Trip Planner

A visit to South Florida’s national parks and preserves can be an experience you won’t soon forget. Biscayne, Dry Tortugas, and Everglades National Parks, and Big Cypress National Preserve offer opportunities ranging from snorkeling to wildlife photography to camping on a backcountry chickee. Planning ahead is the best way to take advantage of these opportunities, and choosing what time of year to visit, based on your interests, can be the key to an enjoyable trip.

Rainy Season

During the rainy season warmer, clear ocean waters make snorkeling in Biscayne and Dry Tortugas the perfect way to explore these parks. Boating and canoeing in open waters helps to avoid mosquitoes. Boat tours out of Biscayne National Park and the Gulf Coast and Flamingo areas of Everglades National Park are another way to stay cool.

Seasonal rains bring higher water levels within Everglades and Big Cypress causing wildlife such as alligators and wading birds to disperse and to be seen less frequently. Mosquito levels may become high, and exploring trails in some areas of the parks can become intolerable.

While visiting during this season you may find daily afternoon thunderstorms, high humidity, temperatures in the mid- to hi-80s and a multitude of mosquitoes. During this time of year you will also find an array of blooming plants, views of towering storm clouds and opportunities to experience the parks with fewer visitors. Remember, during the rainy season mosquitoes may be unbearable in some areas.

Dry Season

While some birds are drawn to the parks year round, the abundance of migrating and wintering birds makes the South Florida National Parks a birder’s paradise during the dry season. Falling water levels within the Everglades and Big Cypress areas result in abundant wildlife concentrated in ponds and canals, providing excellent viewing opportunities.

The dry season is the busy season in South Florida’s national parks. Most visitors to Big Cypress, Biscayne, and the Everglades come between December and March. March through May are busy months at Dry Tortugas National Park. During months of higher visitation lodging reservations are recommended and campgrounds may be busy.

Larger crowds, fewer mosquitoes, greater wildlife viewing opportunities and more enjoyable hiking, camping and canoeing adventures in all the parks characterize this time of year. Finally, the parks offer a greater variety and number of ranger-led activities that provide an in-depth look into the special natural and cultural resources protected within them.

Planning a Trip?

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What’s Inside?

National Park Service
U.S. Department of the Interior

Everglades National Park
40001 State Road 9336
Homestead, Florida 33034
### Park Activities

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Safety in the Parks...

WARNING: Wild Wildlife!

Alligators, crocodiles, and other animals are wild and potentially dangerous—Keep your distance!

In the area’s national parks and preserves it is easy to enjoy viewing these creatures, yet they remain un-tamed. It is important that we respect animals by not crowding them. If an animal changes its behavior because of your approach, then you are too close.

... While Watching Wildlife

Respecting Animal Homes
Alligators, birds, turtles, bobcats. The South Florida parks are spectacular places to experience wildlife. In these natural environments, animals are protected and free to move and live as they wish. They remain wild, untamed, and relatively unafraid of humans. It is your responsibility to keep a safe distance from all wild animals; they can be dangerous if approached too closely.

Do not feed alligators or any other wild animal; it is bad for the animal, risky for you, and illegal in a national park. If you see someone feeding or harassing wildlife, please report this to a ranger or call (305) 242-7740.

Viewing Alligators Safely
An adult alligator has powerful jaws, strong teeth, and a brain the size of a walnut. This reptile acts primarily on instinct, assessing other creatures as potential threat or prey. Avoid approaching an alligator closer than 10 feet; they can easily outrun you.

Wading or swimming is prohibited in most freshwater bodies of water in the parks. Take special care with your small children and dogs: they are closer in size to an alligator’s natural foods.

Elevated boardwalks like the Anhinga Trail, the Shark Valley Tram Road and Observation Tower, the Eco Pond viewing platform in Everglades, and the Turner River Road in Big Cypress offer good opportunities to safely view these remarkable creatures.

