Flanders Field American Cemetery and Memorial

The Flanders Field American Cemetery and Memorial is the only World War I American cemetery in Belgium. It lies on a battlefield where the 91st Division fought during the Ypres-Lys offensive, from October 30 to November 11, 1918. The government of Belgium granted its use as a permanent burial ground in perpetuity without charge or taxation.

American Battle Monuments Commission

This agency of the United States government operates and maintains 26 American cemeteries and 29 memorials, monuments and markers in 16 countries. The Commission works to fulfill the vision of its first chairman, General of the Armies John J. Pershing. Pershing, commander of the American Expeditionary Forces during World War I, promised that “time will not dim the glory of their deeds.”

For more information on this site and other ABMC commemorative sites, please visit www.abmc.gov
U.S. FORCES BOLSTER THE ALLIES TO VICTORY

World War I began in August 1914. While the United States remained neutral, the Allies fought the Central Powers across Europe, most intensely along the Western Front. Increasing German hostile actions provoked the United States into the conflict in 1917.

April 6, 1917: The United States declared war on Germany.


June 26: U.S. Forces began landing in France to begin training and buildup before combat.

March 21, 1918: Germany began a series of major offensives along the Western Front.

May 1918: The U.S. 27th and 30th Divisions arrived in France. They became major fighting units of the U.S. II Corps operating under British command in Belgium.

May 28: The U.S. 1st Division captured Cantigny, France, the first offensive combat action by a U.S. division-sized force.


October 17: The U.S. 37th and 91st Divisions moved up from the Meuse-Argonne Offensive to join the French Army in Belgium, part of the Group of Armies in Flanders commanded by King Albert I of Belgium.

October 31, 1918: Allied forces launched the second Ypres-Lys Offensive toward the Escaut (Scheldt) River.

November 11, 1918: The Armistice became effective, ending hostilities.

More than 81,000 American service members died in Europe and European waters, including 1,043 on Belgian soil.

Useful Information

American soldiers during World War I: Crossing the Scheldt River at Nederzwalm.

Tablets of the Missing

Panels on the chapel’s side walls carry the names of 43 American soldiers who lost their lives in Belgium and lay in unknown graves.

Chapel Mosaic Ceiling

The mosaic depicts a lighted oil lamp under stars of Heaven with doves of peace flying toward the light.

Chapel

The altar, of Grand Antique marble, is flanked by candelabra with flagstaffs supporting flags of the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Belgium.

Visitor Building

Here you can meet our staff, get your questions answered, and sign the guest register.

Main Entrance Gate

From the main entrance gate, the memorial chapel is immediately visible ahead. The visitor building is on the left.

Secluded Recesses

One of the three secluded recesses enclosed by trees is shown here. Sculptured insignia of the four American divisions that fought in Belgium are displayed on the urns.

Dimensions: 6 acres
Headstones: 360
Latin Crosses: 360
Stars of David: 8
Tablets of the Missing: 43
Unknowns: 21
Dedicated: August 8, 1937

Headstone Location

Plot: PLOT:
Row: ROW:
Grave: GRAVE: