**Giving and getting**

*Give as good as you get.*

This expression, which describes treating others as badly as you get treated, is getting turned upside down at Sequoia and Kings Canyon.

Consider one case in particular:

Last year, a group of young men began giving to give to the park. They repaired, sanded, and painted the amphitheater and every picnic table in one campground. At the park’s native-plant nursery, thousands of seedlings owe their improved chances of survival to this group.

After heavy rains threatened to swamp a huge meadow-restoration project, they pitched in. They carried heavy erosion-control blankets over 1/4 mile to the site. That done, they drove 1000 wooden stakes into the ground to hold the blankets in place. Without their help, this ground-breaking project might not have weathered the storm.

They also tackled graffiti removal in the low-elevation areas of Sequoia Park. Rather than harsh chemicals and abrasives that could damage plants and wildlife, they developed a new system: Biodegradable citrus-based solvents, plus elbow grease, wiped these beautiful areas clean.

Who is this group? **Courage to Change**, a residential school, works with young former gang members who have overcome more challenges than most adults have faced in a lifetime. Many arrive courtesy of the court system. Their marching orders: turn your life around.

Fortunately for everyone involved, their choices now include volunteering regularly at these parks. They gave more than a thousand hours of work last year. For free. In 100-degree-plus heat. The park and its visitors clearly benefited. In fact, these young men received the top Group Volunteer Project Award for the western national parks.

Prior to this, national parks felt physically and culturally alien to these young men. Natural areas played little or no part in their lives. What did they get out of their volunteer work in such a place?

“It helped me learn new skills, use proper tools and to understand the forest better.” “It helped me to build leadership skills.” “It made me very happy and proud of myself.” “It helped me realize that volunteer work actually makes a difference.”

It surely makes a difference to the parks. Now the program is expanding to include more educational opportunities for these hard workers. It seems they got as good as they gave.

**Interested in volunteering?** See http://volunteer.gov/gov/ for information about volunteering in government agencies throughout the country; apply via that website. These parks, which must plan projects well in advance, need the following help: camp hosts, visitor-center assistants, native-plant care, and river rovers and trail trekkers who help visitors to enjoy the parks safely. Volunteers must be self-sufficient and willing to give as good as they get!
Get to know these parks!

Given the names of these parks, you expect giant trees and huge canyons — and you won’t be disappointed. Yet the whole of the parks is even greater than the sum of their famous parts.

Rising from 1,300’ to 14,494’, these parks protect a spectacular elevational range. This span from low to high means dramatic shifts from hot foothills to shady forests to the cold High Sierra. It means extraordinarily diverse plants and animals living in extremely varied conditions. It means steep roads and trails that climb mountains, and cold rivers that plunge down from their heights.

There is diversity, too, in the caretakers of this landscape. Bordering these two national parks is a national monument, which is part of a national forest. A U.S. Geological Survey Field Station conducts research here. The Sequoia Natural History Association sells books and maps at visitor centers and contributes to education and research. The Sequoia Parks Foundation supports significant park projects.

Other partners, public and private, cooperate with the Park Service to meet a challenging mission — providing for public enjoyment while keeping the parks unimpaired for future generations. You are an equally important partner! Experience these parks fully: Learn all you can and join in preserving them. Together we can meet this inspiring goal:

The National Park Service cares for special places saved by the American people so that all may experience our heritage.

FEES HELP YOUR PARKS!

Most of your entrance and camping fees stay here. The parks invest them in important projects that improve visitor facilities and protect park resources. In recent years, fees have paid for repairing and upgrading roads, campgrounds, trails, picnic areas, and restrooms. They have improved visitor centers, updated exhibits, and modernized naturalist slide programs.

**ENTRANCE FEE OPTIONS**

- **7-day pass** for Sequoia & Kings Canyon, and for Hume Lake District of Sequoia National Forest/Giant Sequoia National Monument (GSNM): $20 per vehicle (private, non-commercial) or $10 per person on foot, bicycle, motorcycle, or bus.

- **12-Month Pass** for Sequoia & Kings Canyon, and for Hume Lake District of Sequoia National Forest/GSNM: $50 admits all passengers in a private vehicle for one year from month of purchase. Not valid at Crystal Cave.

- **12-Month: America the Beautiful Interagency Annual Pass** Cost $80. Valid for entrance fees at Federal recreation sites including National Parks, National Forests, FWS, BLM, & Bureau of Reclamation. Admits all passengers in a single private non-commercial vehicle where per-vehicle fees are charged, or the passholder plus up to 3 persons (ages 16 & older) for person fee areas, for 12 months. Not valid at Crystal Cave.

- **Seniors: America the Beautiful Interagency Pass** $10 one-time fee buys a lifetime pass for entrance fees for U.S. citizens & permanent residents 62 or over. (Previously issued Golden Age passes remain valid.) Not valid at Crystal Cave.

- **Accessibility: America the Beautiful Interagency Access Pass** Free to blind or permanently disabled U.S. citizens and permanent residents. Take appropriate documentation to any park visitor center. (Previously issued Golden Access passes remain valid.) Not valid at Crystal Cave.

You may borrow the map & guide in Braaille at visitor centers.

**PARK, FOREST, OR MONUMENT?**

What is the difference between Sequoia and Kings Canyon National Parks, Sequoia National Forest, and Giant Sequoia National Monument?

Each is on federal land. Each exists to benefit society. Yet each has a different history and purpose. Together they provide a wide spectrum of uses. National parks strive to keep landscapes unimpaired for future generations. They protect natural and historic features while offering light-on-the-land recreation. Forest rangers work for the National Park Service, part of the Department of the Interior. National forests, managed under a “multiple use” concept, provide services and commodities that may include lumber, cat-
gle grazing, minerals, as well as recreation with and without vehicles. Forest rangers work for the U.S. Forest Service, an agency in the Department of Agriculture. Both agencies manage wilderness and other areas where they strive for maximum protection of natural resources. For example, part of Sequoia National Forest has been designated Giant Sequoia National Monument to emphasize protection of sequoias.

Parks, forests, and monuments may have different rules in order to meet their goals. Read “Where can I...” on the next page to learn what activities are permitted where. Despite confusion over names, we get a wide range of benefits from these diverse areas.
Crystal Cave tours rock!

No tickets are sold at the cave, only at Lodgepole and Foothills visitor centers. Buy them at least 1½ hours before the tour. Tours may sell out. See traffic delay information on page 12.

Crystal Cave Road is 15 miles (24 km) from the Sequoia Park entrance at Hwy 198, and 3 miles (5 km) south of the General Sherman Tree (see page 12 map). Maximum vehicle length is 22' (6.7 m) on the road to the cave.