Keeping Raccoons Healthy
Raccoons can be aggressive if confronted, and may carry rabies. The animal is abundant in many areas of the South Florida parks, and are attracted to our food, water, and garbage. These unnatural food sources have led to artificially high populations of raccoons. This means that in times of low visitation (less food and garbage), there are more raccoons turning to the eggs of endangered crocodiles and sea turtles as a food source than in the past. Store food in your vehicle or a hard-sided container when camping.

Identifying Snakes
Twenty-six species of snakes may be found in the South Florida parks. Four of these species are venomous—the eastern diamondback rattlesnake, dusky pygmy rattlesnake, cottonmouth, and coral snake. Venomous snakes are not known to exist at the Dry Tortugas. Snakes usually shy away from people. If you see a snake, give it a wide berth.

This place is for the birds!
Feeding gulls and crows table scraps or other human food can make them overly aggressive and annoying. When pelicans are fed fish they learn to associate humans with food. Many habituated pelicans are then caught on fish hooks while trying to steal from anglers. Discarded monofilament line entangles and kills many birds and other animals, so please dispose of it in designated fishing line recycle containers.

... On The Trails

Heat
Summer heat and humidity can be oppressive, but heat-related injuries can occur during any time of the year in South Florida. Be sure to drink plenty of water. Most doctors recommend drinking at least one gallon of water or electrolyte beverages per day while involved in outdoor activities. Don’t wait to drink until you feel thirsty as at that point you may already be dehydrated. Sugary or caffeinated drinks actually do more harm than good.

Thunderstorms
Thunderstorms occur almost daily during much of the summer, and sporadically during the rest of the year. If you hear thunder, seek cover immediately, especially if you are on the water. The safest places to be are inside a building or a vehicle. Check the local weather forecast before heading out for the day.

Avoiding Poisonous Plants
Poison ivy, poisonwood and manchineel are three poisonous plants that can be found in the parks and preserves of South Florida. All are poisonous to the touch. Manchineel is primarily found in the Flamingo area of Everglades National Park, and is rarely contacted. Poison ivy and poisonwood can be found in any wooded area of the parks. Avoid contact with these plants by staying on trails and not touching plants you cannot identify. Park staff can assist in recognizing these plants.

... On The Water

Boating Safely
Boating in Biscayne Bay, Florida Bay, and the Everglades backcountry can be a challenge. Much of the water is quite shallow, and you can ground your boat quickly. In addition to damaging your boat, groundings destroy precious seagrasses that provide food and shelter to creatures inhabiting these waters. Always refer to nautical charts as well as tide charts for a safe boating excursion. Additional boating safety considerations include:

- Be aware of the weather and water conditions. Get up-to-date information from the National Weather Service at area park visitor centers.
- File a float plan. Be sure that a family member or friend knows where you are going and when you are planning to return. Provide them with a written description of your vessel and whom they should contact if you do not return as scheduled.

- Be sure that your vessel has all safety equipment, including: Coast Guard approved personal flotation devices (PFD), fire extinguisher, flares, and a working VHF radio. Do not depend on cellular phones.

- Be sure that all passengers 6 years of age and younger wear a PFD at all times.

- Alcohol is a major contributor to boating fatalities. Don’t drink and boat, impaired boaters often become impaired drivers.

Manatees
Manatees frequent many of the waterways in Everglades and Biscayne National Parks. Because they are slow-moving and feed in shallow water, many manatees are killed each year by boat propellers. Be especially careful in areas posted with manatee signs. If you see an injured or dead manatee, please report it to the park rangers by calling 305-242-7740.

What’s back there?
Remember to secure everything in your boat before heading home. Valuable items including fishing poles, life vests, seat cushions, coolers, and clothing often blow out of boats and are found along the roads. Garbage left in boats also finds its way to the road sides. Please help keep South Florida national parks litter-free!

