Welcome to Grand Teton National Park

FEW LANDSCAPES IN THE WORLD are as striking and memorable as that of Grand Teton National Park. Rising abruptly from the valley floor, the Tetons offer a testament to the power and complexity of nature. The mountains, valleys, lakes, rivers and skies are home to diverse and abundant plants and animals.

People have been living in the shadow of the Teton Range for more than 11,000 years. The human history of this area is extensive, beginning with American Indian prehistoric life, to the early Euro-American explorers, and the more recent frontier settlement, of which more than 300 historic structures remain in the park.

This spectacular mountain range and the desire to protect it resulted in the establishment of Grand Teton National Park in 1929. Through the vision and generous philanthropy of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., additional lands were added, creating the present day park in 1950.

Grand Teton National Park is truly a special and unique place. With thoughtful use and careful management, it can remain so for generations to come. As with other sites in the National Park System, Grand Teton preserves a piece of the natural and cultural heritage of America for the benefit and enjoyment of future generations.

While you are here, take a moment to put your cares aside, stroll through a sagebrush meadow, hike a park trail, sit on a quiet lakeshore, and lose yourself to the power of this place.

We hope you will be refreshed and restored during your visit, and stay connected to this magnificent landscape long after you have returned home.

To ensure that you and your pet enjoy a safe visit, follow all pet regulations while inside the park. Wildlife may be drawn to pets and their owners; pets can wander away and may never be found—the park is a wild place!

Pets in the Park?

Pets are allowed inside Grand Teton National Park under the following conditions: they must be restrained at all times and are not permitted on hiking trails, inside visitor centers or other facilities.

See page 11 for more information.
GRAND TETON NATIONAL PARK PROVIDES spectacular recreational and sightseeing opportunities. Use this guide to plan your visit to the park during the peak season months of June to September.

Make the most of your visit through careful planning and trip preparation. During the summer—when most of the park’s four million annual visitors pass through—many of the trails, visitor facilities and roads will be crowded. With so many activities available—such as boating, hiking, climbing and fishing—it can be difficult to know where to start. Begin your trip planning here and then stop by a visitor center for more suggestions.

Many people visit the park to enjoy a scenic drive, looking for wildlife along the way. Remember that these road corridors pass through a rich ecosystem where wildlife such as moose, elk, bison and deer thrive. Traffic jams occur frequently in the park due to wildlife sightings and may become dangerous to both visitors and animals.

Take care not to park on the roadway when you see wildlife, always use designated turnouts. Drive cautiously at all times as animals may suddenly walk onto the roadway with very little warning. Each year more than 100 large and many more small animals are killed by vehicle collisions. The damage to property, as well as the personal injury that often occurs, cost both visitors and the park.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr. Memorial Parkway

The effort to find that delicate balance between man’s use and nature’s needs that father led here in the Valley half a century ago must be continual and determined.

— Laurance S. Rockefeller

THE NAME TEEWINOT comes from the Shoshone word meaning “many pinnacles.” The name Teewinot probably once applied to the entire Teton Range, rather than just a single peak as it does today. Fritiof Fryxell and Phil Smith named Teewinot when they successfully completed the first ascent of the mountain in 1929. This jagged peak towers above Cascade Canyon and Jenny Lake.

LOCATED AT THE HEART OF THE GREATER YELLOWSTONE ECOSYSTEM, the memorial parkway connects Grand Teton and Yellowstone national parks. The late conservationist and philanthropist John D. Rockefeller, Jr. made significant contributions to several national parks including Grand Teton, Acadia, Great Smoky Mountains, and Virgin Islands. In 1972, Congress dedicated a 24,000-acre parcel of land as the John D. Rockefeller, Jr. Memorial Parkway to recognize his generosity and foresight. Congress also named the highway from the south boundary of Grand Teton to West Thumb in Yellowstone in honor of Rockefeller. The Rockefeller parkway provides a natural link between the two national parks and contains features characteristic of both areas. In the parkway, the northern Teton Range tapers to a gentle slope, while rocks born of volcanic flows from the north line the Snake River and form outcroppings scattered atop hills and ridges.

THE CRAIG THOMAS DISCOVERY AND VISITOR CENTER welcomes and orients visitors to the opportunities and experiences the park offers, educates about the park’s unique cultural and natural history, and inspires through stories of conservation and stewardship. A new film produced by Discovery Communications, Inc. shows regularly at the new visitor center.

The visitor center is funded by the National Park Service in partnership with the Grand Teton Association and the Grand Teton National Park Foundation.

### Average Temperatures (Fahrenheit)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>January</th>
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<td>High 25.7°</td>
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<td>Low 1.2°</td>
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The park, like the landscape itself, is dynamic, providing a unique experience every day of the year for its diverse visitors who come from across the world to enjoy this national park.
For Wildlife Observers & Photographers

Teton National Park

Keep Bears Healthy and Wild

**Properly Store Your Food**

Bears, grizzly and black, are intelligent and curious animals that possess a sense of smell seven times greater than that of a bloodhound. This keen sense helps bears locate food, communicate with each other, detect danger and in some cases acquire human food. Visitors MUST properly store food while camping and recreating in bear country.

The smell of food, drinks, dishes, toiletries—and especially food coolers—entices bears into camp sites and picnic areas. Improper storage allows bears to receive a “reward” and soon learn that humans are a source of food, from bacon slices to toothpaste. It only takes a few rewards for a bear to become “food-conditioned.” Once a bear is food-conditioned, it may become aggressive while seeking human food. Park rangers have few options for dealing with aggressive bears. The first option may include hazing them away from developed areas such as campgrounds or picnic sites.

**Backpackers must use approved bear-proof canisters when camping below 10,000 feet.**

In some areas, park rangers transport food-conditioned bears to distant locations where they may be more likely to forage on natural foods such as berries, nuts, grasses, carrion, and insect larvae. In the Greater Yellowstone Ecosystem (GYE) relocation is not a viable option because there are not enough suitable homes for these bears; furthermore, relocation rarely works. Often the animal returns to its original location within a few days, if not hours. When this happens, park rangers kill aggressive, food-conditioned bears for visitor safety.

On average, 14 human-caused bear deaths occur each year throughout the GYE, which includes Grand Teton and Yellowstone national parks. You can help save bears by storing coolers, food, toiletries, and dishes in your car or a bear box. If it smells to a bear, please take care and lock it up! You CAN make a big difference in the life of a bear.

**For many seeing a grizzly bear or a moose for the first time is an exciting experience, but always keep safety in mind. Parking on the roadway draws traffic and may cause accidents, please use designated turnouts when stopping to view wildlife.**

**Let wildlife thrive undisturbed.** Harassment is any human action that causes unusual behavior, or a change of behavior, in an animal. Repeated encounters with people can have negative, long-term impacts on wildlife, including increased levels of stress and the avoidance of essential feeding areas. Please remember, nesting birds are easily disturbed. For wildlife, raising young is a private affair. If an adult bird on a nest flies off at your approach, circles you, or screams in alarm—you are too close to the nest. Unattended nestlings readily succumb to predation and exposure to heat, cold and wet weather.

Allow other visitors a chance to enjoy wildlife. If your actions cause an animal to flee, you have deprived other visitors of a viewing opportunity. Use an animal’s behavior as a guide to your actions, and limit the time you spend with wildlife. Follow all park regulations and policies, they are designated for the wildlife’s and your safety.

**Always use designated turnouts when stopping to view wildlife.**
Floating the Snake River

On May 17, 2008, Superintendent Mary Gibson Scott presided over the ground-breaking ceremony for the first multi-use pathway system in Grand Teton National Park. The ceremony marked the culmination of nearly a decade of plans, public meetings and studies undertaken by the National Park Service, stakeholders and members of the local communities of Jackson and Teton County, WY.

