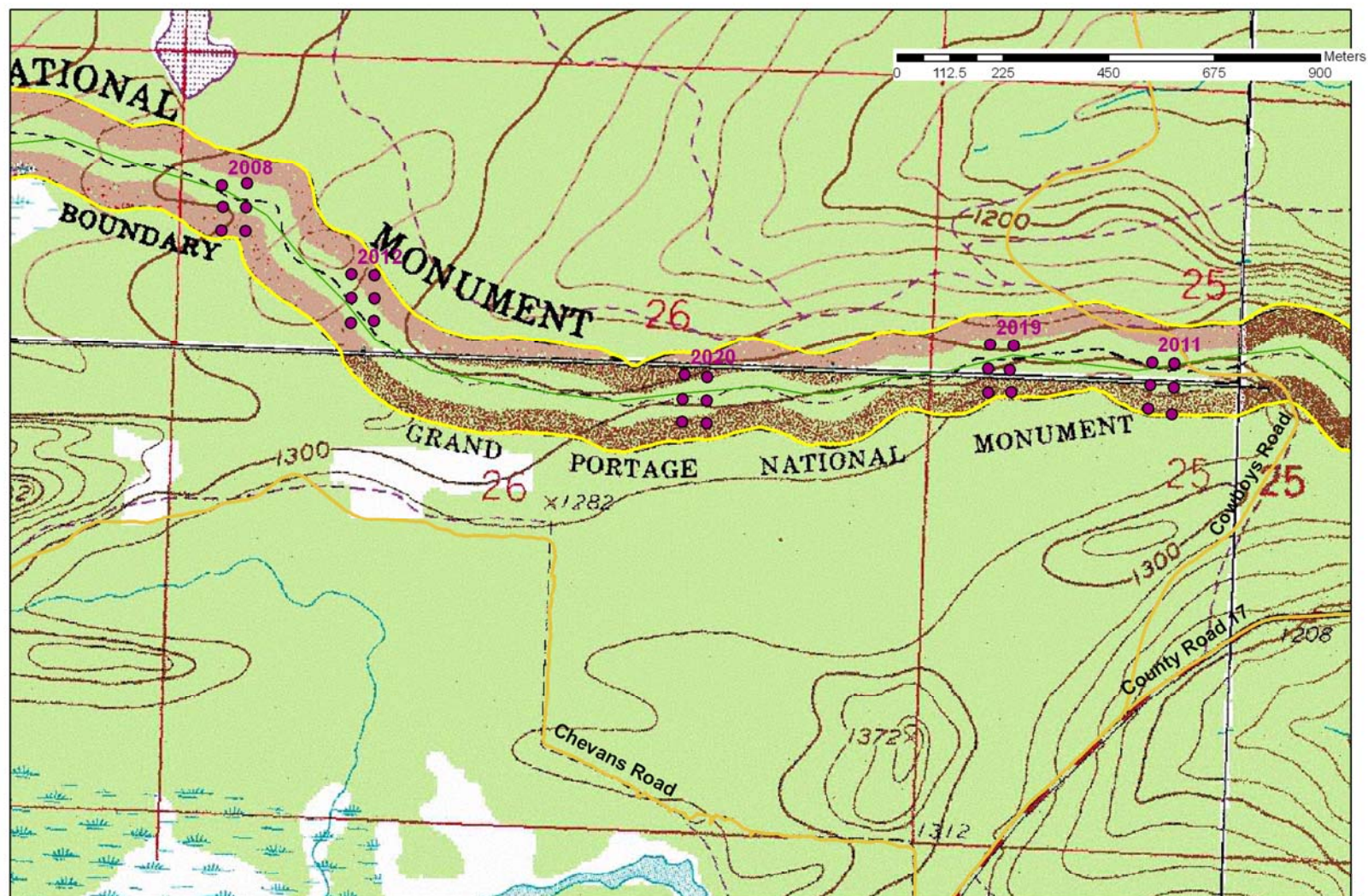
Plot 2011 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



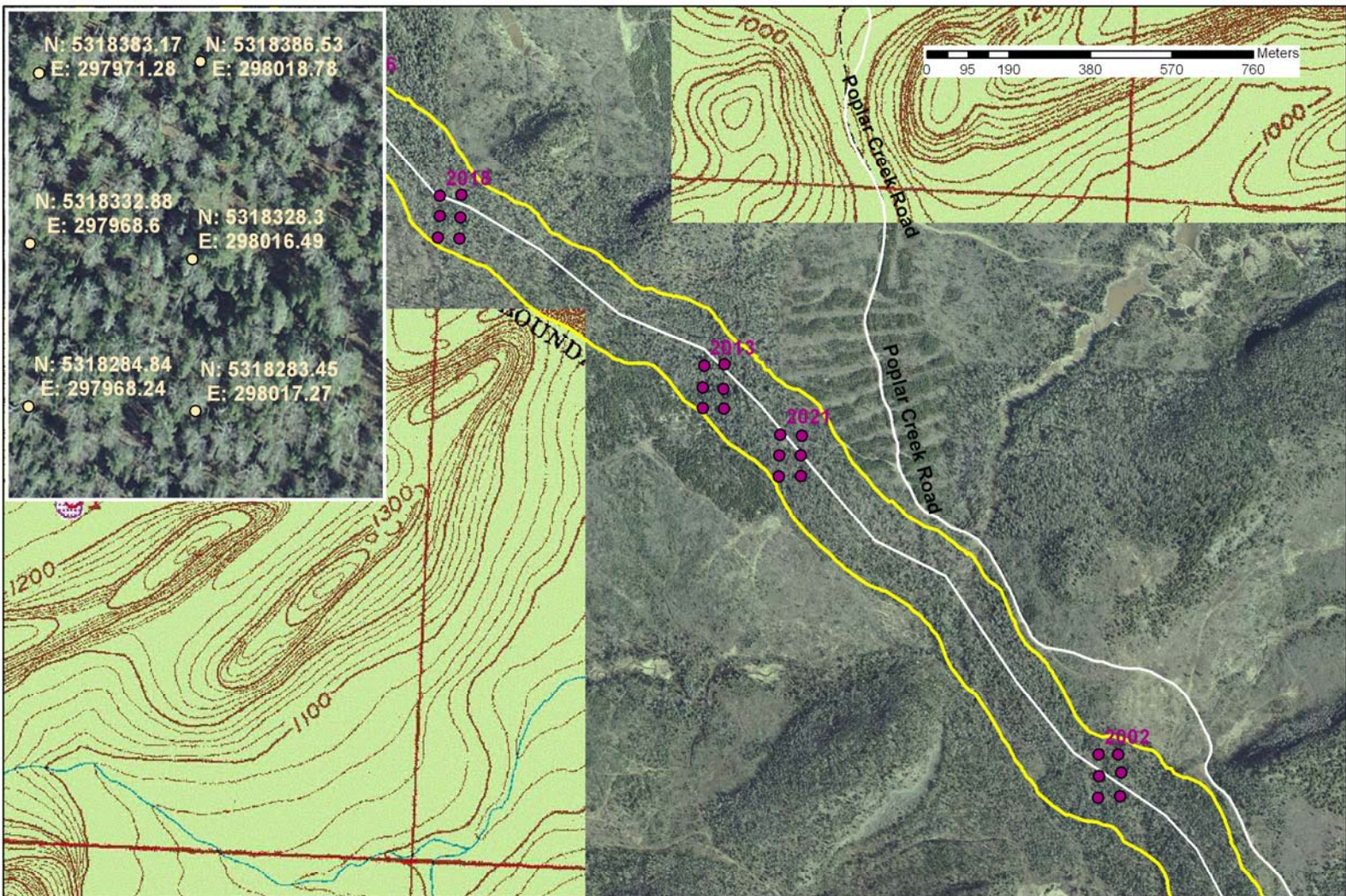
Plot 2011 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



Plot 2012 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (*Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis*) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

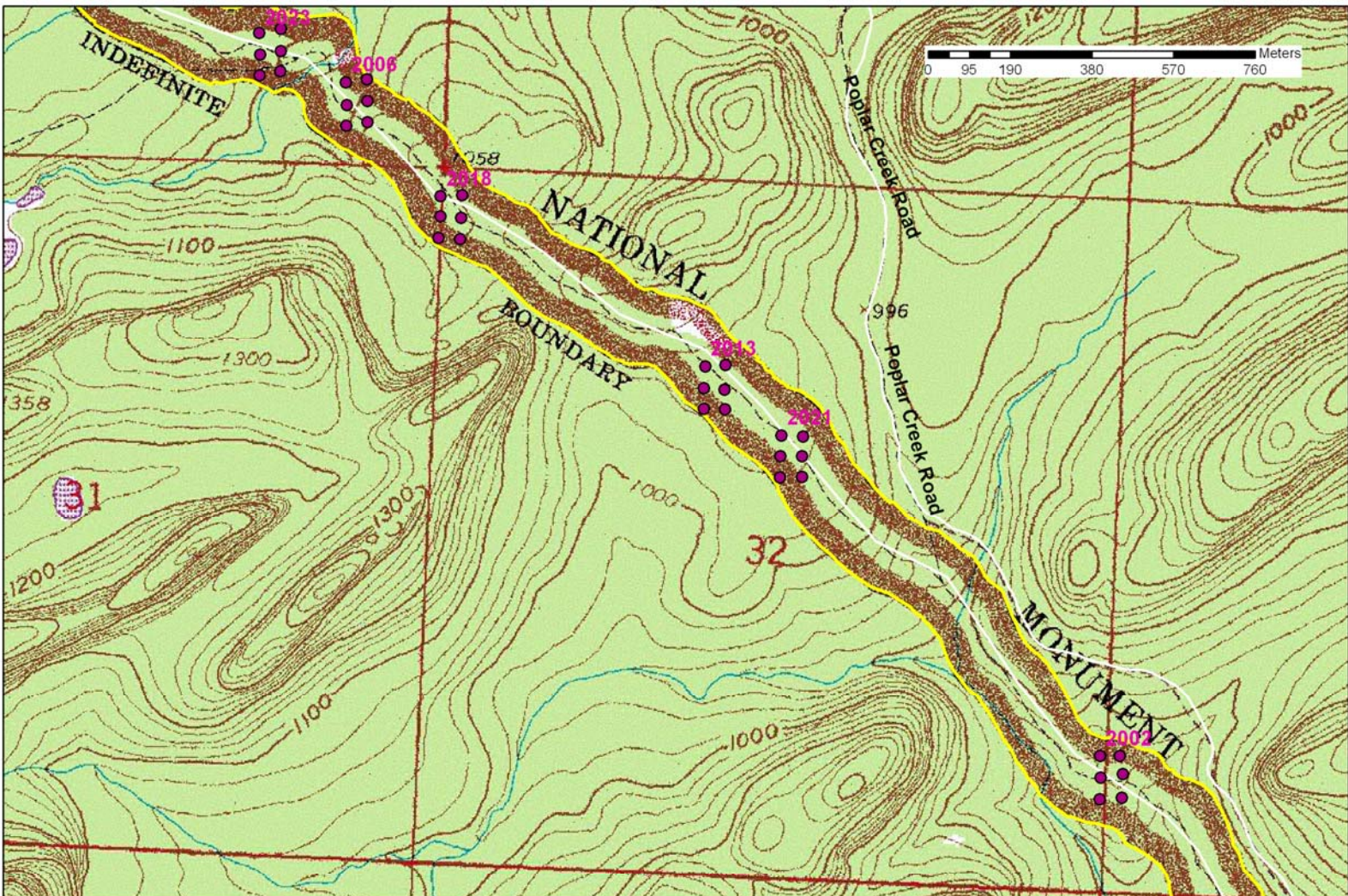


Plot 2012 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



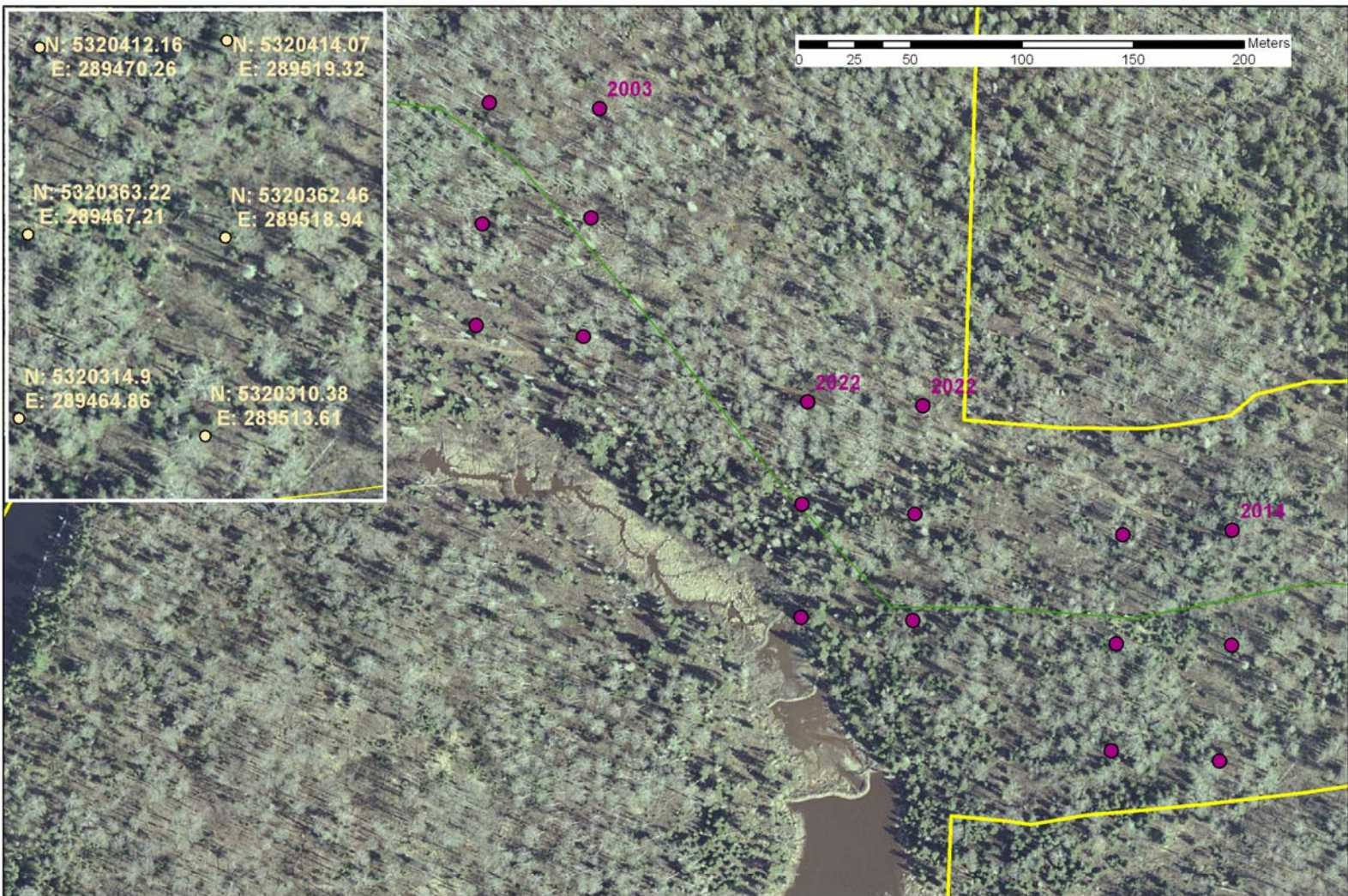
Plot 2013 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

Navigate to this plot via Poplar Creek Rd.