Navigating
Important nautical charts for South Florida National Parks can be purchased at stores in the parks and within local communities. Charts that relate to specific parks are:

- Biscayne National Park
  - NOAA Nautical Chart
  11451 — Miami to Marathon and Florida Bay
- Dry Tortugas National Park
  - NOAA Nautical Chart
  11013 — Florida Straits
  11434 — Florida Keys Sombrero Key to Dry Tortugas
  11438 — Dry Tortugas
- Everglades National Park
  - NOAA Nautical Chart
  11430 — Lostman’s River to Wiggins Pass
  11432 — Shark River to Lostman’s River
  11433 — Whitewater Bay
  11451 — Miami to Marathon and Florida Bay

Safe boating protects natural habitats such as seagrass beds and coral reefs, both of which are valuable to a variety of wildlife, and us. Safe boating also saves money and lives. (Sea turtle photo by Bill Keogh.)
Big Cypress National Preserve

Seasonal sheet flows of water from northeast to southwest across the Big Cypress Swamp carve narrow, linear valleys just inches deep into the limestone. Cypress trees grow tall in the slightly deeper water of these eroded strands. In some areas the water has eroded deep circular depressions in the limestone substrate, creating suitable soil depths for tall cypress. The shallower soil along the edge, or higher sides, of these depressions results in smaller trees. As a result, dome-shaped humps dot the horizon — cypress domes. Between the strands, clay-like marl soils form prairies lush with grasses and wildflowers. These strands, domes, and prairies, together with pineyards, hardwood islands or “hammocks,” and a fringe of mangrove forest, produce the rich diversity of habitats within Big Cypress National Preserve.

Water is the key here. The Preserve receives nearly 55 inches of rainfall each year, flooding the cypress strands and prairies with a shallow sheet of life-giving water. Plants and animals in Big Cypress and Everglades depend on this water for survival. It flows through the Preserve into the 10,000 Islands area along the Gulf of Mexico, delivering valuable nutrients to estuarine species like snook, shark and crab.

The Preserve provides refuge for species threatened by development of this popular state. Florida panthers, wood storks and red-cockaded woodpeckers, endangered species all, can be found in the Preserve. Rare orchids, ferns and bromeliads (air plants) are found in more inaccessible areas. Humans, too, find refuge here. Clear, bright skies unlit by city lights invite star-gazing. Hiking, canoeing and camping opportunities abound. With care, future generations will find refuge and a new vocabulary in Big Cypress National Preserve.

What is a Preserve?
Big Cypress National Preserve was authorized in 1974 and comprises 729,000 acres. It was the first national preserve established by the National Park Service. A preserve allows a broader range of pre-existing activities. Hunting, off-road vehicle use and oil drilling are allowed here and not in nearby Everglades National Park.

Visitor Center
Midway between Miami and Naples on the Tamiami Trail (U.S. 41), information, wildlife exhibits, and a 15-minute film. Educational sales items. Open daily from 9:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., except December 25.

Ranger-conducted Activities
Programs offered on a regular basis in several areas of the park. A greater number and variety of programs – including swamp walks, canoe trips, bike tours, and campfire programs – are conducted during the dry season. Consult park website or visitor center for details on dates, times and availability. Park rangers at the Preserve are available to conduct programs within local communities and on-site. Call 239-695-1164 for details and arrangements.

Kirby Storter Boardwalk
Located west of the Oasis Visitor Center along US 41. This elevated boardwalk takes you through prairie, dwarf cypress and into the heart of a cypress strand. Look for alligators, wading birds and a variety of migrating song-birds.

Fishing/Canoeing/Kayaking
Anglers can pursue freshwater fish in the canals along the Tamiami Trail, the Turner River Road and throughout the Preserve. Licenses and regulations are available in Everglades City. Turner River and Halfway Creek, as well as the Barron River Drainage, can be canoed or kayaked southward to the Everglades City area. Check at the visitor center for details.

