

FINAL REPORT FOR THE COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT NO. CA9088A0008**Mycorrhizal fungi in disturbed sites at Mt. Rainier National Park**

**Efren Cazares
Dept. Forest Science
Oregon State University
Corvallis, OR 97331**

And

**Laurie Kurth
Mt. Rainier National Park
Ashford, WA**

Introduction

The National Park Service's primary mission is to conserve unimpaired the natural and cultural resources and values of the national park system for the enjoyment of this and future generations. Currently, the Service is unable to attain its mission in many parks, owing to a serious lack of scientific information about the nature and condition of resources in those parks and the effect of visitor impacts to those resources, especially biological resources. For many years, Mount Rainier National Park has conducted inventories of human impacts focused on loss of vegetation and soils represented by development and extent of social trails, development of new campsites, and expansion in the footprint of existing camps. In order to protect the resources from impairment, the park's General Management Plan calls for study and implementation of carrying capacity/indicators and standards by 2007. The park is faced with defining acceptable levels of impacts that do not lead to ecological impairment of the resources. To conduct this work an interdisciplinary work plan has been developed in which the use of mycorrhizal fungi as a potential indicator and standard is outlined.

Mycorrhizal fungi richness in impacted and intact forest ecosystems will be determined in selected campsites in Mt. Rainier National Park. Transects will be established in several established low-elevation, forested frontcountry and backcountry camps where data on tree species diversity and density has been compiled. Frontcountry camps will represent some of the more severe impacts to soil and vegetation in the park resulting from continuous trampling and driving throughout the summer season. Backcountry camps represent a mid-level of impacts resulting from extensive use by backpackers throughout the summer season. These sites will be compared with adjacent intact forest communities. Ectomycorrhizal fungal diversity will be determined along transects and compared between the severe, moderate, and non-impacted sites.

Study sites

The front-country (car) campsites were Cougar Rock and Ohanapecosh and the backcountry campsites were Lake George and Nickel Creek. Front-country campsites represent some of the more severe impacts to soil and vegetation in the park resulting from continuous trampling and driving throughout the summer season. Backcountry campsites represent a mid-level of impacts resulting from extensive use by backpackers throughout the summer season. These sites will be compared with adjacent intact forest communities.

Objectives

1. A preliminary look at the mycorrhizal fungi richness in campsites with different levels of disturbance.
2. Determine mycorrhizal fungal species as potential indicators of disturbance

Methods

In October 2004, we sampled using a time-constraint of 100 person minutes (one time) mycorrhizal fungi fruiting bodies from a 1000 m² of disturbed and undisturbed areas in four campgrounds: Cougar Rock, Ohanapecosh, Lake George and Nickel Creek.

Field trials of time-constraint sampling conducted at Crater Lake indicated that 1000 m² plots sampled for 100 person minutes (Four people would required 25 minutes to sample this area) captured the asymptotes of detected species diversity. Rather than sampling quantities of randomly placed microplots, time-constraint sampling (Claridge et al. 2000) permits macroplots to be sampled for a consistent number of person-minutes. It allows surveyors to employ intuition and experience to increase the sampling coverage and maximize data collection, particularly for hypogeous fungal species. The method has been successfully used to quantify fungal diversity and habitat associations over broad ecotypes in southeastern Australia.

Representative fungal fruitbodies of each different species in the sample area were labeled, photographed, catalogued and dried for further study in the laboratory. All voucher specimens will be deposited in the Cryptogamic collection at Oregon State University.

Results and Discussion

We identified 209 collections representing 85 mycorrhizal fungal species. Many fungal collections remain unidentified because their taxonomy is extremely difficult. The amount of data obtained from this preliminary study is very significant even though the design was not made to draw conclusions based on statistical analysis. A list of species (richness) of mycorrhizal fungi for each campground is provided in the Appendix 1. Digital images of all identified species are readily available for future presentations.

The majority of the mycorrhizal fungi in the Pacific Northwest fruit in the autumn and spring when temperature and moisture reach optimal conditions for most of the species. The autumn of 2004 was an exceptional season for fungal fruiting in the region. We believe that the fungal species found in this study are representative of the mycorrhizal fungal population in the area even though were sampled only once in time and space.