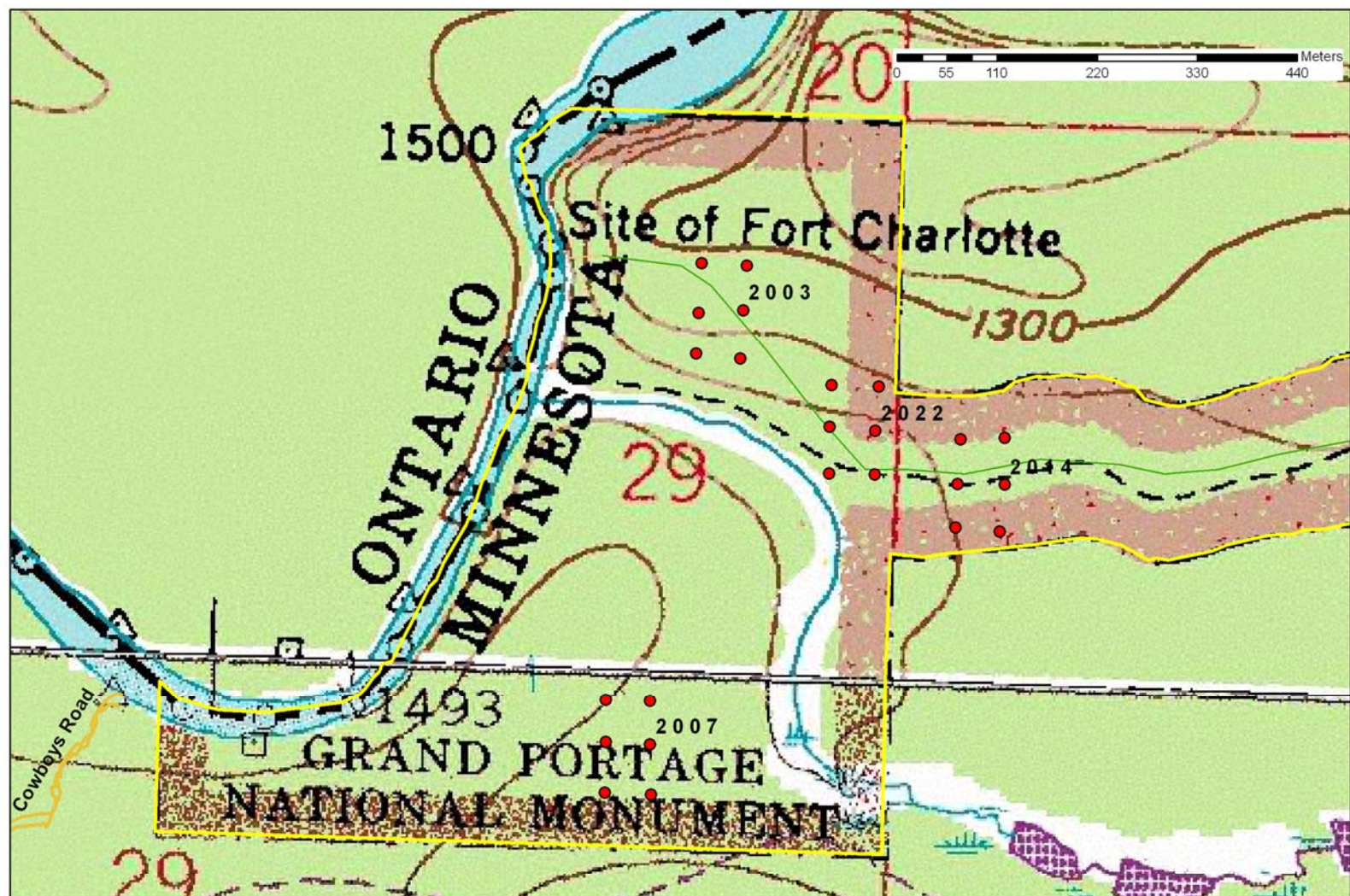


Plot 2013 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

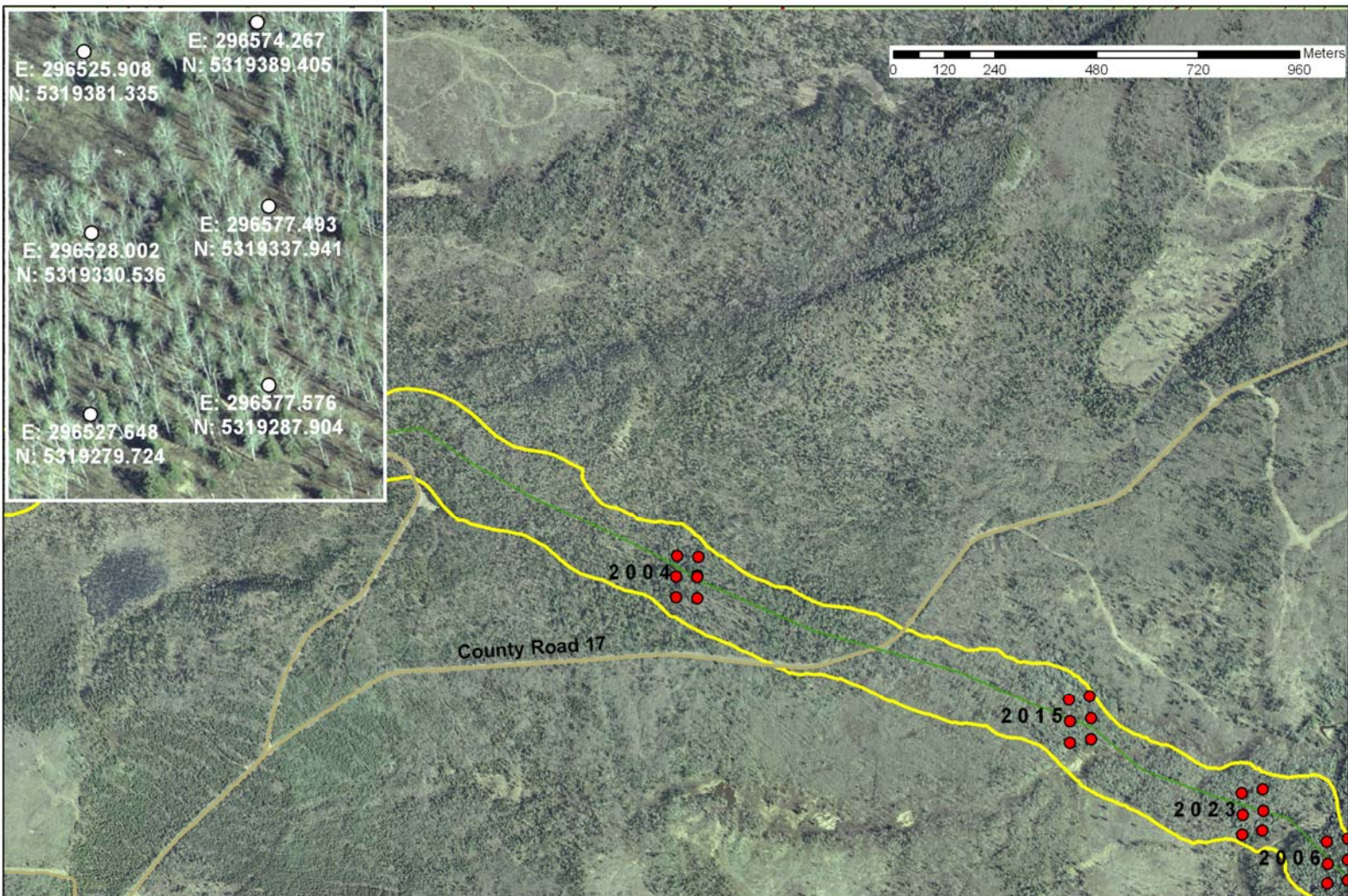
Navigate to this plot via Poplar Creek Rd.



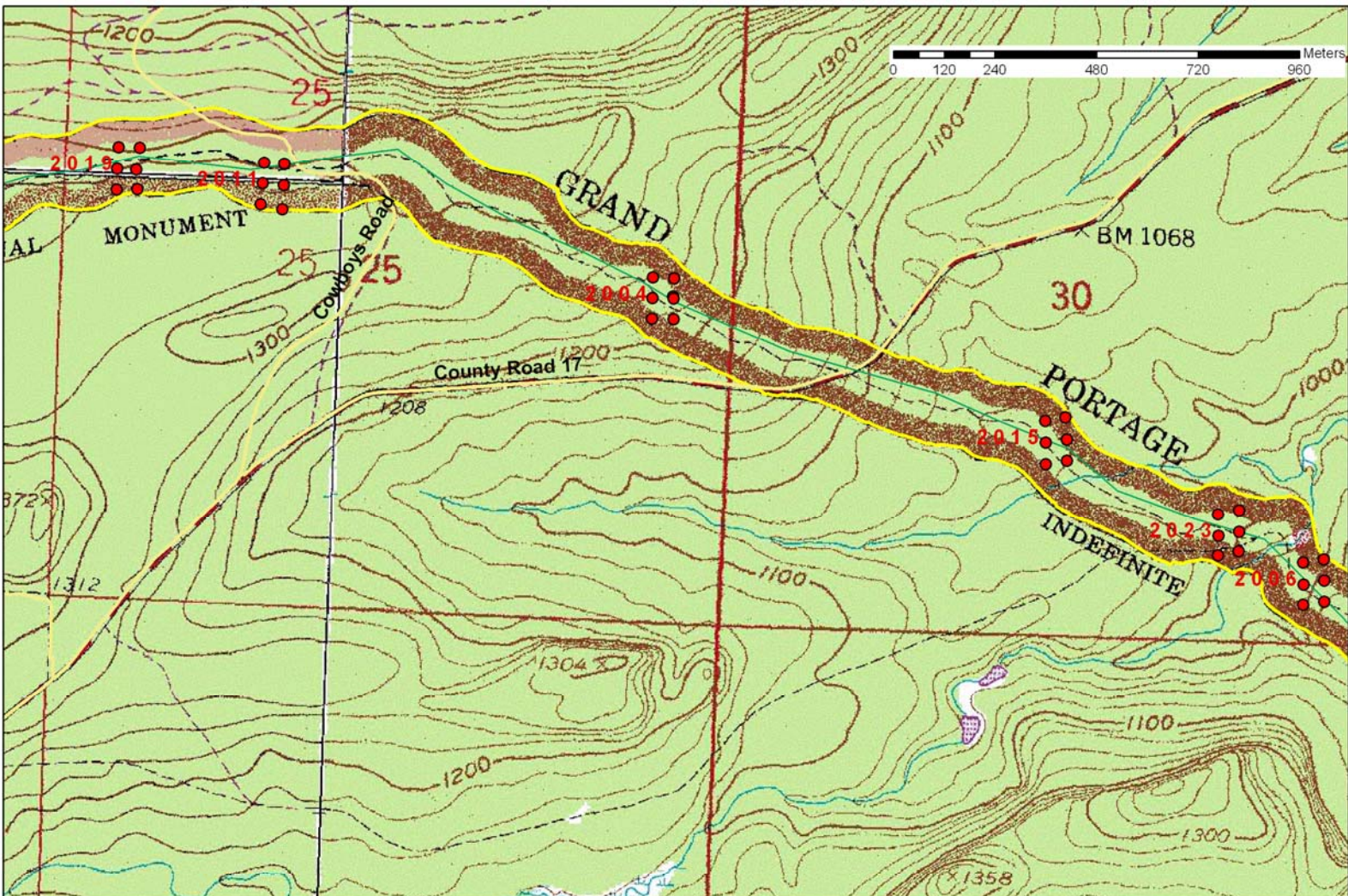
Plot 2014 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



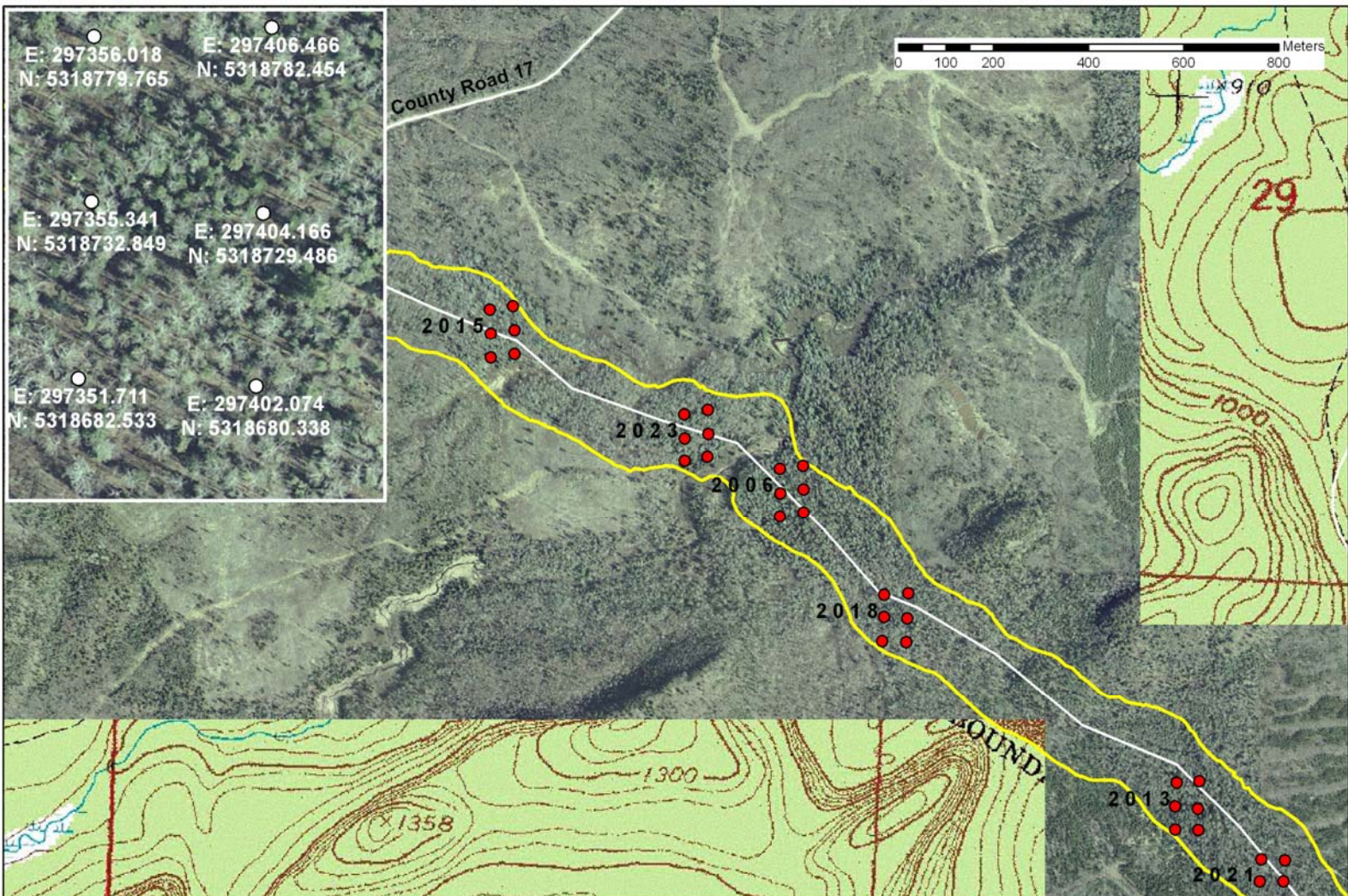
Plot 2014 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