Use parking-lot restrooms; the cave has none. Wear sturdy shoes. Bring a jacket; the ½-mile trail (8 km) to the cave is steep and it’s 50°F (10°C) inside.

No strollers, triods, or baby back-packs. Not wheelchair accessible. Ask about group reservations and Wild Cave Tours at SNHA: 1-559-565-3759.

• 45-minute Cave Tours daily starting May 8th
  From 5/8 through 6/11: Weekdays 11am, noon, 2pm, & 3pm.
  Saturday & Sunday 11am-4pm on the hour.
  Memorial Day weekend (5/29-31): every ½ hour, 10:30am-5:30pm.
  Starting 6/12: Weekdays 10:30am-4:30pm every ½ hour
  Saturday, Sunday & July 4th weekend (7/3-5) every ½ hour 10am-5pm.
  Fees: Age 5-12 $5.50; age 13-61 $13; under 5 free; age 62 & up and Golden Access passholders $12. National Park, Interagency, and Golden Age passes do not apply. SNHA members get a discount!

• 1½-hour Discovery Tours start June 21st
  Weekdays only, starting at 4:15pm. Enjoy a more in-depth tour of this fabulous cave!
  Limited to 16 people aged 13 & up. Fee: $20 each (SNHA members $18).

• 1½-hour Historic Candle-Light Cave Tours start June 24th
  Thursday-Friday at 5:30 pm; Saturday-Sunday 6pm. Limited to 40 people, ages 12 and up. Experience Crystal Cave in a different light. Explore using candle lanterns and see Crystal Cave as its discoverers did! Fee: $20 each (SNHA members $18).

WHERE CAN I...?

Your visit may include both a National Park (NPS) and a National Forest and Monument (USFS). Some activities that are illegal in the Parks may be legal in the National Forest (see page 2 for details). Know which one you are in (see page 12)!

• WALK A PET: In the Parks
  Not on any trails but it’s o.k. 100 feet from roads in developed areas (picnic areas, campgrounds, roads).
  In the National Forest:
  Pets can go on trails. In both areas: Pets must be on a leash less than 6 feet (1.8m) long. Don’t leave pets in hot cars.

• RIDE BICYCLES: In the Parks
  Keep bikes on roads only, not on any trail (other than the designated bike trail in Cedar Grove).
  In the National Forest: Ask a ranger which trails permit bicycles. In both areas: Be careful & courteous near pedestrians & horses. People younger than 18 must wear helmets.

• GO CAMPING: In the Parks
  Only in numbered sites in designated campgrounds. In the National Forest: In campgrounds or, unless posted otherwise, near roadsides. Pull safely off the road, no further.

• COLLECT THINGS: Not in Parks
  Leave everything to play its natural role in the ecosystem.

• G O IN C R YPTIC
  See picnic symbols on back-page map. Due to bears, never leave food unattended! Most sites have tables, restrooms and fire grills, except: No fire grills at Foot hills and Sandy Cove. No fires permitted at Lodgepole & Crescent Meadow. No water at Halstead, Powedercan, Lodgepole, and Crescent Meadow.

• HAVE A FIRE: In the Parks
  Only in fire grills in numbered sites in the National Forest: Free fire permits are required, even for gas stoves and lanterns. Some areas are more restricted than others. Get permits at Visitor Centers & Stores: Each one offers different exhibits to enjoy. Park stores in each visitor center sell a wide variety of books, maps, postcards, posters, and other items. Remember: All your purchases in visitor centers help to support the parks! See pages 8-9 for details.

JUNIOR RANGER PROGRAM
FREE for all ages: Earn a badge while protecting resources. If you are 5 to 8 years old, work for the Jay Award. Those 9 to 12 years old earn a Raven Award. Ages 13 to 103 earn an Arrowhead Award. Get a free Jr. Ranger booklet in any visitor center, follow the instructions and have fun!

TEACHERS- BRING YOUR CLASS TO THE PARKS! Fun, curriculum-based programs for 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th grades in spring and fall. Topics include: geology, sequoias, Native Americans, and other cultural history. For details or to reserve a date: 1-559-565-4303.

FREE WALKS & TALKS: Ranger-led talks and walks may be offered at Giant Forest, Lodgepole, Grant Grove, the Foothills, and Cedar Grove. See pages 8-9 or check bulletin boards and visitor centers for details and schedules.

FREE for all ages: A badge while protecting resources. If you are 5 to 8 years old, work for the Jay Award. Those 9 to 12 years old earn a Raven Award. Ages 13 to 103 earn an Arrowhead Award. Get a free Jr. Ranger booklet in any visitor center, follow the instructions and have fun!

S P R I N G  2 0 1 0
& SEQUOIA NATIONAL FOREST / GIANT SEQUOIA NATIONAL MONUMENT
Change: Natural & unnatural

We often think of parks as outdoor museums. Caretaking a living ecosystem, however, is very different than protecting unchanging objects.

Both natural features and human facilities may be different each time you visit. Both are changing all the time. How we take care of those features and facilities may also affect your visit. You won’t notice the ozone monitor that works 24 hours a day, but you will see other activities such as revegetation, road work, painting, or trail maintenance. Some activities may unavoidably affect you, such as smoke from a prescribed fire, campsite closures due to revegetation, or bear management.

The park staff uses such actions as tools to maintain the landscape and protect its inhabitants and visitors. Your visit gives you but a snapshot of this process; Nature decides the timing of many of these actions. They all share one goal: preservation of these parks for us all, now and in the future.

Fire: A natural change

Years ago, we tried to banish fire from the landscape, believing it was destructive. In sequoia groves, that meant putting out lightning-caused fires that naturally start as frequently as every 5 to 20 years.

As time passed, we saw unanticipated consequences from this. Fire suppression blocked important ecological processes and caused many problems. Two problems were glaring:

First, sequoias were not reproducing. We learned that fires create the conditions that sequoias need to regenerate: They create a fertile ash seedbed and they open the forest canopy, allowing sunlight to reach the seedlings.

Second, dead wood and small, dense white fir trees increased tremendously. Natural fires used to burn these away frequently. Now, after fire’s long absence, these fuels feed bigger blazes that are more dangerous for people, plants, and wildlife. They burn hotter and are harder to put out.

For over 40 years at Sequoia and Kings Canyon, we have studied fire and its effects on the land. Now, to protect human safety and benefit giant sequoia trees, the National Park Service works with fire to gain the benefits it brings.

When and where it’s appropriate, we may ignite prescribed fires or allow lightning-caused fires to spread naturally, reducing fuels and improving resource conditions. Strong evidence shows that we are succeeding.

Why is this important? The National Park System exists to conserve resources “unimpaired for the enjoyment of future generations.” We once thought that aggressive fire suppression met this goal. A more complete understanding of fire tells us that excluding this important natural agent of change only hurts what we are trying to protect.