A time-constraint sampling method seemed very straightforward and efficient for this type of study. The undisturbed adjacent areas in the frontcountry (car) camps showed a higher number of mycorrhizal species than disturbed areas. In backcountry camp sites the number of mycorrhizal fungal species in undisturbed vs. disturbed areas was similar. See Figure 1 and Appendix 1 for details.

We determined that fungal species found exclusively in either undisturbed or disturbed areas are the potential indicators of disturbance. For example, species found only in undisturbed areas were: *Boletus zelleri* (2)*, *Gomphidius subroseus* (2), *Hygrophorus pudorinus* (1), *Leccinum aurantiacum* (1), *Ramaria acrisiccescens* (1), *R. fasciculata* var. *sparsiramosa* (1), *R. fennica* (1), *R. flavigelatinosa* var. *carnisalmonea* (1), *R. leptoformosa* (2), *R. rubrivenescens* (1), *R. stuntzii* (1), *R. vinosimaculans* (1), *Russula vinosobrunnea* (1) and *Tricholoma magnivelare* (1). Species found only in disturbed areas were: *Amanita muscaria* (1), *A. pantherina* (1), *A. silvicola* (1), *Chroogomphus tomentosus* (1), *Gomphidius oregonensis* (3), *Hydnellum complectipes* (1), *Lactarius candidus* (1), *Ramaria flavigelatinosa* var. *megalospora* (1), *R. sandaracina* var. *euosma* (1), *Rhizopogon parksii* (1), *R. vinicolor* (1), *Russula aeruginea* (1), *Russula atrata* (1), *Suillus brevipes* (2), *Tricholoma fulvum* (1) and *T. imbricatum* (1). (*Numbers in parenthesis indicates the times a species was found out of the 4 undisturbed or disturbed sites in this study). These results are only a "snapshot" of the mycorrhizal fungal population that will help to design long-term studies to determine what species are truly indicators of levels of disturbance.

The most important factor to maintain the viability of any mycorrhizal fungal population is the presence of the plant host. The fungal individuals are attached to the hosts at the root tips forming mycorrhizal (mutually beneficial) associations that are unique for each species. The fruiting bodies or mushrooms indicate only the presence or existence of a particular species in the area. It does not indicate how much of this individual is colonizing the root system of a particular host. Fungal fruiting is extremely variable among species and individuals creating a challenge to detect the occurrence in a particular area. In other words, what we observe aboveground is not a reflection of what is happening belowground. Forest management practices that maintain a diverse forest canopy are essential to maintain the mycorrhizal fungal diversity.