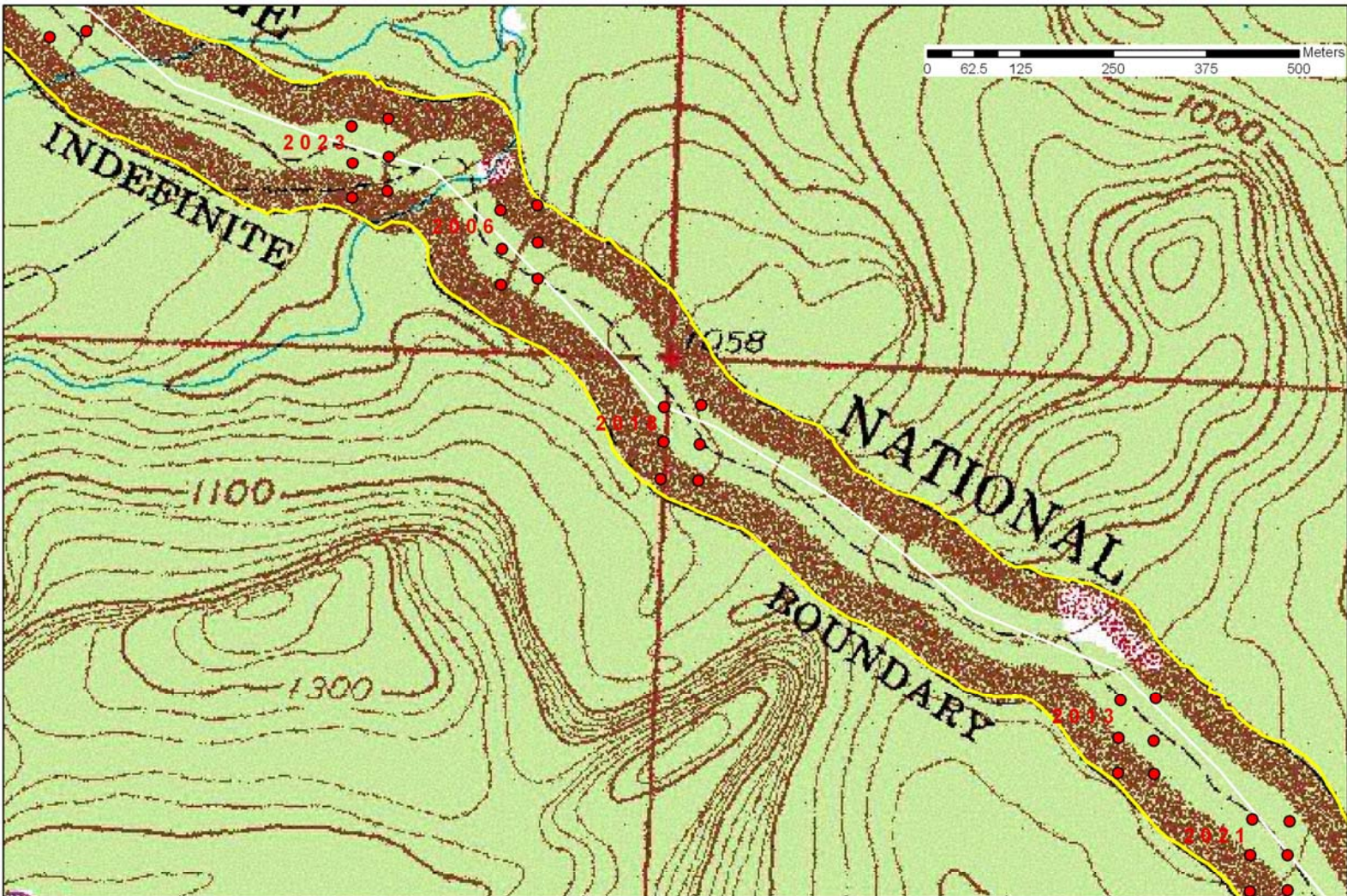
Plot 2015 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



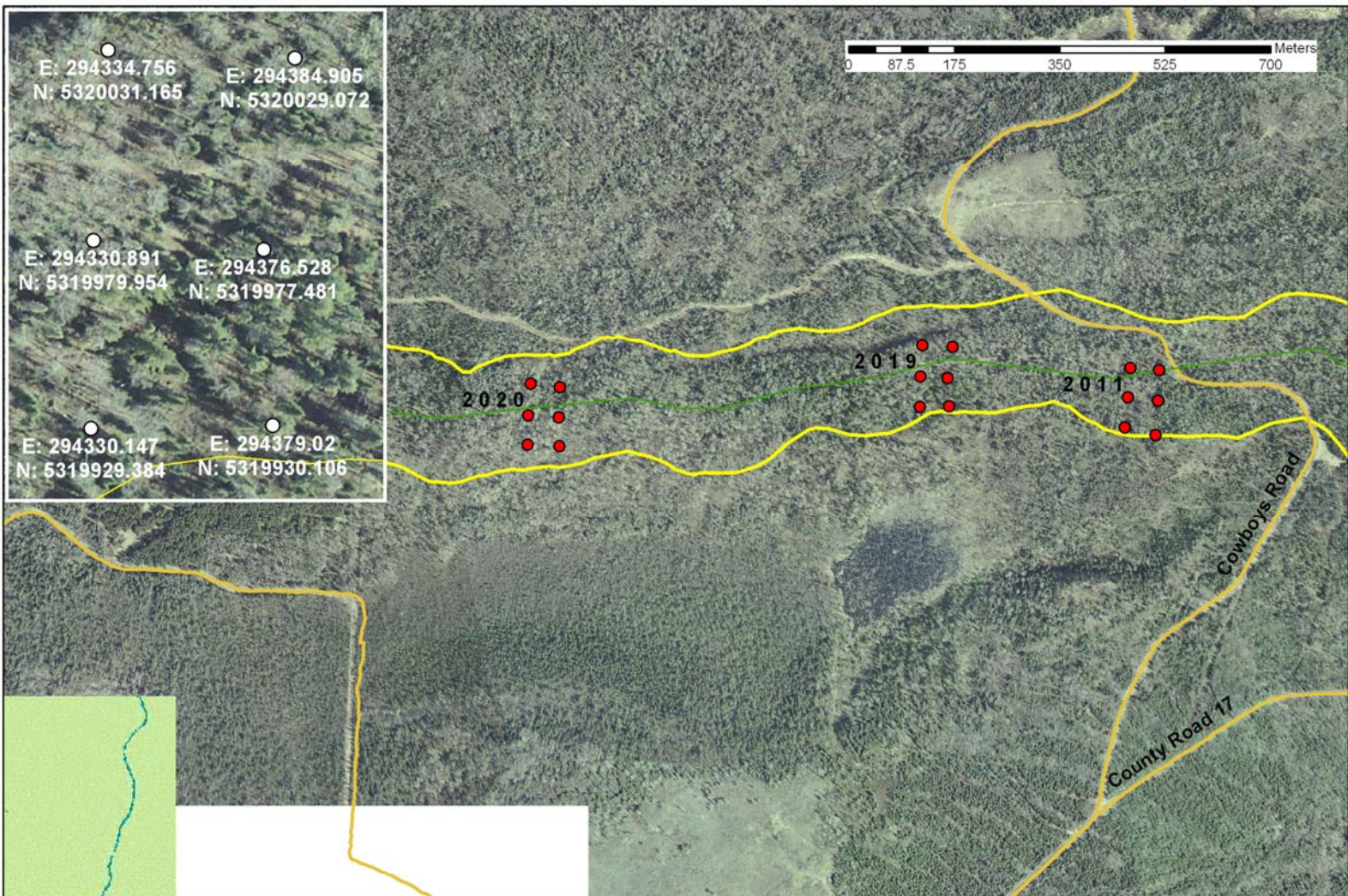
Plot 2015 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



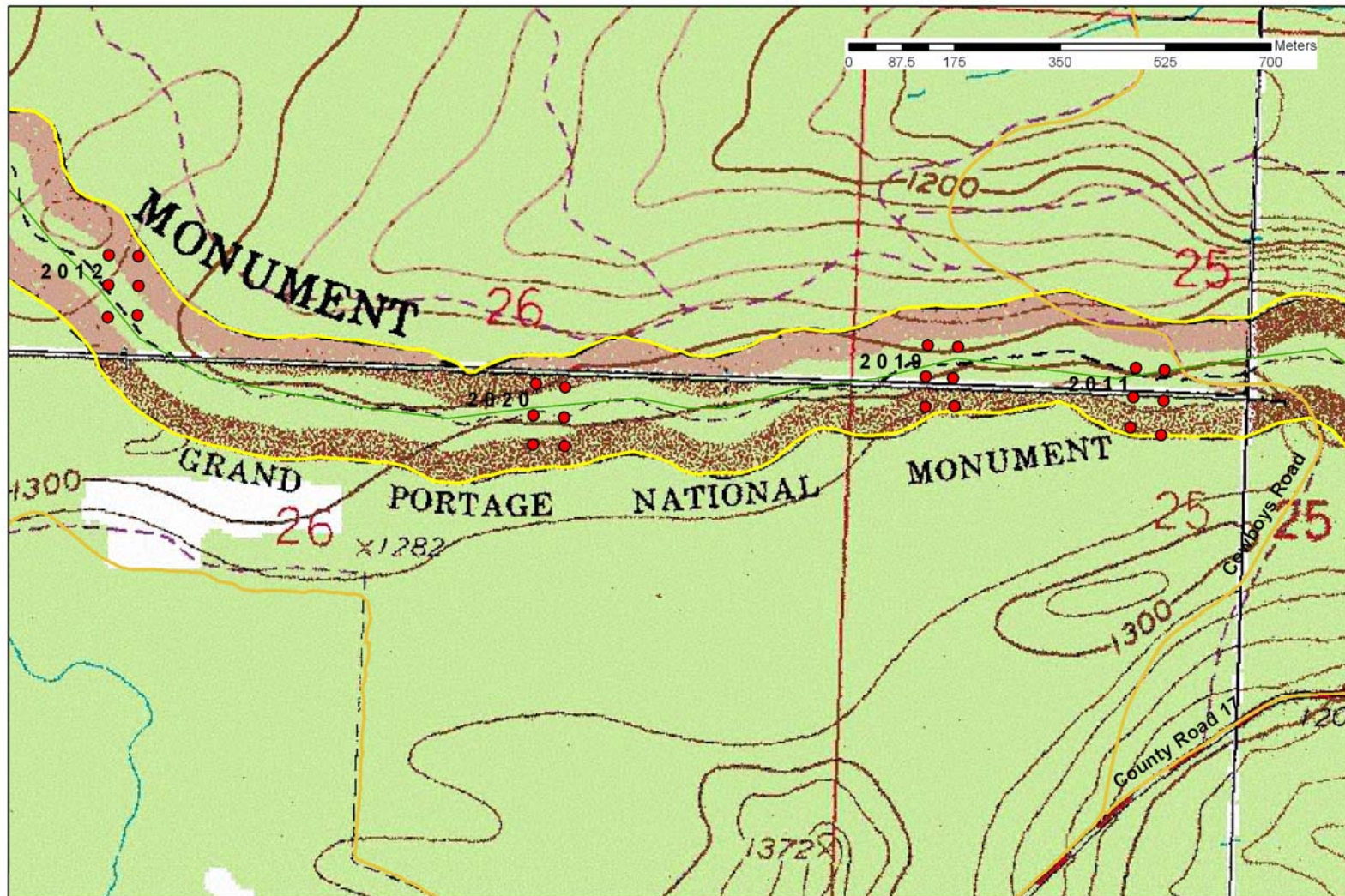
Plot 2018 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (*Abies-Picea-Betula*/*Aralia nudicaulis*) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



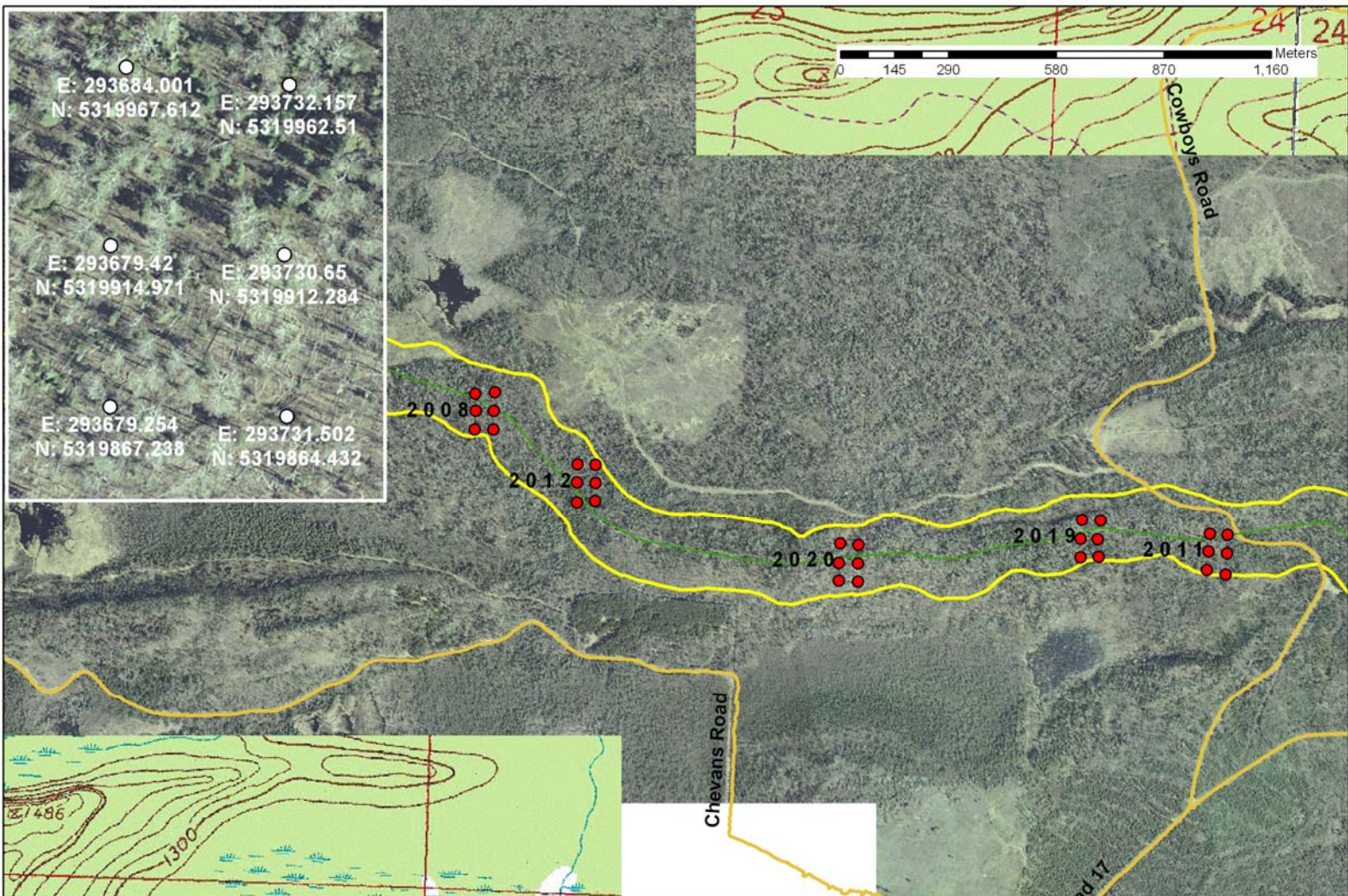
Plot 2018 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



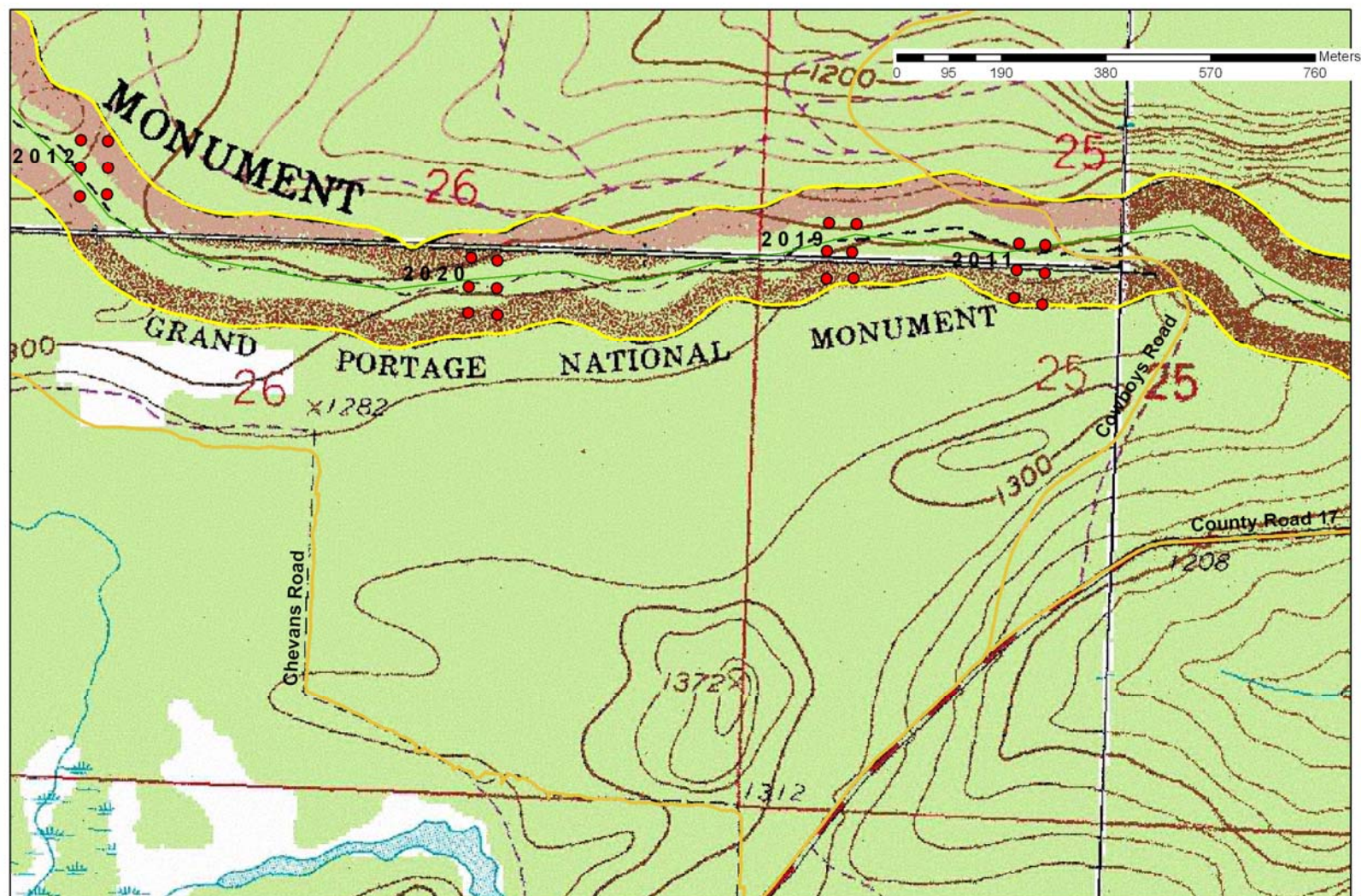
Plot 2019 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



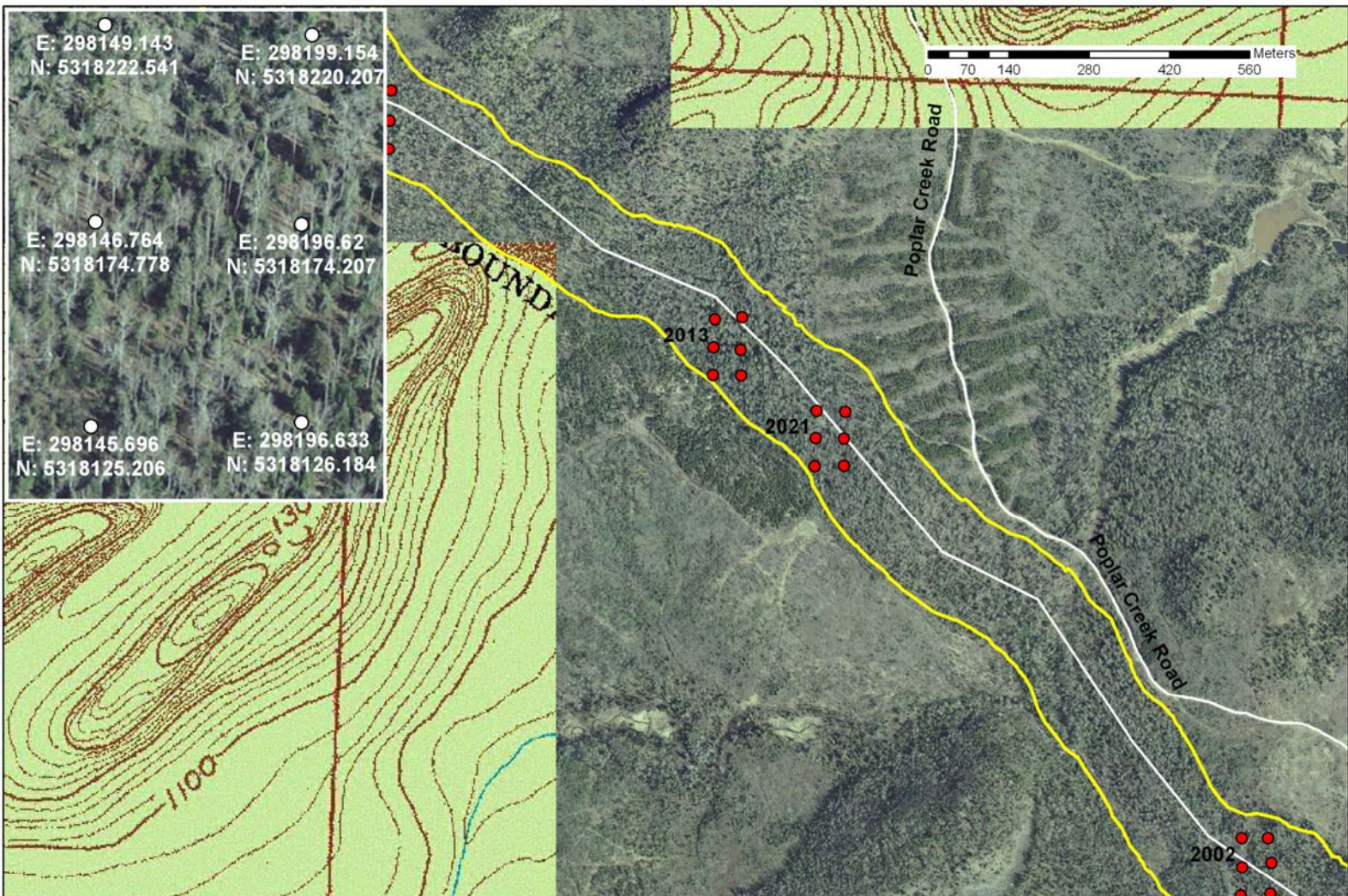
Plot 2019 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



Plot 2020 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

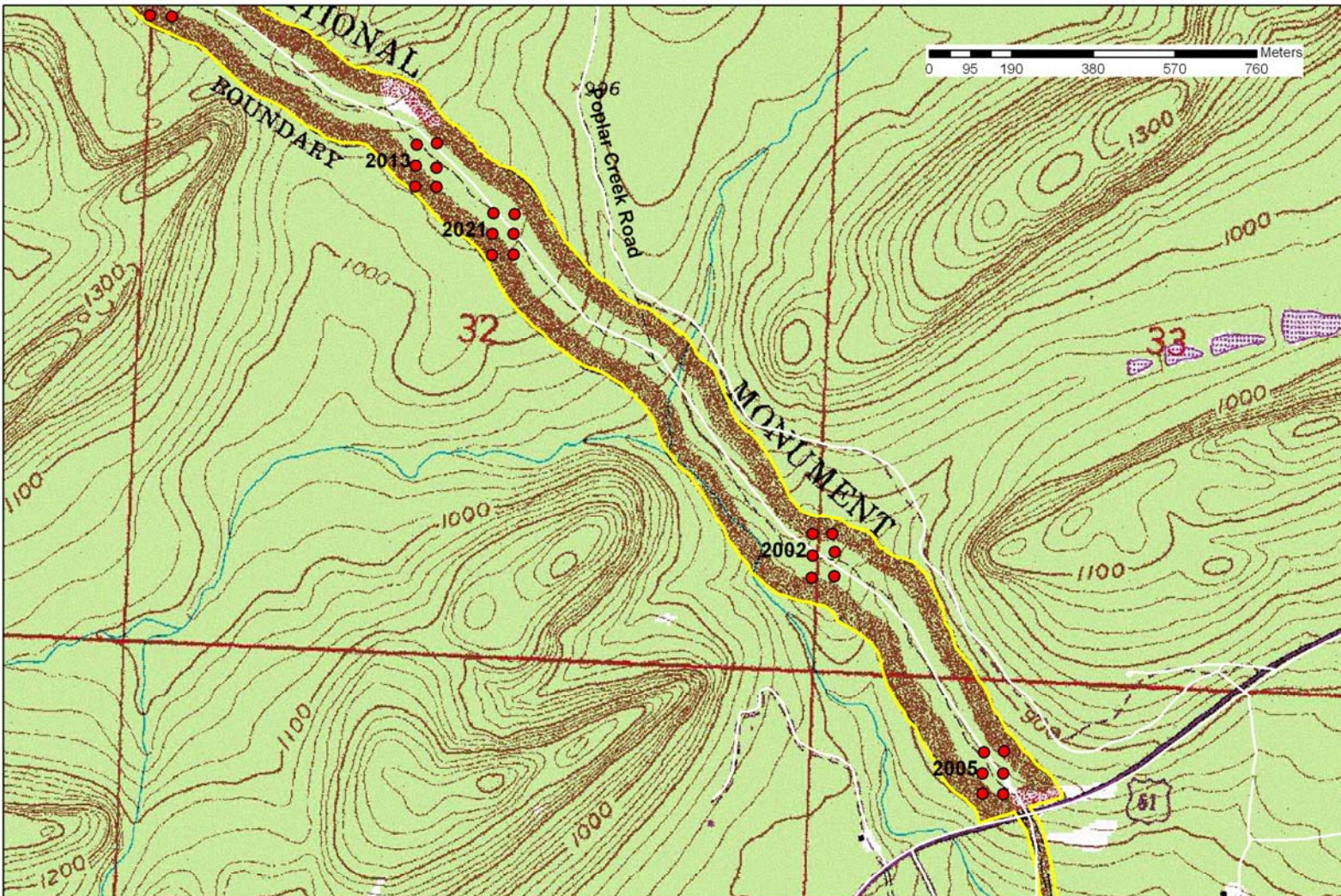


Plot 2020 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



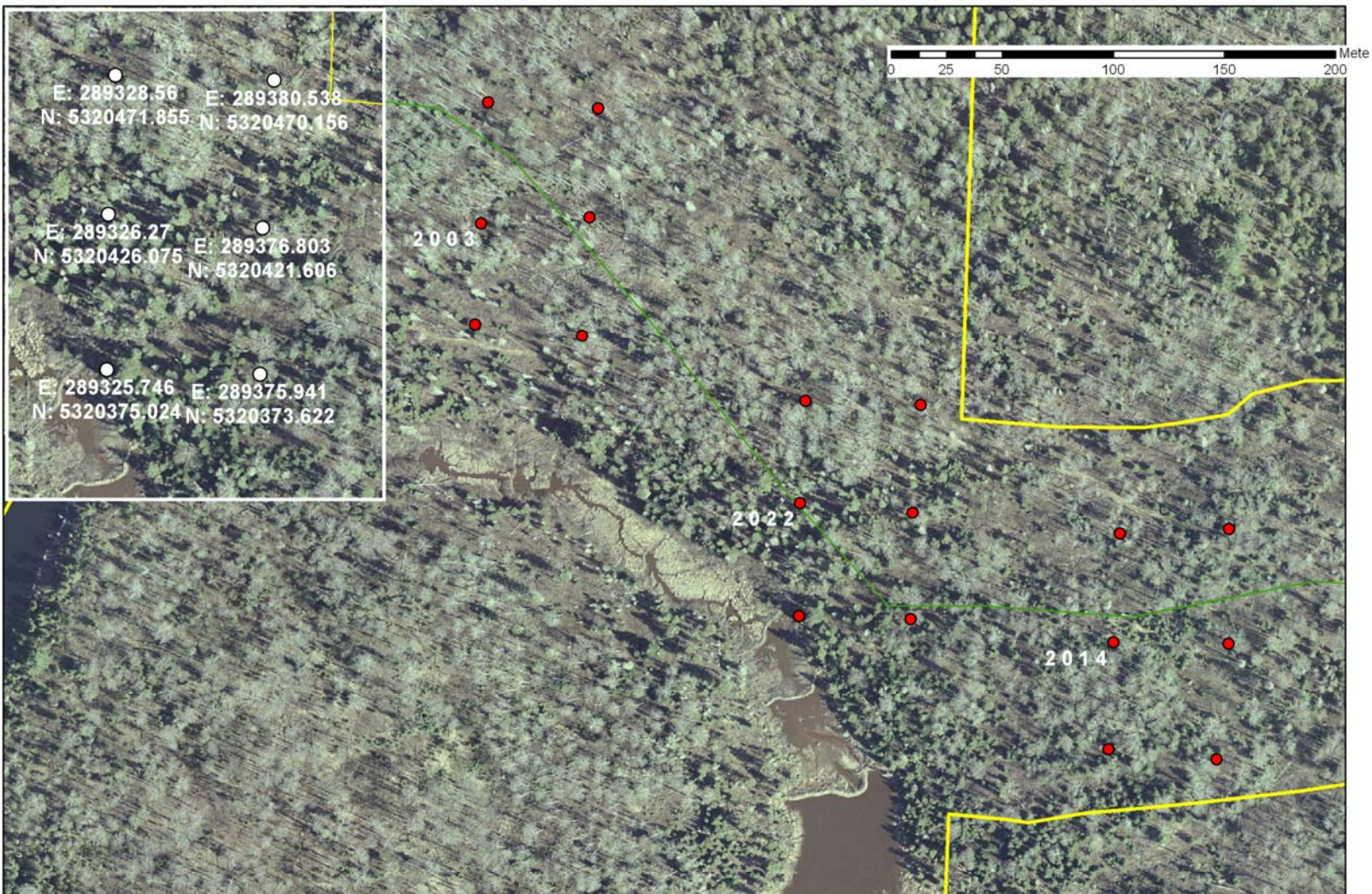
Plot 2021 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

Navigate to this plot via Poplar Creek Rd.

