Welcome to Grand Teton National Park

I hope your visit to Grand Teton National Park, YOUR national park, is a memorable one. Enjoy the Park and its spectacular scenery and wildlife.

To learn about the park, stop at visitor centers, attend ranger-led activities or ask a ranger.

My staff and I are committed to helping you have a safe and pleasant visit.

Jack Neckels
Superintendent

IN AN EMERGENCY

Call 911 or 739-3301 Park Dispatch

What’s So Special About Grand Teton National Park?

"...the range is most awe-inspiring, and yet at the same time it has a mystical, entrancing beauty."
—Fritiof Fryxell, first ranger naturalist for Grand Teton National Park.

This is the most beautiful place I have ever been!"—Jenny Plumb, five-year-old park visitor.

Why is there a Grand Teton National Park? Certainly, the Teton Range dominates the landscape with its jagged, glacially-carved peaks that rise without foothills from the west side of the park. But there’s more to the park than the Teton’s. There’s Jackson Hole, a level valley carpeted with silvery-green sagebrush shrubs that forms the foreground for the mountains. And there are lakes: at the foot of the mountains, thick conifer forests encircle seven sparkling lakes. There’s the Snake River: tall cottonwood and spruce trees line the river that bisects the valley into east and west halves. And wildlife: a diverse array of large and small mammals, a few hardy reptiles and amphibians, numerous birds and several kinds of native and introduced fish inhabit the park, along with countless kinds of insects and other invertebrates. People are important, too: Native Americans spent summers in the area hunting and gathering plants for food; mountain men trapped beaver here in the early 1800s; homesteaders began settling in the valley during the late 1800s.

Today nearly three million people visit Grand Teton National Park. Visitors enjoy the spectacle of mountain scenery and large concentrations of wildlife. Grand Teton and the Rockefeller Parkway are adjacent to Yellowstone National Park, and lie at the heart of the Greater Yellowstone Ecosystem. Being part of this ecosystem adds to the significance of Grand Teton because it is the largest nearly intact ecosystem in the temperate part of the world.

Intact natural areas contain a relatively complete mix of plants and animals and thus serve as wildlife refuges and reservoirs of biodiversity. Wildlands also nourish people by providing connections to nature. Mountain scenery and expansive landscapes revitalize the human spirit.

Many visitors discover that exploration of national parks is a soothing and refreshing experience. As you view the rugged mountains, the warm valley, the sparkling lakes, the behavior of wild animals and the colorful displays of wildflowers, let this special place work its magic on you.
**For the Visitor**

Please use the map on page 8 to assist you in locating concessions and private companies that are listed from north to south. The listing of authorized concessions operating in the back country and mountain trail guiding services is rotated within each category in a consistent, random manner to encourage quality. Opening and closing dates are approximate. The National Park Service does not make concession contracts. Please direct contact with the service of your choice.

A permit is required for conducting any commercial activity in Grand Teton National Park and the John D. Rockefeller, Jr. Memorial Parkway.

- **open in winter**

### FLAGG RANCH

Open for summer season May 15 - Oct. 15. Open for winter season Dec. 15 - Mar. 15. Operated subject to change; depending on snow conditions.

#### ACCOMMODATIONS

- Motel units overlooking the Snake River open daily May 15 - Sept. 14 (dates subject to change depending on weather). Call 307-733-2861 or toll free 1-800-443-2311. Write Box 187, Moran WY 83013.

#### RESTAURANT

- Breakfast & dinner in summer, breakfast, lunch & dinner in winter. Open daily May 15 - Sept. 14 (dates subject to change depending on weather). Call 307-733-5470 or 733-5480. Write Box 187, Moran WY 83013.

#### SNOWMOBILING & SNOWCOACH TOUR

- Burnt Bear Saloon. Rustic bar & package goods. SPIRITS

#### GROCERY STORE


#### LAUNDERETTE

- Open daily June 4 - Sept. 5. Hours subject to change.

#### SERVICE STATION

- Open daily June 4 - Sept. 5. Hours subject to change.

#### SNACK BAR

- Breakfast 7:00 - 9:00 a.m. Lunch noon - 1:30 p.m. Dinner 5:00 - 8:30 p.m. Phone 733-2861. Phone 733-2861.