Unnatural change: Alien invaders!

Plants and animals evolve together in communities over time. Often they keep each other in check. When species get brought in from other places, the newcomers may multiply wildly since the competitors, predators and diseases they evolved with in their home communities are not here. They break links in the local web of life, badly disrupting species that depend on each other. Sometimes they completely replace native plants and animals.

Practice alien hygiene! Look for seeds and tiny animals attached to shoes, clothes, waders, equipment, tires, and pet fur. Wash mud from under cars and on tires before coming into the parks. The natives will thank you!

Two immediate threats:

* **Star thistle** is one of the most damaging non-natives in the state. Dense, thorny patches completely exclude native plants, and limit wildlife movements. Not yet established here! If you recognize it from your home or travels, make sure not to bring it in.

* **New Zealand Mud Snails** take over waterways that they invade, eating most of the food. Due to their biology, just one snail can start a huge population! They stick on gear; check boots & waders thoroughly for this tiny invader. Common just east of the parks. Could easily be carried into the High Sierra.

WILDERNESS OVERNIGHTS

Each park trail has a daily entry quota for overnight trips, and between late May and late September a wilderness camping fee of $15 is required. The quota and fee are used to help protect your wilderness environment and experience. (They are not required for day hikes, or for overnights in the adjacent Monarch and Jennie Lakes wildernesses in US Forest Service. However, a free fire permit is required for any open flame on USFS land.)

A permit is required for each overnight trip. Reserved and first-come, first-served permits are issued the morning of your trip or after 1pm the day before at the park permit station/visitor center nearest your trailhead (see pages 8 & 9). If the quota for your preferred trail is full, you can choose another trail for that day or another day to start, if space is available. Permits are not issued after mid-afternoon as minimum distances must be reached before you camp. Requests to reserve a permit for a certain date are accepted beginning March 1 and at least 2 weeks before your trip’s start date.

Reserved permits must be picked up either the afternoon before or by 9am on the day of departure. If delayed, call the Wilderness Office or you may lose the reservation. Camping in the park’s “front-country” is permitted only in campgrounds. Camping or sleeping in vehicles is not allowed in parking lots, pull-outs, picnic areas, or trailheads in the park.

Wilderness Permit Reservations Sequoia & Kings Canyon N.P. 47050 Generals Highway #60 Three Rivers, CA 93271 1-559-565-3766; Fax 565-4239

For more details, visit Wilderness Information at www.nps.gov/viseki/planyourvisitwilderness.htm or call the High Sierra Lodge.

**HIGH SIERRA LODGE**

• BEARPAW HIGH SIERRA CAMP (DNCP) www.visitequioa.com Reservations required: 1-888-252-5757. Open mid-June, weather permitting to mid-September. This tent hotel is at 7800’ on the High Sierra Trail, an 11-mile hike from Giant Forest.
Natural areas present hazards. Rocks roll, trees topple, and limbs drop without warning. Wild animals, uneven or icy ground, and changing weather can pose dangers. People may create other hazards through campfires, traffic, snowplay, and poor decisions.

Water is the main cause of death here. Many drowning victims were walking or climbing near rivers and unexpectedly fell in. The Park Service works to reduce risks, but your safety is in your own hands. Keep alert. Read warnings and ask a ranger for advice.

**DROWNING.** The #1 cause of death in national parks! Be extra careful around waterways; falling in is as dangerous as swimming. Once in a river, getting out can be nearly impossible: Rocks are smooth and slippery; swift, cold water rapidly saps your strength; and currents are stronger than they appear.

**PLAGUE.** Please do not feed or touch ANY park animals. Fleas on rodents can carry plague. Deer mice feces can carry hantavirus.

**POISON OAK.** This common shrub grows up to 5000 feet elevation. Red leaves with whitish berries in clusters in spring. If walking or climbing near rivers and unexpectedly fell in.

**GIARDIA** in lakes and streams can cause intestinal upset. Iodine and other chemicals may not be as reliable as heat in killing bacteria and Giardia, but can be effective if used properly. Boil drinking water at least 3 minutes.

**HYPOTHERMIA:** This life-threatening condition can occur year-round. Stay dry and snack often. If others don’t respond to the need for warmer clothes or are stumbling, forgetful, or extremely tired and drowsy, get warm sugary drinks into them immediately. Get them into dry clothing, sleeping bags, and shelter.

**CARBON MONOXIDE:** This odorless, colorless gas can be fatal. Never burn charcoal in closed spaces, e.g. a tent, camper, or RV.

**OZONE POLLUTION.** See air-quality forecasts in visitor centers. Most ozone rises into the Sierra on warm winds. Levels of this colorless gas are highest May to October, peaking in late afternoon. The peaks sometimes reach “unhealthy” state/fed. standards, and can affect respiratory systems. Ozone forms from gases in car and factory exhaust.

**RATTLESNAKES** are especially common in the foothills. Watch where you put your hands and feet! They are protected; do not kill them. Most bites result from teasing or handling. Very few people die, but tissue damage can be severe. If bitten, avoid panic; call a ranger or 911.

**LIGHTNING.** If you see dark clouds or lightning or hear thunder, get inside a large building or a vehicle (not convertible), if possible. Do not stand under trees or in shallow caves. Avoid projecting above the surrounding landscape such as standing on a ridge, on Moro Rock, or in open meadows. Stay away from open water, wire fences, and metal railings, which can carry lightning from a distance.

**WEST NILE VIRUS** is passed by bites from infected mosquitoes. Human illness is not common, but take steps to avoid mosquito bites.

**SAFE DRINKING WATER.** The parks’ 13 water systems are tested to ensure that they meet state and federal standards. Annual Consumer Confidence Reports are available at visitor centers.

**EXTRA SAFETY.** Avoid going alone. Tell someone your plans and return time. Keep your eyes and ears open for potential hazards above you, around you, and on the ground. Slow down and share roads and trails with people and wildlife.

**EXPLORE SAFFELY.** Prevent illegal marijuana growing! Keep parks safe, natural, and free from illegal activities! Report suspicious activities: 1-888-NPS-CRIME.

**Be Safe!**

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**Rules of the road**

**EXPECT TRAFFIC DELAYS** in several parts of the parks this summer. See page 12 for details.

**DON’T LOSE YOUR BRAKES**

Frequent braking causes overheating and brake failure. Instead, **always** downshift when going downhill. In automatic vehicles, put the gearshift on 1, 2 or L. The engine gets louder, but it will save your brakes.

**STILL-ICY ROADS & TRAILS**

Spring storms & cold nights can mean slick surfaces, especially in shady areas. Walk & drive carefully! Snow tires or chains may be required after storms. 24-hour road-condition recording: 1-559-565-3341, press 3, then 4.