Public interest in expanding the park’s transportation opportunities and concerns about providing safer modes for biking encouraged park managers to explore new transportation and recreation opportunities. The park developed an Environmental Impact Statement for a new transportation plan and a Record of Decision approving the plan was signed in April 2007. Throughout the planning process the park received overwhelming support for the construction of a multi-use pathway system, as well as comments voicing concerns for wildlife impacts stemming from increased recreational use in new areas.

The late U.S. Senator Craig Thomas of Wyoming formed a lasting connection to Grand Teton National Park and strongly supported the creation of a pathway system, obtaining $8 million in Congressional appropriations for the project. The transportation plan, which also includes a transit business study, wildlife monitoring, and an adaptive management plan for the Moose-Wilson Road, allows for a system of 41 miles of pathway, constructed in phases over a number of years. The first phase of construction begins at the Dornan’s property line in Moose and will connect to South Jenny Lake. The pathway from Taggart Lake to South Jenny Lake is scheduled to be completed in fall 2008; from Dornan’s to Taggart, fall 2009.

As each of the multi-use pathway phases begin, the park will ensure that there is a balance between recreation and protection of park resources. Superintendent Scott remarked during the ground-breaking ceremony: “As the pathway begins to take shape, we recognize the essential balance between maintaining critical wildlife habitat and providing safe visitor access.” The multi-use pathway will provide a unique opportunity for visitors to enjoy the outdoors and to form deep and lasting connections to an icon of the American landscape.

Entrance Fees

Single Entry: $25 - 7 Days
Details: Good for both Grand Teton and Yellowstone national parks; $25 per vehicle; $12 per person for single hiker or bicyclist; $20 per motorcycle.

Winter Day Use: $5 - Day
Details: Sold in conjunction with the Grand Teton - Yellowstone pass or Interagency Annual Pass. Good for the duration of the partner pass. Valid for Grand Teton National Park only.

Interagency Annual Pass: $80 - Annual
Details: Available from mid-December through April 30. Valid for Grand Teton National Park only.

Interagency Senior Pass: $10 - Lifetime
Details: A lifetime pass for U.S. citizens 62 or older that offers entrance to all areas covered under the Interagency Annual Pass, non-transferable.

Interagency Access Pass: Free
Details: A lifetime pass for citizens with permanent disabilities, offering entrance to all areas covered under the Interagency Annual Pass, non-transferable.

Grand Teton - Yellowstone Pass: $50.00 - Annual
Details: Allows entrance to Grand Teton and Yellowstone national parks for 12 months from date of purchase; non-transferable.

Local Passport: Satellite - $5.00 - Annual
Details: Sold in conjunction with the Grand Teton - Yellowstone pass or Interagency Annual Pass. Good for the duration of the partner pass. Valid for Grand Teton National Park only. Proof of affiliation is required.

Commercial Tour Fee: $ variable - 7 Days
Details: Good for both Grand Teton and Yellowstone National parks; non-transferable. Fee is based on the carrying capacity of the vehicle (driver not included): 1-6 carrying capacity: $25 plus $12 per person; 7-15 carrying capacity: $125; 16-25 carrying capacity: $200; 26 or more carrying capacity: $300.
The Teton Range dominates the skyline of Grand Teton National Park, attracting the attention of all who pass through Jackson Hole. The geologic events that created the dramatic scenery of Jackson Hole influence the distribution and abundance of wildlife and plants found here. Herbivores—plant-eating animals such as moose, mule deer and elk—abound in areas where their food sources exist. Carnivores—meat-eating animals such as bears, wolves and weasels—follow the herbivores they prey upon.

The Tetonese owe their existence to movement along a fault located on the eastern front of the range. Beginning about 10-13 million years ago, movement along this fault, caused by massive earthquakes, occurred every several thousand years or so. The mountain block uplifted along the west side of the fault, while the valley block dropped down by massive earthquakes, occurred every years ago, movement along this fault, caused by massive earthquakes, occurred every several thousand years or so. The mountain block uplifted along the west side of the fault, while the valley block dropped down on the east side of the fault.

Today, the mountains rise more than a mile above Jackson Hole, with a total mountain and valley displacement of 30,000 feet. As recently as 12,000-14,000 years ago, small mountain glaciers flowed from high elevation cirques and gouged out U-shaped canyons. Mountain glaciers spilled from the canyons to the valley floor, forming basins now filled by Leigh, Jenny, Bradley, Taggart and Phelps lakes. Ridges of glacial debris, called moraines, surround these lakes and mark the edge of the glaciers' flow.

While small glaciers flowed within the Teton Range, an icefield covered much of what is now Yellowstone National Park. Beginning 25,000-50,000 years ago, lobes from this icefield flowed south, carving out the depression that Jackson Lake fills today, and carrying debris as far south as the Snake River Overlook (eight miles north of Moose on Highway 26/89/191). Today, moraines support forests of lodgepole pine and other conifers. Elk seek refuge and shade in morainal forests and graze in nearby meadows during cooler parts of the day.

The southern part of Jackson Hole contains dry, poorly developed, rocky soils. As the climate warmed, glacial ice melted and broke through the moraines, flowing south through the valley and carrying away soil. Sagebrush, grasses and wildflowers adapted to thrive in this dry, rocky landscape. Some mammals and birds favor the sagebrush flats: bison graze on grasses and pronghorn eat the sagebrush. Sage grouse, large chicken-like birds, eat sagebrush leaves.

For the past 10,000 years or so, the Snake River has cut through glacial moraines to flow through the southern end of Jackson Hole. Old river terraces paralleling today's Snake River indicate that the river once carried much more water. Cottonwood and spruce trees, home to bald eagles and osprey, grow along the Snake River. Beavers occasionally dam side channels of the Snake River, establishing ponds that Canada geese and ducks use for nesting and feeding. Moose and beavers eat willows that flourish in wetlands along the river. Willows and other wetland plants provide cover and nest sites for a multitude of songbirds.

As you explore Grand Teton National Park, read the landscape. Note the work of glaciers on the mountains and canyons, and the old river terraces carved by the Snake River. Watch for the wildlife that provides clues to the ancient processes that formed and shaped this area.

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**Reading the Landscape**

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**Campgrounds**

All five park campgrounds and two trailer villages are operated by park concessioners.

**CAMPGROUNDS**

Campground fees are $17-$19 per night per site and half price for Golden Age/Golden Access cardholders. Jenny Lake and Colter Bay have walk-in sites available. All campgrounds provide modern comfort stations, but do not include utility hookups. The maximum length of stay is seven days per person at Jenny Lake and 14 days at all other campgrounds—no more than 30 days in the park per year. These campgrounds operate on a first-come, first-served basis and advance reservations are not accepted, except for group camping reservations.

For campgrounds status, contact entrance stations or visitor centers. Additional camping facilities are available in nearby national forests and other areas outside the park. Camping is not permitted within the park along roadsides, in overleaks, or in parking areas. Doubling up in campsties is not permitted, and there are no overflow facilities.

There are eight campsties on Grassy Lake Road that have no potable water and are free of charge.

**GROUP CAMPING**

Reservations are available for group camping at Colter Bay and Gros Ventre campgrounds. The sites range in capacity from 10 to 100 people. Advance reservations are required and may be made through the Grand Teton Lodge Company at (800) 628-9988 or (307) 543-3100.

**TRAILER VILLAGES**

Colter Bay and Flagg Ranch trailer villages have full hook-ups, showers and laundry. Colter Bay has 112 sites, Flagg Ranch has 100 sites and 75 tent sites. Advance reservations are advised.

**PUBLIC SHOWERS**

The only public shower facilities in the park are located at Colter Bay Village.

**RECYCLING CENTERS**

Reservations for a multitude of songbirds.