#### SWIMMING POOL

- Covered. Open daily 7:00 a.m. - 9:00 p.m. May 22 - Sept. 8. Closed during snow conditions. 8:30-10:00 a.m., 11:30-2:00 p.m., 5:00-7:30 p.m. Lunch 12:00-2:00 p.m., 5:30-7:30 p.m. Phone 733-2861.

#### SNOWMOBILING & SNOWCOACH TOUR

- Contact Snowcoach & Snowmobile center. Call 733-2861 or toll free 1-800-443-2311. Write Box 187, Moran WY 83013.

#### MOUNTAIN BIKING & TRAIL RIDES

- Jackson Hole Mountain Biking & Guiding Company. Call 733-2279. A guide service for mountain biking the trails. 8 a.m. - 6:30 p.m. Phone 733-2279.

#### MOUNTAINEERING & TRAIL HIKES

- A dude ranch (weekly; American Plan) with horseback riding, hikes, fly-fishing, fly-fishing only. The Fly Fishing Center. 8:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m. Phone 733-2279.

#### ANCILLARY SERVICES

- Tents and supplies throughout the Tetons.

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**SNOWFLAKE FLOAT TRIPS**

Season for most companies is between mid-May and mid-September depending on weather and river-flow conditions. All trips interpretive. Fishing season extends later.

#### NATIONAL PARK FLOAT TRIPS - 10 mile scenic wildlife trips, departing throughout day. Group arrangements available. Write Box 83013, 733-6450 or 733-5000.

#### FLATCREEK FLOAT TRIPS - 10 mile scenic wildlife trips—only trips north of Jackson Lake. White-water trips depart every two hours starting at 10:00 a.m. on the last Tuesday of each month until 9:00 p.m. depending on weather. Call 733-2491. June 1 – Labor Day.

#### PORT JACkson FLOAT TrIPS - Scenic rafting trips depart daily May 22 - Oct. 8. Family oriented. One hour to 3-hour trips, 8:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m. Phone 733-2491. June 1 – Labor Day.

#### DISCReET FLOAT TRIPS - 5 mile scenic trips. Five times daily from July 1 - 30, Moran WY 83013. Call 733-5400 or 733-6445.

#### BARKERVING FLOAT TriPS - 5 mile scenic trips, including morning & late evening wildlife trips. Departures throughout the day. May 9 - Sept. 30. Dinner trips available Wednesdays June 15 - Aug. 20. Write Box 1007, Moran WY 83013. Call 733-1850 or 1-800-365-1850.

#### HINT S RANCH Floating TriPS - 10 mile scenic trips, sunset wildlife with or without campground breakfast on the river, & lunch picnic trips, guided fishing trips for ranch guests. Write Box 70, Moran WY 83013. Call 733-5477 or 733-9447.

#### Signal Mountain Lodge - 10 mile scenic trips, guided fishing trips. Write Box 50, Moran WY 83013. Call 733-2831 or 733-5470.

#### Triangle X Float Trips - 10 mile scenic trips. Inquire about departures throughout the day; sunrise & evening wildlife trips, support float, & breakfast and lunch floats for groups. Fishing trips. Moran WY 83013. Call 733-5400 or 733-6445.

#### Rivermeadows, Inc. - Guided fishing trips, flyfishing only. Call 733-3534 or write Box 547, Grand Teton Lodge Co., Box 150, Moran WY 83013. Call 733-6400.

#### Grand Teton Lodge Company – Colter Bay Village & Jackson Lake Lodge) 10 mile scenic trips with several morning & afternoon departures daily. 20 mile scenic trips include picnic lunch or dinner at Deadman’s Bar, morning departures daily. Guided fishing trips. Write Box 240, Moran WY 83013. Call 733-5505 or 733-6445.

#### SOlitude FLOAT TriPS - 5 & 10 mile scenic trips. Guided fishing trips. Write Box 112, Moose WY 83011. Call 733-5411.

### RIVER & LAKE MULTI-DAY TRIPS

**O.A.R.S. Raft Trips** - 2- and 3-day river raft trips 4-8 passengers. Includes transportation, meals, camping, equipment, & all equipment. Combination raft/horseback trips also available. Write Box 67, Angel Camp CA 95602. Call free 1-800-346-4627.

### BICYCLING

- Bike rentals, sales, & service at Domes in Moose. Basic & sport mountain bikes, children’s bikes, Repairs & accessories. 733-6400.