APPENDIX 1	
COUGAR ROCK-DISTURBED 29822-29871	Trappe coll. #
<i>Boletus mirabilis</i> Murr.	29846
<i>Dermocybe semisanguineus</i> (Fr.) Gillette	29858
<i>Gomphus floccosus</i> (Schw.) Singer	29868
<i>Hydnellum complectipes</i> D. Hall	29856
<i>Hygrophorus camarophyllus</i> (Fr.) Dume, Granj. & Maire	29849-29860
<i>H. eburneus</i> (Bull. ex Fr.) Fr.	29853
<i>H. capreolarius</i> Kalchbr.	29867
<i>Laccaria laccata</i> (Scop. ex Fr.) Cke.	29825-29841
<i>Lactarius kauffmanii</i> Smith & Hesler	29836-29840
<i>L. rubrilacteus</i> Smith & Hesler	29851
<i>L. uvidus</i> (Fr.) Fr.	29847-29871
<i>Ramaria sandaracina</i> var <i>euosma</i> Marr & D. E. Stuntz	29835
<i>Russula occidentalis</i> Singer	29859
<i>R. silvicola</i> Shaeffer	29837
<i>R. xerampelina</i> Fr.	29823-29844
<i>Suillus brevipes</i> (Pk.) Kuntze	29854
<i>S. lakei</i> (Murr.) Smith & Thiers	29831
<i>Tricholoma flavovirens</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Lund.	29822
<i>T. saponaceum</i> (Fr.) Kummer	29842-29861
<i>Tricholomopsis rutilans</i> (Schaeff. ex Fr.) Sing.	29843
 COUGAR ROCK-UNDISTURBED 29872-29916	
Trappe coll. #	
<i>Boletus mirabilis</i> Murr.	29912
<i>B. zelleri</i> Murr.	29883
<i>Dermocybe semisanguineus</i> (Fr.) Gillette	29877
<i>Gomphidius subroseus</i> Kauffman	29908
<i>Gomphus floccosus</i> (Schw.) Singer	29884
<i>Hebeloma crustuliniforme</i> (Bull. ex St. Amans) Quel'	29882
<i>Hygrophorus eburneus</i> (Bull. ex Fr.) Fr.	29906
<i>H. capreolarius</i> Kalchbr.	29888
<i>H. pudorinus</i> (Fr.) Fr.	29873
<i>Laccaria laccata</i> (Scop. ex Fr.) Cke.	29874
<i>Lactarius kauffmanii</i> Smith & Hesler	29911
<i>L. pseudomucidus</i> Smith & Hesler	29900
<i>L. rubrilacteus</i> Smith & Hesler	29887
<i>L. uvidus</i> (Fr.) Fr.	29910
<i>Leccinum aurantiacum</i> (Fr.) S.F. Gray	29876
<i>Ramaria rubrievanescens</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz	29875
<i>R. fennica</i> complex	29890
<i>R. vinosimaculans</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz	29891
<i>R. leptoformosa</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz	29895
<i>R. fasciculata</i> var <i>sparsiramosa</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz	29896
<i>Rozites caperata</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Karst.	29905
<i>Russula brevipes</i> Pk.	29899
<i>R. occidentalis</i> Singer	29872
<i>R. silvicola</i> Shaeffer	29916
<i>R. xerampelina</i> Fr.	29886
<i>Tricholoma flavovirens</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Lund.	29878
<i>T. magnivelare</i>	29898

<i>T. pardinum</i> Quelet	29914
<i>T. saponaceum</i> (Fr.) Kummer	29902
<i>T. zelleri</i> (D.E. Stuntz & A.H. Sm.) Ovrebo & Tylutki	29904
LAKE GEORGE-DISTURBED 29934-29962	Trappe coll. #
<i>Boletus edulis</i> Bull. ex Fr.	29941
<i>B. mirabilis</i> Murr.	29950
<i>Craterellus tubaeformis</i> (Fr.) Quel.	29960
<i>Dermocybe semisanguineus</i> (Fr.) Guillette	29942
<i>Gomphidius oregonensis</i> Pk.	29961
<i>Laccaria bicolor</i> (Maire) Oroton	29938
<i>L. laccata</i> (Scop. ex Fr.) Cke.	29946
<i>Rozites caperata</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Karst	29958
<i>Russula atrata</i> Shaffer	29951-29952-29953
<i>R. occidentalis</i> Singer	29935
<i>Suillus caerulescens</i> Smith & Thiers	29939
<i>Thaxterogaster pingue</i> (Zeller) Smith & Singer	29957
<i>Tricholoma flavovirens</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Lund.	29949
<i>T. fulvum</i> (DC. ex Fr.) Sacc.	29944
LAKE GEORGE-UNDISTURBED 29964-29991	Trappe coll. #
<i>Boletus edulis</i> Bull. ex Fr.	29970
<i>B. mirabilis</i> Murr.	29989-29988
<i>Craterellus tubaeformis</i> (Fr.) Quel.	29984
<i>Elaphomyces granulatus</i> Fr.	29966
<i>Hydnnum repandum</i> L. ex Fr.	29969-29986
<i>Hygrophorus camarophyllus</i> (Fr.) Dume, Grandj. & Maire	29982
<i>H. eburneus</i> (Bull. ex Fr.) Fr.	29971
<i>Laccaria laccata</i> (Scop. ex Fr.) Cke.	29968
<i>Lactarius rubrilacteus</i> Smith & Hesler	29985
<i>Russula mariae</i> Pk.	29977
<i>R. vinosobrunnea</i> (Bres) Romagnesi	29991