**Jenny Lake Campground**

50 camping sites, 10 walk-in sites
Open: May 22 to Sept. 28
$19 per night, (800) 672-6012
Filling Time: rarely fills

**Colter Bay Campground**

350 individual, 9 walk-in, 11 group
Open: May 23 to Sept. 28
$18 per night, (800) 628-9988
Filling Time: rarely fills

**Colter Bay Tent Village & RV Park**

112 RV sites, 66 tent cabin sites
Close: Tent–Sept. 1
$43–$52 per night, (800) 628-9988
Filling Time: call for information

**Flagg Ranch Campground**

17 individual sites, hook-ups
Open: May 23 to Sept. 2
$25–$50 per night, (800) 443-2311
Filling Time: call for information

**Gros Ventre Campground**

350 individual sites, 5 group
Open: May 9 to Sept. 1
$18 per night, (800) 628-9988
Filling Time: rarely fills

**Signal Mountain Campground**

81 individual sites
Open: May 9 to Oct. 19
$18 per night, (800) 672-6012
Filling Time: rarely fills

**Lizard Creek Campground**

60 individual sites
Open: June 6 to Sept. 2
$18 per night, (800) 672-6012
Filling Time: rarely fills

30 foot vehicle max

**Signal Mountain Campground**

81 individual sites
Open: May 9 to Oct. 19
$18 per night, (800) 672-6012
Filling Time: mid-afternoon

30 foot vehicle max

* dump station available
Make the Most of Your Park Visit

Summer in the Tetons

“We cannot overlook the importance of wild country as a source of inspiration, to which we give expression in writing, in poetry, drawing and painting, in mountaineering, or in ‘just being there.’”

—Olaus Murie

Bear Etiquette

A FED BEAR IS A DEAD BEAR

Bears become aggressive after even one encounter with human food. Unfortunately, people often feed bears without realizing it. Bears often get food from backpacks and coolers that are left unattended in campgrounds or along trails.

Bears can be anywhere in the park at any time, even if you can’t see them. Help keep park bears wild and safe. Keep your food items safe from all wildlife by locking them in your car or a bear box. The park requires campers to store food in approved bear-proof food canisters while backcountry camping below 10,000 feet. Failure to follow regulations is a violation of federal law and may result in citations and fines.

SHORT ON TIME? Wondering how to make the most of your time in Grand Teton National Park? Take a look at the suggestions below to help plan your visit. Please follow posted speed limits, watch for wildlife on roads, and be prepared for occasional delays due to road construction.

SCENIC DRIVES & DESTINATIONS

ANTELOPE FLATS/KELLY LOOP
Turn east at Gros Ventre Junction, five miles south of Moose Junction on Highway 26/89/191. Follow the road to the small town of Kelly. To see the Gros Ventre slide, turn at the sign marked “National Forest Access.” The Gros Ventre slide occurred in 1925 when earthquakes and rain caused the north end of Sheep Mountain to slide and dam the Gros Ventre River, forming Lower Slide Lake. Follow the Antelope Flats Road along abandoned hayfields and ranches to rejoin Highway 26/89/191. Wildlife, such as pronghorn, deer, moose and bison may be sighted along this roadway.

MENOR’S FERRY NATIONAL HISTORIC DISTRICT
Turn east off the Teton Park Road 1/2-mile north of Moose. The Menor’s Ferry Trail — less than 1/2-mile long — affords a look at homesteading and pioneer life in Jackson Hole. Visit Bill Menor’s cabin and country store. View a replica of the ferry that crossed the Snake River at the turn of the century. The altar window of the Chapel of the Transfiguration frames the tallest Teton peaks.

 SIGNAL MOUNTAIN SUMMIT ROAD
This five-mile drive begins one mile south of Signal Mountain Lodge and Campground. The road winds to the top of Signal Mountain, 800 feet above the valley. Summit overlooks provide a panoramic view of the entire Teton Range, Jackson Lake, and most of Jackson Hole. The road is narrow and parking at overlooks is limited. Trailers or large motor homes are not permitted.

JACKSON LAKE DAM OVERLOOK
Jackson Lake Dam, one mile west of Jackson Lake Junction on the Teton Park Road, raises the level of Jackson Lake a maximum of 39 feet. In addition to being a reservoir, Jackson Lake is also a natural lake formed by an immense glacier that once flowed from the Yellowstone plateau. Park on the southwest side of the dam and take a short walk for a peaceful view of Jackson Lake and Mt. Moran.

OXBOW BEND
Located one mile east of Jackson Lake Junction, this cut off meander of the Snake River attracts a wide variety of wildlife. Mt.

BEAR SAFETY

 If you encounter a bear, do not run. If the bear is unaware of you, detour quickly and quietly. If the bear is aware but has not acted aggressively, back slowly away while talking in an even tone.

 Never approach a bear for any reason.

 Never throw your pack or food at a bear; they may be in an attempt to distract it.

 Never abandon food because of an approaching bear. Always take it with you.

 Never bury food. Put them in garbage cans.

 If approached while eating, put food away.

 Always retreat to a safe distance (300 feet/91 meters).

A sow grizzly bear and her three cubs cross a park road.

A sow grizzly bear and her three cubs cross a park road.

Drive with caution throughout the park and watch for wildlife along the roadways for your safety and theirs.

—Olaus Murie

Be Bear Aware

Help us keep our bears wild and healthy. Don’t leave backpacks, coolers, or bags containing food unattended for ANY amount of time. Take them with you or put them in a car or bear box.

Even food that is left out accidentally can mean removal or death for a bear. Report all bear sightings and incidents to a visitor center or ranger station.

Support our bears! Help us keep them wild and healthy. Use properly functioning bear-resistant canisters.

Keep a clean camp:

All food, containers and utensils must be stored in a bear box or hidden in a closed, locked vehicle with windows rolled up. The only exceptions are during the transport, preparation and consumption of food.

Garbage must be stored in the same manner as food, or placed in bear-resistant trash cans or dumpsters.

Treat odorous products such as soap, deodorant, toothpaste, suntan lotion, and perfumes in the same manner as food.

For your safety, absolutely no food, foodstuffs, garbage, or odorous products may be stored in tents or sleeping bags.

Ice chests, thermoses, water containers, barbecue grills, stoves, dishes and pans must be stored in the same way as food — hidden inside a locked auto or bear box.

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Help us keep our bears wild and healthy. Don’t leave backpacks, coolers, or bags containing food unattended for ANY amount of time. Take them with you or put them in a car or bear box.

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Where to Look for Wildlife

ALI. ANIMALS REQUIRE FOOD, WATER, AND SHELTER. Each species also has particular living space, or habitat, requirements. To learn more about wildlife habitats and animal behavior, attend ranger-led activities.

OXBOW BEND
One mile east of Jackson Lake Junction. Slow-moving water provides habitat for fish such as suckers and trout, which become food for river otters, ospreys, bald eagles, American white pelicans, and common mergansers. Look for swimming beavers and muskrats. Moose browse on abundant willows at the water’s edge. Elk occasionally graze in open aspen groves to the east.

TIMBERED ISLAND
A forested ridge southeast of Jenny Lake. Small bands of pronghorn antelope, the fastest North American land mammal, forage on nearby sagebrush throughout the day. Elk leave the shade of Timbered Island at dawn and dusk to eat grasses growing among the surrounding sagebrush. View wildlife safely from your vehicle.

Always maintain a safe distance of at least 300 feet from large animals. Do not feed or harass wildlife of any kind.

MORMON ROW
East of Highway 26/89/191, one mile north of Moose Junction. Along Mormon Row and Antelope Flats Road, bison and pronghorn can be seen grazing in spring, summer, and fall. Also watch for coyotes, Northern harriers, and American kestrels hunting mice, Uinta ground squirrels, and grasshoppers in open fields. Sage grouse, sage thrashers, and sparrows also frequent the area.

SNAKE RIVER
Jackson Lake Dam south to Moose. Elk and bison graze in grassy meadows along the river. Bison also eat grasses in the sagebrush flats on the benches above the river. Bald eagles, ospreys, and great blue herons build large stick nests within sight of the river. Beavers and moose eat willows that line the waterway.

CASCADE CANYON
West of Jenny Lake. Look for, but do not feed, golden-mantled ground squirrels at Inspiration Point. Pikas and yellow-bellied marmots live in scattered boulder fields. Male deer and moose occasionally browse on shrubs growing at the mouth of the canyon. Listen for the numerous songbirds that nest in the canyon.

BLACKTAIL PONDS
Half-mile north of Moose on Highway 26/89/191. Old beaver ponds have filled in and now support grassy meadows where elk graze during the cooler parts of the day. Several kinds of ducks feed in the side channels of the Snake River. Moose browse on willows growing along the river.

“Thousands of tired, nerve-shaken, over-civilized people are beginning to find out that going to the mountains is going home; that wilderness is a necessity; and that mountain parks and reservations are useful not only as fountains of timber and irrigating rivers, but as fountains of life.”

—John Muir, Our National Parks, 1901

TeeWinot (Summer 2008)
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<th>Area</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Meeting Place</th>
<th>Date/Time</th>
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<tr>
<td>Moose District</td>
<td>Tetons on the Terrace</td>
<td>Powerful forces formed the Teton Range. Join a ranger on the terrace of the Craig Thomas Discovery Center (CTDVC) to enjoy the view and learn about the dynamic processes still shaping the land today. Wheelchair accessible. TIME: 45 minutes.</td>
<td>CTDVC terrace</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 9:30 a.m.</td>
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<td>Taggart Lake Hike</td>
<td>Hike with a ranger along the scenic trail to Taggart Lake, where a variety of stories can unfold. Topics might include geology, fire ecology, wilderness, history, or wildlife. Bring water, binoculars, camera, sunscreen, and rain gear. ROUNDTRIP DISTANCE: 3 to 5 miles. DIFFICULTY: Moderate. TIME: 3 hours.</td>
<td>Taggart Lake Trailhead</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 8 a.m.</td>
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<td>Map Chat</td>
<td>A 30-minute talk on a variety of topics. From the park’s geologic story to the diversity of wildlife that call this park home, this program will give you insight into the stories behind the scenery. Wheelchair Accessible. TIME: 30 minutes.</td>
<td>CTDVC Relief Map</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 11 a.m., 3:30 p.m.</td>
<td>X</td>
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<td>Junior Rangers</td>
<td>Children 8-12 years old are invited to explore the natural world of Grand Teton with a ranger. Make reservations at the CTDVC, Jenny Lake, or Colter Bay visitor centers. Wear play clothes and bring water, rain gear, insect repellent and curiosity. Parents, please pick up your children promptly at 3 p.m. at the same location. GROUP SIZE: 12. ROUNDTRIP DISTANCE: 2 miles. DIFFICULTY: EASY. TIME: 1 1/2 hours.</td>
<td>CTDVC Fireplace</td>
<td>June 5-Aug. 14 1:30 p.m.</td>
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<td>Naturalist’s Choice</td>
<td>Activity will vary depending on the naturalist. Reservations may be required. Please check with the Craig Thomas Discovery and Visitor Center for specifics. Location Varies</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 Dates/times vary.</td>
<td>Dates, times, and topics will vary. Please check with the Craig Thomas Discovery &amp; Visitor Center in Moose.</td>
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<td>Conversation on Conservation</td>
<td>Join a ranger on a one hour walk to the Murie Ranch and explore the Murie legacy and the challenges of protecting wilderness. ROUNDTRIP DISTANCE: ABOUT ONE MILE. DIFFICULTY: Easy. TIME: 1 hour.</td>
<td>CTDVC Flagpole</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 1:30 p.m.</td>
<td>X</td>
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<td>Gros Ventre Campfire Talk</td>
<td>A 45-minute, illustrated Ranger talk. Topics are posted at the amphitheaters, campgrounds, and visitor centers. Wheelchair accessible. TIME: 45 minutes.</td>
<td>Gros Ventre Amphitheater</td>
<td>June 2-July 31, Aug 1-Sept 1, 9 p.m.</td>
<td>X</td>
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<td>Jenny Lake District</td>
<td>A Walk into the Past</td>
<td>Discover the story of Menor’s Ferry Historic District and find out how early settlers crossed the Snake River on a cable ferry. Wheelchair accessible. ROUNDTRIP DISTANCE: LESS THAN A MILE. DIFFICULTY: EASY. TIME: 45 minutes.</td>
<td>Menor’s Ferry Dock</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 3 p.m.</td>
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<td>Inspiration Point Hike</td>
<td>Learn about the creation of this magnificent landscape on a hike to Hidden Falls and a viewpoint above Jenny Lake. We will take a shuttle boat across Jenny Lake. First-com, first-served—limited to 25. Please obtain a token for each member of your group at the Jenny Lake Visitor Center prior to meeting the ranger. Boat Fare (Roundtrip/One-way): adult $8.50/$5, child (3-12) $5/$4, 2 and under &amp; 80 and older free. ROUNDTRIP DISTANCE: 2 miles. DIFFICULTY: Moderate. TIME: 2 1/2 hours.</td>
<td>Jenny Lake Visitor Center Flagpole</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 8:30 a.m.</td>
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<td>Naturalist’s Choice</td>
<td>Activity will vary depending on the naturalist. Reservations may be required. Please check with the Jenny Lake Visitor Center for specifics.</td>
<td>Jenny Lake Visitor Center</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 Dates/times vary</td>
<td>Dates, times, and topics will vary. Please check with the Jenny Lake Visitor Center.</td>
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<td>Hiking Jenny Lake</td>
<td>Join a ranger for an introduction to hiking and an orientation to hiking trails in the Jenny Lake area. TIME: 30 minutes.</td>
<td>Jenny Lake Visitor Center Flagpole</td>
<td>June 8-Aug. 15 1:30 p.m.</td>
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<td>Climbing the Tetons</td>
<td>Have you ever wondered how mountain climbers get to the top of peaks like the Grand Teton? Join a ranger for a talk on climbing in the Tetons. This program does not provide climbing instruction, but will provide an introduction to some techniques that climbers use. TIME: 45 minutes.</td>
<td>Jenny Lake Visitor Center Flagpole</td>
<td>June 14-Aug. 23 3 p.m.</td>
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<td>Jenny Lake Twilight Talk</td>
<td>Gather for a traditional ranger talk. Topics posted on visitor center, amphitheater, and campground bulletin boards. TIME: 45 minutes.</td>
<td>Jenny Lake Campground Circle</td>
<td>June 14-Aug. 23 7:30 p.m.</td>
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<td>Signal Mountain Campfire Program</td>
<td>Join a ranger for an illustrated ranger talk. Topics posted on visitor center, amphitheater, and campground bulletin boards. TIME: 45 minutes.</td>
<td>Signal Mountain Campground Amphitheater</td>
<td>June 2-July 31, Aug 1-Sept 1 9 p.m.</td>
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## Ranger-led Programs (cont.)