### MOUNTAINEERING & TRAIL HIKES


#### American Alpine Club - Dominate accommodations, cooking areas and showers for climbers. Call 733-7271.

#### Unguided backcountry trips, group arrangements available. Write Moose WY 83012.

#### MOUNTAINEERING & TRAIL HIKES

Flagg Ranch Float Trips - Guided fishing trips, fly or spin action, and instruction included. Rental fishing equipment available. Call 733-3702 or write to Box 3636, Jackson WY 83001.

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Camping is a traditional way to enjoy national parks. Grand Teton National Park operates five campgrounds for your camping pleasure. The fee is $8 per night per site. Jenny Lake Campground is open to tents only. Other campgrounds will accommodate tents, trailers and recreational vehicles. All campgrounds have modern comfort stations, but none has utility hookups. The maximum length of stay is 7 days at Jenny Lake and 14 days at all other National Park Service campgrounds.

NPS campgrounds operate on a first-come, first-served basis and advance reservations are NOT accepted. Campgrounds fill to capacity during July and August. Approximately filling times are listed. For current status of campgrounds, contact the entrance station or visitor centers. Additional camping facilities are available in the nearby national forest and areas outside the park.

CAMPING IS NOT PERMITTED ALONG ROADSIDES, in overlooks nor in parking areas. Doubling-up in campites is not permitted and there are no overflow facilities.

Group Camping
Colter Bay Campground has ten group campsites and Gros Ventre Campground has five. Site capacities range from 10 to 75 people. The nightly use fee is $2.00 per person. Organized groups such as youth, religious and educational groups may use the group campites. Advance reservations are required. Requests for reservations should be made between January 1 and June 1 by writing to: Chief Ranger, Grand Teton National Park, Moose, Wyoming 83012.

Trailer Villages
Colter Bay and Flagg Ranch Trailer Villages are concessioner-operated trailer facilities with full hook-ups, showers and laundry. Colter Bay has 112 sites. Flagg Ranch has 100 trailer and 75 tent sites. Advance reservations are advisable. See page 2 for details.

Black and Grizzly Bears

Grand Teton National Park and the John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Memorial Parkway provide habitat for black and grizzly bears. To distinguish between the two bear species, look for:

BLACK BEAR
• Size & Weight – Adults are 2-1/2 – 3 feet at the shoulder and weigh up to 200 – 300 lbs.
• Color – Varies from black to blond. Many black bears in this region are black with a light brown muzzle.
• Appearance – Straight face; no shoulder hump; rump higher than shoulders.
• Claws – Short and curved for climbing. Claws do not always show in tracks.

GRIZZLY BEAR
• Size & Weight – Adults are about 3-1/2 feet at the shoulder and weigh from 300 – 700 lbs.
• Color – Varies from black to blond; dark fur with long, pale guard hairs accounts for a mixed dark and light, or grizzled, appearance.
• Appearance – Dished-in face; tiny ears; prominent shoulder hump; rump lower than shoulders.
• Claws – Long and straight. Claws often show in tracks.

Bears and Wilderness
Wild bears symbolize wilderness. Help us maintain bear populations and prevent bear problems. Follow the recommended practices for safe hiking and backcountry camping. Report all bear sightings and incidents at a visitor center or ranger station.

Food Storage in Bear Country: Drive-in Campgrounds

After eating and before leaving camp or sleeping, check to be sure you have a clean, bearproof campsite:

☐ All food, food containers and cooking utensils must be stored in a closed, locked vehicle both day and night. Inside a car trunk is best; otherwise, keep food covered inside a vehicle with doors locked and windows rolled up. Ice chests, thermoses, dirty dishes, cups and pans must be stored in the same manner as food: inside a locked vehicle.

☐ The only exceptions allowed are during the preparation and eating of food and during food transport.

☐ Trash and garbage must be stored in the same manner as food or placed in campground trash cans or dumpsters.

☐ Treat odorous products such as soap, deodorant, suntan lotion and perfumes in the same manner as food.

☐ Absolutely no food, garbage or odorous products may be stored in tents or sleeping bags.

☐ When an enclosed vehicle is not available for food storage, hang food properly or use food storage boxes, if available.

☐ DO NOT bury food scraps, containers or fish entrails. Deposit them in proper garbage receptacles.