NICKEL CREEK-DISTURBED	29729-29771	Trappe coll. #
<i>Amanita muscaria</i> (L. ex Fr.) Pk		29761
<i>Boletus edulis</i> Bull. ex Fr.		29737
<i>B. mirabilis</i> Murr.		29762
<i>Craterellus tubaeformis</i> (Fr.) Quel.		29729
<i>Dermocybe semisanguineus</i> (Fr.) Guillette		29739
<i>Gomphidius oregonensis</i> Pk.		29735
<i>Gomphus floccosus</i> (Schw.) Singer		29760-29764
<i>Helvella lacunosa</i> Afzelius ex Fr.		29759
<i>Laccaria laccata</i> (Scop. ex Fr.) Cke.		29736
<i>Lactarius rubrilacteus</i> Smith & Hesler		29740
<i>Ramaria flavigelatinosa</i> var. <i>megalospora</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz		29743
<i>Russula occidentalis</i> Singer		29731-29757
<i>R. silvicola</i> Shaeffer		29747
<i>R. xerampelina</i> Fr.		29738
<i>Suillus brevipes</i> (Pk.) Kuntze		29752
<i>S. luteus</i> (Fr.) S.F. Gray		29744
<i>Thaxterogaster pingue</i> (Zeller) Smith & Singer		29748
<i>Tricholoma flavovirens</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Lund.		29756
<i>T. pardinum</i> Quelet		29771
<i>T. saponaceum</i> (Fr.) Kummer		29734
<i>T. virgatum</i> (Fr. ex Fr.) Kummer		29754-29770
<i>Tricholoma zelleri</i> (Stuntz & Smith) Ovrebo & Tylutki		29745
<i>Tricholomopsis rutilans</i> (Schaeff. ex Fr.) Singer		29755-29767
NICKEL CREEK-UNDISTURBED	29772-29821	Trappe coll. #
<i>Boletus edulis</i> Bull ex Fr.		29779
<i>B. mirabilis</i> Murr.		29814
<i>B. smithii</i> Thiers		29800
<i>B. zelleri</i> Murr.		29782
<i>Craterellus tubaeformis</i> (Fr.) Quel.		29821
<i>Dermocybe semisanguineus</i> (Fr.) Guillette		29786
<i>Gomphus floccosus</i> (Schw.) Singer		29807
<i>Hygrophorus eburneus</i> (Bull. ex Fr.) Fr.		29812
<i>Laccaria laccata</i> (Scop. ex Fr.) Cke.		29785-29790
<i>Lactarius submucidus</i> Smith & Hesler		29804
<i>L. uvidus</i> (Fr.) Fr.		29787-29805-29817
<i>Polyzillus multiplex</i> (Underwood) Murrill		29784
<i>Ramaria flavigelatinosa</i> var. <i>carnisalmonnea</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz		29791
<i>R. stuntzii</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz		29792
<i>R. acrisiccescens</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz		29794
<i>Rozites caperata</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Karst.		29773
<i>Russula occidentalis</i> Singer		29775-29780-29781-29809
<i>R. silvicola</i> Shaffer		29820
<i>R. variata</i> Ban. apud Pk.		29810
<i>Thaxterogaster pingue</i> (Zeller) Singer & A.H. Sm.		29818
<i>Tricholoma flavovirens</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Lund.		29772-29781
<i>T. pardinum</i> Quelet		29796
<i>T. virgatum</i> (Fr. ex Fr.) Kummer		29811
<i>Tricholomopsis rutilans</i> (Schaeff. ex Fr.) Sing.		29806