**EMERGENCY CAR REPAIRS**

For a tow: 565-3341 then press zero (24 hours). In Sequoia Park only. AAA available 24 hours for lock outs, jump starts, out-of-gas, minor repairs: call 565-4070.

**CELL PHONES** rarely work well in these mountains; don't rely on them. Note where pay telephones are available (see pages 8 & 9).

**COUGARS** roam throughout the parks, but chances of seeing one are very small. They rarely attack people and pets, but be aware. Avoid hiking alone. Watch children closely; never let them run ahead. If you see a cougar, the goal is to convince it that you are not prey and may be dangerous to it:

- Don’t run. Cougars associate running with prey and give chase.
- Try to appear as large as possible. Don’t crouch or try to hide.
- Hold your ground or back away slowly while facing the lion.
- Pick up children.
- If the lion acts aggressively, wave your hands, shout, and throw stones or sticks at it.
- If attacked, fight back!
- Report any cougar sightings.

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**Highlights SEQUOIA PARK**

**GIANT FOREST**

BE CAREFUL: Snow or ice still covers some trails, making them slippery and difficult to follow. Review safety advice on page 5. You are on your own in the parks, so travel safely! Starting 5/27, take the shuttle.

**GIANT FOREST MUSEUM**
The best place to learn about sequoias! Shuttle stop.

**BIG TREES TRAIL** A paved, level, 2.3-mile (1 km) loop with colorful trailside panels describing sequoia ecology. Start at Giant Forest Museum; parking at the trail is only for cars with placards.) 1 hour round trip.

**GENERAL SHERMAN TREE:** Two trails go to the world's largest tree. Starting 5/27, the shuttle stops at the beginning of each trail:

- **Main Sherman Tree Trail & Parking** runs 1/2 mile down to the tree and has some stairs. It is an uphill walk back to your car. Drive two miles (3.2 km) north of Giant Forest Museum (past the small Sherman Tree parking lot for those with disabled placards only) to W olverton Road. Turn right, then follow signs. If you can walk down but the walk back up is too difficult, starting 5/27 you can continue on the tree down the accessible trail to the shuttle stop on the Generals Highway, and ride the northbound shuttle (toward Lodgepole) back to your car.

- **Wheelchair-accessible trail from Generals Highway to Sherman Tree** - parking for those with disabled placards only. If you have no placard but can’t make the walk down the main trail, ask at any visitor center for a temporary permit or, starting 5/27, take the shuttle.

**CONGRESS TRAIL:** A fairly level 2-mile loop (3.2 km) from the Sherman Tree into the grove.

**MORO ROCK/ CRESCENT MEADOW**

No drinking water is available along this 3-mile (5 km), dead-end road that begins at Giant Forest Museum. From 5/27 through 9/20, use a shuttle. During that period, single vehicles more than 22 feet long and those towing anything are prohibited except those with valid disabled-parking placards displayed. Road may be closed to private vehicles without placards on holiday weekends. Highlights:

**MORO ROCK:** A granite dome with a steep 1/4-mile (4.4 km) stair-case to the summit (300 foot/91 m elevation gain) and a spectacular view. Two miles (3.2 km) from the Generals Highway. Shuttle stop.

**TUNNEL LOG:** A fallen sequoia that was tunneled through, and the only “tree you can drive through” in these parks. There is a by-pass for larger vehicles. 2.7 miles (4.3 km) from the Museum.

**CRESCENT MEADOW:** Summer wildflowers in a fragile meadow. Stay on designated trails; use only fallen logs to walk into meadows. Try the 1-mile (1.6 km) route to Tharp’s Log, a cabin in a fallen sequoia, or the High Sierra Trail (71 miles/114 km to Mt. Whitney, at 14,494 feet /4417 m, the highest peak in the 48 states). Shuttle stop.

**NEARBY TRAILS**

**TOKOHAP FALLS:** 1.7 miles (2.7 km) along the Marble Fork of the Kaweah River, ending at granite cliffs and a waterfall. Be careful by the water! Start in Lodgepole Campground (a shuttle stop). For the 500-foot/152-meter elevation gain, allow 2-1/2 to 3 hours.

**THE FOOTHILLS**
The lower elevations offer more different kinds of plants and animals than the conifer forests or highcountry. Watch for ticks and poison oak.

**HOSPITAL ROCK PICNIC AREA:** Exhibits about the Western Mono people who once lived here and a very short trail built by the Civilian Conservation Corps leads to a waterfall. Careful, drownings often occur here! Always store food from bears.

**MARBLE FALLS TRAIL:** climbs 3.9 miles (6 km) through chaparral to a cascade. Park across the main road from Potwisha Campground. (No non camper parking in campground). From the trailhead near site #14, follow dirt road across the concrete ditch; the trail starts along the steep bank to the right.

**PARADISE CREEK:** At Buckeye Flat Campground, take the path across from site #26 across the foot-bridge over the Middle Fork. Follow Paradise Creek, not the Middle Fork, for 1-1/2 miles (1.6 km) until the trail grows faint.

**MINERAL KING**

See page 8 for information.
HIGHLIGHTS
KING'S CANYON

BE CAREFUL: Snow or ice still covers some trails and roads, making them slippery and difficult to follow. Review safety advice on page 5. You are on your own in the parks; so travel safely!

GRANT GROVE

GENERAL GRANT TREE:
One of the world’s largest living trees; President Coolidge proclaimed it the Nation’s Christmas Tree in 1926. It is also a National Shrine, the only living memorial to those who died in war. Visit historic Gamlin Cabin and the Fallen Monarch along this ¼-mile (.5 km) paved trail. A trail guide is sold at the visitor center. North and west of the visitor center 1 mile (1.6 km).

NORTH GROVE LOOP:
This lightly traveled, ½ mile (2.4 km) trail provides a close look at the Big Trees and a quiet walk through conifer forest. Starts at lower Grant Tree parking area.

DEAD GIANT LOOP:
Speculate on what killed this sequoia, and enjoy a picturesque view of an historic mill pond. Follow the old road from the lower Grant Tree parking area for about a mile. The trail branches off, creating a ½ mile (2.4 km) round trip.

NEARBY TRAILS & POINTS OF INTEREST

PANORAMIC POINT ROAD:
Opens to cars by 5/22 weather permitting. Until then, snow-shoe or hike this steep, narrow road to a High-Sierra vista. Go east through visitor-center parking, right around the meadow, right at the sign “Panoramic Point, 2.3 miles (3.7 km).” Walk ½ mile (.4 km) up to viewpoint. Trailers/RVs not recommended. The 4-mile (6.4 km) round-trip Park Ridge Trail begins here.