☐ DO NOT leave food, containers or garbage unattended in camp for even a few minutes. Bears are active both day and night.

By storing food and related items properly, you maintain bear populations and prevent bear problems. Follow the recommended practices for safe hiking and backcountry camping. Report all bear sightings and incidents at a visitor center or ranger station.

Black bear (foreground) and grizzly bear

Hiking and Camping in Bear Country

Use these guidelines to hike and camp safely in bear country for your own protection and for the preservation of bears here and elsewhere.

A Fed Bear is a Dead Bear. Allowing a bear to obtain human food EVEN ONCE often results in aggressive behavior. Aggressive bears present a threat to human safety and eventually must be destroyed or removed from the park. Please obey the law and do not allow bears or other wildlife to obtain human food.

While hiking or backpacking: DO NOT leave packs containing food unattended, even for a few minutes. While camping, use the counter-balance method to store all food, garbage and odorous products. When you obtain a backpacking permit, you will also receive a diagram showing how to store food properly. Keep a completely clean camp: leave packs, with zippers open, outside and away from tents; DO NOT cook in your tent. When camping above treeline, store food and garbage at least 100 yards from sleeping and cooking areas, preferably in rocky areas. Use bear-proof food storage boxes where provided.

HOW TO AVOID BEAR ENCOUNTERS: Make bears aware of your presence on trails by making loud noises such as shouting, singing or clapping your hands. This lessens the chance of sudden encounters. Be especially careful in dense brush and along streams where water makes noise. Bells are not recommended as the sound does not carry well. Look ahead for bears when hiking to avoid surprising them.

If You Encounter a Bear: Do Not Run! Bears can run over 30 m.p.h., or over 44 feet per second—faster than Olympic sprinters! Running often elicits attacks from otherwise non-aggressive bears. If the bear is unaware of your presence, move quietly away from the bear. If the bear is aware of you and is nearby but has not acted aggressively, slowly back away, talking in an even tone while slowly waving your arms.

If a Bear Approaches or Charges You: Do Not Run—this probably increases the chance of an attack. Do Not Drop Your Pack—a pack protects the body in case of an attack. "Bluff" charges are often used to scare people away, with the bear stopping before contact. Bear experts generally recommend standing still until the bear stops and then backing off slowly. Climbing trees provides little or no protection.

WHERE AND WHEN YOU MIGHT SEE A BEAR: Anytime—anywhere. Bears are active day and night and have been observed in campgrounds, on canyon trails, around rivers and lakes, crossing roads, in sagebrush flats and occasionally in developed areas. They are most common along the lower elevations of the Teton Range where lush vegetation occurs.
**Services of Worship**

A Christian Ministry in the National Parks sponsors interdenominational services each Sunday throughout the summer (Memorial Day through Labor Day). Please check bulletin boards for services that may be held in May and September. Services are held outdoors at all campgrounds and indoors at the Jackson Lake Lodge. Informal dress is appropriate at all services.

**Additional Services**

**BOATING**

- Gros Ventre Campground Amphitheater: 8:00 a.m., 10:00 a.m., 7:00 p.m.
- Jenny Lake Campfire Circle: 9:00 a.m., 7:00 p.m.
- Signal Mountain Campground Amphitheater: 8:00 a.m., 10:00 a.m., 7:30 p.m.
- Jackson Lake Lodge: 9:00 a.m., 11:00 a.m., 8:00 p.m.
- Colter Bay Amphitheater: 8:00 a.m., 10:00 a.m., 7:00 p.m.
- Lizard Creek Campground Amphitheater (begins 6/12): 9:00 a.m., 7:30 p.m.
- Flagg Ranch Campfire Circle: 8:00 a.m., 10:00 a.m., 7:00 p.m.

**CLIMBING**

- Begins 50 feet from roadways), in boats on the Snake River, or on the river. Location: Signal Mountain Lodge, Colter Bay Marina and Flagg Ranch Village. Fishing in Yellowstone National Park is regulated by the Wyoming Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks. Pet rules are as follows: No pets are permitted on trails or in the backcountry or taking extended hikes. If you are traveling in the park, you must register at the Jenny Lake Ranger Station or Colter Bay Visitor Center. Sturdy footwear is essential. Allow at least 300 feet from large animals to avoid disturbing their natural routines.