Camping
There are four small, primitive, free campgrounds within the Preserve. Campgrounds on the Loop Road are not suitable for large R.V.s. Monument Lake and Midway Campgrounds have water and modern restroom facilities; a $16.00 per night fee is charged in the winter season (mid-December through mid-April). No fee is charged late April through November. Prepare for mosquitoes and take water if using the primitive campgrounds. There is a privately owned campground in Ochopee and several nearby in Everglades City.

Bicycling
Trails suitable for mountain bicycles can be found in the northern portion of the Preserve. Check at the visitor center for details.

Hiking
The Florida National Scenic Trail begins in the Preserve and provides miles of hiking for the adventurer. Short trails include the Fire Pine Trail and Tree Snail Hammock. With a GPS unit and good preparation, off-trail hiking is superb in the dry season. Check with the visitor center staff, or website, for trail information.

Lodging and Dining
There are local restaurants in Ochopee, Everglades City and Chokoloskee. Lodging is located in Everglades City and Chokoloskee.

Wildlife Viewing and Bird Watching
Alligators, wading birds, and wild flowers are the main attractions here, see them from wildlife viewing platforms at Oasis, and HP Williams wayside. A drive along the Turner River Road will provide ample opportunities to see these local residents, especially during the dry season. Ask the visitor center staff for current conditions of these gravel/dirt roads.

Scenic Drives
The Loop Road (county road 94), Turner River Road (county road 839), Wagonwheel Road (county road 837) and Birdon Road (county road 841) all provide excellent opportunities to get off the main highways and experience a wilder Florida. Inquire at the visitor center about current conditions of these gravel/dirt roads.

Important Information
Established in 1974
729,000 acres

Mailing Address
HCR 61, Box 110
Ochopee, FL 34141

Phone
Toll-free 24 Hour Emergency
(800) 788-0511
Big Cypress Visitor Center
(239) 695-1201
Big Cypress ORV Information
(239) 695-1205
Big Cypress Hunting Information
(239) 695-2040

Website
www.nps.gov/bicy/
Biscayne National Park

Known locally as a fantastic place for outdoor and water-based recreation, the park protects and preserves a nationally significant marine ecosystem with mangrove shorelines, a shallow bay, undeveloped islands, and living coral reefs. Biscayne National Park has protected this unique underwater world for over 35 years.

The shoreline of Biscayne Bay is lined with a deep green forest of mangroves. These trees, with their complex system of prop roots, help stabilize the shoreline and provide shelter for animals, birds, and marine life. Their leaves become a vital part of the food chain when they fall into the waters.

Lush seagrass beds found throughout Biscayne Bay help maintain the water’s clarity. The Florida spiny lobster depends on this rich habitat and the bay has been designated a sanctuary where the lobsters are protected year-round. Shrimp, fish, and other animals abound in all the colors of the rainbow.

The resources protected within Biscayne National Park are beautiful, diverse, and productive; they are also fragile. Fish and animals can be injured and killed by trash in the water. Seagrasses can be torn up by boats. Touching coral may open the way for disease. Some of our actions can cause great damage—foresight and care can preserve and protect.

Dante Fascell Visitor Center
Tour the park’s visitor center with exhibits, videos, and information. Educational sales items. Open daily, 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. From Florida’s Turnpike, take exit 6 (Speedway Boulevard) and follow signs.

Ranger-conducted Activities
Programs are offered on a regular basis in several areas of the park. A greater number and variety of programs are conducted during the dry season. Consult park website, www.nps.gov/bisc, or visitor center for details on dates, times, and availability.

Fishing/Boating
Anglers and boaters can launch their own boats from county-operated marinas adjacent to the park to venture into Biscayne Bay and to explore offshore coral reefs. Stop at the visitor center for regulations and to purchase nautical charts. For any boats docked after 6:00 p.m., a $15 overnight docking fee is charged at Boca Chita and Elliott Key harbors.