BUENA VISTA PEAK:
South of Kings Canyon Overlook on west side of Generals Highway, 7 miles (11 km) south of Grant Grove. Trail to 360º vista of Redwood Canyon, Buck Rock Lookout, and High Sierra. 2 miles (3.2 km) round trip.

REDWOOD CANYON:
Rough dirt road, not plowed, to the world’s largest sequoia grove. Acres of rejuvenating forest from 30 years of prescribed fires show the positive relationship between fire and sequoias. Across Generals Highway from Quail Flat/Hume Lake junction (7 miles/11.3 km south of Grant Grove), to Redwood Saddle. Turn right (west) and go 2 miles (3.2 km) to parking lot.

BIG BALDY RIDGE:
Great views out and down into Redwood Canyon. Two-mile trail (3.2 km) to the summit at 8209 feet (2502 m). From Grant Grove, go 8 miles (13 km) south on Generals Highway to trailhead. Elevation gain 600 feet (183 m); round trip 4 miles (6.4 km).

KING’S CANYON OVERLOOK:
View the High Sierra wilderness from this overlook about 6 miles (9.3 km) south of Grant Grove.

REDWOOD MOUNTAIN OVERLOOK:
Six miles (9.6 km) south of Grant Grove, across the Generals Highway from Quail Flat junction, it looks west over one of the world’s largest sequoia groves. Studies here proved the positive relationship between fire and sequoia reproduction.

THE KING’S CANYON & REDWOOD GROVE

NOTE: The Kings River Bridge to Cedar Grove is being replaced later this summer. Detours will be available. Be very careful near the water in this spectacular gorge.

CANYON VIEW:
The “U” shape of this canyon, apparent from this viewpoint, reveals its glacial history. 1 mile (1.6 km) east of Cedar Grove Village road.

KNAPP’S CABIN:
During the Roaring ’20s, a Santa Barbara businessman commissioned lavish fishing expeditions here, storing gear in this small cabin. A short walk from a turnout 2 miles (3.2 km) east of Cedar Grove Village road.

ROARING RIVER FALLS:
A very short, shady walk to a powerful waterfall rushing through a granite chute. 3 miles (4.8 km) east of the Village road. Paved, relatively accessible.

ZUMWALT MEADOW:
This 1.5-mile (2.4 km) trail passes high granite walls, lush meadows, and the Kings River. Trailhead parking is 4½ miles (7.2 km) east of Cedar Grove Village road. Purchase a trail guide at the visitor center. Allow 1 hour.

ROAD’S END:
High granite walls and trails to the river, Muir Rock, and the High Sierra. East of the Village turnoff 5-1/2 miles (8.8 km).

TAKE A HIKE!

MIST FALLS:
One of the park’s largest waterfalls. Allow 4-5 hours; 9 miles (14.4 km) round trip. Fairly flat at first, 600-foot elevation gain in the last 2 miles (3.2 km). Park at Road’s End.

DON CECIL TRAIL:
The main route into the canyon prior to the 1939 completion of High-way 180. It starts .2 miles (.3 km) east of the village, climbs a north-facing slope past Sheep Creek Cascade (1 mile/1.6 km) up to good views. Lookout Peak (13-mile/21 km round trip, 4000 foot/1220 m elevation gain) has a great panorama. Strenuous; allow all day.

HOTEL CREEK TRAIL:
Starts .2 mile (.3 km) north of the market intersection with the pack station road. Climbs through chaparral to forest and views from Cedar Grove Overlook. 5 miles (8 km) round trip; 1200-foot/365 m elevation gain. Strenuous; allow 3-4 hours. Return via Lewis Creek Trail for an 8-mile (12.9 km) loop.

USFS NATIONAL FOREST

Explore Giant Sequoia National Monument, part of Sequoia National Forest (see page 2 for Park or Forest).

CONVERSE BASIN:
Virtually every mature sequoia in this huge grove was felled early in the 1900s. Walk the 2-mile (3.2 km) Boole Tree loop to see a monarch they spared (6 miles north of Grant Grove), or the ½-mile (.8 km) loop to the Chicago Stump, a tree cut for the 1893 World’s Fair (2 miles north of Grant Grove).

INDIAN BASIN:
Closed due to construction in Princess Campground. May reopen by July 4th weekend. A one-mile accessible trail and one-mile unpaved trail. Take Highway 180 7 miles north of Grant Grove; turn into Princess Campground. Trail begins by the host’s site.

HUME LAKE:
Formed by a rare, historic, multiple-arch dam, supplied water to a flume that floated lumber 67 miles (108 km) to Sanger. An easy 2 ½-mile (4 km) trail circles it. Page 9 lists facilities. Eight miles (12.8 km) north of Grant Grove on Highway 180; 3 miles (4.8 km) south on Hume Lake Road.

BUCK ROCK LOOKOUT:
A 1916 tower, still used for spotting fires, offers 360º views. Approximately 6 miles (9.6 km) off Big Meadow Road 14511 then Forest Road 13504.

& SEQUOIA NATIONAL FOREST / GIANT SEQUOIA NATIONAL MONUMENT

SPRING 2010
FACILITIES IN SEQUOIA NATIONAL PARK

Giant Forest Sequoia Grove
6400’ (1950m) elevation. This sequoia grove is the home of the world’s biggest trees. It offers 40 miles (64 km) of walking trails. For nearby picnic areas see page 3 and the map on page 12. See highlights on page 6 and traffic-delay information on page 13.

• Giant Forest Museum (NPS): Daily 9am-4:30pm through 5/20, 9am-6pm through 6/3, then 9am-7pm. Exhibits about the Big Trees. Books, maps, first aid. 1-559-565-4480. No payphone; closest are at Lodgepole & Wolverton (don’t rely on cell phones).
• Beetle Rock Nature Center (NPS): Opens June 26. Across the Generals Highway from Giant Forest Museum. Stop in, one and all!

Crystal Cave - opens May 8
One of the park’s highlights! See page 3 for details & schedule.

Lodgepole Village
6700’ (2040 m) elevation. A few miles north of Giant Forest, in beautiful Tokopah Canyon along the Marble Fork of the Kaweah River. For nearby picnic areas see page 3 & the map on page 12.

INFORMATION (NPS)
• Wilderness Permits: Required for backcountry overnight trips. Self-issue outside on the front of the visitor center through 5/27, then go to the visitor center. See page 4 for details. 1-559-565-3766.
• Visitor Center: Opens 5/7. Daily 9am-5pm through 5/27, then 7am-5pm. Bears of the Sierra movie; exhibits on geology & forest life; books; maps; first aid. Wilderness permits starting 5/28. Crystal Cave tickets sold 9am-4pm through 5/28, then 8am-4pm. Pay phone. 1-559-565-4436.