**HIKING**

- Registration is required for hiking off an established mountain trail. Long walks through sections that are not marked with a clear trail. The park also has an active recycling program in office and residential areas.

**Swimming**

Swimming is allowed in all lakes. No swimming is allowed in the Snake River. The Snake River is dangerous and swimming is not recommended.

**Fishing**

- Anglers may test their skills by trying to catch whitefish and cutthroat trout, and brown trout. They may also try for rainbow trout and whitefish. River fishing regulations are as follows: No hand-propelled rafts, canoes, dories or kayaks are allowed on the Snake River. Register non-motorized vessels and pay the $5 fee at the Moose Visitor Center or Colter Bay Visitor Center. Pets are not permitted on trails nor in the backcountry.

**Plants & Animals**

- Leave plants and animals in their natural setting for others to enjoy. Picking wildflowers is prohibited. Keep a respectful distance from all animals to avoid disturbing their natural routines. Larger animals are more easily disturbed. If an adult is too close, do not approach. Keep a respectful distance from all animals to avoid disturbing their natural routines. Larger animals are easily disturbed. If an adult is too close, do not approach. Keep a respectful distance from all animals to avoid disturbing their natural routines. Larger animals are easily disturbed. If an adult is too close, do not approach.

**Weather**

- **May and June**: Mild days and cool nights intersperse with rain and occasional snow. Depending on snowpack, snow level remains just above valley elevation until mid-June.
- **July and August**: Warm days and cool nights prevail, with afternoon thunderstorms common. Snow level gradually retreats; divides between mountain canyons are free of snow by August.
- **September**: Sunny days and cold nights alternate with rain and occasional snowstorms.

**Recycling**

For your convenience, you may recycle aluminum cans at stores where canned beverages are sold throughout the park and at the Moose and Colter Bay Visitor Centers. Check at visitor centers for other recycling locations.

**Important Information**

**Fishing**

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**Pets**

- Restrain pets on a leash at all times. Pets are not permitted on trails or in the backcountry (which begins 50 feet from roadways), in boats on the Snake River, or on the river. Location: Signal Mountain Lodge, Colter Bay Marina and Flagg Ranch Village. Fishing in Yellowstone National Park is regulated by the Wyoming Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks. Pet rules are as follows: No pets are permitted on trails or in the backcountry or taking extended hikes. If you are traveling in the park, you must register at the Jenny Lake Ranger Station or Colter Bay Visitor Center. Sturdy footwear is essential. Allow at least 300 feet from large animals to avoid disturbing their natural routines.

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This newspaper and other park information handouts have been printed on recycled paper with soy-based inks. The park also has an active recycling program in office and residential areas.
Exploring Grand Teton National Park

Mt. Moran viewed from Oxbow Bend

If you just arrived in Grand Teton National Park and are wondering how to make the most of your time, try these suggestions to help plan your visit. Suggested directions and places to stop are described from the north south—please use the map on page 8. The distance from the north boundary of the John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Memorial Parkway (south entrance of Yellowstone National Park) to the south boundary of Grand Teton National Park is 56 miles; approximate driving time with no stops is 1-1/2 hours. Please follow posted speed limits and be prepared for delays due to road construction.

HALF DAY

Colter Bay Visitor Center and Indian Arts Museum
Visit the museum to view art created by native peoples and gain a glimpse of 19th-century Native American life. Native American and wildlife films and a park orientation slide program are shown throughout the day. Ranger-led activities include museum tours, park orientation talks, natural history hikes and evening amphitheater programs.

Signal Mountain Summit Road
This 5-mile drive starts one mile south of Signal Mountain Lodge and Campground. The road winds to the top of Signal Mountain, 800 feet above the valley. Summit overlooks provide a panoramic view of the entire Teton Range. Jackson Lake and most of Jackson Hole. The road is narrow and parking at overlooks is limited, so no trailers or large motorhomes, please.

Jenny Lake Scenic Drive
Turn at North Jenny Lake and drive southwest. Stop at the Cathedral Group Turnout for a spectacular view of the Grand Teton (13,770 ft.), Teewinot and Mt. Owen. The road is two-way as far as String Lake and Jenny Lake Lodge. South of String Lake, the road becomes one-way and provides a relaxed lakeshore drive with views of Jenny Lake. Rejoin the Teton Park Road near South Jenny Lake.