OHANAPECOSH-DISTURBED	29605-29663	Trappe coll. #
<i>Amanita pantherina</i> (DC. ex Fr.) Secr.		29615
<i>Amanita silvicola</i> Kauffman		29618
<i>Boletus mirabilis</i> Murr.		29644
<i>Chroogomphus tomentosus</i> (Murr.) Miller		29639
<i>Craterellus tubaeformis</i> (Fr.) Quel.		29616
<i>Gomphidius oregonensis</i> Pk.		29624-29658
<i>Helvella lacunosa</i> Afzelius ex Fr.		29650
<i>Hygrophorus eburneus</i> (Bull. ex Fr.) Fr.		29642-29662
<i>Inocybe subcarpta</i> Kunher & Boursier		29617-29620
<i>Laccaria bicolor</i> (Maire) Orotan		29635-29647-29653
<i>L. laccata</i> (Scop. ex Fr.) Cke.		29646
<i>Lactarius candidus</i>		29654
<i>L. fallax</i> Smith & Hesler		29619
<i>L. pseudomucidus</i> Smith & Hesler		29626-29651
<i>L. rubrilacteus</i> Smith & Hesler		29610
<i>Rhizopogon parksii</i> A.H. Smith		29608-29612
<i>R. vinicolor</i> A.H. Smith		29656
<i>Russula aeruginea</i> Fr.		29614
<i>R. brevipes</i> Pk.		29638
<i>R. mariae</i> Pk.		29655
<i>R. occidentalis</i> Singer		29659
<i>R. xerampelina</i> Fr.		29605-29645
<i>Suillus caerulescens</i> Smith & Thiers		29660
<i>Tricholoma imbricatum</i> (Fr. ex Fr.) Kummer		29634

OHANAPECOSH UNDISTURBED	29664-29728	Trappe coll. #
<i>Boletus mirabilis</i> Murr.		29728
<i>B. piperatus</i> Bull. ex Fr.		29693
<i>Cantharellus formosus</i> Corner		29695-29700
<i>Craterellus tubaeformis</i> (Fr.) Quelet		29706-29721
<i>Gomphidius subroseus</i> Kauffman		29685-29697
<i>Gomphus clavatus</i> (Fr.) S.F. Gray		29719
<i>Helvella lacunosa</i> Afzelius ex Fr.		29688
<i>Hygrophorus camarophyllus</i> (Fr.) Dume, Grandj. & Maire		29702
<i>H. chrysodon</i> (Fr.) Fr.		29680
<i>H. eburneus</i> (Bull. ex Fr.) Fr.		29701-29703
<i>Inocybe subcarpta</i> Kunher & Boursier		29723
<i>Laccaria bicolor</i> (Maire) Orotan		29696
<i>L. laccata</i> (Scop. ex Fr.) Cke.		29686
<i>Lactarius deliciosus</i> (L. ex. Fr.) S.F. Gray		29726
<i>L. fallax</i> var. <i>concolor</i> Smith & Hesler		29711
<i>L. pseudomucidus</i> Smith & Hesler		29687-29720
<i>L. rubrilacteus</i> Smith & Hesler		29676
<i>Ramaria flavobrunnescens</i> var. <i>aromatica</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz		29689
<i>R. celerivirescens</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz		29704
<i>R. synaptopoda</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz		29705
<i>R. leptiformosa</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz		29708-29714
<i>R. mariae</i> Pk.		29681
<i>Suillus caerulescens</i> Smith & Thiers		29665
<i>S. lakei</i> (Murr.) Smith & Thiers		29717
<i>Tricholoma flavovirens</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Lund		29709
<i>T. saponaceum</i> (Fr.) Kummer		29671
<i>T. terreum</i> (Schaeff.ex Fr.) Kummer		29692
<i>T. zelleri</i> (D.E. Stuntz & A.H. Sm.) Ovrebo & Tylutki		29694