Canoing/Kayaking
Paddlers can explore the mangrove shoreline along the mainland. Canoes and kayaks are rented by the park concessionaire. Stop by the visitor center for weather conditions and suggested routes.

Boat Tours
The park concessionaire provides snorkeling/SCUBA and glass bottom boat tours of the park’s waters and islands. Reservations required. Call (305) 230–1100 for schedule and reservations.

Camping
Primitive campgrounds, accessible only by boat, are located on Boca Chita and Elliott Keys. Individual campsites are $10 per night, group sites are $25 per night. All supplies must be brought in and all trash must be packed out. Prepare for insects! The park’s concessionaire provides transportation to Elliott Key for campers November to May — call (305) 230-1100.

Attention Boaters
To prevent damage to your property and to the fragile resources of the park, come to the park prepared.
• Learn how to read and use nautical charts.
• Refer to your chart prior to leaving the dock.
• Know what the tides are. Stop by any local marina or the park visitor center to get the latest tide information.
• Learn how to use your electronic navigation equipment.
• Be sure that your VHF radio, and any other communication equipment is in good working order. Do not depend on cellular phone service in remote areas.
• Check the marine forecast prior to leaving the dock and watch for any changes in weather.

Remember these rhymes, which have aided mariners for years:
Brown, brown, run aground. Avoid brown areas! This water color indicates that reef formations or seagrass beds are close to the surface.
White, white, you just might. Use caution! Sand bars and rubble areas may be much shallower than they appear.
Green, green, nice and clean. Green waters are generally safe for shallow draft boats, larger, deeper draft vessels should exercise caution.
Blue, blue, cruise on through. Clear sailing in deep water areas.

Oh No! You ran aground, now what?
Stop! Attempting to power off can cause significant damage to your vessel and to the living bottom communities. If you do run aground or if you venture into shallow water and start stirring up mud in your wake, Stop!
• Turn your motor off. Do not attempt to power off.
• Trim your motor up.
• Try to push or pole your boat off, following the route in.
• Wait for high tide in order to drift off.
• Call for commercial assistance on VHF channel 16.

Boaters have the opportunity to enjoy the bay and the upper keys of Boca Chita, Elliott and Adams Keys within Biscayne. On Boca Chita visitors can camp, picnic and glimpse the area’s history.
Everglades National Park

Established in 1947
1,508,570 acres

Important Information

Mailing Address
40001 State Road 9336
Homestead, FL 33034-6733

Phone
Toll-free 24 Hour Emergency
(800) 888-0511
Everglades 24 Hour Emergency
(305) 247-7272
Headquarters
(305) 242–7700
Flamingo Visitor Center
(239) 695-2945
Gulf Coast Visitor Center
(239) 695-3101
Shark Valley Visitor Center
(305) 221-8776
Key Largo Ranger Station
(305) 852-0304
Campground Reservations
(800) 365-CAMP

Concession Services
Everglades National Park Boat Tours and Canoe Rentals in Everglades City
(239) 695-2591 or (800) 445-7724 in FL
Flamingo Lodge, including the marina, boat tours, and rentals
(239) 695-3101
(800) 600-3813 (Room reservations)
Shark Valley Tram Tours
(305) 221-8555

Website
www.nps.gov/ever/

Everglades National Park is defined by water. Historically, a freshwater river a few feet deep and 50 miles wide crept seaward through this area on a gradually sloping riverbed. Along its 80-mile course, the river dropped 15 feet, finally emptying into Florida Bay and the Gulf of Mexico. There, fresh and salt water mix in coastal areas, and mangrove forest dominates.

In General
Ranger-conducted Activities
Programs offered on a regular basis in several areas of the park. Consult park website, Parks Guide or visitor centers for details on dates, time and availability.

Exploring Trails
Throughout the park trails allow you to explore the diversity of habitats within South Florida. While exploring the park be sure to bring plenty of water, be aware of changing weather conditions, and be prepared for mosquitoes and a variety of biting flies. Though most severe during the hot, humid summer months, they can be present year-round.