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<tr>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Meeting Place</th>
<th>Date/Time</th>
<th>Sun</th>
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<tr>
<td>LSR Preserve</td>
<td>Stewardship Great and Small</td>
<td>Join a ranger for a short walk to learn about Laurance Rockefeller's legacy of conservation stewardship and consider your role in protecting the environment. Wheelchair accessible. <strong>Rounded Distance:</strong> Max ½ mile. <strong>Difficulty:</strong> Easy. <strong>Time:</strong> 45 minutes.</td>
<td>Laurance S. Rockefeller Preserve Center Porch</td>
<td>June 22-Sept. 1 10:30 a.m., 2 p.m.</td>
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<td>Building Green</td>
<td>Learn about the innovative design techniques and sustainable features that make the Laurance S. Rockefeller Preserve a model for energy and environmental design. Wheelchair accessible. <strong>Rounded Distance:</strong> Minimal walking required. <strong>Difficulty:</strong> Easy. <strong>Time:</strong> 30 minutes.</td>
<td>Laurance S. Rockefeller Preserve Center Porch</td>
<td>June 22-Sept. 1 1 p.m.</td>
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<td>Explore the Preserve Hike</td>
<td>Open your senses and immerse yourself in the pristine setting of the Preserve. Hike the Lake Creek Trail through forest and meadows to the shore of Phelps Lake, which affords dramatic views of the Tetons Range. Reservations recommended; call (307) 739-3654. Bring water, rain gear, sunscreen and insect repellent. <strong>Group Size:</strong> 10. <strong>Rounded Distance:</strong> 3 miles. <strong>Difficulty:</strong> Moderate. <strong>Time:</strong> 2 to 2.5 hours.</td>
<td>Laurance S. Rockefeller Preserve Center Porch</td>
<td>June 22-Sept. 1 8:30 a.m.</td>
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<td>Special Programs</td>
<td>A variety of special programs will be available throughout the summer. Please check at any park visitor center for details or call (307) 739-3654. Reservations may be required.</td>
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<td>Dates/times vary</td>
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<td>Colter Bay District</td>
<td>Swan Lake Hike</td>
<td>Unravel mysteries and sharpen your senses as you hike with a ranger through forest, meadows, and along ponds. Bring water, binoculars, camera, rain gear, and insect repellent. <strong>Rounded Distance:</strong> 3 miles. <strong>Difficulty:</strong> Easy. <strong>Time:</strong> 3 hours.</td>
<td>Colter Bay Visitor Center Flagpole</td>
<td>June 2-Aug. 30 8 a.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/6</td>
<td>Ends 8/28</td>
<td>Ends 8/30</td>
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<td>Junior Rangers</td>
<td>See Junior Rangers description on page 8.</td>
<td>Colter Bay Visitor Center Auditorium</td>
<td>June 8-Aug. 16 1:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/12</td>
<td>Ends 8/27</td>
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<td>Lakeshore Stroll</td>
<td>Enjoy panoramic views of the Teton Range on a leisurely stroll and learn about the creation of the landscape. <strong>Rounded Distance:</strong> 1 mile. <strong>Difficulty:</strong> Easy. <strong>Time:</strong> 1 hour.</td>
<td>Colter Bay Visitor Center Flagpole</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 8 a.m.</td>
<td>Ends 9/1</td>
<td>Ends 8/27</td>
<td>Ends 8/29</td>
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<td>Museum Grand Tour Hike</td>
<td>Tour a spectacular collection of American Indian art and artifacts while learning about the native people who made them. <strong>Time:</strong> 45 minutes.</td>
<td>Colter Bay Visitor Center Auditorium</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 4 p.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/28</td>
<td>Ends 8/29</td>
<td>Ends 8/30</td>
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<td>Teton Highlights</td>
<td>Wondering what to do and see in the park? Join a ranger for some great ideas. <strong>Time:</strong> 30 minutes. Wheelchair accessible.</td>
<td>Colter Bay Visitor Center Auditorium</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 11 a.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/26</td>
<td>Ends 8/29</td>
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<td>Indian Arts &amp; Culture</td>
<td>Join the ranger for an in-depth look at a facet of American Indian art and culture. <strong>Time:</strong> 45 minutes. Wheelchair accessible.</td>
<td>Colter Bay Visitor Center Auditorium</td>
<td>June 10-Aug. 29 1:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Ends 9/1</td>
<td>Ends 8/28</td>
<td>Ends 8/30</td>
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<td>Morning on the Back Deck</td>
<td>Ask a ranger questions about Grand Teton National Park. Look through the spotting scope at some of the best bird and moose habitat in the park. All visitors are invited. Wheelchair accessible.</td>
<td>Jackson Lake Lodge Back Deck</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 Anytime from 9-10:30 a.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/28</td>
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<td>Early Evening at Colter Bay</td>
<td>Gather at the Colter Bay Amphitheater for a ranger talk. **Topics posted at various locations. Wheelchair Accessible. <strong>Time:</strong> 45 minutes.</td>
<td>Colter Bay Amphitheater</td>
<td>June 2-July 31, 7:30 p.m. Aug. 1-Sept. 1, 7 p.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/28</td>
<td>Ends 8/29</td>
<td>Ends 8/30</td>
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<td>Jackson Lake Lodge</td>
<td>Join the ranger for an illustrated talk. **Topics posted on the lodge bulletin board. All visitors are invited. Wheelchair accessible. <strong>Time:</strong> 45 minutes.</td>
<td>Jackson Lake Lodge Wapiti Room</td>
<td>June 23-Aug. 30 8:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/11</td>
<td>Ends 8/14</td>
<td>Ends 8/16</td>
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<td>Colter Bay Campfire Program</td>
<td>Join the ranger for an illustrated ranger talk. **Topics posted at amphitheater, campground and visitor center bulletin boards. Wheelchair accessible. <strong>Time:</strong> 45 minutes.</td>
<td>Colter Bay Amphitheater</td>
<td>June 2-July 31, 9:30 p.m. Aug 1-Sept. 1, 9 p.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/28</td>
<td>Ends 8/29</td>
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<td>Fire &amp; Ice Cruise</td>
<td>Join the ranger for a boat cruise on Jackson Lake. Learn how forest fires and glaciers have shaped the landscape. Advance ticket purchase required to assure seating, call the Colter Bay Marina (342-2811). The cruise may be cancelled due to low water level or weather. <strong>Time:</strong> 1½-hours.</td>
<td>Colter Bay Marina</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 (water level permitting), 1:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/11</td>
<td>Ends 8/14</td>
<td>Ends 8/16</td>
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<td>Bear Safety Briefing</td>
<td>Join a ranger at Colter Bay Campground for a 30 minute talk about safety in bear country with emphasis on campground issues. Campers, help us protect park bears through proper food storage. Wheelchair Accessible. <strong>Time:</strong> 30 minutes.</td>
<td>Colter Bay Campground</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 8:30 a.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/3</td>
<td>Ends 8/12</td>
<td>Ends 8/13</td>
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<td>Tipi Demo</td>
<td>Join a ranger to learn about the structure that plains Indians called home. Wheelchair Accessible. <strong>Time:</strong> 45 minutes.</td>
<td>Colter Bay Visitor Center Flagpole</td>
<td>June 11-Aug. 27 9 a.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/27</td>
<td>Ends 8/29</td>
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<td>Teton Topics</td>
<td>Learn about the fascinating cultural history of Grand Teton National Park and some of the people who made this park what it is today. Wheelchair Accessible. <strong>Time:</strong> 20 minutes.</td>
<td>Colter Bay Visitor Center Flagpole</td>
<td>June 2-Sept. 1 2:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/28</td>
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<td>Flagg Campfire Program</td>
<td>Gather at the Flagg Campfire Circle for a ranger talk. **Topics vary. <strong>Time:</strong> 45 minutes</td>
<td>Flagg Campfire Circle</td>
<td>June 22-Aug. 13 8 p.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/15</td>
<td>Ends 8/17</td>
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<td>Lizard Creek Campfire Program</td>
<td>Gather at the Lizard Creek Campground amphitheater for a ranger talk. **Topics vary. <strong>Time:</strong> 45 minutes</td>
<td>Lizard Creek Amphitheater</td>
<td>June 24-Aug. 15 8 p.m.</td>
<td>Ends 8/15</td>
<td>Ends 8/17</td>
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## Dates and times may change
Centennial Vision 2016

WHAT DOES THE FUTURE HOLD FOR NATIONAL PARKS?
In eight years the National Park Service will celebrate 100 years of preservation and protection of America’s icons, natural wonders and most special places. Places such as the Grand Canyon, the White House, Mount Rushmore, the Statue of Liberty, and of course the Teton Range remain protected for the enjoyment of visitors today and in the future.

What would this country be like without these unique sites? How would we connect to our history without experiencing these national treasures? To keep up with the Centennial Initiative and to experience the interactive version of ‘The Future of America’s National Parks and other special features please visit the centennial website at http://www.nps.gov/2016.