Menor’s Ferry and the Chapel of the Transfiguration
Turn off the Teton Park Road 1/2 mile north of Moose. The Menor’s Ferry Trail, less than 1/2-mile long, affords a look at homesteading and pioneer life in Jackson Hole. Visit Bill Menor’s cabin and view a replica of the ferryboat that transported goods across the Snake River at this site in the 19th century. The altar window of the Chapel of the Transfiguration frames the tallest Teton peaks. Please be respectful, the chapel is a house of worship.

WHOLE DAY

Add the following stops to those suggested for half day visits.

Willow Flats
Stop at the Willow Flats Turnout, 6 miles south of Colter Bay for a view of an extensive fresh-water marsh that provides excellent habitat for birds, beavers and moose. Jackson Lake and the Teton Range form the backdrop.

Oxbow Bend
Located one mile east of Jackson Lake Junction, this cut-off meander of the Snake River attracts a wide variety of wildlife. Mt. Moran, the most massive peak in the Teton Range, dominates the background.

Jackson Lake Dam Overlook
Jackson Lake Dam, one mile west of Jackson Lake Junction on the Teton Park Road, raises the level of Jackson Lake to 39 feet. In addition to being a reservoir, Jackson Lake is also a natural lake formed by an immense glacier that once flowed from Yellowstone National Park. Park on the southwest side of the dam and take a short walk for a peaceful view of Jackson Lake and Mt. Moran.

South Jenny Lake
Park here and take a short walk to view gracefully-curved Jenny Lake nestled at the base of the tallest Teton peaks. A 6-mile hiking trail encircles Jenny Lake. Shuttle boats (June 5 - September 20, 8 a.m. - 6 p.m.) can be rented or a paved path provides easy access to the southeast side of the lake and trails to Hidden Falls, Inspiration Point and Cascade Canyon. Parking is limited, so plan to arrive early or late in the day.

Take a hike
Over 200 miles of hiking trails in the park and parkway range from level and easy trails on the valley floor to steep, arduous trails into the mountains. At visitor centers, ask a ranger for recommended hikes and look at or purchase maps and trail guides.

Rift Trips on the Snake River
Park and parkway concessioners (see page 2) operate trips on the Snake River daily. Watch for moose along the banks and bald eagles soaring above.

Ride a Bike
The Teton Park Road has wide shoulders and superb views of the Teton’s. The Antelope Flats – Kelly Loop provides riding opportunities on secondary roads. Ride bicycles only where cars can legally go; bicycles are not allowed on trails nor in the backcountry.

Horseback Riding
Park concessioners offer horseback rides at Colter Bay and Jackson Lake Lodge.

WHERE TO LOOK FOR WILDLIFE

All animals require food, water and shelter. Each species also has particular habitat requirements. To learn more about wildlife habitats and behavior, attend ranger-led activities. Sharpen your wildlife observation skills by spending some time in these locations:

OXBOW BEND – one mile east of Jackson Lake Junction. Slow-moving water provides habitat for fish such as suckers and trout, which become food for river otters, ospreys, bald eagles, American white pelicans and common mergansers (ducks). Look for swimming beavers (at dawn and dusk) and muskrats. Moose browse on abundant willows at the water’s edge. Elk occasionally graze in the open aspen groves to the east.

TIMBERED ISLAND – forested ridge surrounded by sagebrush southeast of Jenny Lake. Small bands of pronghorns, fastest North American land animal, forage on sagebrush. Elk leave the shade of the forest at dusk to eat grasses growing among the sagebrush.

SNAKE RIVER – Jackson Lake Dam south to Moose. Elk and bison graze in grassy meadows along the river. Bison also eat grasses in the sagebrush flats on the benches above the river. Bald eagles, ospreys and great blue herons build large stick nests within sight of the river. Beavers and moose eat willows that line the waterway.

CASCADE CANYON – west of Jenny Lake. Look for (but please do not feed) golden-mantled ground squirrels at Inspiration Point. Pikas and yellow-bellied marmots live in boulder fields. Mule deer and moose occasionally browse on shrubs growing at the mouth of the canyon. Listen for the numerous songbirds that nest in the canyon.

BLACKTAIL PONDS – 0.5 mile north of Moose on Highway 26-89-191. Old beaver ponds have filled in and now support grassy meadows where elk graze during cooler parts of the day. Several kinds of ducks feed in the side channels of the Snake River. Moose browse on willows growing along the river.