Fishing/Boating
The mangrove estuary, Gulf of Mexico, and Florida Bay provide opportunities to explore by boat and to fish. Obtain regulations at the flamingo Visitor Center, flamingo Marina, and Gulf Coast Visitor Center. Boat ramps are located at flamingo, the Florida Keys, and Everglades City area. A boat launch fee (good for 7 days) is charged when entering the park: $5 for motorboats, $3 for non-motorized craft. An annual pass ($60) is also available.

Camping
National Park Service campsites (fees charged.) Long Pine Key and flamingo Campground sites can be reserved Dec.- Apr. by calling (800) 365-CAMP. Otherwise, first-come, first-served. For information about private campgrounds in Everglades City call their Welcome Center at (239) 695-3941.

Wilderness Camping
Most sites in the park’s Marjory Stoneman Douglas Wilderness are accessible only by boat or canoe. Permits are required for overnight camping. From November 19 to mid-April a permit must be obtained at the flamingo or Gulf Coast Visitor Centers, fees apply. In summer, permits are obtained at no charge by self-registration at the flamingo and Gulf Coast Visitor Centers and the Florida Bay Ranger Station. Ask for a copy of the Wilderness Trip Planner for information on backcountry camping.

Accessibility
All major trails in the park are accessible, and assistance is provided for access to boat and tram tours.

Ernest F. Coe Visitor Center
From Miami, take the Florida Turnpike south to the last exit. Follow the signs to Everglades National Park. Open daily, December - April 8:00 - 5:00, May - November 9:00 - 5:00. Information, exhibits and educational sales items.

Royal Palm
4 miles past the Coe Visitor Center
Royal Palm Visitor Center
Open daily. Information and educational sales items. The Charles Harper gator hole exhibit is next door.

Anhinga Trail
A must-see! This ½-mile loop trail offers one of the best opportunities to view wildlife, including alligators and birds, up close. Accessible.

Gumbo Limbo Trail
½-mile loop. The trail winds through a once-dense tropical hardwood hammock reshaped by Hurricane Andrew in 1992. Accessible.

The Main Park Road
A scenic 38 mile drive from the Coe Visitor Center to flamingo
Walking Trails
Experience a diversity of Everglades habitats on several short, wheelchair-accessible trails leaving from parking areas along the Main Park Road.

Pinelands Trail—½-mile loop through subtropical pine forest maintained by fire. Pine rocklands are the most diverse habitat in South Florida.
Pa-hay-okee Overlook—¼-mile boardwalk leads to an observation deck offering a view of the vast Everglades from horizon to horizon.

Mahogany Hammock Trail — ½-mile boardwalk that meanders through a dense, jungle-like hardwood hammock. Glimpse a variety of tropical plants.

West Lake—½-mile boardwalk through the mysterious mangrove forest. Clinging airplants, mangroves and a view of the lake await you.

Flamingo
38 miles past the Coe Visitor Center
Flamingo Visitor Center
Exhibits, information, and wilderness permits. Staffed daily from late November until May 1, open 9:00 - 5:30.

Wildlife Viewing
At low tide, birds congregate on the Florida Bay mudflats visible from the visitor center breeze-way. Alligators and even endangered crocodiles bask around the flamingo Marina boat basins. The viewing platform at Eco Pond provides good sightings of the pond’s wild residents.

Canoeing/Kayaking
Information and a map of local canoe trails are available in the flamingo Visitor Center lobby. The Nine Mile Pond Trail (5.5-mile loop) and trips into Florida Bay (variable distances) are suggested routes. Rentals are available at the flamingo Marina. Be prepared for mosquitoes.

Boat Tours
Narrated boat excursions into the mangrove estuary and Florida Bay depart daily from the flamingo Marina. Information is available at the flamingo Marina or by calling (239) 695-3101.