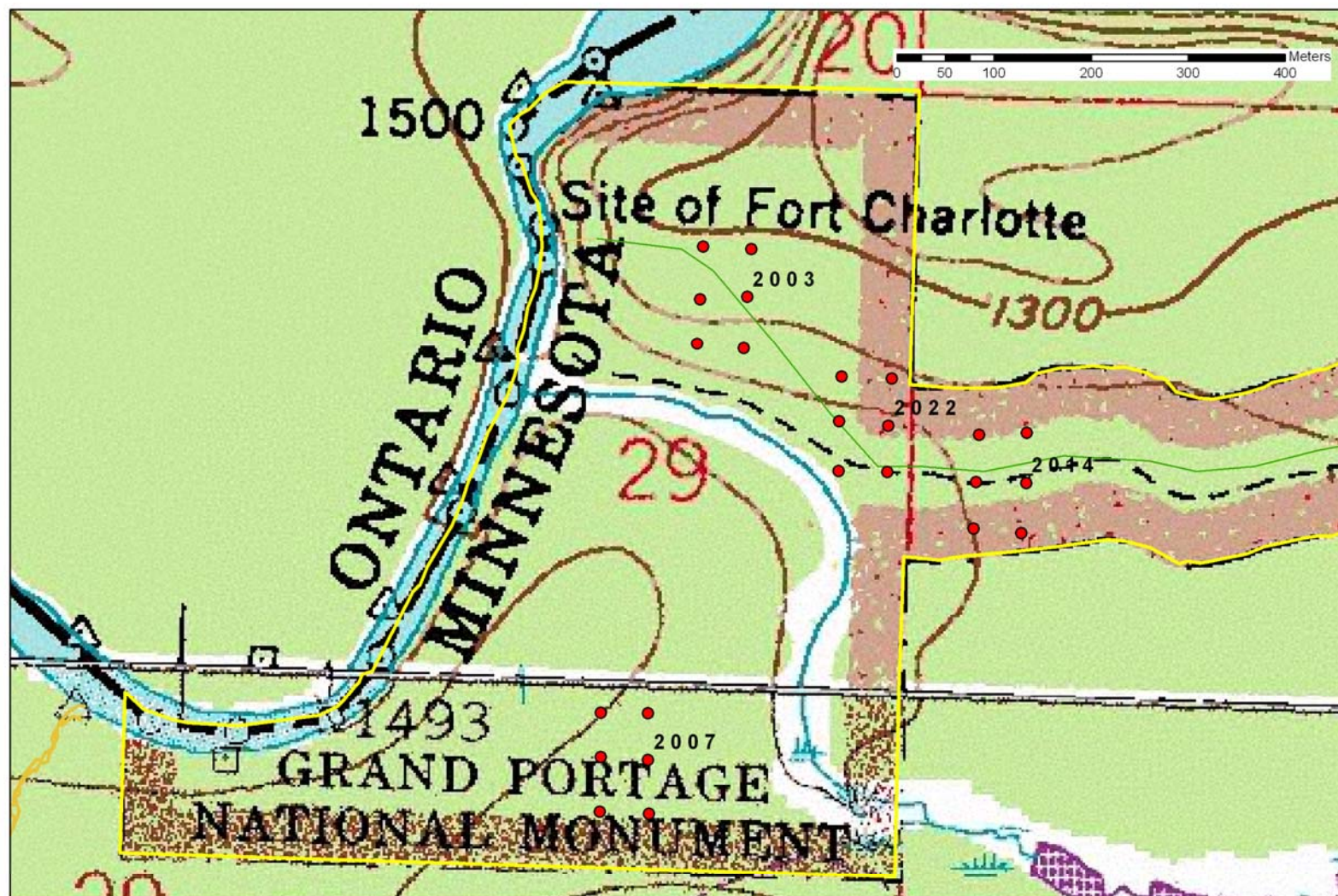


Plot 2021 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

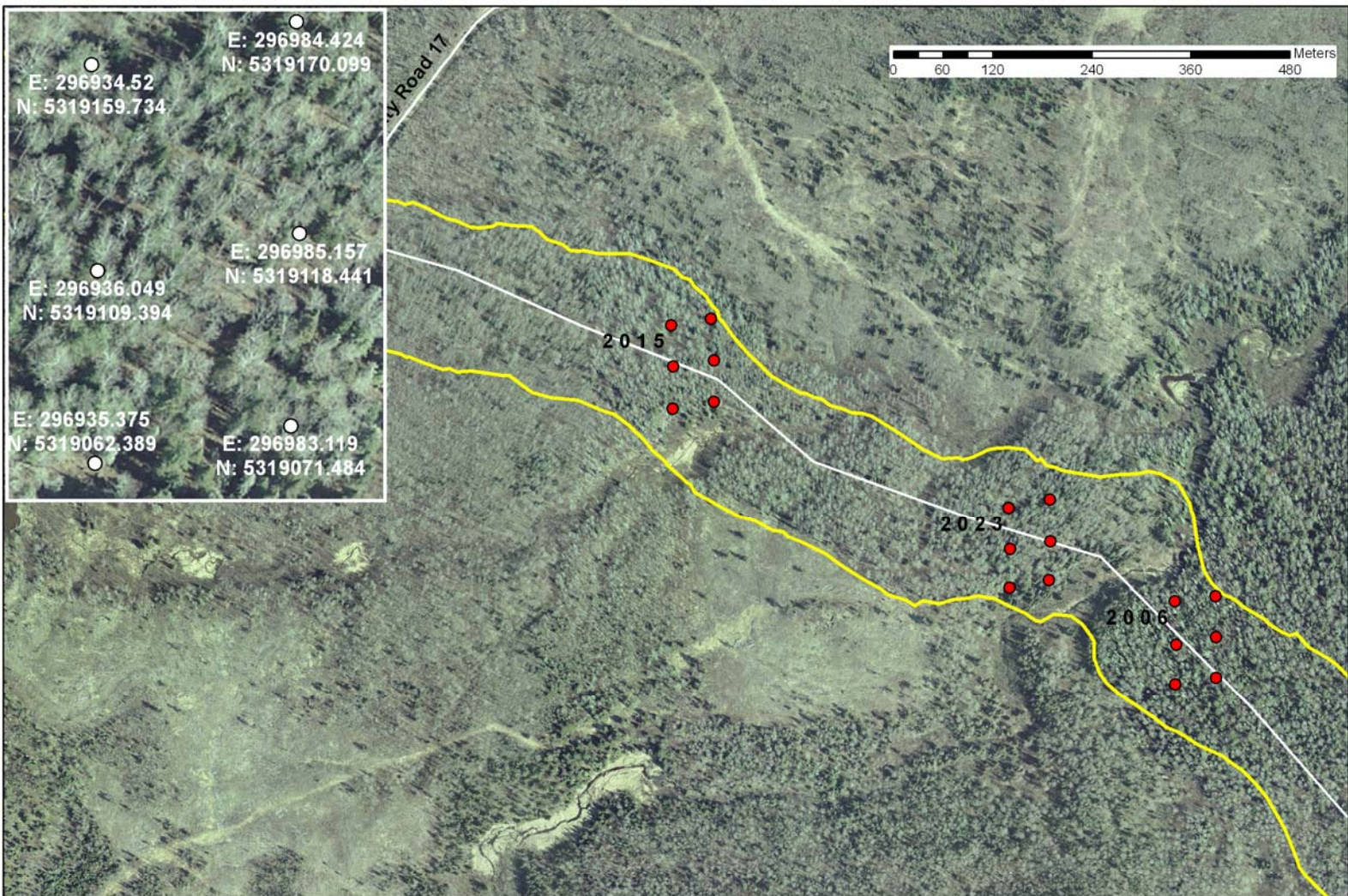
Navigate to this plot via Poplar Creek Rd.



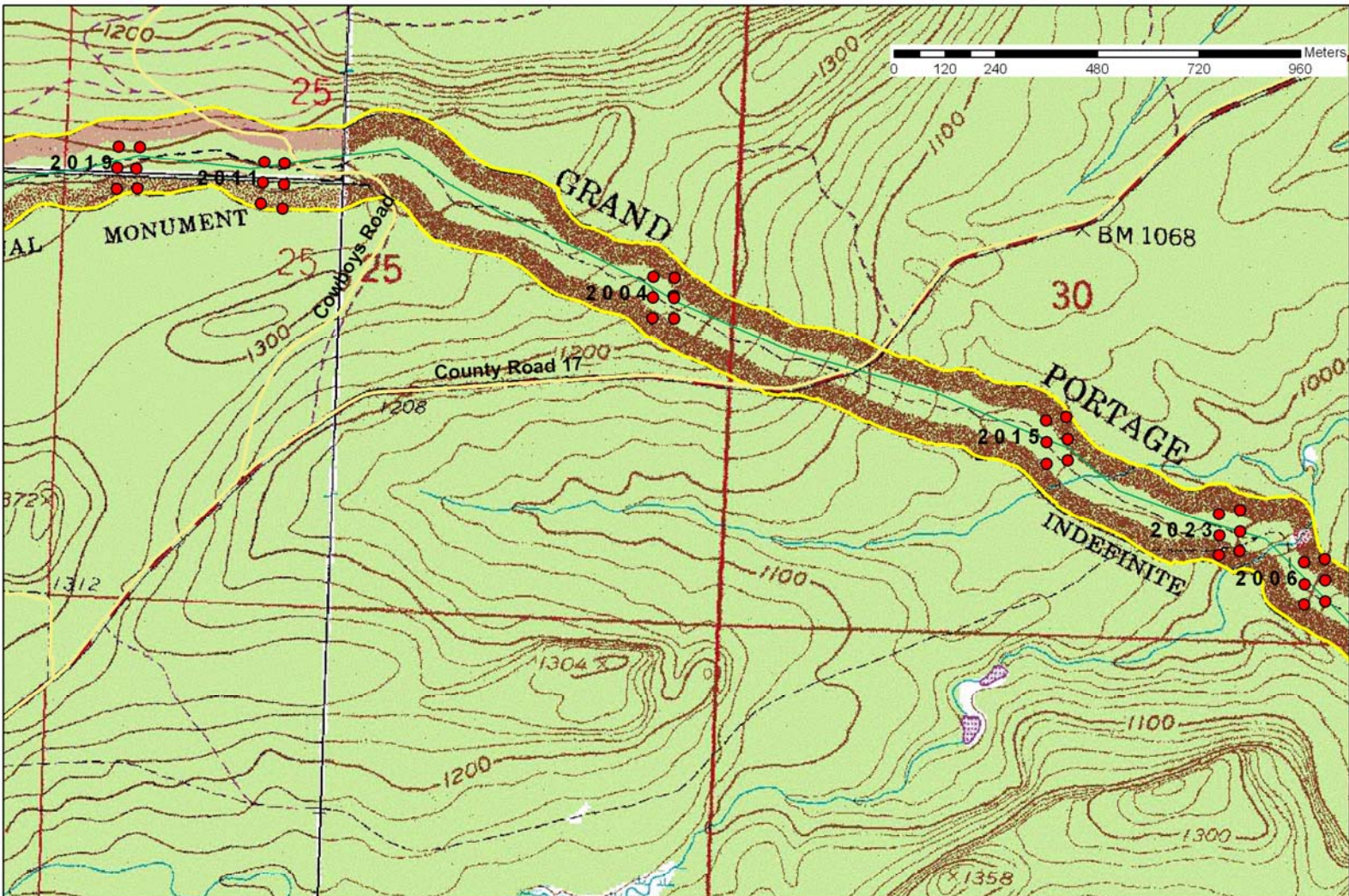
Plot 2022 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



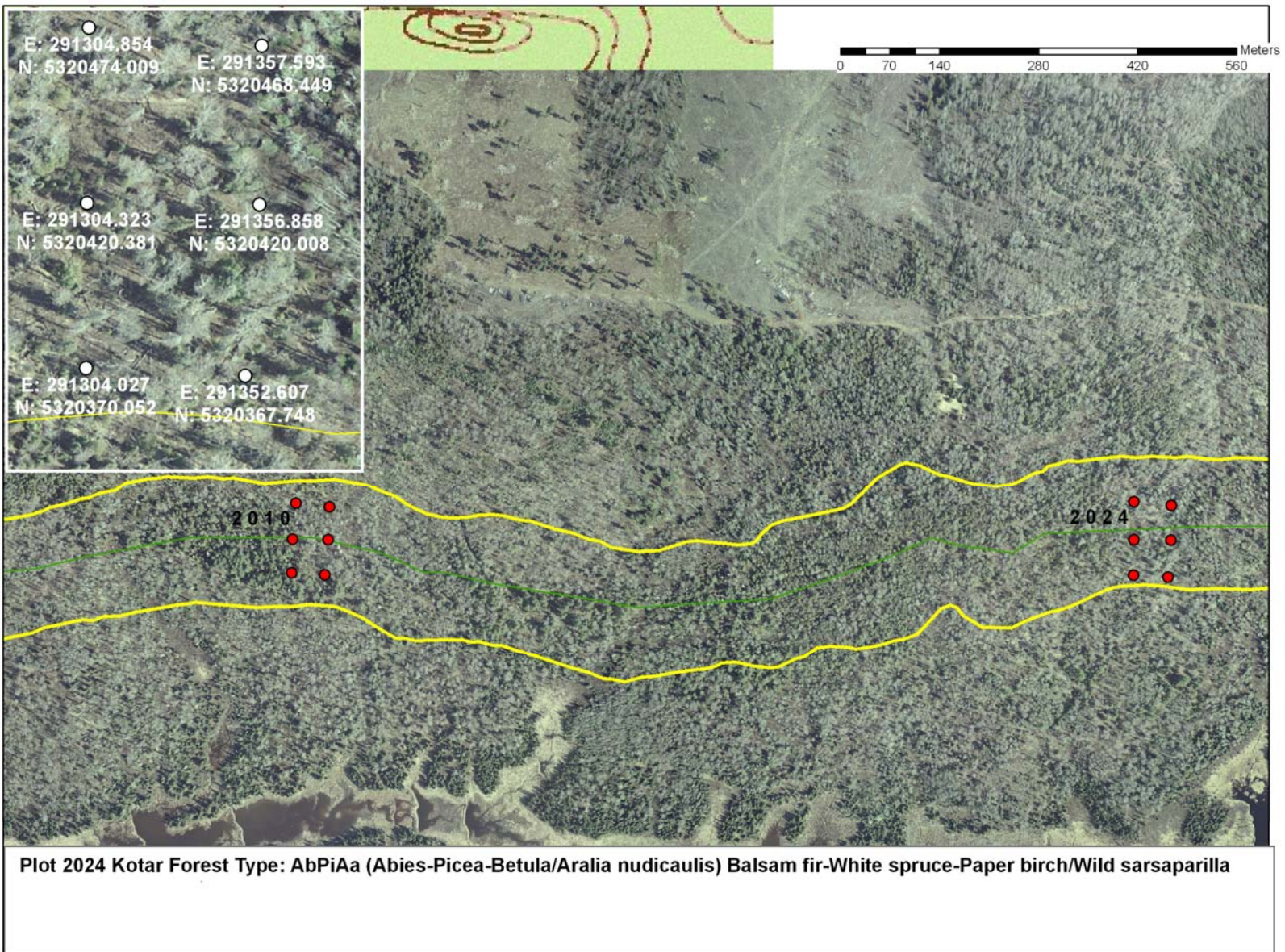
Plot 2022 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

