

Exploring the outdoors in winter is undeniably magical. It is also challenging. Use this map and guide to plan a safe, enjoyable trip.

Tips for a **Great Hike**

Navigating in Winter Can Be Hard

Park trails are not marked or maintained for winter use. Route-finding skills are important. Don't rely on others' tracks, which can lead you astray. To find your way in winter:

- · Cell service is unavailable in much of the park. Don't depend on a cell phone for emergency help.
- Discuss your plans with park staff at visitor centers or, when staffed, trailhead kiosks.
- · Have and know how to use a topographic map and compass. When used correctly, GPS units can also be helpful.
- · Snow-covered landscapes look very different than in summer. Snow can be deep once you are off-trail.
- · Streams and lakes can have thin ice and be very dangerous.

Be Avalanche Aware

Avalanches can be easily triggered by backcountry travelers.

- Visit avalanche.state.co.us/ for the latest avalanche forecast. If danger is high, consider another activity.
- Avoid traveling in steep gullies and on ridge tops. Open slopes of 30 to 45 degrees can be loaded with dangerous masses of snow.
- If you choose to travel in these areas, carry an avalanche beacon, probe, and shovel, and know how to use them. However, don't take extra risks because you are carrying this equipment.
- If caught in an avalanche, make swimming motions and try to stay on top of the snow.

Pay Attention to Weather and Conditions Expect snow, gusty winds, and cold temperatures at any time. Winter days are short—start early and plan conservatively.

Watch for Hypothermia

When your body loses heat faster than it can produce it, your body temperature begins to drop. This is an emergency medical condition called hypothermia. It is serious and can be

Symptoms include shivering, drowsiness, exhaustion, loss of coordination, impaired judgment, and slurred or incoherent speech.

Wear warm, quick-drying layers of clothes. Stay dry. Take frequent stops to warm up. If symptoms occur, warm the chilled person with dry clothing and warm, non-alcoholic liquids. Get back to your car, and promptly seek medical attention.

Bring the Right Gear

- ✓ Wear layers of synthetic or wool clothing that wick moisture, not cotton.
- ✓ Take extra layers of clothing (socks included).
- ✓ Bring windproof outer layers, a warm hat, and warm gloves or mittens.
- Wear sunglasses and sunscreen. Sunlight can damage your eyes and skin even on cold or cloudy days.
- ✓ Drink lots of water and eat highenergy snacks.

Stay Safe and Plan Ahead Sledding is not allowed at Bear Lake.

Hidden Valley Snowplay Area is the only place in Rocky where sledding is permitted.

For More Information Park Information www.nps.gov/romo or (970) 586-1206 Trail Ridge Road Status..... Hidden Valley Snowplay Area Status...... (970) 586-1333

(970) 586-1222

Mountain National Park, Colorado

Bear Lake Corridor Trails

Unpaved road

Trail distances

Trailhead

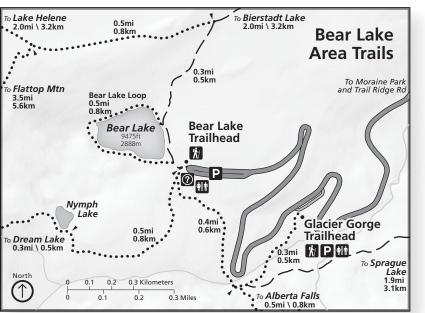
Information

Picnic area

Campground

Parking

Restrooms



DESTINATION	DISTANCE		ELEVATION GAIN	
one way from nearest TH	mi	km	ft	m
Alberta Falls	8.0	1.3	160	49
Bear Lake Loop	0.5	0.8	20	6
Bierstadt Lake from Bear Lake Trailhead	2.3	3.7	-34	-10
Cub Lake	2.3	3.7	540	165
Dream Lake	8.0	1.3	425	130
Emerald Lake	1.5	2.4	605	184
Fern Lake	3.8	6.1	1,375	419
Lake Helene	2.9	4.7	1,215	370
Mills Lake	1.8	2.9	750	229
Nymph Lake	0.5	0.8	225	69
Sprague Lake Loop	0.5	0.8	20	6
The Loch	2.1	3.4	990	302
The Pool	2.5	4.0	245	<i>75</i>

All Glacier Gorge trails can be accessed from Bear Lake. Add 0.1 miles to trail distance.

Shuttle buses do not operate in winter.

High risk avalanche areas are marked, but avalanches can happen almost anywhere in this area.