Shark Valley
On Hwy. 41 (Tamiami Trail) 30 miles west of the Florida Turnpike exit for S.W. 8th Street
Shark Valley Visitor Center
The visitor center is open daily 8:30 a.m. to 4:45 p.m. December through April. Hours for May through November are 9:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Information and educational sales items.

Walking Trails
Bobcat Boardwalk—a ¼-mile round trip walk starting at the visitor center passes through sawgrass marsh and a bayhead.

Otter Cave—one round trip from the visitor center. Enters a tropical hardwood hammock.

Tram Trail—The 15-mile tram trail is excellent for strolling and wildlife viewing.

Bicycling
The 15-mile tram trail is great for bicycling. A variety of marsh animals may be seen. Bicycle rentals are available at Shark Valley. Permits are required for groups of 10 or more. Helmets are required for children under 17.

Tram Tour
The Shark Valley Tram Tour provides an introduc- tion to the freshwater Everglades and allows opportunities to view wildlife. Reservations can be made by calling (305) 221-8455.

Gulf Coast
3 miles south of Hwy. 41 (Tamiami Trail) on Highway 29, south of Everglades City
Gulf Coast Visitor Center
The visitor center open daily. December - April 8:00 - 4:30, May - November 9:00 - 4:30. Wilderness permits, picnicking, wildlife viewing opportunities, and educational sales items. A variety of marinas and boat launch facilities are available near the visitor center.

Boat Tours
Daily boat tours into the mangrove estuary and Ten Thousand Islands offer views of a unique environment and its wildlife. Information and tickets available in the lower level of the visitor center, general information available by calling the visitor center.

Canoeing/Kayaking
From the visitor center, paddlers can venture into the beautiful Ten Thousand Islands and view birds, dolphins, manatees, and other wildlife. Canoes can be rented in the lower level of the visitor center building. Check with rangers for weather conditions and other safety information.
Dry Tortugas National Park

Dry Tortugas National Park, formerly called Fort Jefferson National Monument, was created on October 25, 1992. Designation as a national park increased the protection of the marine resources of this 100 square mile area.

Lying at the far western end of the Florida Keys, 68 miles west of Key West, are seven coral reefs and three small islands called the Dry Tortugas, dominated by the massive brick fortress of Fort Jefferson.

The Tortugas were first discovered by the Spanish explorer Ponce de Leon in 1513. Abundant sea turtles or “tortugas” provisioned his ships with fresh meat, but there was no fresh water—the Tortugas were dry.

U.S. military attention was drawn to the keys in the early 1800’s due to their strategic location. Plans were made for a massive fortress and construction began in 1846, but the fort was never completed. The invention of the rifled cannon made it obsolete.

As the military value of Fort Jefferson waned, its pristine reefs, abundant sea life, and impressive numbers of birds grew in value. Recognizing its significance, President Franklin Roosevelt set aside Fort Jefferson and the surrounding waters as a national monument in 1935.

Dry Tortugas National Park is accessible only by boat or seaplane. Check the park’s webpage or local chambers of commerce (see page 2) for a list of private carriers. No water, food, fuel, supplies, or accommodations are available at the park. There is an entrance fee of $5.00 per person.

Visitor Center
Information, exhibits, an orientation video, and educational sales items are available. The visitor center is open daily.

Touring Fort Jefferson
Take a self-guided walking tour of one of America’s largest 19th century coastal forts. Follow the signs with a Civil War soldier on them.

Ranger-conducted Activities
Check the dock’s announcement board or the visitor center for dates and times of ranger-guided programs.

Camping
Camping is available for $3 per person, per day; all supplies, including fresh water, must be brought in. Parties of more than ten must make reservations by writing the park.

Fishing
Sports fishing is permitted. Lobstering and spear fishing are prohibited in the park. Florida state fishing laws and regulations apply. Florida fishing license required. Fishing licenses are available in Key West.