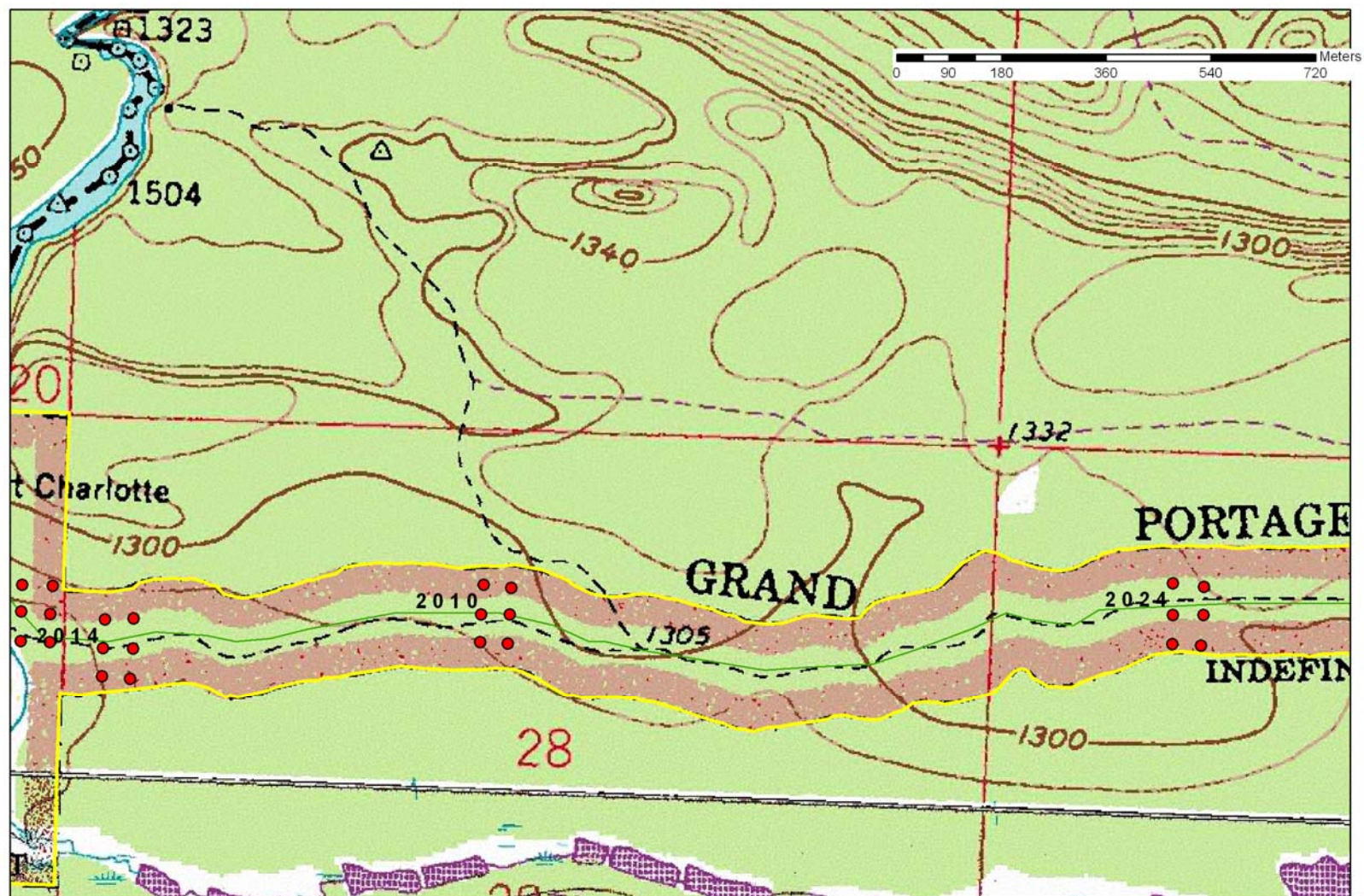


Plot 2023 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla



Plot 2023 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla





Plot 2024 Kotar Forest Type: AbPiAa (Abies-Picea-Betula/Aralia nudicaulis) Balsam fir-White spruce-Paper birch/Wild sarsaparilla

Appendix B

Complete Species List of Plants Sampled

Species Encountered during Site Visits - by Park

Park: GRPO Year: 2007

Species

HERB

Alismataceae

Sagittaria latifolia

Apiaceae

Cicuta bulbifera
Heracleum maximum
Osmorhiza longistylis
Osmorhiza sp.
Sanicula marilandica

Apocynaceae

Apocynum androsaemifolium

Araliaceae

Aralia nudicaulis

Aristolochiaceae

Asarum canadense

Asteraceae

Achillea millefolium
Anaphalis margaritacea
Cirsium sp.
Eupatorium maculatum
Eupatorium sp.
Eurybia macrophylla
Hieracium scabrum
Hieracium sp.
Lactuca sp.
Leucanthemum vulgare
Petasites frigidus var. palmatus
Prenanthes alba
Solidago simplex
Solidago sp.
Symphyotrichum puniceum var. puniceum
Taraxacum officinale

Balsaminaceae

Impatiens capensis

Boraginaceae

Mertensia virginica

Brassicaceae

Cardamine sp.

Caprifoliaceae

Linnaea borealis ssp. americana

Cornaceae

Cornus canadensis

Cyperaceae

Carex crinita var. crinita
Carex gracillima
Carex intumescens
Carex lacustris
Carex norvegica
Carex retrorsa
Carex sp.
Carex stipata
Scirpus sp.

HERB

Dennstaedtiaceae

Pteridium aquilinum var. latiusculum

Dryopteridaceae

Athyrium filix-femina ssp. angustum
Dryopteris carthusiana
Dryopteris sp.
Gymnocarpium dryopteris
Onoclea sensibilis

Equisetaceae

Equisetum pratense
Equisetum sp.

Fabaceae

Trifolium pratense
Trifolium repens

Gentianaceae

Halenia deflexa

Iridaceae

Iris versicolor
Sisyrinchium montanum

Lamiaceae

Lycopus americanus
Mentha arvensis
Prunella vulgaris

Lemnaceae

Lemna minor

Liliaceae

Clintonia borealis
Lilium philadelphicum
Maianthemum canadense
Polygonatum pubescens
Streptopus amplexifolius
Streptopus lanceolatus var. roseus
Trillium cernuum

Lycopodiaceae

Huperzia sp.
Lycopodium annotinum
Lycopodium clavatum
Lycopodium complanatum
Lycopodium sp.

Onagraceae

Chamerion angustifolium
Circaea alpina ssp. alpina

Orchidaceae

Corallorhiza maculata

Osmundaceae

Osmunda claytoniana

Papaveraceae

Sanguinaria canadensis

Plantaginaceae

Plantago major

Poaceae

Oryzopsis asperifolia
Phleum pratense

Species Encountered during Site Visits - by Park

HERB

Poaceae

Poa compressa
Poaceae sp.

Primulaceae

Trientalis borealis

Pyrolaceae

Moneses uniflora
Orthilia secunda
Pyrola asarifolia
Pyrola minor

Ranunculaceae

Actaea sp.
Anemone canadensis
Anemone quinquefolia var. quinquefolia
Aquilegia canadensis
Caltha palustris
Coptis trifolia
Ranunculus acris
Ranunculus hispidus
Ranunculus pensylvanicus
Thalictrum dasycarpum

Rosaceae

Agrimonia striata
Fragaria virginiana
Geum sp.
Potentilla norvegica
Potentilla sp.
Rubus pensilvanicus

Rubiaceae

Galium aparine
Galium sp.
Galium triflorum

Saxifragaceae

Mitella nuda

Thelypteridaceae

Phegopteris connectilis
Thelypteris palustris

Violaceae

Viola sp.

HERBACEOUS VINE

Fabaceae

Lathyrus venosus
Vicia americana
Vicia villosa

SHRUB

Betulaceae

Alnus incana ssp. rugosa
Alnus viridis ssp. crispa
Corylus cornuta var. cornuta

Caprifoliaceae

Diervilla lonicera
Lonicera canadensis
Lonicera hirsuta

SHRUB

Caprifoliaceae

Lonicera oblongifolia
Sambucus racemosa
Viburnum rafinesquianum

Cornaceae

Cornus sericea

Cupressaceae

Juniperus communis var. depressa

Ericaceae

Vaccinium angustifolium
Vaccinium myrtilloides

Grossulariaceae

Ribes glandulosum
Ribes hirtellum
Ribes lacustre
Ribes oxyacanthoides
Ribes sp.
Ribes triste

Rhamnaceae

Rhamnus alnifolia

Rosaceae

Amelanchier sp.
Rosa acicularis
Rosa blanda
Rubus idaeus ssp. strigosus
Rubus parviflorus
Rubus pubescens

Salicaceae

Salix sp.

Taxaceae

Taxus canadensis

TREE

Aceraceae

Acer rubrum
Acer saccharum
Acer spicatum

Betulaceae

Betula papyrifera

Cupressaceae

Thuja occidentalis

Oleaceae

Fraxinus nigra

Pinaceae

Abies balsamea
Picea glauca
Picea mariana
Pinus strobus

Rosaceae

Crataegus douglasii
Prunus virginiana
Sorbus decora

Species Encountered during Site Visits - by Park

TREE

Salicaceae

Populus balsamifera
Populus tremuloides
Salix bebbiana
Salix sp.

Ulmaceae

Ulmus americana

Appendix C

Individual Plot Data

Density and Basal Area of Tree Species (Live trees)

Plot: 2002	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	122.2	0.1
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	166.7	2.0
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	288.9	14.0
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	11.1	0.0
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	1700.0	11.5
<i>Picea glauca</i>	22.2	0.5
TOTAL	2,311.1	28.2

Plot: 2003	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	77.8	0.1
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	88.9	1.7
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	122.2	1.4
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	733.3	3.5
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	11.1	0.0
<i>Salix sp.</i>	11.1	0.0
<i>Sorbus decora</i>	11.1	0.0
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	377.8	2.0
<i>Picea glauca</i>	11.1	0.0
TOTAL	1,444.4	8.8

Plot: 2004	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	588.9	0.6
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	100.0	0.8
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	11.1	0.0
<i>Populus balsamifera</i>	11.1	0.2
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	211.1	15.5
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	588.9	4.0
<i>Picea glauca</i>	44.4	1.7
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	55.6	7.6
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	11.1	1.5
TOTAL	1,622.2	31.8

Plot: 2005	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer saccharum</i>	11.1	0.0
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	122.2	0.2
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	155.6	1.9
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	266.7	12.6
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	44.4	0.0
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	1022.2	11.2
<i>Picea glauca</i>	211.1	4.4
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	33.3	1.7
TOTAL	1,866.7	32.1

Plot: 2006	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	300.0	0.4
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	144.4	4.6
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	100.0	11.4
<i>Sorbus decora</i>	11.1	0.0
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	1500.0	7.7
<i>Picea glauca</i>	188.9	1.7
TOTAL	2,244.4	25.9

Plot: 2007	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	66.7	0.1
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	166.7	0.2
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	100.0	2.7
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	66.7	10.1
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	344.4	1.2
<i>Picea mariana</i>	22.2	0.5
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	77.8	4.8
TOTAL	844.4	19.5

Plot: 2008	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	355.6	0.5
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	111.1	2.4
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	44.4	0.1
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	155.6	17.5
<i>Ulmus americana</i>	11.1	0.0
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	833.3	3.8
<i>Picea glauca</i>	22.2	1.3
TOTAL	1,533.3	25.7

Plot: 2010	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	11.1	0.0
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	100.0	2.4
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	77.8	0.3
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	233.3	14.1
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	266.7	0.8
<i>Picea glauca</i>	55.6	0.7
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	22.2	4.9
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	88.9	2.7
TOTAL	855.6	26.0

Plot: 2011	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	566.7	0.6
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	66.7	2.8
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	111.1	1.3
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	166.7	6.2
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	11.1	0.0
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	611.1	2.8
<i>Picea glauca</i>	88.9	5.1
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	11.1	2.3
TOTAL	1,633.3	21.1

Plot: 2012	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	211.1	0.2
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	77.8	2.8
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	422.2	5.0
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	977.8	7.4
<i>Picea glauca</i>	33.3	0.1
TOTAL	1,722.2	15.5

Plot: 2013	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	377.8	0.5
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	22.2	0.6
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	66.7	5.4
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	1000.0	4.3
<i>Picea glauca</i>	77.8	4.8
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	66.7	9.7
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	55.6	3.3
TOTAL	1,666.7	28.5

Plot: 2014	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	44.4	0.0
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	22.2	0.1
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	100.0	11.7
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	1277.8	10.1
<i>Picea glauca</i>	11.1	0.4
TOTAL	1,455.6	22.4

Plot: 2015	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	222.2	0.2
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	188.9	3.4
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	22.2	0.0
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	144.4	14.4
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	233.3	10.5
<i>Picea glauca</i>	22.2	0.5
TOTAL	833.3	29.1

Plot: 2018	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	422.2	0.5
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	200.0	8.2
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	77.8	11.9
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	511.1	7.8
<i>Picea glauca</i>	55.6	2.2
TOTAL	1,266.7	30.5

Plot: 2019	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	411.1	0.5
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	122.2	2.0
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	233.3	3.1
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	11.1	0.0
<i>Sorbus decora</i>	22.2	0.0
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	800.0	3.8
<i>Picea glauca</i>	33.3	2.9
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	33.3	2.9
TOTAL	1,666.7	15.3

Plot: 2020	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	466.7	0.5
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	100.0	1.7
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	322.2	4.7
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	22.2	0.2
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	366.7	2.2
<i>Picea glauca</i>	122.2	1.7
TOTAL	1,400.0	11.0

Plot: 2021	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	433.3	0.6
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	88.9	2.6
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	300.0	19.3
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	711.1	7.2
<i>Picea glauca</i>	44.4	1.3
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	11.1	0.5
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	33.3	0.2
TOTAL	1,622.2	31.8

Plot: 2022	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	55.6	0.0
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	122.2	1.9
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	144.4	8.8
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	11.1	0.0
<i>Salix sp.</i>	11.1	0.0
<i>Sorbus decora</i>	11.1	0.0
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	722.2	4.4
<i>Picea mariana</i>	111.1	3.9
TOTAL	1,188.9	19.1

Plot: 2023	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	77.8	0.1
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	44.4	0.4
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	188.9	18.3
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	11.1	0.0
<i>Sorbus decora</i>	11.1	0.0
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	366.7	6.7
<i>Picea glauca</i>	177.8	3.0
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	33.3	4.0
TOTAL	911.1	32.6

Plot: 2024	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	288.9	0.4
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	133.3	4.4
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	200.0	2.0
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	411.1	12.4
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	22.2	0.0
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	322.2	4.9
<i>Picea mariana</i>	55.6	3.7
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	33.3	1.3
TOTAL	1,466.7	29.1

Density and Basal Area of Tree Species (Dead trees)

Plot: 2002	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	22.2	0.0
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	111.1	2.1
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	133.3	5.5
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	44.4	0.0
softwood / hardwood		
unknown dead tree	133.3	0.4
TOTAL	444.4	8.1

Plot: 2003	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	133.3	0.3
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	11.1	1.3
softwood / hardwood		
unknown dead tree	88.9	2.5
TOTAL	233.3	4.1

Plot: 2004	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	88.9	0.1
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	166.7	4.0
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	133.3	12.1
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	11.1	0.4
softwood / hardwood		
unknown dead tree	33.3	0.5
TOTAL	433.3	17.1

Plot: 2005	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	33.3	0.0
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	22.2	0.2
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	44.4	0.5
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	55.6	1.2
<i>Picea glauca</i>	66.7	3.0
softwood / hardwood		
unknown dead tree	66.7	1.3
TOTAL	288.9	6.3

Plot: 2006	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	11.1	0.0
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	77.8	3.9
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	11.1	1.4
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	55.6	1.7
<i>Picea glauca</i>	22.2	1.2
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	22.2	2.7
softwood / hardwood		
unknown dead tree	77.8	3.0
TOTAL	277.8	13.8

Plot: 2007	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	33.3	0.0
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	33.3	0.1
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	11.1	0.2
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	22.2	3.5
softwood / hardwood		
unknown dead tree	188.9	6.1
TOTAL	288.9	9.8

Plot: 2008	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	66.7	0.2
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	44.4	3.7
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	11.1	0.0
TOTAL	122.2	3.9

Plot: 2010	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	11.1	0.0
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	22.2	0.8
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	77.8	2.4
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	11.1	1.3
softwood / hardwood		
unknown dead tree	22.2	0.3
TOTAL	144.4	4.9

Plot: 2011	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	211.1	0.3
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	22.2	3.1
softwood		
<i>Picea glauca</i>	11.1	0.1
softwood / hardwood		
<i>unknown dead tree</i>	188.9	2.3
TOTAL	433.3	5.7

Plot: 2012	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	155.6	0.1
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	22.2	3.6
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	100.0	11.4
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	11.1	0.2
<i>Picea glauca</i>	11.1	1.3
softwood / hardwood		
<i>unknown dead tree</i>	22.2	1.2
TOTAL	322.2	17.7

Plot: 2013	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	88.9	0.2
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	66.7	2.9
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	33.3	2.7
softwood		
<i>Picea glauca</i>	22.2	1.3
softwood / hardwood		
<i>unknown dead tree</i>	44.4	1.5
TOTAL	255.6	8.6