FOOD, SHOPS & OTHER SERVICES (DNCR)
• Market, Gift Shop (DNCR): Through 5/27, daily 9am-6pm, then 8am-8pm. Groceries, pre-made sandwiches, supplies, bear canisters, ice cream, film, souvenirs.
• Snack Bar (DNCR): Open 5/1-5/23 weekends only 9am-6pm, then open daily same hours. Starting 5/28, daily 8am-7:45pm.
• Laundry (DNCR): Same hours as Market. Last load in 1 hour before closing.
• Showers (DNCR): Open 4/30-5/27, daily 9am-1pm & 3-5:45pm. Starting 5/28, 8am-1pm & 7-7:45pm.
• Post Office: Weekdays 8am-1pm & 2-4pm. 1-559-565-3678. Lobby open 24 hours. Address mail to visitors: c/o General Delivery, Sequoia National Park, CA 93262.
• Lodgepole Campground (NPS): Open all year. Details on page 11.
• Pay Telephones: Outside visitor center & market (cell-phone signals are usually poor).

WOLVERTON MEADOWS
7200’ (2160 m) elevation. North of Sherm an Tree 2 miles (3.2km).
• Wolverton BBQ (DNCR): Nightly 6/12-9/5, weather permitting. All-you-can-eat, served outdoors at 6pm (time adjusts with sunset).

Foothills Area
500-3500’ (457-1067 m) elevation. Oaks, chaparral, & river canyons; hot summers & snow-free winters; & the greatest biological diversity in these parks. Park headquarters is at Ash Mountain.
• Visitor Center (NPS): Daily 8am-4:30pm through 5/27, then 8am-6pm. Exhibits, books, maps, bear canisters, first aid, local wilderness permits. 1-559-565-3135.
• Camping (NPS): At Potwisha (year-round) & Buckeye Flat (closed in winter). Details on page 11.
• Pay Telephones (cell phone signals are usually poor): Foothills Visitor Center near front door; Potwisha Campground, Hospital Rock Picnic Area (on restroom wall).

Mineral King Area
The road to this area is opens May 27, weather permitting.

NOTE: Until May 27, Mineral King Road is closed about 9 miles from Highway 198. Visitors can go through the first gate (at the park boundary) with a permit from the Foothills Visitor Center (see hours above). You can then go 8 miles further to a second gate, weather permitting. The road ends 8 miles beyond that.

7800’ (2380 m) elevation. A subalpine valley at the end of a steep, narrow, difficult road. No RVs, buses, or trailers, please. No electricity or gasoline. Be aware: In spring & early summer, marmots chew on hoses and wiring in parked cars in the valley.
• Ranger Station (NPS): Opens Friday, May 28 8am-4pm. Until then, self-register for wilderness permits on the porch. Check there for schedules of free ranger-led programs.
• Pay Telephones: Cold Springs Campground, Sawtooth parking area. Cell phone signals are usually poor.
• Silver City Mountain Resort: Open 5/28 thru 10/31. Cabins, chalets, showers, small store (gifts, limited supplies, ice, no gasoline, no fishing licenses). Restaurant/store: Thursday-Monday 8am-8pm; Tuesday-Wednesday 8am-5pm & coffee only. Pay telephone. 1-559-561-3223; www.silvercityresort.com.
• Camping (NPS): No RVs or trailers. Details: page 11.

Wuksachi Lodge & Dining
7200’ (2160 m) elevation. Year-round center (DNCR) for lodging & food services in Sequoia 4 miles (6.4 km) north of Sherman Tree.

FREE NATURE PROGRAMS

GIANT FOREST/ LODGEPOLE
• In spring, rangers usually offer programs on weekends & holidays.
• Daily activities start Memorial Day weekend. Ask at visitor centers or see local bulletin boards for times, locations, & topics.

IN THE FOOTHILLS
Ranger-led Walks, Talks, & Campfire Programs:
Join us at locations throughout the foothills. Check bulletin boards and visitor centers for times, topics, and meeting locations.

Delaware North Companies Parks & Resorts (DNCR) and the National Park Foundation make it easy for Wuksachi Lodge guests to contribute to these parks. Ask about the Guest Donation Program when you check in!

• Dining Room: Daily. Through 5/27, breakfast 7:30-9:30am; lunch 11:30am-2:30pm; dinner 5:30-8:30pm. Starting 5/28, 7-10am, 11:30am-2:30pm, 5-10pm. Dinner reservations required. Box lunches available. 1-559-565-4070. Lounge 5-8:30pm through 5/27, then 10pm.
• Gift Shop: Daily 8am-8pm. Film, souvenirs, crafts, clothing.
• Wuksachi Lodge: See page 10 for details. Front desk 24 hours.
• Pay Telephones: At main lodge. Cell-phone signals are often poor.
Grant Grove Village Area

6600’ (2008 m) elevation. This was originally General Grant National Park, created in 1890 to protect sequoias from logging. Here are both a pristine grove & one that was logged in the 1800s.

INFORMATION
• Kings Canyon Park Visitor Center (NPS): Daily 8am-5pm through 6/5, then 8am-6pm. Exhibits, 15-minute movie in English & Spanish. Books, maps, first aid, bear canisters. Local wilderness permits issued until ½ hour before closing. 1-559-565-4307.

FOOD, LODGING & OTHER SERVICES
• Restaurant (KCP): Daily through 5/27 9am-2pm & 5-7pm (Fridays & Saturdays until 8pm). Starting 5/28, 7am-2pm & 5-9pm.
• Gift Shop & Market (KCP): Daily 9am-6pm (Fridays & Saturdays until 7pm) through 5/27, then 8am-9pm. Souvenirs, film, clothing, ATM. Market sells food & other supplies, sandwiches, bear canisters, & cans of emergency gasoline.
• Camping & Lodging: See page 10-11. Lodge front desk in restaurant building: 7am-10pm through 5/27, then 7am-midnight.
• Post Office: Hours may vary. Monday-Friday 9am-3:30pm; Saturday 10 -noon. Lobby open 24 hours. Send mail for visitors to: c/o General Delivery, Kings Canyon NP, CA 93633. 1-559-335-2499.
• Showers (KCP): Weather permitting opens 5/14, 11am-4pm.
• Stables - Horseback Riding: Details on page 3. Open late spring.
• Pay Telephones: Available 24 hours at Kings Canyon Visitor Center (booth by front door); & outside gift shop, market, & post office. Cell phone signals are usually poor.

Cedar Grove Village in the Kings Canyon
Highway 180 into the canyon opens April 30 at noon. 4600’ (1410 m) elevation. This glaciated valley features towering granite cliffs, tumbling waterfalls, and the powerful Kings River — “a rival to the Yosemite,” according to John Muir.