Teewinot, Summer 1994 — 5
YOU can play an important role in protecting and preserving Grand Teton National Park. The PARK WATCH program encourages park visitors to prevent, be alert to and report hazards, accidents, fires, vandalism and crime. Be conscious of illegal activities such as hunting, poaching and harassing of wildlife.

BE CAUTIOUS WITH CAMPFIRES AND SMOKING MATERIALS AND REPORT POSSIBLE SOURCES OF HUMAN-CAUSED FIRES. Report what you see to any park employee or stop at the nearest park office or facility. If an immediate response is needed to apprehend a criminal or vandal or to report a fire, stop at the nearest phone and call one of the following numbers:

Park Dispatch 739-3301

Important. If you observe someone breaking park rules or committing a crime, do not attempt to take action yourself. This is a job for a ranger. Discreetly note the location, description of the person involved, license numbers of any vehicles and report the incident as soon as possible.

Indian Arts Museum

The Colter Bay Indian Arts Museum houses the David T. Vernon Collection, a spectacular assemblage of Native American artifacts. Native American art has religious significance in addition to beauty and function. The artifacts in the museum are vivid examples of the diverse art forms of Native American peoples.

The Vernon Collection exhibits include a moccasin case, basket assembly, shield display and pipe cases. Other exhibits depict art associated with warfare, bison and the horse culture. The tipi display contains artifacts associated with domestic life.

Large photomurals on wood and plexiglas panels highlight the exhibit area. The panels were coated with photochemicals and handled like huge sheets of photo paper. Each panel was made into a developing pan by temporarily adding strips along the edges to hold developing solutions.

From June to September, interpretive activities, such as craft demonstrations by Native Americans and ranger-led museum tours, enhance appreciation of Indian art.

Teton Science School

The Teton Science School teaches a year-round spectrum of classes in ecology, geology, botany, photography and other field courses for all ages. Programs include summer seminars for adults, day programs for youngsters and 2- to 6-week courses for junior high and high school students. All courses are made possible through the continuing cooperation of Grand Teton National Park and its staff, a collaboration of over 25 years.

Natural History Field Seminars

Teton Science School offers 31 fascinating and informative field seminars. One to seven days in length, these seminars are for adults interested in exploring stimulating topics with skilled, reputable experts. Academic credit is available for many field seminars.

Self-Guiding Trails

Sample the history, natural history and mystery of Jackson Hole. Obtain trail guides at visitor centers and trailheads, except for Lunch Tree Hill, where texts are placed along the trail.

Cascade Canyon Trail

Follow part or all of the Cascade Canyon trail. From the east shore boat dock to Inspiration Point is 5.8 miles roundtrip (2.2 miles via shuttle boat) and Lake Solitude is 19.4 miles round trip (15.4 miles via shuttle boat).

Colter Bay Nature Trail

Follow the paved trail west of Colter Bay Visitor Center approximately 1/2 mile to reach the trailhead for this 1 mile loop.

Cunningham Cabin Trail

Cunningham Cabin is located 6 miles south of Moran. Take a 3/4 mile walk to learn about the early ranching history of Jackson Hole.

Lunch Tree Hill Trail

This self-guided trail at Jackson Lake Lodge answers the question "What's in a name?" Small wayside exhibits interpret the 1/2 mile trail.

For Your Safety

A national park is not a place for speed. Please observe posted speed limits.

Wear seat belts. It's the law!

To avoid being a hazard to other vehicles, pull completely off the road when reading maps, observing wildlife, making decisions or taking pictures.

Slow down at dawn and dusk and watch carefully for animals on the roadways.

Road shoulders are often narrow, so treat bicycles as another car; wait for the oncoming traffic lane to clear before passing.

Drive only on established roadways.

Grand Teton Natural History Association

The Teton Science School provides customized group programs throughout the outdoor classroom of Jackson Hole. Such programs include:

• Wildflower Photography
• Amphibians and Reptiles of the Greater Yellowstone Ecosystem
• Formation of the Teton and Jackson Hole Alpine Ecology
• The Illuminated Journal

For registration, tuition information and a free catalog of all courses, write: Teton Science School, Box 68P, Kelly, WY 83011, or call (307) 733-4765.