Plot: 2014	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	100.0	8.8
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	22.2	0.0
TOTAL	122.2	8.8

Plot: 2015	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	44.4	0.1
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	66.7	1.2
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	133.3	11.1
softwood / hardwood		
<i>unknown dead tree</i>	11.1	0.4
TOTAL	255.6	12.8

Plot: 2018	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	22.2	0.0
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	200.0	6.6
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	11.1	1.1
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	22.2	1.3
<i>Picea glauca</i>	11.1	0.0
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	11.1	0.3
TOTAL	277.8	9.3

Plot: 2019	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	77.8	0.1
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	33.3	1.3
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	11.1	0.4
softwood / hardwood		
<i>unknown dead tree</i>	288.9	4.5
TOTAL	411.1	6.2

Plot: 2020	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	522.2	0.7
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	55.6	3.2
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	33.3	7.4
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	44.4	0.1
softwood / hardwood		
<i>unknown dead tree</i>	266.7	4.3
TOTAL	922.2	15.5

Plot: 2021	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	100.0	0.2
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	111.1	3.1
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	155.6	8.5
softwood / hardwood		
<i>unknown dead tree</i>	22.2	0.0
TOTAL	388.9	11.7

Plot: 2022	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	88.9	0.9
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	11.1	3.8
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	22.2	0.9
<i>Picea mariana</i>	11.1	0.8
softwood / hardwood		
<i>unknown dead tree</i>	77.8	1.3
TOTAL	211.1	7.8

Plot: 2023	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	11.1	0.0
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	22.2	0.1
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	55.6	3.4
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	33.3	2.2
TOTAL	122.2	5.8

Plot: 2024	Density (individuals / ha)	Basal Area (m ² / ha)
Species		
hardwood		
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	66.7	2.4
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	22.2	0.4
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	33.3	3.3
softwood		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	33.3	2.5
<i>Picea mariana</i>	22.2	0.7
softwood / hardwood		
<i>unknown dead tree</i>	11.1	0.3
TOTAL	188.9	9.6

Frequency of Species in Groundlayer Quadrats

Plot: 2002

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.23
<i>Agrimonia striata</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Alnus viridis</i> ssp. <i>crispa</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.63
<i>Carex gracillima</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.13
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.20
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.17
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.13
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.33
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.13
<i>Equisetum</i> sp.	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.87
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.27
<i>Galium aparine</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Heracleum maximum</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Impatiens capensis</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.27
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.17
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.13
<i>Moneses uniflora</i>	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.17
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.10
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Prenanthes alba</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.10
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> var. <i>latiusculum</i>	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.10
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.33
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Ribes triste</i>	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.10
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.20
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.30
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.27
<i>Solidago</i> sp.	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.23
<i>Thalictrum dasycarpum</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03

Plot: 2003

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.10
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	0.1	0.8	0.0	0.30
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.17
<i>Apocynum androsaemifolium</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.40
<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i> ssp. <i>angustum</i>	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.13
<i>Caltha palustris</i>	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.10
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.17
<i>Chamerion angustifolium</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.27
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.10
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.23
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.20
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.17
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.17
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.30
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.43
<i>Impatiens capensis</i>	0.1	1.0	0.5	0.53
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.17
<i>Mentha arvensis</i>	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.23
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.23
<i>Oryzopsis asperifolia</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.33
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> var. <i>latiusculum</i>	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.17
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.10
<i>Ribes triste</i>	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.13
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.10
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.60
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.2	0.0	0.6	0.27
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.23
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.23
<i>Symphyotrichum puniceum</i> var. <i>puniceum</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Thalictrum dasycarpum</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Trientalis borealis</i>	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.10

Plot: 2004

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.20
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.17
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.10
<i>Alnus viridis</i> ssp. <i>crispa</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.10
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.17
<i>Apocynum androsaemifolium</i>	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.13
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.9	0.4	0.9	0.73
<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i> ssp. <i>angustum</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.20
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.07
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.07
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.0	0.5	0.3	0.27
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	0.7	0.8	1.0	0.83
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.20
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.10
<i>Lathyrus venosus</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.20
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.23
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.17
<i>Moneses uniflora</i>	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.17
<i>Oryzopsis asperifolia</i>	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
<i>Petasites frigidus</i> var. <i>palmatus</i>	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.13
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.27
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.10
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> var. <i>latiusculum</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.30
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.13
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.8	0.2	0.7	0.57
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.60
<i>Sanicula marilandica</i>	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.17
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.10
<i>Trillium cernuum</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03

Plot: 2005

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.20
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.10
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.57
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.10
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.13
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.23
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.53
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.93
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.13
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.10
<i>Lathyrus venosus</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Linnaea borealis</i> ssp. <i>americana</i>	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.10
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.27
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
<i>Phleum pratense</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Poa compressa</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.13
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> var. <i>latiusculum</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
<i>Pyrola minor</i>	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.23
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.7	0.2	0.7	0.53
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Sanicula marilandica</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Solidago simplex</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.10
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Viola</i> sp.	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03

Plot: 2006

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.27
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.10
<i>Alnus viridis</i> ssp. <i>crispa</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.17
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.8	0.1	0.9	0.60
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.17
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.6	0.1	0.8	0.50
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.13
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.60
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Gymnocarpium dryopteris</i>	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
<i>Linnaea borealis</i> ssp. <i>americana</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.23
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.10
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.23
<i>Moneses uniflora</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Picea mariana</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Plantago major</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Prenanthes alba</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.20
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Ribes glandulosum</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Ribes triste</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.17
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.43
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.47
<i>Sorbus decora</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.23
<i>Trientalis borealis</i>	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.10

Plot: 2007

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.10
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.30
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.23
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.6	1.0	0.3	0.63
<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i> ssp. <i>angustum</i>	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.13
<i>Cardamine</i> sp.	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.30
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.9	1.0	0.3	0.73
<i>Coptis trifolia</i>	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.57
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.17
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.23
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.17
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.57
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.17
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.7	0.8	0.1	0.53
<i>Impatiens capensis</i>	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.37
<i>Lathyrus venosus</i>	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.20
<i>Lonicera oblongifolia</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Lycopodium clavatum</i>	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.17
<i>Lycopodium complanatum</i>	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.23
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.33
<i>Mentha arvensis</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.10
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.43
<i>Moneses uniflora</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Osmunda claytoniana</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Petasites frigidus</i> var. <i>palmatus</i>	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.20
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.57
<i>Polygonatum pubescens</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.10
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Ribes triste</i>	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.43
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.10
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	0.8	0.7	0.3	0.60
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.9	0.8	0.3	0.67
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.47
<i>Trientalis borealis</i>	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.13
<i>Viola</i> sp.	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.20

Plot: 2008

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.17
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.17
<i>Apocynum androsaemifolium</i>	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.07
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.9	0.2	0.6	0.57
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.37
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.8	0.0	0.3	0.37
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.07
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.17
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.17
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.13
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.83
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.30
<i>Heracleum maximum</i>	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.13
<i>Impatiens capensis</i>	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.20
<i>Lathyrus venosus</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Linnaea borealis</i> ssp. <i>americana</i>	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.10
<i>Lycopodium</i> sp.	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.33
<i>Mentha arvensis</i>	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.17
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.30
<i>Petasites frigidus</i> var. <i>palmatus</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.20
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.17
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> var. <i>latiusculum</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Ribes triste</i>	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.10
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.20
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.10
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.3	0.0	0.7	0.33
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.40
<i>Sanicula marilandica</i>	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.13
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.23
<i>Trientalis borealis</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Trillium cernuum</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03

Plot: 2010

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.27
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.10
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.37
<i>Apocynum androsaemifolium</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.37
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.20
<i>Chamerion angustifolium</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.3	0.6	0.8	0.57
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.2	0.7	0.1	0.33
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.13
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.27
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.27
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.13
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.63
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.23
<i>Impatiens capensis</i>	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.20
<i>Lathyrus venosus</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Linnaea borealis</i> ssp. <i>americana</i>	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.17
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.20
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.13
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.13
<i>Moneses uniflora</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Petasites frigidus</i> var. <i>palmatus</i>	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.13
<i>Picea glauca</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.27
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Prenanthes alba</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> var. <i>latiusculum</i>	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.23
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Ranunculus hispidus</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.33
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.33
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.20
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.33
<i>Sanicula marilandica</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Scirpus</i> sp.	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.17
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Viburnum rafinesquianum</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03

Plot: 2011

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.27
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.17
<i>Actaea</i> sp.	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.50
<i>Apocynum androsaemifolium</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.8	0.1	0.6	0.50
<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i> ssp. <i>angustum</i>	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.10
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.33
<i>Chamerion angustifolium</i>	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.10
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.30
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.20
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.20
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.10
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.90
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.20
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.13
<i>Gymnocarpium dryopteris</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Impatiens capensis</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Linnaea borealis</i> ssp. <i>americana</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.10
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.17
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.13
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.7	0.3	0.8	0.60
<i>Moneses uniflora</i>	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.13
<i>Oryzopsis asperifolia</i>	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.10
<i>Petasites frigidus</i> var. <i>palmatus</i>	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.17
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.13
<i>Populus balsamifera</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.10
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.10
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> var. <i>latiusculum</i>	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.13
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.13
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.07
<i>Ribes oxyacanthoides</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Ribes</i> sp.	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Ribes triste</i>	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.27
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.13
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.4	0.5	0.0	0.30
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.50
<i>Sanicula marilandica</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Sorbus decora</i>	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.13
<i>Taxus canadensis</i>	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.10
<i>Trientalis borealis</i>	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.10
<i>Trillium cernuum</i>	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.13
<i>Viola</i> sp.	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03

Plot: 2012

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.37
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.47
<i>Actaea</i> sp.	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Agrimonia striata</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.17
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.67
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.10
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.33
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.87
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.70
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.7	0.3	0.0	0.33
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.17
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.20
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.90
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.07
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.33
<i>Gymnocarpium dryopteris</i>	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.10
<i>Lathyrus venosus</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Linnaea borealis</i> ssp. <i>americana</i>	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.20
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.37
<i>Lycopodium clavatum</i>	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.30
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.7	0.4	0.8	0.63
<i>Petasites frigidus</i> var. <i>palmatus</i>	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.23
<i>Phegopteris connectilis</i>	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.10
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.10
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.17
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Ribes triste</i>	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.20
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.13
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.27
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.3	0.3	1.0	0.53
<i>Sanicula marilandica</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Sorbus decora</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Streptopus amplexifolius</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.40
<i>Trientalis borealis</i>	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.17
<i>Viola</i> sp.	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07

Plot: 2013

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.27
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	0.4	0.2	0.8	0.47
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Alnus viridis</i> ssp. <i>crispa</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.7	0.2	0.6	0.50
<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i> ssp. <i>angustum</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.23
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.30
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.40
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.17
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.63
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.20
<i>Linnaea borealis</i> ssp. <i>americana</i>	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.17
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Lycopodium annotinum</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.0	0.4	0.6	0.33
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.4	0.7	0.2	0.43
<i>Petasites frigidus</i> var. <i>palmatus</i>	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.17
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.13
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.20
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.33
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.80
<i>Sorbus decora</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.10

Plot: 2014

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.10
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Actaea</i> sp.	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.13
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.20
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.47
<i>Asarum canadense</i>	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.10
<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i> ssp. <i>angustum</i>	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Carex norvegica</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.20
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.57
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.27
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.13
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.50
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.17
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.43
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.40
<i>Geum</i> sp.	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Huperzia</i> sp.	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Impatiens capensis</i>	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.27
<i>Lathyrus venosus</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Lycopodium</i> sp.	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.17
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.23
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.37
<i>Phleum pratense</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Plantago major</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.27
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.07
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Ribes triste</i>	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.13
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.17
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	0.2	0.6	0.5	0.43
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.17
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.33
<i>Sanicula marilandica</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.13
<i>Trientalis borealis</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Trillium cernuum</i>	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.07
<i>Vicia americana</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Viola</i> sp.	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.13

Plot: 2015

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Actaea</i> sp.	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Agrimonia striata</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.17
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.13
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.80
<i>Asarum canadense</i>	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.13
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.10
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.13
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.17
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.13
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.87
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.10
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
<i>Heracleum maximum</i>	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.23
<i>Impatiens capensis</i>	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.17
<i>Lactuca</i> sp.	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Lonicera hirsuta</i>	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.13
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.20
<i>Mentha arvensis</i>	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.17
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.27
<i>Oryzopsis asperifolia</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Osmorhiza longistylis</i>	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
<i>Osmunda claytoniana</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.43
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.13
<i>Prenanthes alba</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.20
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> var. <i>latiusculum</i>	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.10
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.30
<i>Ribes hirtellum</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Ribes triste</i>	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.17
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	0.8	0.7	0.2	0.57
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.13
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.23
<i>Sanguinaria canadensis</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Sanicula marilandica</i>	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.20
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Thalictrum dasycarpum</i>	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.10
<i>Trillium cernuum</i>	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.10
<i>Viola</i> sp.	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.20

Plot: 2018

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.20
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.27
<i>Agrimonia striata</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Alnus viridis</i> ssp. <i>crispa</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.23
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.17
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.8	0.4	0.9	0.70
<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i> ssp. <i>angustum</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Carex gracillima</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.30
<i>Chamerion angustifolium</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.23
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.0	0.5	0.7	0.40
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.10
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.3	0.0	0.7	0.33
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	0.5	0.4	1.0	0.63
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.30
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Lathyrus venosus</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Lonicera hirsuta</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.47
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.30
<i>Moneses uniflora</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Picea glauca</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Plantago major</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.17
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.10
<i>Prenanthes alba</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> var. <i>latiusculum</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.33
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Ribes triste</i>	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.13
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.17
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.10
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.57
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.67
<i>Sanicula marilandica</i>	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.10
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.13
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03

Plot: 2019

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
Abies balsamea	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
Acer spicatum	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.17
Actaea sp.	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
Alnus incana ssp. rugosa	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
Amelanchier sp.	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
Anemone quinquefolia var. quinquefolia	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.73
Apocynum androsaemifolium	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.17
Aralia nudicaulis	0.9	0.8	0.3	0.67
Betula papyrifera	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
Carex sp.	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.30
Chamerion angustifolium	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
Clintonia borealis	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.53
Cornus canadensis	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.50
Cornus sericea	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
Corylus cornuta var. cornuta	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.40
Diervilla lonicera	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.07
Dryopteris sp.	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
Equisetum pratense	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
Eurybia macrophylla	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.90
Fragaria virginiana	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.13
Galium triflorum	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.20
Impatiens capensis	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
Lathyrus venosus	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.13
Linnaea borealis ssp. americana	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.33
Lonicera canadensis	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.17
Maianthemum canadense	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.60
Mertensia virginica	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
Mitella nuda	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.43
Moneses uniflora	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.10
Oryzopsis asperifolia	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.23
Poaceae sp.	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.17
Populus tremuloides	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.10
Prunus virginiana	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
Pteridium aquilinum var. latiusculum	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
Pyrola asarifolia	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.20
Ribes triste	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.10
Rosa acicularis	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.13
Rubus idaeus ssp. strigosus	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.10
Rubus parviflorus	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.27
Rubus pubescens	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.40
Solidago sp.	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
Sorbus decora	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
Streptopus lanceolatus var. roseus	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.13
Trientalis borealis	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.10