INFORMATION
• Wilderness Permits (NPS): At Road’s End, 6 miles (9.6km) east of the village. Self-issue through 5/21, then 7am-3pm daily. No permits issued after 2:45pm. Maps, bear canisters.

FOOD, LODGING & OTHER SERVICES - Opening May 13
• Restaurant (KCPs): Counter-service meals & snack bar; not a full-service restaurant. From 5/13-6/10 weekdays 8-10:30am & 5-7pm; weekends 8am-2pm & 5-7pm. Starting 6/11 daily 7am-2pm & 5-8pm. Lunch supplies available at market.
• Gift Shop & Market (KCP): Salads, sandwiches, supplies, bear canisters, souvenirs. From 5/13-6/10 8am-7pm, then 7am-8pm.
• Showers: 5/13-6/10, 8am-1pm & 3-6pm, then 7am-1pm & 3-7pm.
• Pay Telephones: Outside lodge & ranger station.
• Horseback Riding: Details on page 3. Open late spring.

In GRANT GROVE:
• Grant Tree Walk - Saturday-Sunday 2pm through 5/30; daily starting 6/5. Additional programs may be offered on Memorial Day weekend (5/28-30) and weekends in June. Full programming begins by July.
• Saturday evening programs - at John Muir Lodge through 5/29. Nightly programs begin 6/5, moving outside to Sunset Amphitheater when conditions permit. Time & topics vary; check locally.

USFS: National Forest & Monument
Hume Lake & Big Meadows Areas (FS)
Giant Sequoia National Monument, part of Sequoia National Forest, borders much of the western edge of these National Parks. You are in National Forest when you drive from the park area of Lodgepole to Grant Grove and from Grant Grove to Cedar Grove.

PAY TELEPHONES (cell-phone signals are usually poor):
• Between Wuksachi Village & Grant Grove: Summer only at Stony Creek Resort & Big Meadows trailhead.
• Between Grant Grove & Cedar Grove: Hume Lake (year round; see Hume Lake below); Kings Canyon Lodge (summer only).

INFORMATION
• USFS Hume Lake District Office (FS): 35860 Kings Canyon Road (Hwy 180) in Dunlap, 19 miles (31 km) west of Kings Canyon park entrance at Big Stump. Open 1st Saturday of the month through September, 8am-4:30pm. Maps & books sold. 1-559-338-2251; www.fs.fed.us/r5/sequoia.

LODGING & OTHER SERVICES
• Camping (FS) & Lodging (private): See pages 10 & 11 for details.
• Montecito Lake Resort (FS permitted): Open all year. A resort on public land. On Generals Highway 9 miles (14.5km) south of Grant Grove. Breakfast 8-9am, lunch 12-1pm, dinner 6-7pm through 5/22, then hours increase. Cabins, hotel, children’s activities. 1-800-227-9900 or 1-559-565-3388.
• Hume Lake: Year-round private facilities open to public: 24-hour laundry (coin operated) & gas station (with credit card). Market & snack shop. North of Grant Grove 8 miles (13km) on Hwy 180, then right on Hume Lake Road 3 miles (5km). 1-559-335-2000.
• Stony Creek Resort (FS): On Generals Highway south of Grant Grove. Opens 5/6. Open 1 hour later on Friday-Saturday. Market: 8am-7pm through 6/10, then 7am-5pm. Restaurant 4-6:30pm through 6/10 then 11am-2pm & 4-7:30pm. Showers 9am-6pm. Laundry. Gasoline 24 hours with credit card. 1-866-KCANYON; 1-559-565-3909.

GASOLINE SALES on FOREST LANDS
• At Hume Lake year-round, Stony Creek starting May 6, and Kings Canyon Lodge starting mid-April. See page 3 for details.

In CEDAR GROVE: - opens 4/30
• Walks, talks, & campfire programs: Check bulletin boards or visitor center for times, topics, and meeting locations for ranger-led activities.
• South Fork Clean-Up: Sponsored by Friends of the South Fork Kings River - June 5, July 10, September 18. Contact (916) 601-9954 or wetemplin@att.net for details.
Camping DOs & DON'Ts: These rules protect the park & you!

NOTE: Rules may vary between the Park and the National Forest. Check page 3 for details.

**KEEP FOOD FROM BEARS!**

It's required all year! Learn how to do it correctly — see below.

**CAMPFIRE RESTRICTIONS**

Gather only dead & down wood; do not cut limbs from trees. Better yet, bring wood or buy it at a market. Fires must be out cold before you leave. Check bulletin boards for restrictions.

In the national forest & monument you must get a free campfire permit from the Hume Lake District Office, Kings Canyon Visitor Center (Grant Grove), or a Forest Service ranger.

**ROADSIDE CAMPING?**

It's not permitted in the park. Camp only in designated sites in campgrounds. In the National Forest & Monument, roadside camping is permitted unless posted otherwise. Ask a ranger for possible locations.

**NO HOLDING CAMPSITES**

You may not hold a site for someone who has not arrived. Sites not occupied for 24 hours are considered abandoned; property may be impounded.

**GROUP SITES & MAXIMUM GROUP SIZES**

**UP TO 6:** Many campgrounds allow only one vehicle & six people per site. Check locally for slight variations in these limits & parking locations for extra vehicles.

**7 TO 19:** In summer, Crystal Springs (Grant Grove) has first-come, first-served sites for groups of 7-15. Canyon View in Cedar Grove has 7-19 sites.

**LARGER:** Call in advance for information on requesting summer group tent-camping sites: For Sunset or Canyon View 1-559-565-4335 (5/1-10/31: 565-3792 for Canyon View). To reserve a group site in Dorst or in the national forest/monument: 1-877-444-6777 or www.recreation.gov.

**TIME LIMITS ON CAMPING**

Camping stays are limited to 14 days between June 14 and September 14, with 30 days total per year.

**QUIET & GENERATOR HOURS**

10pm-6am. Generator use: At Lodgepole & Dorst only 8-11am & 5-8pm; at other campgrounds 9am-9pm only. Music should be audible in your campsite only.

**RVS & TRAILERS**

No hookups are available. Dump stations: See chart on page 11. Trailers are permitted in all but four park campgrounds; check the chart on page 11. Many sites are not suitable for trailers or RVs. Sites may not be level. Vehicles over 30 feet long can fit in a small number of sites.

**PROPANE CANISTERS**

Do not put propane or other fuel canisters in park trash cans or leave them in the parks. Take them with you when you leave.

**BE A VOLUNTEER HOST!**

Live in the park, take care of campgrounds & resources, & meet great people! Learn about volunteer opportunities; contact the Park Volunteer Coordinator, 47050 Generals Highway, Three Rivers, CA 93271-9651.

