It has become more common for trail groups to request access to privately held lands for trail use. Most landowners of private and public lands want to grant permission, but they can have questions concerning their risks, liability, and responsibility. State statutes assure landowners protection for allowing access, creating new opportunities for recreation.

For more information:
South Dakota Recreational Use Statute
South Dakota Codified Laws Title 20, Personal Rights and Obligations, Chapter 20-9. Liability for Torts
http://www.law.utexas.edu/dawson/recreate/sd_rec.htm

American Association for Horsemanship Safety
http://www.law.utexas.edu/dawson/recreate/recreate.htm or 1-512-488-2220

Equestrian Land Conservation Resource
http://www.elcr.org or 1-815-776-0150

International Mountain Bicycling Association
http://www.imba.com or 1-888-442-4622

American Whitewater
http://www.americanwhitewater.org/ or 1-866-BOAT4AW

Developed with assistance from Rivers, Trails and Conservation Assistance National Park Service
http://www.nps.gov/trca 505-988-6091

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Communities and trail groups are working hard to create a system of trails for recreation, health, and commuting.

Issues arise when the optimal or only route for a trail crosses privately owned land.

Trail users are highly appreciative of landowners allowing trail use on their land. They want to work with landowners to assure the best experience for both groups.

Many landowners are willing to allow people to pass through their property, enjoying the pleasant scenery, but they can have some valid concerns.

The foremost questions the private landowner asks:

"What risks do I as a landowner face when allowing access through my property?"

"Can I as a landowner be held liable if a person using a trail is injured on my land?"

The South Dakota legislature has enacted a “Recreational Use Statute” to encourage owners and managers to allow public access for recreation use on their lands.

Landowners are not required to keep their premises safe or to warn visitors of hazardous conditions, structures, or activities on their property. However, landowners cannot deliberately endanger people who enter for recreational purposes.

People entering and using privately owned lands for recreational purposes are responsible for exercising due care in their use of the land.

This liability protection is not valid if the landowner collects fees or rent for the use of the land. Exceptions can be, but not limited to payment for land leased to a government agency that then manages the property or nominal gifts to the landowner.

If you as a landowner allow a trail to cross your property, let the trail organization know that you want to be contacted immediately to address concerns before they have a chance to develop into problems. Addressing it promptly will make a better situation for all.