COUGAR ROCK		
Species	DISTURBED	UNDISTURBED
<i>Boletus mirabilis</i> Murr.	X	X
<i>Boletus zelleri</i> Murr.		X
<i>Dermocybe semisanguineus</i> (Fr.) Gillette	X	X
<i>Gomphidius subroseus</i> Kauffman		X
<i>Gomphus floccosus</i> (Schw.) Singer	X	X
<i>Hebeloma crustuliniforme</i> (Bull. ex St. Amans) Quel'		X
<i>Hydnellum complectipes</i> D. Hall	X	
<i>Hygrophorus eburneus</i> (Bull. ex Fr.) Fr.	X	X
<i>H. camarophyllus</i> (Fr.) Dumee, Grandj. & Maire	X	
<i>Hygrophorus capreolarius</i> Kalchbr.	X	X
<i>H. pudorinus</i> (Fr.) Fr.		X
<i>Laccaria laccata</i> (Scope ex Fr.) Cke.	X	X
<i>Lactarius kauffmanii</i> Smith & Hesler	X	X
<i>L. pseudomucidus</i> Smith & Hesler		X
<i>L. rubrilacteus</i> Smith & Hesler	X	X
<i>L. uvidus</i> (Fr.) Fr.	X	X
<i>Leccinum aurantiacum</i> (Fr.) S.F. Gray		X
<i>Ramaria rubrievanescens</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz		X
<i>R. fennica</i> complex		X
<i>R. vinosimaculans</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz		X
<i>R. leptiformosa</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz		X
<i>R. fasciculata</i> var <i>sparsiramosa</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz		X
<i>R. sandaracina</i> var <i>euosma</i> Marr & D. E. Stuntz	X	
<i>Rozites caperata</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Karst.		X
<i>Russula brevipes</i> Pk.		X
<i>R. occidentalis</i> Singer	X	X
<i>R. silvicola</i> Shaeffer	X	X
<i>R. xerampelina</i> Fr.	X	X
<i>Suillus brevipes</i> (Pk.) Kuntze	X	
<i>S. lakei</i> (Murr.) Smith & Thiers	X	
<i>Tricholoma flavovirens</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Lund.	X	X
<i>T. magnivelare</i>		X
<i>T. pardinum</i> Quelet		X
<i>T. saponaceum</i> (Fr.) Kummer	X	X
<i>T. zelleri</i> (D.E. Stuntz & A.H. Sm.) Ovrebo & Tylutki		X
<i>Tricholomopsis rutilans</i> (Schaeff. ex Fr.) Sing.	X	
TOTAL	20	30

LAKE GEORGE		
Species	DISTURBED	UNDISTURBED
<i>Boletus edulis</i> Bull. ex Fr.	X	X
<i>B. mirabilis</i> Murr.	X	X
<i>Craterellus tubaeformis</i> (Fr.) Quel.	X	X
<i>Dermocybe semisanguineus</i> (Fr.) Guillett	X	
<i>Elaphomyces granulatus</i> Fr.		X
<i>Gomphidius oregonensis</i> Pk.	X	
<i>Hydnnum repandum</i> L. ex Fr.		X
<i>Hygrophorus camarophyllus</i> (Fr.) Dumee, Grandj. & Maire		X
<i>H. eburneus</i> (Bull ex Fr.) Fr.		X
<i>Laccaria bicolor</i> (Maire) Orotan	X	
<i>L. laccata</i> (Scope ex Fr.) Cke.	X	X
<i>Lactarius rubrilacteus</i> Smith & Hesler		X
<i>Rozites caperata</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Karst	X	
<i>Russula atrata</i> Shaffer	X	
<i>R. mariae</i> Pk.		X
<i>R. occidentalis</i> Singer	X	
<i>R. vinosobrunnea</i> (Bres) Romagnesi		X
<i>Suillus caerulescens</i> Smith & Thiers	X	
<i>Thaxterogaster pingue</i> (Zeller) Smith & Singer	X	
<i>Tricholoma flavovirens</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Lund.	X	
<i>T. fulvum</i> (DC. ex Fr.) Sacc.	X	
TOTAL	14	11

NICKEL CREEK		DISTURBED	UNDISTURBED
Species			
<i>Amanita muscaria</i> (L. ex Fr.) Pk		X	
<i>Boletus edulis</i> Bull ex Fr.		X	X
<i>B. mirabilis</i> Murr.		X	X
<i>B. smithii</i> Thiers			X
<i>B. zelleri</i> Murr.			X
<i>Craterellus tubaeformis</i> (Fr.) Quel.		X	X
<i>Dermocybe semisanguineus</i> (Fr.) Guillett		X	X
<i>Gomphidius oregonensis</i> Pk.		X	
<i>Gomphus floccosus</i> (Schw.) Singer		X	X
<i>Helvella lacunosa</i> Afzelius ex Fr.		X	
<i>Hygrophorus eburneus</i> (Bull. ex Fr.) Fr.			X
<i>Laccaria laccata</i> (Scop. ex Fr.) Cke.		X	X
<i>Lactarius rubrilacteus</i> A.H. Smith & Hesler		X	
<i>L. submucidus</i> A.H. Smith & Hesler			X
<i>L. uvidus</i> (Fr.) Fr.			X
<i>Polyzellus multiplex</i> (Underwood) Murrill			X
<i>Ramaria flavigelatinosa</i> var <i>carnisalmonnea</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz			X
<i>R. flavigelatinosa</i> var <i>megalospora</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz		X	
<i>R. stuntzii</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz			X
<i>R. acrisiccescens</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz			X
<i>Rozites caperata</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Karst.			X
<i>Russula occidentalis</i> Singer		X	X
<i>R. silvicola</i> Shaffer		X	X
<i>R. variata</i> Ban. apud Pk.			X
<i>R. xerampelina</i> Fr.		X	
<i>Suillus brevipes</i> (Pk.) Kuntze		X	
<i>S. luteus</i> (Fr.) S.F. Gray		X	
<i>Thaxterogaster pingue</i> (Zeller) Singer & A.H. Sm.		X	X
<i>Tricholoma flavovirens</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Lund.		X	X
<i>T. pardinum</i> Quelet		X	X
<i>T. saponaceum</i> (Fr.) Kummer		X	
<i>T. virgatum</i> (Fr. ex Fr.) Kummer		X	X
<i>T. zelleri</i> Stuntz & Smith		X	
<i>Tricholomopsis rutilans</i> (Schaeff. ex Fr.) Singer		X	X
TOTAL	23		24