**YOU MUST STORE ALL FOOD!**

Bears quickly learn to get food from cars, picnic tables, and backpacks. They then become destructive and sometimes aggressive. They want our food, not us, but people can get hurt. Too often these bears must be killed. This is why you may be fined if you do not store food properly.

• **DRIVERS:** Never leave any food or scented item in cars. Take infant seats out of cars; the smells they absorb may attract bears.

• **CAMPERS:** Store food day and night in the metal boxes provided (see page 11 for box sizes; avoid bringing coolers that won’t fit).

Store ALL food, coolers, related items, and anything with an odor (even if it’s not food) — including unopened cans and bottles. Latch the box completely. Food not stored properly will be impounded. Where boxes are not provided, store food in the car trunk (seal food to reduce odors). If the car has no trunk, put everything on the floor, cover it well, and close the windows. Keep a clean campsite. Deposit garbage immediately in bear-proof containers or store it like food.

• **PICKNICKERS:** Guard your food at all times.

• **LODGE GUESTS:** Keep cabin doors closed any time you leave.

• **BACKPACKERS:** Store all food in a portable canister. Less than 3 pounds, it holds up to 5-day’s food for one and fits in a pack. Metal boxes in a few backcountry locations offer backup storage. Rent or buy a canister at park visitor centers or markets. Bears defeat most attempts to hang food in trees.

• **EVERYONE:** Don’t let bears approach you or your food. Wave your arms, make loud noises, and throw small rocks in their direction (avoid hitting the face or head). Keep a safe distance but be persistent. If a bear does get food, never try to take it back.

**SAVE A BEAR!**

Sales from the Save-a-Bear Kit & color pin (above) directly support bear management. See the pins at visitor centers.

**SEQUOIA NATIONAL FOREST/ MONUMENT AREA**

- **Montecito Lake Resort** (formerly Montecito-SEQUOIA Lodge)
  Reservations: 1-800-227-9900
  Front Desk: 1-559-565-3988

- **Stony Creek Lodge** (KCPs)
  Reservations: 1-866-522-6966
  Front Desk: 1-559-565-3909.
  www.sequoia-kingscanyon.com
  Open May 6 - mid-October. On Generals Highway between Grant Grove & Lodgepole. Hotel, restaurant, market, showers, gas.

- **Big Meadows Cabin** (FS)

- **Kings Canyon Lodge** (Private*)
  Reservations: 1-866-522-2405
  Open mid-April to mid-September. On Hwy 180, 13 miles (21 km) east of Grant Grove.

- **ISE:** The two facilities on private land cannot be evaluated, regulated, or endorsed by the National Park or National Forest.

**NEIGHBORING TOWNS**

Three Rivers, Lemon Cove, Squaw Valley, and other offer year-round lodging, camping, & services. Ask at visitor centers or check www.nps.gov/seqi; click PLAN YOUR VISIT then link to LODGING.

**WILDERNESS LODGE & PERMITS**

See page 4 for details.
Each campsite has a table & fire ring with grill; no hook-ups.

Food-storage is required: Always read & follow instructions on bulletin boards to help save a bear! See other rules on page 10.

*Summer reservations for Dorst & Lodgepole (in Sequoia NP) & for reservable campgrounds (marked * below) in the National Forest (USFS) may be made up to 6 months in advance of the date desired. Contact www.recreation.gov or 1-877-444-6777 (7am -9pm PST from 3/1-10/31). Customer service: 888-448-1474.

Food Storage: Avoid bringing items that won’t fit. Symbols on the chart tell the size of bear-proof food-storage boxes available in each campground:

- One small box per site (47" long x 17" deep x 16" high);
- One large box per site (at least 47" long x 33" deep x 28" high);
- A mix of box sizes;
- Additional boxes available for sites to share.

FOOT HILLS A R E A

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<th>Campground</th>
<th>Elevation</th>
<th># of sites</th>
<th>Daily Fee</th>
<th>Restrooms</th>
<th>Showers within 2 miles</th>
<th>Laundry within 2 miles</th>
<th>Dump Station Nearby</th>
<th>Nature Programs Nearby</th>
<th>Pay Phone</th>
<th>Riding within 2 miles</th>
<th>River within 2 miles</th>
<th>Sequoias within 2 miles</th>
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MINERAL K I N G A R E A

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HUME L A K E A R E A

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SEQUOIA NATIONAL FOREST/GIANT SEQUOIA NATIONAL MONUMENT (FS)

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<td>Upper Stony</td>
<td>6400-7500'</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>$15</td>
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<td>Horse Camp</td>
<td>6400-7500'</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>$15</td>
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<td>Buck Rock</td>
<td>6400-7500'</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>$15</td>
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<td>Big Meadow</td>
<td>6400-7500'</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>$15</td>
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</table>

& SEQUOIA NATIONAL FOREST / GIANT SEQUOIA NATIONAL MONUMENT SPRING 2010
**PARK ROADS**
- Campground
- Picnic Area
- Lodging
- Horses/riding
- Gas station

**Major paved road**
- Minor paved road
- Unpaved road
- Park boundary

**STEEP ROADS:**
Grades of 5-8%.
Downshift to avoid overheated or failed brakes. See page 5.

**DRIVING TIME IN GOOD WEATHER:**
- **FROM Foothills to Giant Forest:** 1 hour.
- **Lodgepole - 1 hour.**
- **Visalia - 1 hour.**
- **Mineral King - 1-1/2 hour.** Road closed Nov 1 to late May.
- **FROM GIANT FOREST to Grant Grove - 1 hour.**
- **FROM GRANT GROVE to Cedar Grove - 1 hour.** Road closed mid-Nov to late April.
- **Fresno - 1-1/2 hours.** Yosemite south entry via Hwy 41 - 3 hrs.

**LIFE ZONES:**
- **High Sierra - 5,000 to 14,500 feet.**
  - Summer: Warm to chilly days; nights down to low 30s. Winter: frigid.
- **Conifer zone - 5,000 to 8,000 feet.**
  - Summer: Warm days & cool nights. Winter: deep snow, cold days.
- **Foothills zone - 1,500 to 5,000 feet.**
  - Mild, wet winters; hot, dry summers. Cedar Grove is cooler than the foothills, but hotter than Grant Grove.

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**Experience Your America!**

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**GIANT SEQUOIA NATIONAL MONUMENT**

- **CEDAR GROVE BRIDGE REPLACEMENT**
- **Generals Highway - Road shoulder work**
- **Generals Highway - Reconstruction (9 miles)**

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**NATIONAL PARKS**

- **SEQUOIA & KINGS CANYON NATIONAL PARKS**
  - 47050 Generals Highway
  - Three Rivers, CA 93271-9651