Plot: 2020

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
Abies balsamea	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.23
Acer spicatum	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.30
Actaea sp.	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
Amelanchier sp.	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.10
Anemone quinquefolia var. quinquefolia	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.20
Apocynum androsaemifolium	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
Aralia nudicaulis	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.90
Betula papyrifera	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
Carex sp.	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.33
Chamerion angustifolium	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
Clintonia borealis	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.83
Cornus canadensis	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.80
Cornus sericea	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
Corylus cornuta var. cornuta	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.27
Diervilla lonicera	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
Eurybia macrophylla	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.90
Fragaria virginiana	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.37
Galium triflorum	0.9	0.6	1.0	0.83
Gymnocarpium dryopteris	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
Linnaea borealis ssp. americana	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.20
Lonicera canadensis	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.20
Lonicera hirsuta	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.17
Maianthemum canadense	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.67
Mertensia virginica	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.10
Mitella nuda	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.80
Moneses uniflora	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.10
Oryzopsis asperifolia	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.17
Petasites frigidus var. palmatus	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.10
Poaceae sp.	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.10
Populus tremuloides	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.27
Prunus virginiana	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.10
Pyrola asarifolia	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.10
Ribes lacustre	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
Ribes triste	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.27
Rosa acicularis	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.17
Rubus idaeus ssp. strigosus	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
Rubus parviflorus	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.27
Rubus pubescens	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.63
Sanicula marilandica	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
Sorbus decora	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.07
Streptopus lanceolatus var. roseus	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.20
Taxus canadensis	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.13
Trientalis borealis	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.27
Vicia americana	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
Viola sp.	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.07

Plot: 2021

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.13
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.13
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.20
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.27
<i>Apocynum androsaemifolium</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.7	1.0	0.8	0.83
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.10
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.37
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.40
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.13
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.20
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.00
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.33
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
<i>Hieracium</i> sp.	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Lathyrus venosus</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Linnaea borealis</i> ssp. <i>americana</i>	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.43
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.10
<i>Moneses uniflora</i>	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.13
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	1.0	0.3	0.4	0.57
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.13
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> var. <i>latiusculum</i>	0.1	0.6	0.0	0.23
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.37
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Ribes triste</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.10
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.20
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.0	0.7	0.6	0.43
<i>Sanicula marilandica</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.17
<i>Trientalis borealis</i>	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.13

Plot: 2022

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.17
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.20
<i>Anemone quinquefolia</i> var. <i>quinquefolia</i>	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.40
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	0.5	0.9	0.5	0.63
<i>Carex</i> sp.	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.37
<i>Circaea alpina</i> ssp. <i>alpina</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.70
<i>Coptis trifolia</i>	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.10
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	0.3	0.7	0.1	0.37
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.17
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.27
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.23
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.20
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Eurybia macrophylla</i>	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.60
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
<i>Galium triflorum</i>	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.30
<i>Gymnocarpium dryopteris</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Impatiens capensis</i>	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.13
<i>Linnaea borealis</i> ssp. <i>americana</i>	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.13
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.47
<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
<i>Mitella nuda</i>	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.43
<i>Moneses uniflora</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Petasites frigidus</i> var. <i>palmatus</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Picea mariana</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.10
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
<i>Prenanthes alba</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> var. <i>latiusculum</i>	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.13
<i>Pyrola asarifolia</i>	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
<i>Ribes triste</i>	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.27
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.23
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	0.6	0.3	0.9	0.60
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.63
<i>Sambucus racemosa</i>	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
<i>Sorbus decora</i>	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
<i>Streptopus lanceolatus</i> var. <i>roseus</i>	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.33
<i>Trientalis borealis</i>	0.1	0.6	0.3	0.33
<i>Viola</i> sp.	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.10

Plot: 2023

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
Abies balsamea	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.13
Actaea sp.	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.17
Alnus incana ssp. rugosa	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.10
Alnus viridis ssp. crispa	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
Amelanchier sp.	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.10
Anemone quinquefolia var. quinquefolia	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.17
Apocynum androsaemifolium	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
Aralia nudicaulis	0.4	1.0	0.9	0.77
Asarum canadense	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.10
Athyrium filix-femina ssp. angustum	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.10
Carex sp.	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.20
Clintonia borealis	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.20
Cornus canadensis	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.20
Cornus sericea	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.17
Corylus cornuta var. cornuta	0.2	0.0	0.6	0.27
Diervilla lonicera	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.10
Dryopteris carthusiana	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.10
Eurybia macrophylla	0.7	1.0	0.8	0.83
Fragaria virginiana	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
Galium triflorum	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.10
Heracleum maximum	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.07
Impatiens capensis	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
Maianthemum canadense	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.17
Mentha arvensis	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.10
Mertensia virginica	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.10
Mitella nuda	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.30
Oryzopsis asperifolia	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
Poaceae sp.	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.13
Populus tremuloides	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.10
Prunus virginiana	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.10
Pteridium aquilinum var. latiusculum	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.13
Pyrola asarifolia	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.30
Ranunculus acris	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
Ribes glandulosum	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
Ribes hirtellum	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.07
Ribes triste	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
Rosa acicularis	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.13
Rubus idaeus ssp. strigosus	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.13
Rubus parviflorus	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.20
Rubus pubescens	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.60
Sanguinaria canadensis	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
Sanicula marilandica	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
Streptopus lanceolatus var. roseus	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.13
Thalictrum dasycarpum	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
Trifolium pratense	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
Trillium cernuum	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.07
Viola sp.	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.10

Plot: 2024

Species	Quadrat Frequency			Mean Quadrat Frequency
	1	2	3	
Abies balsamea	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
Acer spicatum	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.17
Alnus incana ssp. rugosa	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.23
Anemone quinquefolia var. quinquefolia	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.23
Aralia nudicaulis	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.20
Athyrium filix-femina ssp. angustum	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.17
Carex intumescens	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.07
Carex sp.	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.27
Circaea alpina ssp. alpina	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.10
Clintonia borealis	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.37
Cornus canadensis	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.07
Cornus sericea	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.10
Corylus cornuta var. cornuta	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.07
Diervilla lonicera	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.20
Dryopteris carthusiana	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.20
Eurybia macrophylla	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.60
Fragaria virginiana	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
Fraxinus nigra	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.20
Galium triflorum	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.67
Impatiens capensis	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.50
Lonicera canadensis	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
Maianthemum canadense	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.20
Mentha arvensis	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
Mertensia virginica	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.50
Mitella nuda	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.47
Picea mariana	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03
Poaceae sp.	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.43
Populus tremuloides	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.07
Prenanthes alba	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
Pyrola asarifolia	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
Ribes glandulosum	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
Ribes hirtellum	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.10
Ribes triste	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.43
Rosa acicularis	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.23
Rubus idaeus ssp. strigosus	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.63
Rubus parviflorus	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.03
Rubus pensilvanicus	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.27
Rubus pubescens	0.9	0.0	0.4	0.43
Sanicula marilandica	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
Taraxacum officinale	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
Trientalis borealis	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.03
Trillium cernuum	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.13
Viola sp.	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.03

Percent Cover of Shrub Species

Plot: 2002

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	10		25	10	15		10.00
<i>Alnus viridis</i> ssp. <i>crispa</i>	10	9					3.17
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	5	7	1				2.17
<i>Cornus sericea</i>				3	20		3.83
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>		10	8	7	5		5.00
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	40	18	12	8			13.00
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>		1		1			0.33
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	1	2	4	7			2.33
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>			1	1	4	2	1.33
<i>Salix</i> sp.		13					2.17

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2002: 0

Plot: 2003

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>				40	5		7.50
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	3	1			15	3	3.67
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	4	3	5	2		2	2.67
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	23	30	15		20	4	15.33
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	4	2					1.00
<i>Rhamnus alnifolia</i>				1			0.17
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>				12		3	2.50
<i>Ribes triste</i>				2		2	0.67
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	2						0.33
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	16	30	19	6	25		16.00
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	6	1	3		17	9	6.00
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>						1	0.17

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2003: 0

Plot: 2004

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>					5	7	2.00
<i>Alnus viridis</i> ssp. <i>crispa</i>				6			1.00
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.		7			5	4	2.67
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	20	4	3	4			5.17
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>		19	5	3	16	7	8.33
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>						25	4.17
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	2	3				4	1.50
<i>Ribes triste</i>						4	0.67
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	4		18	6		5	5.50
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	15	12	2	6	4		6.50
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	7		2		7	5	3.50
<i>Viburnum rafinesquianum</i>					10		1.67

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2004: 0

Plot: 2005

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus viridis</i> ssp. <i>crispa</i>			9				1.50
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.				6			1.00
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>					9		1.50
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	8		20	9		3	6.67
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>					3		0.50
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>				6		3	1.50
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	14	7	15				6.00

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2005: 0

Plot: 2006

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>						2	0.33
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.					8		1.33
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	10			2			2.00
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	8	4			5		2.83
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>		35				10	7.50
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>						1	0.17
<i>Lonicera hirsuta</i>	1						0.17
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>	6						1.00
<i>Ribes triste</i>			1				0.17
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>		3					0.50
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	2		5	4	17	6	5.67
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	3	9	2	2	2	5	3.83

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2006: 0

Plot: 2007

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>		45		30			12.50
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	3				4		1.17
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	10	39	70	44	35		33.00
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>					29		4.83
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	15	16	5	6	17		9.83
<i>Lonicera hirsuta</i>					6		1.00
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>	4						0.67
<i>Ribes triste</i>		2	6	5	2		2.50
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	4	3			4		1.83
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>		20	40	11	30		16.83
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	34	16		17			11.17

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2007: 0

Plot: 2008

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>		10	50	48			18.00
<i>Cornus sericea</i>		2					0.33
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	40	27			10	20	16.17
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>						4	0.67
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>					1	4	0.83
<i>Ribes triste</i>			4	1			0.83
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	1	3	7	10			3.50
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>			10	25			5.83
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	6	4		12	8	37	11.17
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>		2	2	4		1	1.50

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2008: 0

Plot: 2010

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>		20					3.33
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	6	3	4	2	3	20	6.33
<i>Cornus sericea</i>			15				2.50
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>		15	10	30		5	10.00
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>				28		15	7.17
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>		3	5	2	8	3	3.50
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>	4						0.67
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>		10	6	1			2.83
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	5	22	4	10			6.83
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>			10		15	15	6.67
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	10						1.67
<i>Salix</i> sp.		5					0.83
<i>Viburnum rafinesquianum</i>	25				2		4.50

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2010: 0

Plot: 2011

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	6			5			1.83
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.				6			1.00
<i>Cornus sericea</i>			30		15		7.50
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	4		40			5	8.17
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	8						1.33
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>		5	15	3	2	1	4.33
<i>Lonicera hirsuta</i>	2						0.33
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>					3		0.50
<i>Ribes triste</i>					4		0.67
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	8	12	4		2		4.33
<i>Rosa blanda</i>	3		4				1.17
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>			10				1.67
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	12	8	20	10	7		9.50
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	10	4		8	7	10	6.50
<i>Salix</i> sp.			3				0.50

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2011: 0

Plot: 2012

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>					3		0.50
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.		6					1.00
<i>Cornus sericea</i>						2	0.33
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	48	3		7	5	9	12.00
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>		10	3		27	5	7.50
<i>Ribes triste</i>			8		2	3	2.17
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>						1	0.17
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	9	10		19		2	6.67
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>		6	1		8	5	3.33

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2012: 0

Plot: 2013

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	8		40			3	8.50
<i>Alnus viridis</i> ssp. <i>crispa</i>	7				60		11.17
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	3	1		2		1	1.17
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	3				2		0.83
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	5	7		40		4	9.33
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>		1	1	1			0.50
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	4	8	3	4	4	4	4.50
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	5	7	5	3		20	6.67

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2013: 0

Plot: 2014							
Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>				60		26	14.33
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	2	10	4	7	3		4.33
<i>Cornus sericea</i>				1	1	10	2.00
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	35	47		3	12		16.17
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>		2			50		8.67
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>		4		3			1.17
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>					1	7	1.33
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>		2	17	4			3.83
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	7		6	12	7	18	8.33
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	20						3.33
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	3						0.50
Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2014: 0							

Plot: 2015							
Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	5	24		36		45	18.33
<i>Alnus viridis</i> ssp. <i>crispa</i>			12				2.00
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	5					8	2.17
<i>Cornus sericea</i>		3					0.50
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	10				10		3.33
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	3						0.50
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>						3	0.50
<i>Lonicera hirsuta</i>					5		0.83
<i>Ribes hirtellum</i>			3	4			1.17
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	3						0.50
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	48		17	50		39	25.67
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>			8			6	2.33
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	7			4			1.83
Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2015: 0							

Plot: 2018

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>		2		20	17	7	7.67
<i>Alnus viridis</i> ssp. <i>crispa</i>	12	7		5		2	4.33
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	9	8		8	3		4.67
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	4	4	27		2		6.17
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>			46	10		40	16.00
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	24				2	30	9.33
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>			1		1	1	0.50
<i>Lonicera hirsuta</i>					2		0.33
<i>Ribes triste</i>			3			2	0.83
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>			1				0.17
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>			3				0.50
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>		40		50	8	8	17.67
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	5	36	6	20	7	8	13.67

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2018: 0

Plot: 2019

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>				6		47	8.83
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.		12	8	4			4.00
<i>Cornus sericea</i>		2	4		1		1.17
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	20	15	15	6	30	15	16.83
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	4	22	8	3			6.17
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	2	2	1	1			1.00
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>						8	1.33
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	2	1	4	5	10	6	4.67
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	1		3	4	1		1.50

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2019: 0

Plot: 2020

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.			3	2	4		1.50
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	1		12	16	48	32	18.17
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>			1				0.17
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	8	12	3	3		5	5.17
<i>Lonicera hirsuta</i>		2					0.33
<i>Ribes hirtellum</i>						4	0.67
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>		1					0.17
<i>Ribes triste</i>		6			2		1.33
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>		7	9	2	2	6	4.33
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>						8	1.33
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	1	20	5	1	7	5	6.50
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>		8	8			8	4.00
<i>Taxus canadensis</i>			3				0.50

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2020: 0

Plot: 2021

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	16			9	60		14.17
<i>Alnus viridis</i> ssp. <i>crispa</i>						30	5.00
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.			3			6	1.50
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	4			1		1	1.00
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	9	78				4	15.17
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	5			6			1.83
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>	2						0.33
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>				1		5	1.00
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	10		1			5	2.67
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>		3		10		5	3.00

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2021: 0

Plot: 2022

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>		32	15			18	10.83
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	10		27	5			7.00
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	3	27			1	3	5.67
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	40	6		10	8		10.67
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	6	8	18				5.33
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>		12	5	2	3	6	4.67
<i>Ribes hirtellum</i>						8	1.33
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>					3		0.50
<i>Ribes</i> sp.		2				8	1.67
<i>Ribes triste</i>	19						3.17
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>	10	12	6	6	10	15	9.83
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>		20			5	70	15.83
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	6		26	19			8.50
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	7		3	16	8	9	7.17

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2022: 0

Plot: 2023

Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>		60	40	4	30		22.33
<i>Amelanchier</i> sp.	6	5	11				3.67
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	5		12			5	3.67
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	37	2	4			40	13.83
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>					8		1.33
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>					1		0.17
<i>Ribes hirtellum</i>	1						0.17
<i>Ribes triste</i>	8						1.33
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>				2			0.33
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	10				11	2	3.83
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>					9	22	5.17
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	3	2	2	4	3		2.33

Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2023: 0

Plot: 2024							
Species	Percent cover in shrub circles						mean percent cover
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
<i>Alnus incana</i> ssp. <i>rugosa</i>	40	40	10	45	40	60	39.17
<i>Cornus sericea</i>			30		4	30	10.67
<i>Corylus cornuta</i> var. <i>cornuta</i>	10	5	25	38	5	3	14.33
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>		20	4			1	4.17
<i>Lonicera canadensis</i>			3				0.50
<i>Ribes glandulosum</i>					50		8.33
<i>Ribes hirtellum</i>		4		20			4.00
<i>Ribes triste</i>	2		12		3		2.83
<i>Rosa acicularis</i>		2					0.33
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> ssp. <i>strigosus</i>	30		20	30	15	20	19.17
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>					20		3.33
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	17	5	2	8		8	6.67
Number of Shrub Circles Not Sampled in Plot 2024: 0							

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