Boating
Private boaters can visit the park. Nautical charts are sold at the park’s visitor center and in Key West. Information is obtainable from the Key West U.S. Coast Guard Station, the Chamber of Commerce, and the Charter Boat Association. Boaters should be aware of the possibility of extremely rough seas. Check with a ranger for rules on docking and mooring.

Snorkeling
Patches of healthy coral reef, some easily accessible from shore and in shallow water, are snorkeling havens. Do not disturb coral or shells; all coral, living and dead, is protected from collection. Shipwrecks and all historic artifacts in the park are protected by law.

Bird Watching
The Dry Tortugas are renowned for spring bird migrations and tropical bird species. Contact the park for a bird checklist and information.

Bush Key
Bush Key, adjacent to Fort Jefferson, is closed January through September to protect sensitive bird nesting habitat. Please obey all signage.

Plan Your Trip
with the Florida National Parks and Monuments Association

BOOKS
Audubon Society Field Guide to Florida by Alden, Cech, and Nelson...Complete field guide to Florida’s natural world. Includes birds, insects, reptiles, marine life, plants, geology, weather, ecology, sky maps and a section on the best natural parks and preserves. $19.95

Biscayne–The Story Behind the Scenery by W. Landrum...Dynamic full-color presentation of the mainland, shoreline, and underwater worlds of Biscayne National Park, home to the northernmost coral reefs in the continental U.S. $7.95

Everglades National Park & the Nearby Florida Keys–Golden Guide by H. Zim...Great pocket guide to identify the most commonly seen plant and animal life throughout South Florida. $4.95

Everglades–River of Grass by Marjory Stoneman Douglas...A Florida classic! A study of the unique Florida Everglades – Full of human history and commentary on the present and threatened future of the Everglades. Paper $9.95; Hardbound $18.95

Everglades–The Park Story by W. B. Robertson...Let an Everglades wildlife biologist introduce you to the flora, fauna, and history of the park in this fascinating, reader-friendly narrative. Full Color. $6.95

Everglades–The Story Behind the Scenery by J. de Golia...An interesting review of the Everglades with over 100 photographs of wildlife and habitats. $9.95

Everglades Wildguide by J. C. George...Official National Park Service handbook detailing the plants and animals of the Everglades region. Includes checklists. $7.95

Florida’s Unsung Wilderness–The Swamps by Bransilver and Richardson...Journey to Southwest Florida’s unique natural treasure—the swamps. 120 photographs and text provide a rare glimpse into this fragile wilderness. $24.95

Pages From the Past – Pictorial History of Fort Jefferson by A. C. Manucy...Historical Fort Jefferson comes alive in this wonderful comprehensive portfolio full of historic photos, color illustrations and fascinating text. $7.95

Paddler’s Guide to Everglades National Park by J. Molloy...Guide to 53 paddling routes in Everglades National Park, including the Wilderness Waterway. Includes maps, a rating system, and descriptions of every wilderness camping. $16.95

VIDEOS
Fort Jefferson–Gibraltar of the Gulf 11 min., NTSC $11.95

Everglades 60 min., NTSC $22.95

Hidden Worlds of Big Cypress Swamp 45 min., NTSC $24.95

Wonders of Biscayne National Park & Florida Keys 45 min., NTSC $24.95

DVDs
Alligators and Birds of the Everglades Two award winning wildlife programs. 60 min, $23.95

Everglades & National Parks of South Florida–Includes Biscayne, Big Cypress & Dry Tortugas. 90 min. $24.95

Everglades–A comprehensive look at the Everglades. Also includes “The Wonders of Biscayne/Keys.” 90 min. $23.95

Florida National Parks and Monuments Association
Florida National Parks and Monuments Association (FNPMA) is a National Park Service Cooperating Association dedicated to increasing public understanding of the natural and historic values of South Florida’s national parks. A wide variety of educational books, videos, and related park theme items may be purchased at park visitor center bookstores or by mail. Proceeds from sales support educational programs in South Florida national parks.

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