OHANAPECOSH		DISTURBED	UNDISTURBED
Species			
<i>Amanita pantherina</i> (DC. ex Fr.) Secr.		X	
<i>A. silvicola</i> Kauffman		X	
<i>Boletus mirabilis</i> Murr.		x	X
<i>B. piperatus</i> Bull. ex Fr.			X
<i>Cantharellus formosus</i> Corner			X
<i>Chroogomphus tomentosus</i> (Murr.) Miller		X	
<i>Craterellus tubaeformis</i> (Fr.) Quelet		X	X
<i>Gomphidius oregonensis</i> Pk.		X	
<i>G. subroseus</i> Kauffman			X
<i>Gomphus clavatus</i> (Fr.) S.F. Gray			X
<i>Helvella lacunosa</i> Afzelius ex Fr.		X	X
<i>Hygrophorus camarophyllus</i> (Fr.) Dumee, Grandj. & Maire			X
<i>H. chrysodon</i> (Fr.) Fr.			X
<i>H. eburneus</i> (Bull. ex Fr.) Fr.		X	X
<i>Inocybe subcarpta</i> Kunher & Boursier		X	X
<i>Laccaria bicolor</i> (Maire) Orotan		X	X
<i>L. laccata</i> (Scop. ex Fr.) Cke.		X	X
<i>Lactarius candidus</i>		X	
<i>L. deliciosus</i> (L. ex. Fr.) S.F. Gray			X
<i>L. fallax</i> var. <i>concolor</i> Smith & Hesler		X	X
<i>L. pseudomucidus</i> A.H. Smith & Hesler		X	X
<i>L. rubrilacteus</i> A.H. Smith & Hesler		X	X
<i>Ramaria flavobrunnescens</i> var. <i>aromatica</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz			X
<i>R. celerivirescens</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz			X
<i>R. synaptopoda</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz			X
<i>R. leptiformosa</i> Marr & D.E. Stuntz			X
<i>Rhizopogon parksii</i> A.H. Smith		X	
<i>R. vinicolor</i> A.H. Smith		X	
<i>Russula aeruginea</i> Fr.		X	
<i>R. brevipes</i> Pk.		X	
<i>R. occidentalis</i> Singer		X	
<i>R. xerampelina</i> Fr.		X	
<i>R. mariae</i> Pk.		X	X
<i>Suillus caerulescens</i> Smith & Thiers		X	X
<i>S. lakei</i> (Murr.) Smith & Thiers			X
<i>Tricholoma flavovirens</i> (Pers. ex Fr.) Lund			X
<i>T. imbricatum</i> (Fr. ex Fr.) Kummer		X	
<i>T. saponaceum</i> (Fr.) Kummer			X
<i>T. terreum</i> (Schaeff. ex Fr.) Kummer			X
<i>T. zelleri</i> (D.E. Stuntz & A.H. Sm.) Ovrebo & Tylutki			X
	TOTAL	24	28

Mycorrhizal fungi in Mt. Rainier campsite areas