Outreach Programs

Teton Science School provides customized programs throughout the outdoor classroom of Jackson Hole. I.S.L.A.N.D. (Improving Scientific Literacy to Assure Natural Diversity) is an experiential school program for the communities of the Greater Yellowstone Ecosystem fostering resource responsibility, conflict resolution skills and science literacy for primary and secondary students and teachers. For details call Teton Science School at (307) 733-4765.

Indian Arts Museum

The Colter Bay Indian Arts Museum houses the David T. Vernon Collection, a spectacular assemblage of Native American artifacts. Native American art has religious significance in addition to beauty and function. The artifacts in the museum are vivid examples of the diverse art forms of Native American peoples.

The Vernon Collection exhibits include a moccasin case, basket assembly, shield display and pipe cases. Other exhibits depict art associated with warfare, bison and the horse culture. The tipi display contains artifacts associated with domestic life.

Large photomurals on wood and plexiglas panels highlight the exhibit area. The panels were coated with photochemicals and handled like huge sheets of photo paper. Each panel was made into a developing pan by temporarily adding strips along the edges to hold developing solutions.

From June to September, interpretive activities, such as craft demonstrations by Native Americans and ranger-led museum tours, enhance appreciation of Indian art.

Adapted trumpeter swans are snowy white; cormorants (young swans) are gray for the first year of their lives.

Milen's Ferry Trail

A 1/2 mile trail loop begins at the Chapel of the Transfiguration parking lot in Moose and passes a small natural history museum, Bill Milen's cabin and ferry and an exhibit of historic photographs.

Taggart Lake Trail

The 3.2 mile Taggart Lake Trail traverses a major portion of the 1,028-acre Beaver Creek Fire. The trail begins at the Taggart Lake parking area, 3 miles north-west of Moose.

Snake River Trail

Follow a 1/2 mile loop trail to sample the natural history of the John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Memorial Parkway. The trailhead is located opposite Flagg Ranch.

Fire Waysides

Interpretive signs at Cottonwood Creek Picnic Area, Jackson Lake Overlook and Flagg Ranch explain various aspects of fire ecology and local fire history.

Scenic Turnouts

Consult new interpretive signs at scenic turnouts to learn about the natural history and geology of the Teton Range and Jackson Hole.
Camping in Yellowstone National Park

There are eleven campgrounds and one RV park in Yellowstone National Park. Seven campgrounds are operated by the National Park Service: Mammoth, Norris, Tower Fall, Indian Creek, Pebble Creek, Lewis Lake and Slough Creek Campgrounds. Four campgrounds and the RV Park are operated by TW Recreational Services: Canyon Village, Grant Village, Bridge Bay, and Madison Campgrounds and Fishing Bridge RV Park. All campsites are available on a first-come, first-served basis with the exception of the Bridge Bay Campground, which has a partial reservation system. Reservations are not accepted more than eight weeks in advance of your camping date. Plan on getting your campsite as early in the day as possible, especially during the summer months. In peak summer season, check on campsite and lodging availability before entering Yellowstone.

Camping or overnight vehicle parking in pullouts, parking areas, picnic areas or any place other than a designated campground is not allowed; there are no overflow camping facilities. However, camping is usually available in communities and forests outside the park.

All camping is limited to 14 days between July 1 and Labor Day and to 30 days during the rest of the year. Check out time for all campgrounds is 10:00 a.m. Campsite Occupied signs are available at most campgrounds from either the office or campground host. The cost is $25.

RV Park
A trailer village (no tents or tent trailers allowed) is operated by TW Recreational Services, Inc. at Fishing Bridge from May 20 to September 19. Water, sewer and electrical hookups are available. For information and reservations, call (307) 344-7311 or write TW Recreational Services, Inc., P.O. Box 165, Yellowstone National Park, Wyoming 82190-0165.

Group Camping
Group camping areas are available for large organized groups with a designated leader such as youth groups, etc. (family reunions or similar gatherings do not qualify). Fees range from $20 - $50 per night depending on the size of the group. Advance reservations are required and can be made beginning January 1 by writing Visitor Services Office, Yellowstone National Park, WY 82190 or calling (307) 344-2107.

NEW FISHING REGULATIONS

Fee permits are now required for fishing in Yellowstone National Park. Check at visitor centers and ranger stations for new regulations.