Can you think of 10 national park sites? Do you know what national parks reside closest to your community? What can you do to help preserve your national parks? Learn more about your national parks at http://www.nps.gov/.

Music in Nature
Outstanding natural beauty inspired both the creation of our national parks, and the creation of great music. From July 1st to 25th, enjoy a fusion of music and nature while listening to the Grand Teton Music Festival String Quartet in residence at Grand Teton National Park. The quartet will perform classical music inspired by nature’s grandeur at various park locations, often accompanied by a park ranger. This program is free and open to the public—come and enjoy beautiful music in a spectacular setting! Musicians play for 30 minutes.

TUESDAYS & THURSDAYS
12 p.m. Colter Bay Visitor Center
2 p.m. Colter Bay Visitor Center
4 p.m. Jackson Lake Lodge
6 p.m. Jackson Lake Lodge
In partnership with the Grand Teton Music Festival.

WEDNESDAYS & FRIDAYS
10 a.m. Jenny Lake Area
12 p.m. Craig Thomas Visitor Center
1 p.m. Craig Thomas Visitor Center

“One Percent” for the Park
IN 2007, 1% FOR THE TETONS FUNDED GRANTS FOR TWO PROJECTS that enhance the conservation and understanding of Grand Teton National Park.

The American Alpine Club (AAC) received a $10,000 grant matching the club’s existing $10,000 project to construct information kiosks and provide climbers with free human waste bags, helping reduce impacts to the park’s alpine and sub-alpine regions. The project, “Human Waste Management in Alpine and Sub-alpine Regions,” will be coordinated with the park. The American Alpine Club will help place educational signage at the Lupine Meadows Trailhead and at the Climber’s Ranch, which is managed by the AAC inside the park. Approximately 15,000 hikers and climbers access the sub-alpine and alpine areas from the Lupine Meadows Trailhead.

Jenny Lake Boating, which transports 50,000 visitors per year across Jenny Lake, will distribute Restop® human waste bags to departing passengers and will retrieve the used bags from returning passengers. The Teton Conservation District and the Grand Teton National Park Foundation are also partnering with the AAC to help fulfill the goals of improving management of human waste in fragile park ecosystems.

The Wyoming Game and Fish successfully competed for a $10,000 grant matching the club’s existing $10,000 project to construct information kiosks and provide climbers with free human waste bags, helping reduce impacts to the park’s alpine and sub-alpine regions. The project, “Pronghorn Antelope Migration—Signage, Education and Awareness,” will install four roadway interpretive signs to identify the pronghorn migration corridor from Teton County, WY to Sublette County, WY. Look for a new interpretive pronghorn sign at the turnout north of the town of Kelly.

Special Programs & Park Highlights

Menor’s Ferry Historic District
Located just north of the Craig Thomas Discovery and Visitor Center. Includes a self-guiding path and the Historic Menor’s General Store, which is open daily 9 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. from May 23 through September 30. The ferry operates when water levels and staffing allow. Inquire at the Craig Thomas Discovery and Visitor Center in Moose.

Indian Arts Museum
Located in the Colter Bay Visitor Center, the Indian Arts Museum houses the David T. Vernon Collection, a spectacular assemblage of American Indian artifacts. From June to September, interpretive activities such as craft demonstrations by tribal members and ranger-led museum tours enhance appreciation of American Indian culture.

Artists in the Environment
Jackson Hole attracts artists from all over the world. This summer you can observe professional artists demonstrating their techniques and capturing the essence of Grand Teton National Park. Check at visitor centers for demonstration times and locations. Sponsored by Grand Teton Association. Program dates: June 14, July 12, August 9, September 13.

Pinyon Peak Highlands, WY.

Date: July 17, 2008
Speaker: James Pritchard
Subject: Revisiting the Marsh with Paul Errington: Landscape and Science.

Date: July 24, 2008
Speaker: Anna Chaffee
Subject: Behavioral Responses of Breeding Birds to Natural and Anthropogenic Disturbances.

Date: July 31, 2008
Speaker: Timothy Mihuc
Subject: Fish, Flies and Forests: Ecosystem Integrity in Upland Watersheds.

Univ. of WY/NPS Seminar Series
Dinner ($5 donation) starts at 5:30 p.m. with a talk at 6:30 p.m. in the Berol Lodge located near Leeks Marina, reservations not required.

Date: June 12, 2008
Speaker: Doug Keenhart
Subject: Yellowstone’s World Of Bats—Taking Inventory Of Yellowstone’s Night Life.

Date: June 19, 2008
Speaker: Jay Lelyvraen
Subject: Revelations on the Shaping of Wyoming’s Landscape Late in the Interval of Laramide Mountain Building.

Date: June 26, 2008
Speaker: Steve Grey
Subject: Climate Change Impacts And Ecosystem Management In Western United States.

Date: July 3, 2008
Speaker: Jesse Barber
Subject: Acoustic Mimicry in a Predator-Prey Interaction: Aerial Bat/ Moth Battles in 3-D.

Date: July 10, 2008
Speaker: Dave Scott
Subject: A Florisitc Inventory of Grand Teton National Park and the Pinyon Peak Highlands, WY.

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Date: June 26, 2008
Speaker: Steve Grey
Subject: Climate Change Impacts And Ecosystem Management In Western United States.

Date: July 3, 2008
Speaker: Jesse Barber
Subject: Acoustic Mimicry in a Predator-Prey Interaction: Aerial Bat/ Moth Battles in 3-D.

Date: July 10, 2008
Speaker: Dave Scott
Subject: A Florisitc Inventory of Grand Teton National Park and the Pinyon Peak Highlands, WY.

Date: July 17, 2008
Speaker: James Pritchard
Subject: Revisiting the Marsh with Paul Errington: Landscape and Science.

Date: July 24, 2008
Speaker: Anna Chaffee
Subject: Behavioral Responses of Breeding Birds to Natural and Anthropogenic Disturbances.

Date: July 31, 2008
Speaker: Timothy Mihuc
Subject: Fish, Flies and Forests: Ecosystem Integrity in Upland Watersheds.
PLANTS & ANIMALS
All plants and animals are part of natural processes and are protected within the park and parkway. Leave plants and animals in their natural setting for others to enjoy. Even picking wildflowers is prohibited. Keep a respectful distance from all animals to avoid disturbing their natural routines. Larger animals are quick, powerful and unpredictable. Getting too close can result in serious injury. Take special care to avoid encounters with wildlife and to help maintain their natural fear of humans. Many small animals can carry diseases and should never be touched or handled. Allow them to find their own food. Their natural diet assures their health and survival. No matter how tempting it may be to give food to animals, feeding is prohibited.

HIKING
Hikers are reminded to stay on trails; shortcutting is prohibited because it damages fragile vegetation and causes erosion. Visitor centers sell topographic maps and trail guides. Know your limitations when traveling in the backcountry. If you are traveling alone, letting a friend or relative know your planned destination, route, and expected time of return will greatly increase your chance of survival in an emergency. Permits are not required for day hiking. Trailhead parking areas fill early during the day in July and August, so start your hike early to avoid parking problems. In early summer, many trails are snow-covered and you may need an ice axe.

FISHING
Whitefish and cutthroat, lake, and brown trout inhabit lakes and rivers of the park and parkway. Obtain fishing regulations at visitor centers. A Wyoming fishing license is required for fishing in the park and parkway and may be purchased at Signal Mountain Lodge, Colter Bay Marina, Colter Bay Village Store, Dornan’s and Flagg Ranch Lodge. Fishing in Yellowstone National Park requires a separate permit (fee charged); purchase permits at Yellowstone visitor centers and ranger stations. The use of non-native baitfish is prohibited in all parks.

JACKSON LAKE
Continued drought conditions cause low water levels in Jackson Lake. Contact visitor centers for information on the availability of services at Leek’s and Colter Bay marinas. Low water levels will increase the risk of boats striking submerged objects and landforms that are normally well beneath the surface. Use caution when boating.

BOATING
Motorboats are permitted on Jenny (10 horsepower maximum) and Jackson lakes. Human-powered vessels are permitted on Jackson, Jenny, Phelps, Emma Matilda, Two Ocean, Taggart, Bradley, Bearpaw, Leigh and String lakes. Sailboats, water skiing and windsurfers are allowed only on Jackson Lake. For motorized craft, the fee is $20 for a 7-day permit and $40 for an annual permit; for non-motorized craft, the fee is $10 for a 7-day permit and $20 for an annual permit. Jet skis are prohibited on all waters within the park. Permits may be purchased at the Moose, Jenny Lake or Colter Bay visitor centers.

FLOATING THE SNAKE RIVER
Only human-powered rafts, canoes, dories and kayaks are allowed on the Snake River within the park and parkway. Registration ($10 for a 7-day permit; $20 for an annual permit) of non-motorized vessels is required and may be completed at the Moose, Jenny Lake or Colter Bay visitor centers. Read the launch site bulletin boards for current river conditions. On the surface, the Snake may not seem very powerful, but only experienced floaters should attempt this swift, cold river that has many braided channels and debris jams.

BACKPACKING
Grand Teton National Park has more than 230 miles of trails of varying difficulty. Obtain the required, free backcountry permit for overnight trips at the Moose or Colter Bay visitor centers or the Jenny Lake Ranger Station. One-third of backcountry campsites in high use areas may be reserved in advance from January 1 – May 15; there is a fee of $25 per reservation. Pets are not allowed on park trails or in the backcountry. Backpackers must use park-approved bear-proof canisters when camping below 10,000 feet unless a bear box exists at the site. Obtain a free canister for use in the park when registering for your trip.

CAMPFIRES
Campsites are available without a permit at designated campgrounds and picnic areas within installed or designated fire rings, unless fire restrictions are in effect. A permit may be obtained for campfires below the high water line of Jackson Lake at the Colter Bay Visitor Center. Campfires are prohibited in all other areas.

SWIMMING
Swimming is permitted in all lakes. There is a designated swimming beach at Colter Bay with picnic facilities; however, there are no lifeguards. The Snake River is a swift and cold river presenting numerous dangers; swimming is not recommended.

HOT SPRINGS
Thermal water can harbor organisms that cause a fatal meningitis infection and Legionnaires’ disease. Exposing your head to thermal water by immersion, splashing, touching your face, or inhaling steam increases your risk of infection.

PETS
Pets must be restrained on a leash at all times. Pets are not allowed on park trails or in the backcountry (which begins 50 feet from roadways), in boats on the Snake River or lakes other than Jackson Lake, or in visitor centers. Pets are not allowed on ranger-led activities. Kennels are available in Jackson. Properly dispose of pet feces in garbage cans.

CLIMBING
There are many risks and hazards associated with climbing and mountain travel. Experience and good judgment are essential. The Jenny Lake Ranger Station is staffed from late May to late-September by climbing rangers who can provide up-to-date weather and route conditions. Registration is not required for day climbs and cross-country hiking. Backcountry permits are required for all overnight climbs. The park DOES NOT check to see that you get safely out of the backcountry. Leave an agenda with friends or family. Solo backcountry travel is not advised.

BIKING
Bicycles are permitted on public roadways and on the Colter Bay Marina breakwater. Ride on the right side of the road in single file and wear a helmet at all times. Riding bicycles or other wheeled vehicles in the backcountry, on- or off-trail, is prohibited. Roadway shoulders are narrow — ride at your own risk.

WEATHER
Dress in layers when recreating and be prepared for changes. Afternoon thunderstorms occur frequently during the summer. Avoid mountain tops, ridges and open areas.
Craig Thomas Discovery & Visitor Center

Stop by the visitor center in Moose for trip planning, weather and camping information. Watch a video or learn about the park through interactive natural and cultural history exhibits. Experience the video river and talk to a park naturalist about what to see and do in the park. Shop at the Grand Teton Association bookstore for gifts, educational books and postcards.

The Discovery Center is open daily from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. through June 1, open 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. June 2 – Sept. 1 and is located 12 miles north of the town of Jackson, Wyoming.

Follow the Snake River to Jackson Lake – Scenic Drive

Take a scenic drive on highway 26/89/191 from Moose to Jackson Lake Junction. This trip is 23-miles one-way and travels along the Snake River from Moose to the river’s outlet at the Jackson Lake Dam.

Watch for moose in the sagebrush flats around Moose Junction. As you continue north look for coyotes, elk and bison along the roadside. Drive down to Schwabacher’s Landing and capture the Teton Range reflecting in a slow moving section of the Snake River where beavers have made their dams. Pull over at the Snake River Overlook, the site of an iconic black and white photograph of the Teton Range by renowned photographer Ansel Adams. Stop at Cunningham Cabin on the west side of the road and take a short walk out to view the oldest historic building remaining in Grand Teton National Park. Walk inside the cabin and imagine what life was like in the late 1800s.

Drive through Moran Entrance toward Jackson Lake and notice how the Snake River bends sharply near this junction. Continue a couple miles past the entrance station and stop at the Oxbow Bend turnout. Moose, beavers and waterfowl such the American white pelican and osprey can be seen along the banks of the river.

Explore the North

The northern district of the park provides excellent opportunities for exploring, hiking, wildlife viewing and learning about the park.

SIGNAL MOUNTAIN AREA
A lodge, restaurant, campground, marina, and scenic mountain drive can be found in this area. Rent a kayak and tour Jackson Lake; drive the Signal Mountain Road for a scenic view of the Teton Range and Jackson Hole; or enjoy an evening ranger program at the campground.

JACKSON LAKE LODGE
Enjoy a breathtaking view of the park from the Jackson Lake Lodge lobby; take a short walk to the top of Lunch Tree Hill and enjoy a favorite resting place of John D. Rockefeller, Jr.; or look for wildlife with a park naturalist.

COLTER BAY AREA
There is something for everyone in this popular visitor area. Level trails along Jackson Lake range from easy to moderate and a variety of ranger programs are provided from the visitor center. Tour the Indian Arts Museum; enjoy a picnic in the campground; or take a boat tour with a ranger (water level dependent).

Hike with a Park Naturalist

Learn about the creation of this magnificent landscape on a two-mile roundtrip hike to Hidden Falls and a viewpoint above Jenny Lake. We will take the boat across Jenny Lake. The roundtrip shuttle fare for adults is $9.50, children age 3-12 are $5, children age 2 and under are free.

This moderately strenuous activity is first-come, first-served and is limited to 25. Please obtain a token for each member of your group at the Jenny Lake Visitor Center prior to meeting the ranger (see page 8 for more information).

Become a Junior Ranger

- Earn a patch or badge
- For kids of all ages
- $1 donation

Pick up the Junior Ranger activity brochure at any visitor center or attend a Junior Ranger program (see pages 8 and 9).
Fire Plays an Important Role in Grand Teton National Park

**FIRE HAS BEEN A PART OF THE GREATER YELLOWSTONE ECOSYSTEM** for thousands of years. Its presence is important for wildlife habitat, nutrient cycling, plant diversity and overall landscape health. Fire managers at Grand Teton National Park seek to strike a balance between restoring and maintaining natural processes associated with fire, and protecting human life and property.

**FIRE ECOLOGY IN THE PARK**

During the past century, park managers feared and suppressed fire. This led to an unnatural buildup of fire and dead trees, pine needles, shrubs, and grasses, in other words, fuel for a wildfire. Buildup in the understory creates risks for human developments near wildland areas and poses a threat to forest health. Fire naturally thins the forest, recycles nutrients into the soil and stimulates new plant growth. Fire ecology research has shown that many plant and animal species benefit from the rejuvenating effects of fire.

Fire scars are prevalent in Grand Teton and Yellowstone national parks. When you see burned areas, take note of how the forest is regenerating, including what plants, trees and wildlife are in the area. Popular hikes that pass through burn areas include: the Alder Fire near Jenny Lake, the Beaver Creek Fire near Taggart Lake, and the Waterfall Canyon Fire across from Colter Bay.

**HOW WE MANAGE FIRES**

Fire managers at Grand Teton National Park and surrounding agencies are guided by comprehensive fire plans. Sometimes crews monitor fire fronts closely but take minimal action letting fire take its natural course, allowing fire-adapted plants to resprout from the roots, seeds in open areas or to open serotinous (heat dependent) cones for seed dispersal. When appropriate, firefighters immediately suppress fires to reduce risk to life and property.

Occasionally, firefighters apply fire to the landscape under specific conditions to help maintain a healthy and safe forest ecosystem. Prescribed fire helps create a mosaic of diverse habitats for plants and animals; burning accumulated fuels minimizes risk to developments and cultural resources. In more developed areas, fire crews lower the risk of losing structures to wildfire by thinning trees and removing dead wood and brush from the forest floor. This increases firefighter and public safety in the event of a wildfire. Firefighters pile the slash and let it dry for a year before burning it during wet weather in late spring or fall. Please do not remove materials from these piles.

Specialized fire crews monitor burned areas to learn more about fire’s effect on the ecosystem. This data not only impacts future fire management, but is also shared with wildlife biologists, vegetation ecologists, historic preservation specialists, and other land management agencies to achieve common goals for public safety and a healthy ecosystem.

**YOUR ROLE IN FIRE PREVENTION**

Fire season in the park coincides with the visitor season, which means you may see smoke in the air during your visit. You can do your part to prevent human-caused fires by obeying all fire restrictions and following basic fire safety rules.

Build campfires only in designated areas. Closely monitor campfires and make sure they are properly extinguished by drowning the fire with water. Stir the remains, add more water and stir again. Carefully run the back of your hand near the surface of the fire to make sure no heat is being generated.

Campfires may be banned during times of high fire danger. Watch for signs and obey the restrictions.

Smoke safely. Grind out smoking materials, then dispose of them in the proper receptacle. While in vehicles, smokers should use ashtrays, which should never be emptied on the ground.

Remember fireworks or other pyrotechnic devices are prohibited at all times in the park.

Report any fires immediately by calling Teton Interagency Fire Dispatch Center at 307-739-3632 or telling a park employee.
### Services and Facilities

#### Moose

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lodging</th>
<th>Food Service</th>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dorrant’s Spur Ranch</td>
<td>Dorrant’s Chuck Wagon</td>
<td>Year-round</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(307) 733-2522</td>
<td>(307) 733-2415 x203</td>
<td>Western open for breakfast, lunch, and dinner.</td>
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#### South Jenny Lake

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lodging</th>
<th>Food Service</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AAC Climber’s Ranch</td>
<td>Lodge Dining Room</td>
<td>Year-round</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(307) 733-4647 or (800) 628-9988</td>
<td></td>
<td>Located 3 miles south of Jenny Lake. Rustic accommodations.</td>
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#### North Jenny Lake

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lodging</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jackson Lake Lodge</td>
<td>Lodge Dining Room</td>
<td>Year-round</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(307) 733-2415 x302</td>
<td>(800) 628-9988</td>
<td>Breakfast 7:30-9 a.m. Lunch 12-1:30 p.m. Dinner 6-8:45 p.m.</td>
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#### Signal Mountain

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<thead>
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#### Jackson Lake Lodge

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colter Bay Cabins</td>
<td>Tent Village</td>
<td>Year-round</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(307) 733-2415 x302</td>
<td>(800) 628-9988</td>
<td>Breakfast 6:30-10:30 a.m., Lunch 11:30 a.m.-1:30 p.m., Dinner 5:30-9 p.m.</td>
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#### Leek’s Marina

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<tr>
<td>Flagg Ranch Resort</td>
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<tr>
<td>(307) 733-2415 x302</td>
<td>(800) 628-9988</td>
<td>Breakfast 6:30-10:30 a.m., Lunch 11:30 a.m.-1:30 p.m., Dinner 5:30-9 p.m.</td>
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#### Flagg Ranch

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<td>(307) 733-2415 x302</td>
<td>(800) 628-9988</td>
<td>Breakfast 6:30-10:30 a.m., Lunch 11:30 a.m.-1:30 p.m., Dinner 5:30-9 p.m.</td>
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#### Other Services

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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Teton Science Schools</td>
<td>The Mune Center</td>
<td>Year-round</td>
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<tr>
<td>(307) 733-2415 x302</td>
<td>(800) 628-9988</td>
<td>Breakfast 6:30-10:30 a.m., Lunch 11:30 a.m.-1:30 p.m., Dinner 5:30-9 p.m.</td>
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#### Recycling

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<td>(307) 733-2415 x302</td>
<td>(800) 628-9988</td>
<td>Breakfast 6:30-10:30 a.m., Lunch 11:30 a.m.-1:30 p.m., Dinner 5:30-9 p.m.</td>
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#### Medical Services

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St. Johns Medical Center</td>
<td>Grand Teton Medical Clinic</td>
<td>Year-round</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(307) 733-2415 x302</td>
<td>(800) 628-9988</td>
<td>Breakfast 6:30-10:30 a.m., Lunch 11:30 a.m.-1:30 p.m., Dinner 5:30-9 p.m.</td>
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**Dates subject to change at any time.**
RESTAURANTS, GENERAL STORES & SERVICE STATIONS
The following locations have restaurants or cafeterias, general stores and service stations:
Old Faithful, Canyon, Grant Village, Lake, Tower-Roosevelt, Mammoth, Hot Springs, and Fishing Bridge.

PUBLIC SHOWERS
Shower are available to the public (fee charged) at Old Faithful Inn, Roosevelt Lodge, Grant Village Campground, Fishing Bridge RV Park, Canyon Campground and Mammoth Hot Springs Hotel during the summer season.

RESERVABLE CAMPSITES
Reservations for campgrounds at Canyon, Grant Village, Bridge Bay and Madison campgrounds and Fishing Bridge RV Park may be made by contacting (307) 344-7311. Fishing Bridge RV Park is the only campground with water, sewer, and electrical hookups, and is for hardsided vehicles only, no tents or tent trailers. Please make your reservations early and/or plan on securing your campsite as early in the day as possible.

Camgrounds may fill early in the day, especially during July and August. Camping or overnight vehicle parking in turnouts, parking areas, picnic areas or any place other than a designated campground is prohibited; there are no overflow camping facilities. All camping is limited to 14 days between July 1 and September 1 and to 30 days during the rest of the year, except at Fishing Bridge RV Park (no limit). Check out time for all campgrounds is 10 a.m.

FIRST-COME, FIRST-SERVED CAMPSITES
There are eleven campgrounds and one RV park in Yellowstone National Park. The National Park Service operates seven campgrounds: Mammoth, Tower Fall, Indian Creek, Pebble Creek, Lewis Lake, Norris and Slough Creek Campgrounds. Sites at these seven campgrounds are available on a first-come, first-served basis.
Road Work Delays
Road improvements will take place in Grand Teton and Yellowstone national parks throughout the 2008 season. For the most up-to-date information about road conditions in Grand Teton National Park call (307) 739-3614 or visit www.nps.gov/grte. For information about Yellowstone roads call (307) 344-2117 or visit www.nps.gov/yell.

As you Drive Keep Them Alive
Every year drivers kill more than 100 large animals, causing property damage and personal injury. Drive at or below all posted speed limits, and drive cautiously during dawn and dusk when animals are most active. Moose, deer, elk, bison, wolves, and grizzly and black bears cross roadways and can be especially difficult to see at night.

Park in Designated Turnouts
It may be tempting to park on the roadway to take photographs or watch wildlife, but this practice is not safe. Pull over in a designated turnout for your safety and that of other motorists.

Gary Pollock Photo